

# Industrial Heat Tracing Solutions

**Products and Services** 



#### **ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL SOLUTIONS**

As the world's largest provider of complete electrical heat management systems, primarily for the general process, oil and gas, chemical, and power generation industries, nVent provides innovative nVent RAYCHEM products and nVent TRACER turnkey solutions. nVent RAYCHEM heat trace systems offer superior reliability with the highest lifetime value at lower installed cost and lower cost of ownership. Our premiere turnkey solutions include full life cycle support-ranging from front-end engineering and installation to maintenance and operation services. Our global experience and office presence in 50 countries uniquely position us to manage the heat needed for projects of any size and scope.

#### THE HEART OF OUR SOLUTIONS

nVent RAYCHEM heat trace systems offer superior reliability with the highest lifetime value at lower installed cost and lower cost of ownership. Over 1.8B feet of premium safety, performance, and comfort systems installed worldwide are protecting people, buildings, infrastructure and industry. As the inventor of self-regulating heat tracing in 1972, our nVent RAYCHEM solutions and services are recognized for technical leadership in the industries we serve. Our cables deliver the right amount of heat exactly when and where it is needed. As the temperature drops, more heat is produced. Conversely, as the temperature rises, less heat is produced. However, there are many more benefits:

- The smart cables can be overlapped without any risk of overheating.
- The heating cables can be cut to length 'in the field'. This means additional flexibility when plans do not correspond to the "real life" situation on site.

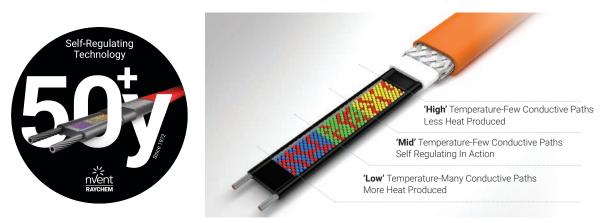
50+ years of time-tested quality, high power retention, reliability and proven performance minimizes downtime and damage while ensuring ease of use, lower installed cost, lower cost of ownership, and worry-free operation.

In addition to this product family that addresses a full range of temperature needs, we also offer other types of heating cables, control and monitoring solutions, and a full range of heating product services.

Our mineral insulated heating cables and wiring have led the industry for more than 80 years. Able to withstand extreme, harsh environments, our cables provide the most reliable heat tracing solution for high-temperature applications.

#### HOW SELF-REGULATION WORKS IN OUR CONDUCTIVE-POLYMER HEATERS

At higher temperatures, the polymer expands, reducing the number of electrical paths thereby reducing the power output of the cable. At low temperatures, there are many conductive paths, allowing higher level of current to flow between the bus wires. Producing the 'right amount of heat' saves you money with no wasted energy.



**Robust Construction** 

Long service life assurance

through through modified

#### **Tested and Qualified**

nVent RAYCHEM heating systems are tested to the most stringent industry standards to ensure maximum reliability and performance for our customers.

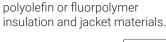
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#### FM APPROVED









## Life Expectancy

Our extensive scientific testing and field history prove that when properly installed and maintained, nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating cables are expected to work for many decades. An industry leading 10 year extended warranty is available.



In 1972, the heat tracing division of the Raychem Corporation (now a part of nVent) patented and produced the first commercially successful electric self-regulating heat tracing cable. The technology was celebrated as the 200th induction into IEEE's historic Milestones Program in 2019. nVent is the proud producer of the world's #1 conductive polymer self-regulating heat tracing cable.





## Protecting Critical Industrial Processes MAXIMIZING Performance and Reliability



#### **INNOVATIVE PRODUCT SOLUTIONS**

nVent RAYCHEM heat trace systems offer superior reliability with the highest lifetime value at lower installed cost and lower cost of ownership.

- Diverse portfolio of heat tracing technologies for any application
- Easy-to-design and install systems
- · Smart control and monitoring systems protecting critical assets
- · Flexible connectivity and integration to DCS and PLC systems

#### **TURNKEY HEAT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM SERVICES**

nVent TRACER Projects and Services is the premiere provider of industrial heat management system (HMS) solutions to connect and protect projects of any size, anywhere on earth.

- Full suite of services including front-end engineering, installation and commissioning, to maintenance, monitoring and operational optimization
- MRO Expertise
- Audit Programs
- Control Panel Upgrade Expertise
- Life Cycle Services

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## Advanced Industrial Solutions

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nVent provides solutions to a wide range of industrial markets, primarily for the oil and gas, power generation, transport and storage, and (petro-) chemical industries.

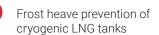
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Anti-icing & de-icing



3

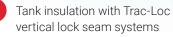
Submerged transfer lines



Long line heating and monitoring with nVent RAYCHEM Skin-effect Tracing System (STS), nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) & pre-insulated piping

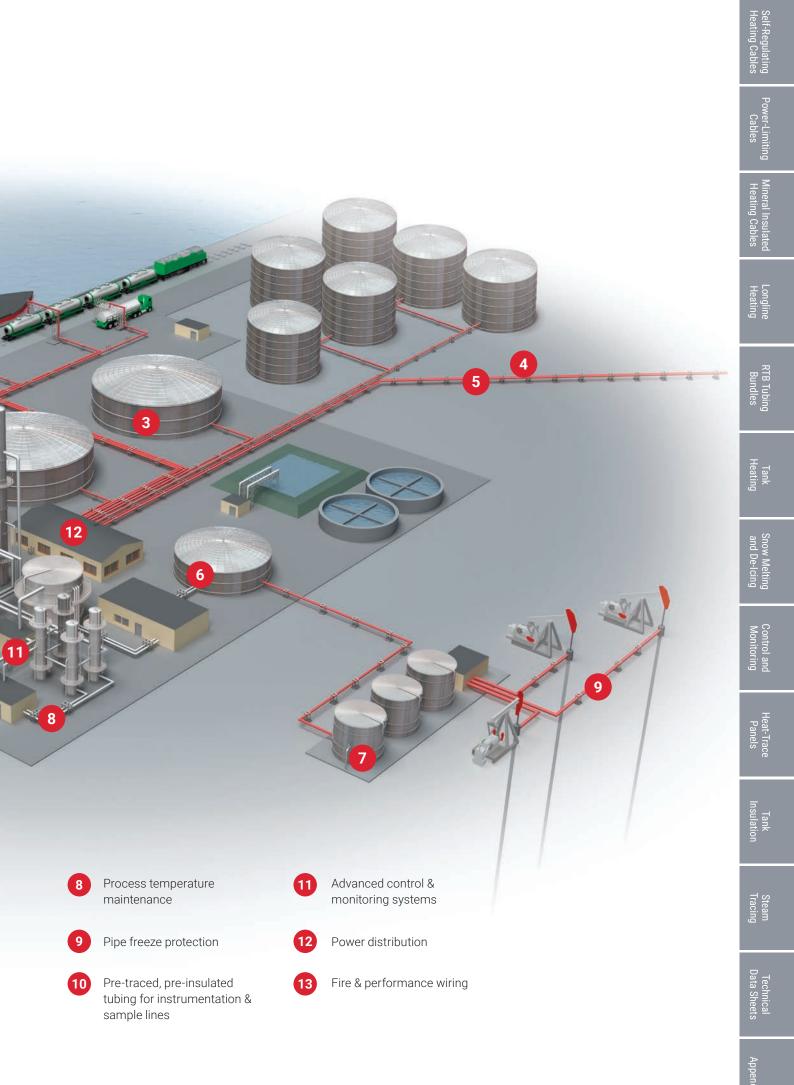


Comprehensive pipeline leak detection solutions



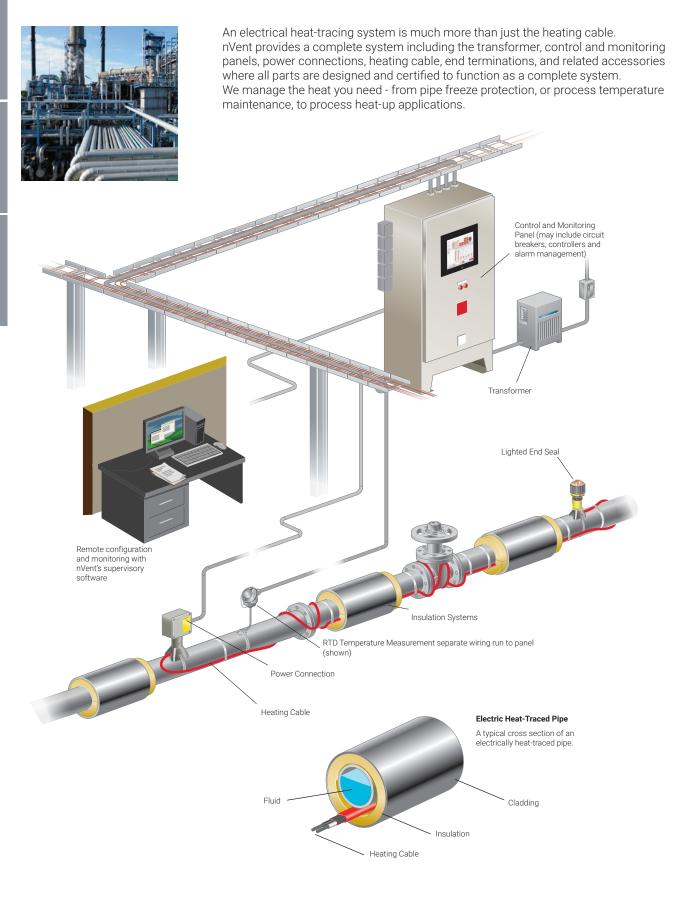
Tank heating & leak-detection solutions

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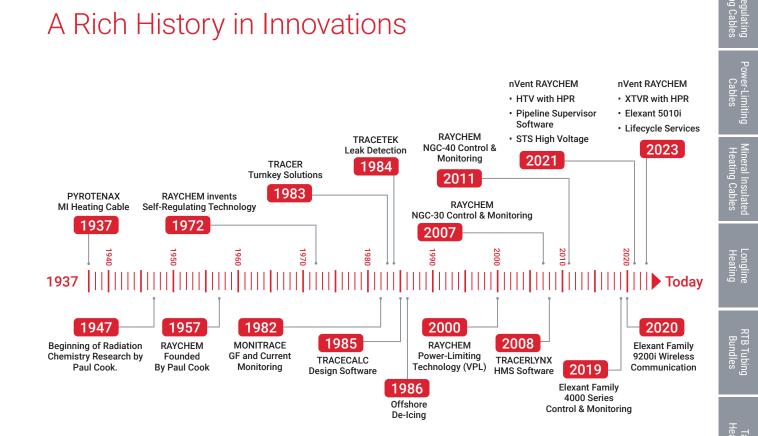


## Complete Electric Heat-Tracing System

Overview

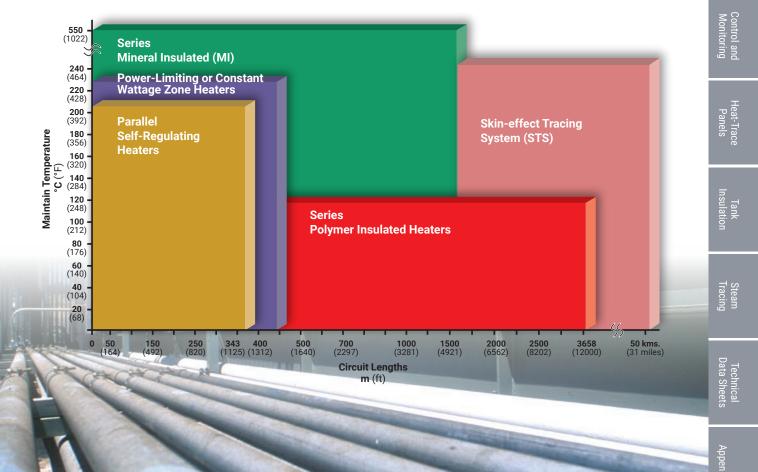


**Note:** The illustrations on these pages do not necessarily depict actual applications and installations.



## Cable Technology Portfolio

nVent offers the industry's most complete line of heat-tracing product technologies to meet every need—for everything from pipe freeze protection to high temperature process maintenance. We provide solutions that cover a wide range of temperature and length requirements for any application.



Snow Melting and De-Icing

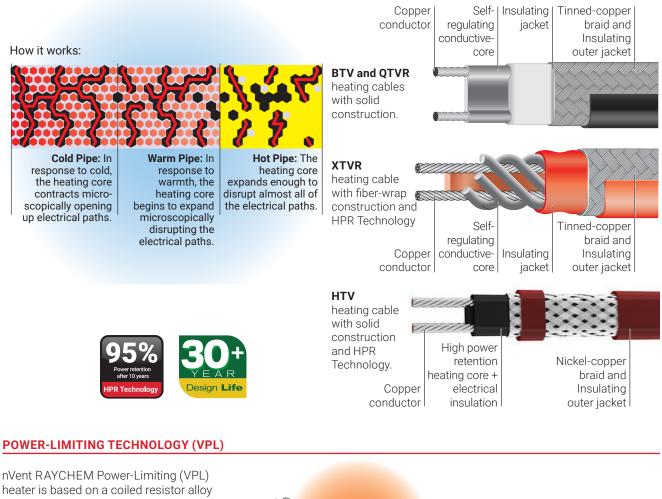
# Innovative Heating Cable Systems

#### SELF-REGULATING TECHNOLOGY

nVent RAYCHEM revolutionized the heat-tracing industry when it invented self-regulating heater technology over 50 years ago. Self-regulating heating cables incorporate a heating element made of polymer mixed with conductive carbon black. This special formulation of materials creates an electrical path for conducting current between the parallel bus wires along the entire cable length. In each heating cable, the number of electrical paths between the bus wires changes in response to temperature fluctuations, allowing for more uniform temperatures. Additionally, the ability to cut-to-length on site allows for easy installation.

**High Power Retention Technology**: With decades of experience in polymer science technology, nVent RAYCHEM's newest HTV and XTVR cables were developed with a High Power Retention (HPR) heating cores to maintain superior levels of performance and design life.

Applications include: freeze protection, temperature maintenance, viscosity control, or anti-condensation for any process in pipes, tanks or vessels.



heater is based on a coiled resistor alloy heating element wrapped around two parallel bus wires. The resistance of this heating element increases as its temperature increases, creating a positive temperature coefficient (PTC) effect. VPL can be used for high power output and /or high temperature exposure requirements which can reduce the number of heating cable runs required.

Applications include: all industrial applications with a need for high maintain or high continuous exposure temperatures. FIBERGLASS YARN PTC ALLOY PTC ALLOY INSULATING OUTER JACKET NICKEL-COOPER BRAID INSULATING INNER JACKET BUS WIRE CONNECTION BUS WIRE JACKET

NICKEL-PLATED BUS WIRES

SOLID CONDUCTORS

SEAMLESS METAL SHEATH

MAGNESIUM OXIDE INSULATION

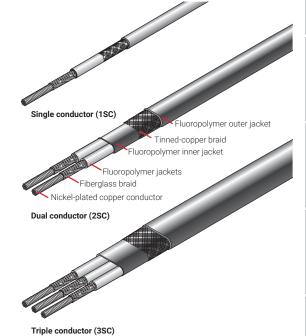
 Spacious boxes with front access, reliable spring type terminals and captive lid screws for fast installation.

#### **MINERAL INSULATED (MI) TECHNOLOGY**

nVent RAYCHEM mineral insulated (MI) heating systems provide the optimum solution when extreme high power outputs and temperatures are required. Applications include: industrial processes with a need for very high maintain temperatures (<600°C) or extreme exposure temperatures (<1000°C).

#### SERIES RESISTANCE (SC) TECHNOLOGY

nVent RAYCHEM series resistance (SC) trace heating cables provide freeze protection and high-temperature maintenance for longline heating applications. Available with single/dual/triple conductors, they can be used for continuous circuit lengths to 12,000 ft. (3659 m) powered from a single source, capable of supporting voltages up to 600 VAC and suitable for continuous exposure to temperatures up to 482°F/250°C.



#### ADVANCED CONNECTION KITS



nVent RAYCHEM connection kits are rugged, resist corrosion, take less time to install, have fewer parts, and offer visible monitoring status of power and continuity.



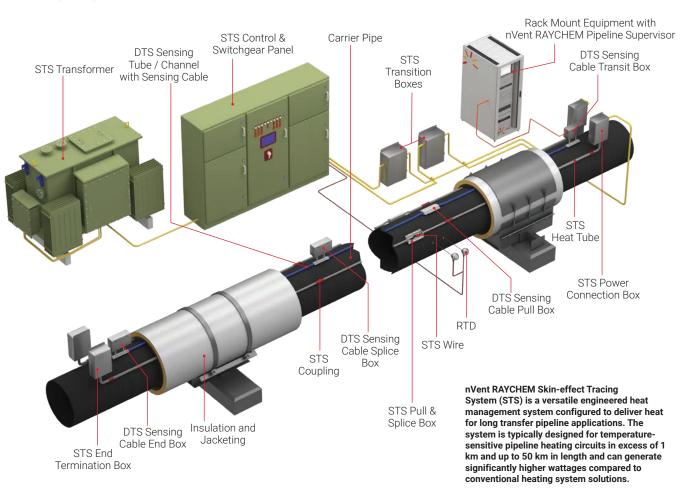
- One range of connection kits compatible with all nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating heating cables.
- An integral part of the complete hazardous area system approval.
- Unique nVent RAYCHEM cold-applied core sealer (patented technology) allows connection without the use and required curing time of RTV silicone.

## Innovative Heat-Tracing System

#### SKIN-EFFECT TRACING SYSTEM (STS) TECHNOLOGY

nVent RAYCHEM Skin-effect Tracing System (STS) is a versatile engineered heat management system configured to deliver heat for long transfer pipeline applications (up to 50 kms / 31 miles). Ideally suited for viscous product transfer lines, snow & ice prevention, tank foundation heating, buried/submerged lines and HDDs, and prefabricated pre-insulated lines.

nVent RAYCHEM STS System consists of a thermally rated, electrically insulated wire installed inside a ferromagnetic heat tube. The insulated wire is connected to the heat tube at the end termination, and an AC voltage source is connected between the heat tube and insulated wire at the power connection. AC current flows down the wire, returning on the inside surface (or skin) of the tube.



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## Specialized Engineered Systems

#### **TRAC-LOC TANK INSULATION SYSTEM**

nVent RAYCHEM Trac-Loc standing seam tank insulation system is ideally suited for large, flat-bottomed tanks used for the storage of materials that are sensitive to temperature fluctuations and require a covering of insulation and jacketing to reduce heat loss or gain.

Trac-Loc is a thermally efficient and cost effective solution designed to help reduce a customer's total installed and operating costs. The system is virtually maintenance free and provides a lower insulation cost when compared to conventional insulation methods.

With its unique design, panel construction and installation techniques, Trac-Loc is engineered as a complete installed heat management system.

#### **FUEL AND CHEMICAL** LEAK DETECTION SOLUTIONS

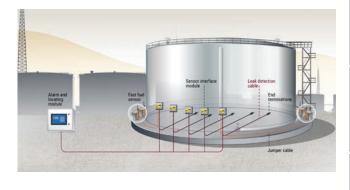
nVent RAYCHEM TraceTek advanced leak detection systems provide peace of mind in protecting industrial facilities and the environment from major hydrocarbon fuel and chemical leaks that can lead to catastrophic explosions.

A TraceTek leak detection system consists of sensor cables, fast acting, resettable probes, monitoring and alarm panels. Ideal for tank farms, pipelines, refueling & bunker area ports and refineries.

#### **FROST HEAVE PREVENTION**

The FHP (self-regulating) and FHPC (parallel constant wattage) family of heating cables prevent frost heave by maintaining the temperature of cryogenic and low temperature storage tank foundations above freezing. FHP and FHPC cables are available for all tank sizes and construction, can be cut to length and terminated in the field, and are suitable for in-conduit installations. The heating cables are designed for use in hazardous and nonhazardous areas, including areas where corrosives may be present.







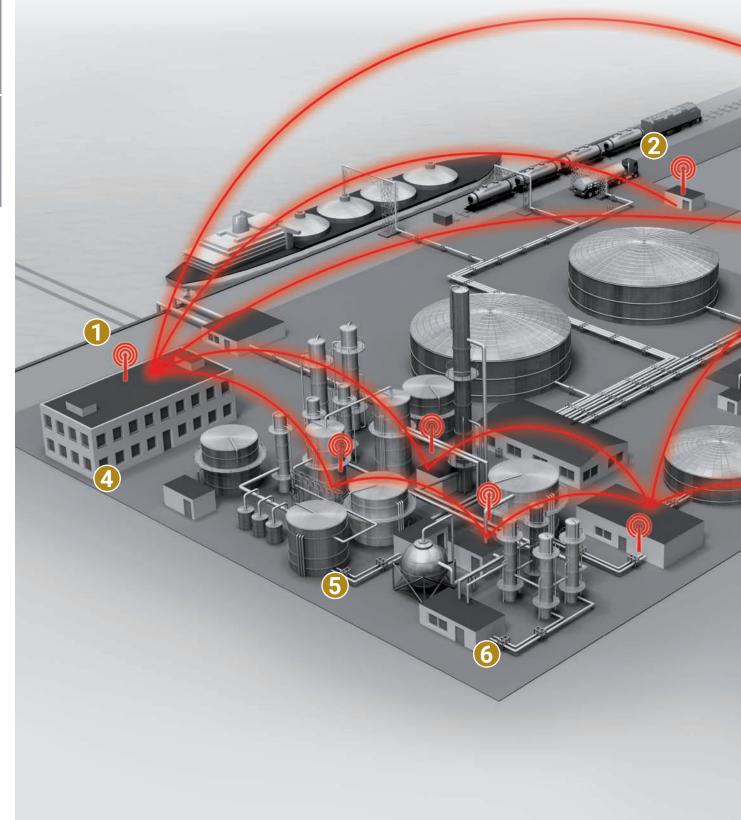
Steam Tracin

Appendixes

## Advanced Control and Monitoring Systems

With today's Industrial processing demands for higher yield productions and quality improvements, while still maintaining high safety standards, the need for a reliable heat tracing solution has never been greater. Data driven insights and connectivity are at the forefront of those needs.

nVent RAYCHEM provides a comprehensive heat tracing solution to help industrial facilities run efficiently. At the heart of that solution is our control and monitoring systems delivering smart advanced features for increased safety, reliability and reduced maintenance time and cost.



#### RAYCHEM-SB-H56857-IndsHeatTracingNAM-EN-2311

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\ppendixes

## **nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor** Remote monitoring & configuration of

heat tracing circuits (alarm logging, trending, reporting, data-analysis)

## 2 Connectivity

1

Hardwired or wireless connection of all components for local/remote configuration, monitoring and integration

## nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor

Remote monitoring of long pipelines with critical fluids, utilizing **Distributed Temperature Sensing** data from fiber optic sensor

#### **Multi-circuit Control Panels** 4

Factory assembled and tested panels with or without integrated power distribution for hazardous or nonhazardous areas

10 PM

## 5 Single-circuit Field Control

Hazardous and nonhazardous versions. Advanced features with configuration & monitoring via a local user Interface / Tablet and nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Software

#### **Multi-circuit Control** 6 **Panel Skids**

Factory assembled and tested modules with integrated power distribution and transformer for hazardous or nonhazardous areas



# Advanced Control and Monitoring System

#### **NVENT RAYCHEM SUPERVISOR**

- nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor heat-tracing controller configuration and monitoring software provides a graphical user interface for nVent RAYCHEM heat-tracing communication and controller products. Heat-trace system information can be accessed and managed from almost anywhere in the world, making nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor a powerful management tool for the entire Heat Management System (HMS).
- The software incorporates advanced features such as datalogging, trending, batch and recipe processing, scheduled events, and alarm monitoring, with the ability to acknowledge and clear alarms. Devices can communicate with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor via simple hard-wired serial communications, wireless interfaces, network infrastructures including Ethernet LANs (Local Area Networks), and Internetbased WANs (Wide Area Networks).



#### CONNECTIVITY

 nVent RAYCHEM connectivity solutions provide ultimate flexibility to connect our control systems to the entire facility. Our systems support Modbus RTU and Modbus/ TCP communications protocols with RS-485 and Ethernet communications interface capabilities. We also provide options for DCS integration, pre-packaged communications converters, repeaters, and field proven wireless solutions ensuring that your facility is IIoT and Industry 4.0 ready.

#### **NVENT RAYCHEM PIPELINE SUPERVISOR (RPS)**

- nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) is a culmination of nVent's many years of experience troubleshooting, optimizing and maintaining our clientele's temperature-critical pipeline applications. nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) is the world's premiere temperature critical pipeline monitoring software solution that provides unprecedented access to pipeline performance trends and rich actionable data insights to keep your pipeline operating safely and efficiently.
- Combines nVent RAYCHEM's market leading heat-tracing technologies with fibre optic (FO) Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS) to capture thousands of data points 24/7 along the entire length of the pipeline asset. Utilizes advanced algorithms, developed based on actual pipeline events, to provide operators and maintenance personnel of pending threats such as the formation of hot and cold spots, time-tofreeze, and pipeline plugs.
- nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor is part of nVent's Heating Bundled Solutions that include FO DTS, nVent RAYCHEM Skineffect Tracing System (STS), Pre-insulated Pipe, and Thermally Isolated Anchors and Supports.





Elexant 9200i

**Dverview** 

## Advanced Control and Monitoring System

#### **MULTI-CIRCUIT CONTROL PANELS**

- nVent RAYCHEM offers advanced multi-circuit panels for centralized control in both hazardous and nonhazardous locations for sub-station, and field installation. These panels leverage hardwired or wireless connection of all components for local/remote configuration, monitoring, and integration with other equipment (DCS, PLC).
- Central monitoring and configuration via nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Software provides advanced features such as temperature, ground fault, operating current and voltage measurements along with full alarming, data logging & trending capabilities.

#### SINGLE-CIRCUIT FIELD CONTROL

- nVent RAYCHEM offers robust, easy-to-use single-circuit controllers that provide advanced capabilities to meet industrial processing demands. These controllers can be fieldmounted for localized configuration and monitoring with the flexibility to connect to nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Software.
- Advanced features such as temperature, ground fault, operating current and voltage measurements along with full alarming capabilities makes these controllers your best choice for distributed control of your heat tracing.

#### MULTI-CIRCUIT CONTROL PANEL SKIDS

- Integrated control and power distribution panels along with a local skid mounted transformer for hazardous or nonhazardous areas.
- These skids provide all of the features of the nVent RAYCHEM multi-circuit control panels with the lower cost, lead time reduction, and reliability improvements of a pre-configured and tested factory assembly.







Elexant 4010i



# Advanced Controller Matrix

Model	Elexant 4010i	Elexant 4020i	920
Description			C.
	Single-circuit touch screen heat-tracing control and monitoring system	Single or multi-circuit touch screen heat- tracing control and monitoring system	Dual-circuit heat tracing control and monitoring system
General	j oontoor and monitoring system	adoing control and monitoring system	
Ambient Operating Temperature	-40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F)	-40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)	-40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F)
Supply Voltage (+/- 10%)	100-277 Vac nominal, 50/60 Hz	100-277 Vac nominal, 50/60 Hz	100-277Vac nominal, 50/60Hz
NEMA Enclosure	Type 4X, IP64 (Fiberglass), IP66 (SS)	Type 4X, IP64 (Fiberglass), IP66 (SS)	Type 4X
NAM Approvals	UL (C,US) C1D2 Group A, B, C, D T4 ATEX / IECEx Zone 2, Ex ec nC [ia Ga]	UL (C,US) C1D2 Group A, B, C, D T4 ATEX / IECEx Zone 2, Ex ec nC [ia Ga]	CSA (C,US) C1D2 Group A, B, C, D, T4
IEC Approvals	IIC T4 Gc	IIC T4 Gc	N/A
Output	1		1
Max. Load Current	32A @ 40°C	30A (standard) or 60A (optional) @ 40°C	
Max. Load Voltage Relay Type	277Vac Double-Pole EMR or SSR	277Vac (690Vac optional) 3-pole EMR or 1-, 2-, or 3-pole SSR	277Vac (690Vac optional) 3-pole EMR or 1-, 2-, or 3-pole SSR
Temperature Sensors			
Temperature Sensor Inputs	Up to 3 Temperature Sensors	Up to 3 Temperature Sensors	Up to 2 100 $\Omega$ RTDs per control point
	(100 $\Omega$ RTD or Thermocouples*)	(100 Ω RTD or Thermocouples*) -200°C to 700°C (-328°F to 1292°F)	
Control Range Local Alarm Contact Output	-200°C to 700°C (-328°F to 1292°F) ✓	-200°C to 700°C (-328°F to 1292°F)	-60°C to 570°C (-76°F to 1058°F) ✓
Control	•	•	v
Architecture	Single-Point	Single-Point	Dual-Point
PASC Algorithm	✓	✓	$\checkmark$
Proportional Control	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Soft Start	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Output Limiting	Power or Current	Power or Current	Power
External Control Allowed	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Monitoring			
Monitor Current	✓	√	$\checkmark$
Monitor Ground Fault Current	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	√
Monitor Voltage	✓	√	✓
Total Heater Hours	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Contactor Cycle Count	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Heat Tracing System Diagnostic Test	1 to 750 hours	1 to 750 hours	1 minute to 240 hours
Alarming	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
High/Low Temperature Alarm High Temperature Trip	↓ ↓		↓ ✓
Low Temperature Trip	↓ ✓	✓ ✓	· · ·
Ground Fault Alarm	↓ ↓	✓ ✓	✓
Ground Fault Trip	↓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
High/Low Current Alarm	↓ ↓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
High/Low Voltage Alarm	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
Sensor Failure	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
Switch Failure	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓
Interface	•	•	v
User Interface Dimensions Inches	Touchscreen Display 5" x 2.625"	Touchscreen Display 5" x 2.625"	LED Display with 6 Function Keys 3" x 0.70"
Languages	English, French, German, Spanish, Russian	English, French, German, Spanish, Russian	English, French
Firmware Update via USB port			
Environmental Protection Max. # Controllers Per User Interface	Type 4X, IP64, IP66 optional 1	Type 4X, IP64, IP66 optional 1	Type 4X 2
Interface Required for Control?	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Glove Touch Capatible	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Remote Analog RTD input			
Supports 3-phase Circuits		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Measures Current On All 3 phases		$\checkmark$	
Communications			
RS-485 Communications Port	√	$\checkmark$	✓
Ethernet Communications Port	✓	<b>√</b>	
Elexant 9200i Wireless Compatible	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Communications Protocol	Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP/IP	Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP/IP	Modbus RTU or Modbus ASCII

Overview

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RAYCHEM-SB-H56857-IndsHeatTracingNAM-EN-2311

			Self-Regulating Heating Cables
Model	NGC-30	NGC-40	פ
Description			Power-Limiting Cables
Description	Multi-circuit touch screen heat tracing control,	Multi-circuit heat tracing control, monitoring and power	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
	monitoring and power distribution system	distribution system with single-point architecture and reliability	bles
General			
Ambient Operating Temperature Supply Voltage (+/- 10%)	-40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F) Up to 600Vac	-40°C to 60°C (0°C to 50°C with Touch 1500) 100-240Vac	
NEMA Enclosure	Type 4 & 4X, IP 65	Type 12, 4X	분
NAM Approvals	ETL (C,US) Hazardous and Nonhazardous Options	ETL (C,US) Hazardous and Nonhazardous Options	Longline Heating
IEC Approvals	ATEX and IECEx	ATEX and IECEx	ig
Output			
Max. Load Voltage	60A per circuit @ 40°C 120-600Vac	60A per circuit @ 40°C 120-600Vac	
Max. Load Voltage Relay Type	3-pole EMR or 1-,2-,or 3-pole SSR	3-pole EMR or 1-,2-,or 3-pole SSR	BR
Temperature Sensors			RTB Tubing Bundles
Temperature Sensor Inputs	Up to 4 100 Ω RTD/ circuit	Up to 8 100 Ω RTD/ circuit	lbing les
Control Range	-73°C to 482°C (-99°F to 900°F) ✓	-80°C to 700°C (-112°F to 1292°F) ✓	
Local Alarm Contact Output Control	Ý	v	
Architecture	Multi-Point. 5 circuits per module	Single-Point	
PASC Algorithm	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Tank Heating
Proportional Control	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Ink
Soft Start	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Output Limiting	Power	Power or Current	
External Control Allowed			ى <sub>م</sub>
Monitoring Monitor Current	✓	$\checkmark$	Snow Melting and De-Icing
Monitor Ground Fault Current	✓ ·	$\checkmark$	Me De-lo
Monitor Voltage	Optional		lting
Total Heater Hours	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Contactor Cycle Count	✓	$\checkmark$	
Heat Tracing System Diagnostic Test	0 to 1000 hours	1 to 750 hours	Mo
Alarming		1	Control and Monitoring
High/Low Temperature Alarm	✓ ✓	$\checkmark$	and
High Temperature Trip Low Temperature Trip	<b>v</b>	v	
Ground Fault Alarm	✓	$\checkmark$	
Ground Fault Trip	✓	$\checkmark$	H
High/Low Current Alarm	✓	$\checkmark$	Heat-Trace Panels
High/Low Voltage Alarm	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	race els
Sensor Failure	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Switch Failure	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Interface	- -		-
User Interface Dimensions Inches	Touchscreen Display 11" x 9 " x 2.75"	Touchscreen Display 13.31" x 16.61"	Tank Insulation
	English, Spanish, French, German,		nk atio
Languages	Russian, Chinese, Italian, Czech	English, French, German, Russian, Chinese	
Firmware Update via USB port	✓	✓	
Environmental Protection Max. # Controllers Per User Interface	Type 4X, IP 65 260 per UIT	Type 4X, IP 65 Up to 500 per Touch 1500-EX	
Interface Required for Control?		op to 500 per rouch 1500°EA	Tra
Glove Touch Capatible	↓ ✓	$\checkmark$	Steam Tracing
Remote Analog RTD input	✓	$\checkmark$	
Supports 3-phase Circuits	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	
Measures Current On All 3 phases	-	$\checkmark$	
Communications			Technical Data Sheets
RS-485 Communications Port	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	chni a Shi
Ethernet Communications Port	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	cal eets
Elexant 9200i Wireless Compatible	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	

## Turnkey Heat Management System Services

nVent TRACER Projects and Services is the premiere heat management system service provider for the industrial sector. From concept to delivery, we optimize your heat tracing projects for timing, budget and scope with a fully integrated approach. You can rely on our experts to ensure safety, quality and performance for projects of any size and scope.



#### **FRONT END PLANNING**

Engaging nVent early in the planning process allows us to help you make decisions which can reduce the overall installed cost of the heat management system.

#### PROCUREMENT

nVent will manage all materials procurement and fabrication activities making sure the right materials get to the right work location at the right time.

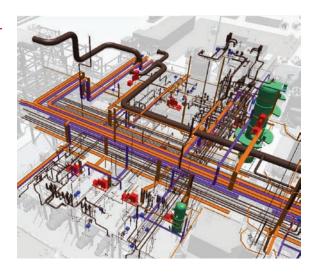
#### **DETAILED ENGINEERING**

Our experienced engineers apply product and optimization strategies to design a heat management system which meets your specific requirements at the lowest possible cost.

## TRACERLYNX

#### **3D HEAT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM SOFTWARE**

nVent's state-of-the-art 3D heat management system design software. Created to minimize errors, delays and rework for heat tracing circuits, nVent RAYCHEM TracerLynx is one powerful database that combines all client information, design data and deliverables. With TracerLynx, every element needed to design a full heat management system can be imported to one system, where the entire project can be managed and designed. With this software, you will have a more efficient and accurate EHT system, saving you thousands in Total Installed Costs.



## Turnkey Heat Management System Services

We are committed to the reliability of your operations. Our expertise in heat management system gives you piece of mind that your facility will operate efficiently and perform at the highest level.



#### INSTALLATION AND CONSTRUCTION

Our construction teams are fully trained and experienced in heat-tracing installation techniques. Leverage our expertise to ensure timely and accurate installation of your heat management system components, insulation and cladding.

#### SITE SERVICES

Using our Site Services allows you to maintain a single point of responsibility and accountability through the entire installation process. This ensures continuity of project knowledge from engineering through start-up.

#### COMMISSIONING

Our commissioning services ensure that the heat management system is operating as expected. This includes full system audits, programming and set up of control panels and operational checks.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE / QUALITY CONTROL

Our Quality Management System addresses all processes including the design, supply, installation, and commissioning to ensure your Heat Management System is operating as intended.

#### POST INSTALLATION SERVICES AND MAINTENANCE

Providing regular Heat Management System audits or implementing a maintenance agreement, nVent provides you with the security of having your system regularly evaluated by experts in the heat-tracing industry, allowing timely resolution of potential system problems.

#### WE MANAGE THE HEAT YOU NEED

- · World class safety record
- · Commitment to quality
- Single point of contact for your project needs

Visit our website at nVent.com/TRACER Or contact us at 1-800-545-6258 ower-Limiting Cables

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Steam Tracing

# Website and Design Software

#### VISIT NVENT.COM/RAYCHEM

Our website provides all the latest tools and information you need to design, select, and purchase a complete heat-tracing system. Use our web-based program, or downloadable design software to help you with your projects.

Browse and find the most up-to-date product brochures, data sheets and installation instructions.

#### DESIGN SOFTWARE

nVent RAYCHEM TraceCalc Pro design software brings you the latest advances in automated heat-tracing design capabilities.

TraceCalc Pro provides an intuitive, easy-to-navigate and user-friendly interface to create simple or complex heat-tracing designs for pipes, tanks and vessels.

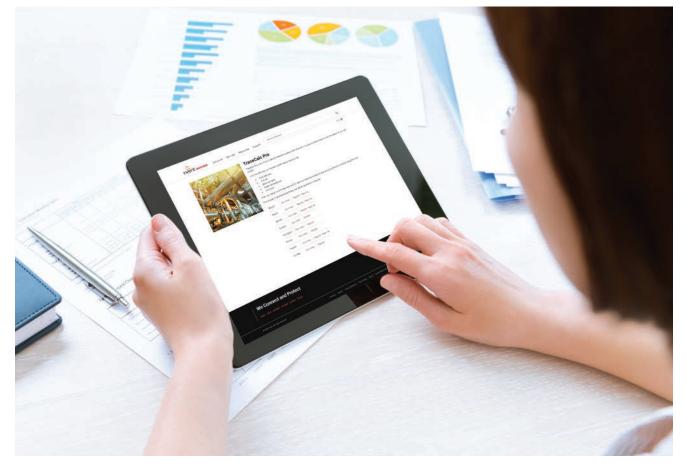
With the TraceCalc Net online tool, you can create a heat-tracing design in a few simple steps to:

- · Identify the right products for your application
- · Select quantities for a complete bill of materials
- Choose optional control and monitoring systems





	TraceCalc Pro	
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## nVent Solutions Protect Critical Processes



#### **INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES**

nVent RAYCHEM heat trace systems offer superior reliability with the highest lifetime value at lower installed cost and lower cost of ownership. 50+ years of time-tested quality, reliability and proven performance minimizes downtime and damage while ensuring ease of use, lower installed cost, lower cost of ownership, and worry-free operation.

#### **PEOPLE AND SAFETY**

We connect and protect our customers with inventive electrical solutions. Our systems maximize safety and performance. We are committed to providing training, education and a safe work environment on all projects of any size and scope.

#### **BEFORE YOU BUY, WEIGHT THE FACTS**

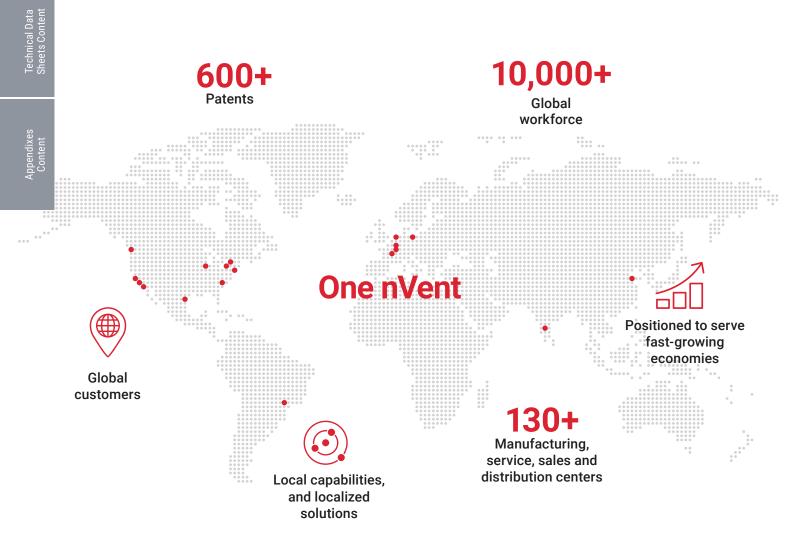
nVent offers the most complete line of heating technologies and services. Whether you need **products, design tools, or project assistance from our heat tracing experts,** rely on the proven heating solutions leader to deliver optimized systems to protect your critical industrial processes.



Appendixes

We have the capabilities to make the difference in any project, from increasing safety and performance while lowering total installed costs.

We are where you need us, with more than 10000 employees and partnerships with leading wholesalers, we service the globe. We travel the globe to support our customers in their most exigent projects, providing design and installation support where needed.



sign Guides Content

## Design Guides

This section provides design guides for Thermal Management. Each design guide is also available in pdf format on our web site at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

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Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline

RTB Tubing

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# Self-Regulating Heating Cables



# Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

# Appendixes

## **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating heat tracing systems. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

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#### **Conductive-Polymer Technology**

nVent RAYCHEM invented self-regulating heating cable technology 50 years ago and today has over 1.8 billion feet of nVent RAYCHEM brand self-regulating heating cable installed worldwide.

Self-regulating systems are the preferred choice for most complex pipe-tracing applications. This is due to their parallel construction, which allows them to be cut to length and spliced in the field, and their self-regulating output, which provides more heat where it is needed.

nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating heating cables are certified for use in hazardous locations and have been tested and approved for unconditional temperature classifications by worldwide approval agencies.

<u>Appendixes</u>

## **Typical Self-Regulating System**

A typical self-regulating heating cable system is shown in Figure 1. The heating cable is cut to length at the job site and attached to the pipe with glass tape. A power connection kit connects the heating cable bus wires to power in a junction box. Tees and splices accommodate pipe branches to connect two or three heating cables together. An end seal kit is used to terminate the end of the heating cable. These required connection kits are designed and approved to provide a safe and reliable heat-tracing system. For applications requiring tight temperature control, electrical system monitoring, or remote operation, consider a control and monitoring system.

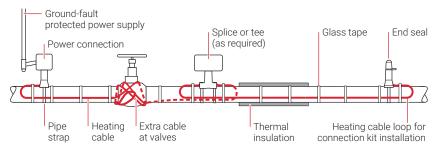


Fig. 1 Typical self-regulating heating cable system

#### **Approvals and Certifications**

nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations by many agencies. Please refer to the technical datasheets for more details.

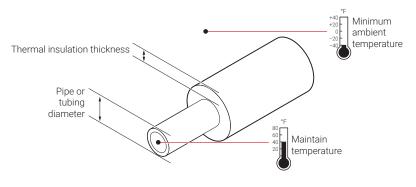
#### **Pipe Heat Loss Calculations**

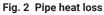
**Note:** All thermal and electrical design information provided here is based upon a "standard" installation; i.e., with heating cable installed on insulated pipes. For any other method of installation, consult your nVent representative for design assistance.

**Note:** Heat loss calculation is based on a nonflowing pipe.

To select the proper heating cable you must first calculate the pipe heat loss, as outlined in the following four steps:

- 1. Gather the necessary information.
  - T<sub>M</sub>: Maintain temperature
  - T<sub>A</sub>: Minimum expected ambient temperature
  - Pipe or tubing size and material
  - Thermal insulation type and thickness
- 2. Calculate the temperature differential between the pipe maintain temperature and the minimum ambient temperature.
- 3. Calculate the pipe heat loss.
- 4. Adjust the heat loss to compensate for specific insulation type.





#### Step 1. Gather the necessary information

To select the heating cable, gather and record the following information:

 Gather information
 Calculate temperature differential
 Calculate heat loss

Thermal Design

- 4. Compensate for
- insulation type

- T<sub>M</sub>: Maintain temperature
- T<sub>A</sub>: Minimum expected ambient temperature
- Pipe or tubing size and material
- · Thermal insulation type and thickness

#### **Example: Gather information**

Water freeze protection at 40°F
-40°F
6-inch diameter, steel
2-½ inch, cellular glass

Technical Data Sheets Content

## Self-Regu Heating ( gulating Cables

<u>Appendixes</u>

## Thermal Design

1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate temperature differential
З.	Calculate heat loss
4.	Compensate for insulation type

	Thermal Design
1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate temperature differential
З.	Calculate heat loss
4.	Compensate for insulation type

Thermal Design		
1.	Gather information	
2.	Calculate	



3. Calculate heat loss 4. Compensate for insulation type

#### Step 2. Calculate temperature differential ΔT

To calculate the temperature differential ( $\Delta T$ ), use the formula below: Formula ∆T  $T_M - T_A$ 

#### **Example: Calculate temperature differential**

Input T <sub>M</sub>	40°F (from Step 1)
Input T <sub>A</sub>	–40°F (from Step 1)
Calculation ∆T = 80°F	$\Delta T = 40^{\circ} F - (-40^{\circ} F) = 80^{\circ} F$

#### Step 3. Calculate the pipe heat loss

From Table 1 match the pipe size and insulation thickness with the temperature differential,  $\Delta T$ , to find the base heat loss of the pipe (Q<sub>B</sub>).

#### **Example: Calculate pipe heat loss**

Input	Pipe size = 6 inch (from Step 1)
Input	Insulation thickness = 2-½ inch (from Step 1)
Input	ΔT = 80°F (from Step 2)
Input	Pipe heat loss = 3.6 W/ft for $\Delta$ T of 50°F (from Table 1)

From Table 1,  $Q_B$  must be calculated through interpolation. For this example,  $\Delta T$  of 80°F is  $3_{\circ}$  of the difference between the  $\Delta T$  of 50°F and the  $\Delta T$  of 100°F:

QB = 3.6 W/ft +  $[3_5 \times (7.4 - 3.6)]$  (7.4 is pipe heat loss for the  $\Delta T$  of 100°F; 3.6 is pipe heat loss for the  $\Delta T$  of 50°F)

Calculation	$Q_B = 3.6 + 2.3 = 5.9 $ W/ft
Pipe heat loss	Q <sub>B</sub> = 5.9 W/ft @ 40°F

#### Step 4. Compensate for insulation type

Multiply the base heat loss of the pipe  $(Q_B)$  from Step 3 by the insulation compensation factor (f) from Table 2 to get the total heat loss per foot of pipe  $(Q_T)$ .

#### Formula $Q_T = Q_B \times f$

Example: Insulatio	n type compensati	ion
las as call		والمراجبة والمراج

Input	Insulation type = cellular glass (from Step 1)
Input	f = 1.36 for cellular glass (from Table 2)
Input	Q <sub>B</sub> = 5.9 W/ft (from Step 3)
Calculation	Q <sub>T</sub> = 5.9 W/ft x 1.36 = 8.02 W/ft
	_

#### $Q_{T} = 8.02 \text{ W/ft} \text{ at } 40^{\circ}\text{F}$

Now proceed to the Heating Cable Selection section, page 10, to determine the heating cable that will compensate for this heat loss.

Note: Heat loss calculations are based on IEEE Standards.

#### TABLE 1 PIPE HEAT LOSS (W/FT)

			Pipe di	ameter (IPS	) in inches					
			1/4	1/2	3/4	1	1-¼	1-1⁄2	2	2-1/2
	(ΔT)			Tubing	size (inche	s)				
Insulation thickness	°F	°C		3⁄4	1	1-¼	1-½	2		
0.5"	50	10	1.9	2.5	2.9	3.5	4.1	4.6	5.5	6.5
	100	37	3.9	5.2	6.1	7.2	8.6	9.6	11.5	13.5
	150	65	6.1	8.1	9.5	11.2	13.4	14.9	17.9	21.1
	200	93	8.5	11.3	13.2	15.6	18.6	20.7	24.9	29.2
1.0"	50	10	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8
	100	37	2.7	3.4	3.9	4.5	5.2	5.8	6.8	7.8
	150	65	4.2	5.3	6.1	7.0	8.2	9.0	10.6	12.2
	200	93	5.8	7.4	8.4	9.7	11.3	12.4	14.6	16.9
	250	121	7.6	9.7	11.0	12.7	14.8	16.3	19.1	22.1
1.5"	50	10	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.8
	100	37	2.2	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.4	5.1	5.8
	150	65	3.5	4.3	4.8	5.5	6.3	6.9	8.0	9.1
	200	93	4.8	5.9	6.7	7.6	8.7	9.5	11.0	12.6
	250	121	6.3	7.8	8.7	9.9	11.4	12.4	14.4	16.5
	300	148	7.9	9.7	11.0	12.4	14.3	15.6	18.1	20.6
	350	176	9.6	11.9	13.3	15.1	17.4	19.0	22.0	25.1
2.0"	50	10	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.3
	100	37	2.0	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.7	4.2	4.8
	150	65	3.1	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.8	6.6	7.5
	200	93	4.3	5.2	5.8	6.5	7.4	8.0	9.2	10.4
	250	121	5.6	6.8	7.5	8.5	9.6	10.4	12.0	13.5
	300	148	7.0	8.5	9.4	10.6	12.1	13.1	15.0	17.0
	350	176	8.5	10.3	11.5	12.9	14.7	15.9	18.2	20.6
2.5"	50	10	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0
	100	37	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.2
	150	65	2.8	3.4	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.1	5.8	6.5
	200	93	3.9	4.7	5.2	5.8	6.5	7.0	8.0	9.0
	250	121	5.1	6.1	6.8	7.6	8.5	9.2	10.5	11.7
	300	148	6.4	7.7	8.5	9.5	10.7	11.5	13.1	14.7
	350	176	7.8	9.3	10.3	11.5	13.0	14.0	15.9	17.9
3.0"	50	10	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8
	100	37	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.9	3.3	3.7
	150	65	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.8	4.3	4.6	5.2	5.8
	200	93	3.6	4.3	4.8	5.3	5.9	6.4	7.2	8.0
	250	121	4.8	5.7	6.2	6.9	7.8	8.3	9.4	10.5
	300	148	6.0	7.1	7.8	8.7	9.7	10.4	11.8	13.2
	350	176	7.3	8.6	9.5	10.5	11.8	12.7	14.3	16.0
4.0"	50	10	0.7	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5
	100	37	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.9	3.2
	150	65	2.4	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.4	4.9
	200	93	3.3	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.5	6.2	6.8
	250	121	4.3	5.1	5.5	6.1	6.7	7.2	8.1	8.9
	300	148	5.4	6.3	6.9	7.6	8.5	9.0	10.1	11.2
	350	176	6.6	7.7	8.4	9.3	10.3	11.0	12.3	13.6

**Note:** Pipe heat loss  $(Q_B)$  is shown in watts per foot. Heat loss calculations are based on IEEE Standards with the following provisions:

- Pipes insulated with glass fiber in accordance with ASTM C547
- Pipes located outdoors in a 20-mph wind
- No insulating air space assumed between pipe and insulation
- · No insulating air space assumed between the insulation and outer cladding
- Includes a 10% safety factor

Technical Data Design Guides Sheets Content Content

Appendixes Content

#### TABLE 1 PIPE HEAT LOSS (W/FT)

Pipe diam	eter (IPS) iı	n inches									
3	3-1/2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24
7.7	8.6	9.6	13.6	17.4	21.4	25.2	27.5	31.3	35.0	38.8	46.2
16.0	18.0	20.0	28.4	36.3	44.6	52.5	57.4	65.2	73.0	80.8	96.3
25.0	28.1	31.2	44.3	56.6	69.6	81.9	89.5	101.7	113.8	126.0	150.2
34.6	39.0	43.3	61.5	78.5	96.6	113.6	124.2	141.1	158.0	174.8	208.5
4.4	4.9	5.4	7.5	9.4	11.5	13.5	14.7	16.6	18.6	20.5	24.4
9.1	10.2	11.2	15.6	19.7	24.0	28.1	30.6	34.7	38.7	42.8	50.9
14.2	15.9	17.5	24.3	30.7	37.4	43.8	47.8	54.1	60.4	66.7	79.4
19.7	22.0	24.2	33.7	42.5	51.9	60.7	66.2	75.0	83.8	92.5	110.0
25.8	28.7	31.7	44.0	55.6	67.9	79.4	86.6	98.1	109.6	121.0	143.9
3.2	3.6	3.9	5.3	6.7	8.1	9.4	10.2	11.5	12.9	14.2	16.8
6.7	7.4	8.1	11.1	13.9	16.8	19.6	21.3	24.0	26.8	29.5	35.0
10.5	11.6	12.7	17.3	21.6	26.2	30.5	33.2	37.5	41.8	46.1	54.6
14.5	16.1	17.6	24.0	30.0	36.3	42.3	46.0	52.0	57.9	63.8	75.7
14.5	21.0	23.0	31.4	39.2	47.5	55.3	60.2	68.0	75.7	83.5	99.0
							75.4				
23.8	26.3	28.8	39.3	49.2	59.6	69.3		85.1	94.9	104.6	124.0
28.9	32.0	35.0	47.8	59.8	72.4	84.3	91.7	103.5	115.4	127.2	150.8
2.6	2.9	3.1	4.2	5.2	6.3	7.3	7.9	8.9	9.9	10.9	12.9
5.5	6.0	6.6	8.8	10.9	13.1	15.2	16.5	18.6	20.7	22.8	26.9
8.5	9.4	10.2	13.8	17.0	20.5	23.8	25.8	29.0	32.3	35.5	42.0
11.8	13.0	14.2	19.1	23.6	28.4	32.9	35.7	40.2	44.7	49.2	58.2
15.5	17.0	18.5	24.9	30.9	37.2	43.1	46.7	52.6	58.5	64.3	76.1
19.4	21.3	23.2	31.2	38.7	46.6	54.0	58.6	65.9	73.3	80.6	95.3
23.6	25.9	28.3	38.0	47.1	56.6	65.6	71.2	80.2	89.1	98.1	115.9
2.3	2.5	2.7	3.6	4.4	5.2	6.1	6.6	7.4	8.2	9.0	10.6
4.7	5.2	5.6	7.4	9.1	10.9	12.6	13.7	15.3	17.0	18.7	22.0
7.4	8.1	8.7	11.6	14.2	17.0	19.7	21.3	23.9	26.5	29.1	34.3
10.2	11.2	12.1	16.1	19.7	23.6	27.2	29.5	33.1	36.7	40.3	47.5
13.3	14.6	15.8	21.0	25.8	30.9	35.6	38.6	43.3	48.0	52.8	62.2
16.7	18.3	19.8	26.3	32.3	38.7	44.6	48.4	54.3	60.2	66.1	77.9
20.3	22.2	24.1	32.0	39.3	47.1	54.3	58.8	66.0	73.2	80.4	94.7
2.0	2.2	2.4	3.1	3.8	4.5	5.2	5.6	6.3	7.0	7.6	9.0
4.2	4.6	4.9	6.5	7.9	9.4	10.8	11.7	13.1	14.5	15.9	18.7
6.6	7.1	7.7	10.1	12.4	14.7	16.9	18.3	20.5	22.6	24.8	29.2
9.1	9.9	10.7	14.0	17.1	20.4	23.4	25.3	28.3	31.4	34.4	40.4
11.9	12.9	14.0	18.3	22.4	26.6	30.6	33.1	37.1	41.0	45.0	52.8
14.9	16.2	17.5	23.0	28.1	33.4	38.4	41.5	46.5	51.4	56.3	66.2
18.1	19.7	21.3	28.0	34.1	40.6	46.7	50.5	56.5	62.5	68.5	80.5
1.7	1.8	2.0	2.5	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.4	5.0	5.5	6.0	7.0
3.5	3.8	4.1	5.3	6.4	7.5	8.6	9.3	10.3	11.4	12.4	14.5
5.5	6.0	6.4	8.3	10.0	11.8	13.4	14.5	16.1	17.8	19.4	22.7
7.6	8.3	8.9	11.4	13.8	16.3	18.6	20.0	22.3	24.6	26.9	31.4
10.0	10.8	11.6	15.0	18.1	21.3	24.3	26.2	29.2	32.2	35.2	41.1
12.5	13.5	14.6	18.8	22.6	26.7	30.5	32.8	36.6	40.3	44.1	51.5
15.2	16.5	17.7	22.8	27.5	32.4	37.1	39.9	44.5	49.0	53.6	62.6

#### TABLE 2 INSULATION FACTORS

Insulation	Insulation factor (f)	k factor at 50°F (10°C) (BTU/hr−°F−ft²/in)	Tracing
Fiberglass (ASTM C547)	1.00	0.219	
Calcium silicate (ASTM C533)	1.76	0.386	
Cellular glass (ASTM C552)	1.36	0.298	Data
Preformed Polyisocyanurate (ASTM C591)	0.87	0.19	
Flexible Elastomer (ASTM C534)	1.25	0.273	Sheets
Expanded perlite (ASTM C610)	2.13	0.466	

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

#### HEATING CABLE SELECTION

**Note:** The data presented here are nominal and conservative. Additional engineering analysis at specific voltages may allow optimization that could extend circuit lengths and/or available power output. Consult nVent for more information.

## **If your application is freeze protection of water piping,** follow the five-step heating cable selection process outlined below:

1. Gather the following information:

- Pipe size and material
- Insulation type and thickness
- Maintain temperature  $(T_M)$
- Minimum ambient temperature  $(T_A)$
- Minimum start-up temperature
- Service voltage
- Chemical environment
- · Maximum intermittent exposure temperature\*
- Electrical area classification\*\*
- 2. Select the heating cable family.
- 3. Select the service voltage.
- 4. Determine the heating cable power output rating.
- 5. Select the jacket type.
- \* Determines whether a higher exposure temperature heating cable is needed.

\*\* Determines whether special design requirements and connection kits must be used.

If your application is maintenance of another fluid at a temperature other than 40°F (5°C) or is temperature-sensitive, you will need the information above plus the following data:

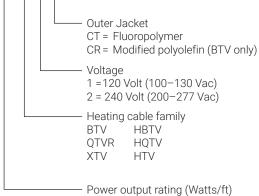
	Example data
Process temperature	70°F
<ul> <li>Maximum ambient temperature</li> </ul>	105°F
<ul> <li>Fluid degradation temperature***</li> </ul>	150°F

\*\*\* Determines whether thermostatic control is necessary.

#### Heating Cable Catalog Number

Before beginning, take a moment to understand the structure underlying heating cable catalog numbers. You will refer to this numbering convention throughout the product selection process. Your goal is to determine the catalog number for the product that best suits your needs.

#### XX XXX X-XX



#### Fig. 3 Heating cable catalog number

Design Guides Content

6 inches in diameter, steel

2-1/2 inch, calcium silicate

-40°F

120 Vac

366°F

Organic chemicals

Nonhazardous

0°F

Water freeze protection at 40°F

#### Heating Cable Selection

1.	Gather information
2.	Select heating cable family
3.	Select service voltage
4.	Determine power output rating
5.	Select jacket type

#### Step 1. Gather the necessary information

To select the heating cable, gather and record the following information:

- · Pipe size and material
- Insulation type and thickness
- Maintain temperature (T<sub>M</sub>)
- Minimum ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>)
- Minimum start-up temperature
- Service voltage
- · Chemical environment
- Maximum intermittent exposure temperature
- · Electrical area classification

#### **Example: Gather necessary information**

- · Pipe size and material\*
- Insulation type and thickness\*
- Maintain temperature (T<sub>M</sub>)\*
- Minimum ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>)\*
- Minimum start-up temperature
- Service voltage
- · Chemical environment
- Maximum intermittent exposure temperature\*\*
- Electrical area classification\*\*\* \* From Thermal Design, Step 1
- \*\* Determines whether a higher exposure temperature heating cable is needed.
- \*\*\* Determines whether special design requirements and connection kits must be used.

#### Step 2. Select the heating cable family

Based on your application's maintain temperature, pipe material, maximum exposure temperature, and T-rating, select the appropriate heating cable.

For nonhazardous locations, use Table 3 to select the heating cable family. Base your selection on your application's maintain temperature, pipe material, and maximum intermittent exposure temperature.

For Class I, Division 1 or 2 hazardous locations, also use Table 3 or Table 4, but first determine the required T-rating for the area.

Temperature identification numbers (T-ratings) are defined by the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), Articles 500 and 505; and the Canadian Electrical Code Part I, Section 18. If the T-rating of the area has been defined, then select a heating cable from Table 3 or Table 4 having a T-rating equivalent to or less than the T-rating of this location (for example, T6 is a lower T-rating than T3).

The purpose of the T-rating is to ensure that electrical equipment does not exceed the Auto Ignition Temperatures (AIT) of flammables handled in a hazardous location.

If the T-rating for the area has not been defined, use one of the following methods.

#### FOR CSA CERTIFICATION

· Select the material with the lowest AIT in °C.

This temperature is the maximum allowable heating cable sheath temperature.

Hea	ating Cable Selection
1.	Gather information
2.	Select heating cable family
3.	Select service voltage
4.	Determine power output rating
5.	Select jacket type

#### FOR FM APPROVAL

• Select the material with the lowest AIT in °C.

This temperature is the maximum allowable heating cable sheath temperature.

#### FOR FM APPROVAL, DIVISION 1 HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

• Select the material with the lowest AIT in °C.

This temperature is the maximum allowable heating cable sheath temperature. Use Table 4 to select the heating cable family.

#### TABLE 3 HEATING CABLE PRODUCT PERFORMANCE DATA

nVent RAYCHEM Heating Cable Family	Maximum maintain temperature	Maximum continuous operating temperature*	Maximum intermittent exposure temperature**	T-rating/ maximum sheath temperature	Pipe material
BTV	150°F (65°C)	150°F (65°C)	185°F (85°C)	T6 185°F (85°C)	plastic/ metal
QTVR	225°F (110°C)	225°F (110°C)	225°F (110°C)	T4 275°F (135°C)	plastic¹/ metal
5XTV1/2	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	482°F (250°C) <sup>2</sup>	T3 392°F (200°C)	metal only
10XTV1/2	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	482°F (250°C) <sup>2</sup>	T3 392°F (200°C)	metal only
15XTV2	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	482°F (250°C) <sup>2</sup>	T3 392°F (200°C)	metal only
15XTV1	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	482°F (250°C) <sup>2</sup>	T2D 419°F (215°C)	metal only
20XTV1	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	482°F (250°C) <sup>2</sup>	T2C 446°F (230°C)	metal only
20XTV2	250°F (121°C)	250°F (121°C)	482°F (250°C) <sup>2</sup>	T2C 446°F (230°C)	metal only
3 HTV1/2	400°F (205°C)	400°F (205°C)	500°F (260°C)	T3A 356°F (180°C)	metal only
5, 8, 10, 12, 15 HTV1/2	400°F (205°C)	400°F (205°C)	500°F (260°C)	T3 392°F (200°C)	metal only
20 HTV1/2	400°F (205°C)	400°F (205°C)	500°F (260°C)	T2D 420°F (215°C)	metal only

\* With the heating cable power on

\*\* 1000 hours (power on/power off) (2000 hours for HTV)

<sup>1</sup> For plastic pipes please consult TraceCalc Pro design software or contact the Customer Service Center.

<sup>2</sup> The 250°C rating applies to all products printed "MAX INTERMITTENT EXPOSURE 250C"

#### **Example: Nonhazardous location**

Input	40°F maintain temperatu	ire (from Therma	Design, Step 1)

Input 366°F intermittent exposure temperature (from Step 1)

Input Heating cable family XTV (from Table 3)

Catalog number xxXTVx-xx

#### TABLE 4 HEATING CABLE PRODUCT PERFORMANCE DATA (FM DIVISION 1 HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS)

Maximum

operating

225°F (110°C) 225°F (110°C)

400°F (205°C) 400°F (205°C)

400°F (205°C) 400°F (205°C)

\*\* 1000 hours (power on/power off), 2000 hours for HTV

continuous

temperature\*

150°F (65°C)

400°F (205°C)

FOR FM APPROVED SYSTEMS IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

1 For plastic pipes please consult TraceCalc Pro design software or contact the

Due to the potentially hazardous nature of Division 1 locations, the requirements

• Use only nVent RAYCHEM brand HBTV-CT, HQTV-CT, and heating cables and

for use in Division 1 hazardous locations in US and Canada with HAK-C-100

· Be sure the installer completes and returns the Required Installation Record for Division 1 Hazardous Locations in USA form (H57426), available on

FOR CSA CERTIFIED SYSTEMS IN DIVISION 1 HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

• Complete and send the field information form found in the Approval for Division 1 Hazardous Locations in USA form (H56987), available on nVent.com/RAYCHEM, to the nVent Customer Service Center - phone (800) 545-6258, fax (800) 527-5703 -

nVent.com/RAYCHEM, or the one in the back of the installation manual shipped with

nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV-CT, QTVR-CT and XTV-CT heating cables and HAK-C-100

XXTV1-XX

1 = 120 volts (100-130 Vac)

2 = 240 volts (200-277 Vac)

HAK-C-100 connection kits specifically approved by FM. HTV-CT is cFMus approved

Maximum

exposure

intermittent

temperature\*\*

185°F (85°C)

225°F (110°C)

500°F(260°C)

500°F (260°C)

500°F (260°C)

T-rating/

sheath

maximum

temperature

T6 185°F (85°C)

T4 275°F (135°C)

T3A 356°F (180°C)

T3 392°F (200°C)

T2D 420°F (215°C)

nVent

Heating

Cable

Family

HBTV-CT

HQTV-CT

3HTV1, 2

5, 8, 10, 12,

15 HTV1/2 20 HTV1, 2

RAYCHEM

Maximum

temperature

150°F (65°C)

400°F (205°C)

With the heating cable power on

Customer Service Center.

below must be followed at all times.

connection kit.

the product.

Catalog number

for design verification.

maintain

Pipe material

plastic/ metal

plastic<sup>1</sup>/

metal only metal only metal only metal only

Service voltage options:

Step 3. Select the service voltage

#### **Example: Service voltage selection**

Input XTV heating cable (from Step 2) Input 120 volts (from Step 1) Voltage option 1

Hea	ating Cable Selection
1.	Gather information
2.	Select heating cable family
3.	Select service

4. Determine power output rating

5. Select jacket type

connection kits specifically certified by CSA. HTV-CT is cFMus approved for use in
Division 1 hazardous locations in US and Canada with HAK-C-100 connection kit.

Due to the potentially hazardous nature of Division 1 locations, use only

RAYCHEM-DG-H56882-SelfRegulating-EN-2303
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## Heating Cable Selection

Heating Cable Selection					
1.	Gather information				
2.	Select heating cable family				
3.	Select service voltage				
4.	Determine power output rating				
5.	Select jacket type				

#### Step 4. Determine the heating cable power output rating

To select the heating cable power output, use Table 5 to determine the appropriate power output graph based on the heating cable family and voltage already determined.

Pipe material	Heating cable	Voltage	Graph number
Metal pipe	BTV, QTVR, HBTV,	120	1
	HQTV	208	2
		240	3
		277	4
Metal pipe	XTV	120	5
		208	6
		240	7
		277	8
Plastic pipe*	BTV and HBTV	120	9
		208	10
		240	11
		277	12
Metal Pipe	HTV	120	13
		208	14
		240	15
		277	16

\*Graphs assume the use of aluminum tape over the heating cable. In Fig. 1, we use glass tape. Here we use aluminum tape.

Using the selected graph, locate the heating cable with thermal output greater than the heat loss ( $Q_T$ ) at the pipe maintenance temperature ( $T_M$ ).

If the pipe heat loss,  $Q_T$ , is between the two heating cable power output curves, select the higher-rated heating cable. If  $Q_T$  is greater than the power output of the highest-rated heating cable, you can:

- Use two or more heating cables run in parallel.
- Spiral the heating cable.
- Use thicker insulation to reduce heat loss.
- Use insulation material with a lower k factor.

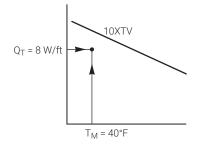


Fig. 4 Heating cable thermal output

Mineral Insulated Heating Cables

### Spiraling

If spiraling is elected, use the formula below to determine the spiral factor (length of heating cable per foot of pipe):

### Spiral factor = $Q_T$ / Heater power output at $T_M$

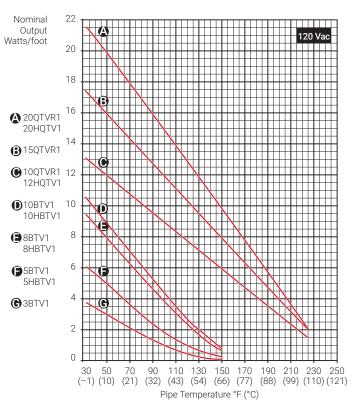
When the spiral factor exceeds 1.6 or the pipe size is less than three inches, consider using two or more heating cables run in parallel rather than spiraling.

### Example: Determine power output rating

- XTV heating cable (from Step 3) Input Heat loss is 8 W/ft (from Thermal Design, Step 4 and Table 1) Input
- Input 10XTV output of 10.2 W/ft exceeds 8 W/ft at 40°F (from Graph 5)

#### Power output rating 10

#### **10XTV1**-XX Catalog number

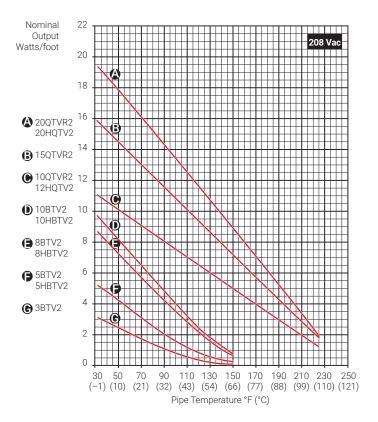


#### Graph 1 BTV, HBTV, QTVR, and HQTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 120 volts

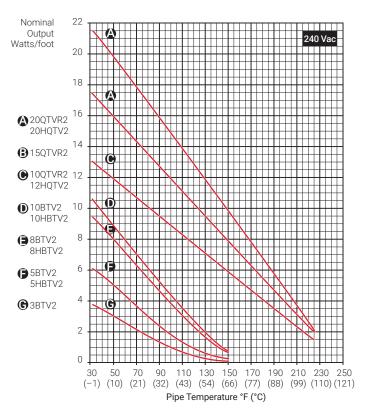
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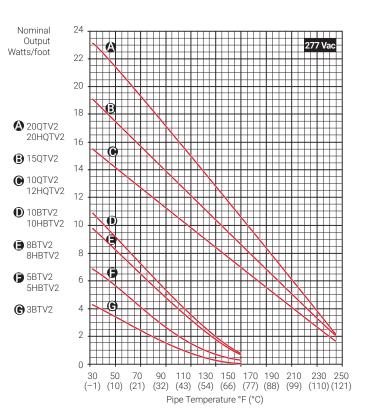
Appendixes



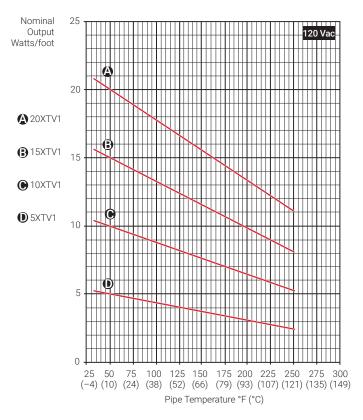
Graph 2 BTV, HBTV, QTVR, and HQTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 208 volts



Graph 3 BTV, HBTV, QTVR, and HQTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 240 volts

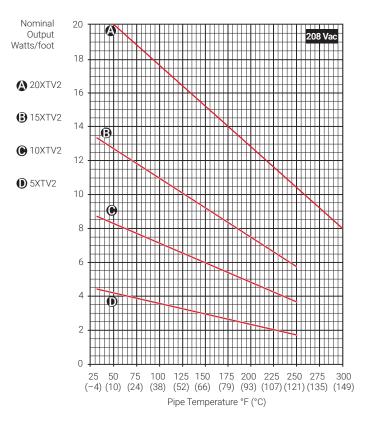


Graph 4 BTV, HBTV, QTVR, and HQTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 277 volts

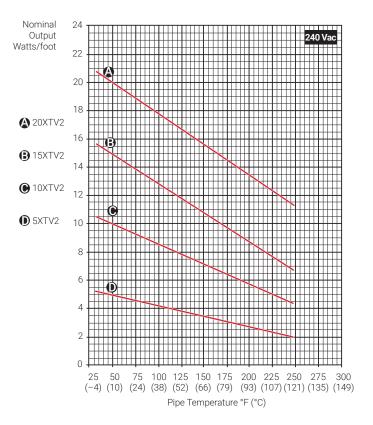


Graph 5 XTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 120 volts

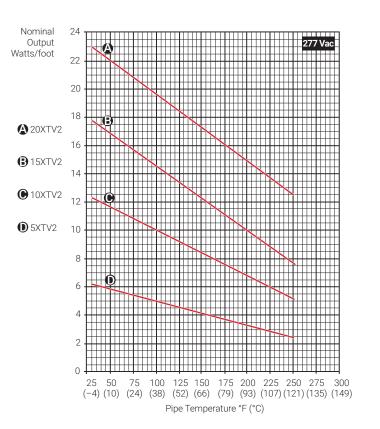
Appendixes



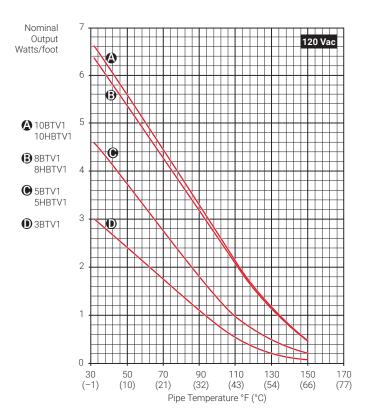
Graph 6 XTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 208 volts



Graph 7 XTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 240 volts

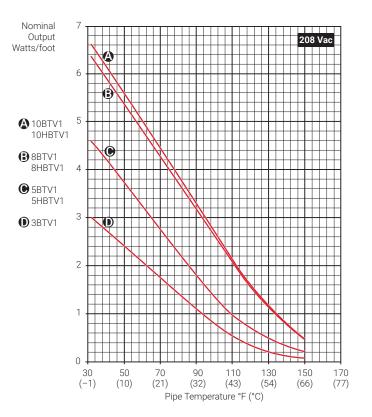


Graph 8 XTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 277 volts

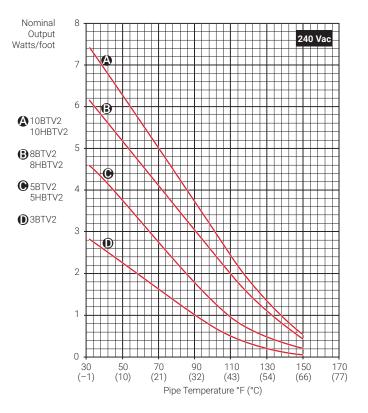


Graph 9 BTV and HBTV nominal power output on plastic pipes at 120 volts

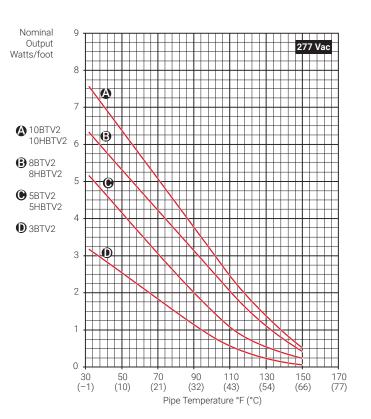
Appendixes



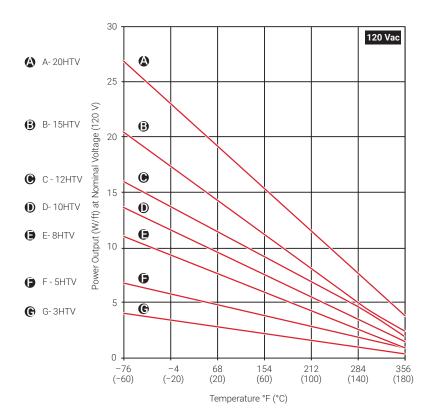
Graph 10 BTV and HBTV nominal power output on plastic pipes at 208 volts



Graph 11 BTV and HBTV nominal power output on plastic pipes at 240 volts



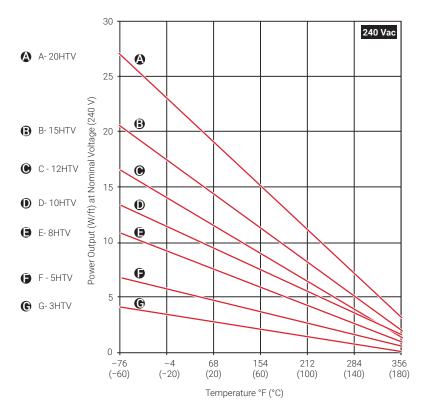
Graph 12 BTV and HBTV nominal power output on plastic pipes at 277 volts



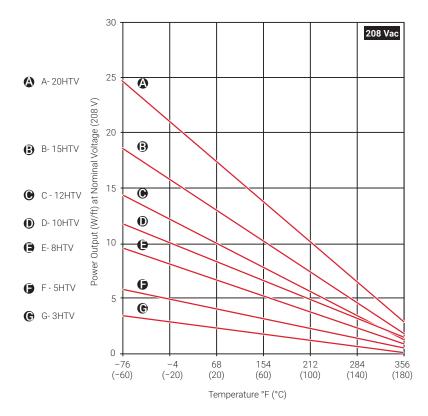
Graph 13 HTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 120 volts

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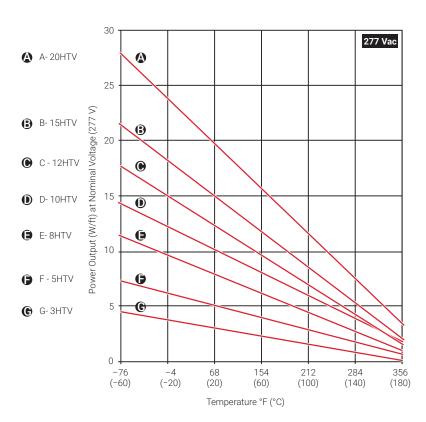
nVent.com/RAYCHEM 21



Graph 14 HTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 240 volts



Graph 15 HTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 208 volts



Graph 16 HTV nominal power output on metal pipes at 277 volts

Step	5.	Select	the	jacket	type
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While nVent RAYCHEM QTVR, XTV and HTV heating cables are only available with a CT outer jacket, the BTV heating cables are also available in a CR version.

## TABLE 6 HEATING CABLE OUTER JACKET OPTIONS

Option	Material	Application
СТ	Fluoropolymer	Exposure to organic chemicals or corrosives
CR	Modified polyolefin	Exposure to aqueous inorganic chemicals

If you are unsure about the correct jacket for your application, select the CT version or contact your nVent representative for assistance.

#### Example: Jacket type selection

Input	10XTV1-xx heating cable (from Step 4)
Input	Organic chemicals
Jacket type	СТ
Catalog number	10XTV1-CT

Hea	ating Cable Selection
1.	Gather information
2.	Select heating cable family
3.	Select service voltage
4.	Determine power output rating
5.	Select jacket type

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Self-Regulating Heating Cables

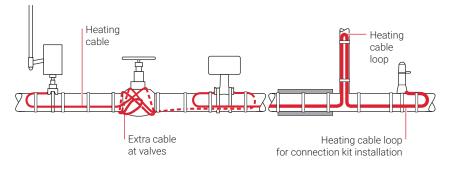
Heat-Trace Panels Now that you have selected the correct heating cable for your application, this section helps you to determine:

- Total length of heating cable required
- Electrical design, including circuit breaker sizing and selection
- Quantity and type of connection kits and accessories

#### **Determining the Total Length of Heating Cable**

To determine the total length of heating cable, follow these six steps:

- 1. Gather the necessary information:
  - Pipe length and diameter
  - Type and number of valves
  - Type and number of pipe supports
  - Start-up temperature
  - Number of circuits and tees in the piping
- 2. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the piping.
- 3. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the valves.
- 4. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the pipe supports.
- 5. Calculate additional heating cable for connection kit installation.
- 6. Add all the lengths together.





He	ating Cable Length
1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate cable length for piping
3.	Calculate cable length for valves
4.	Calculate cable length for supports
5.	Calculate cable length for connection kits
б.	Add all lengths

#### Step 1. Gather the necessary information

To determine the total length of heating cable, gather and record the following information:

- Pipe length and diameter
- Type and number of valves
- Type and number of pipe supports
- Start-up temperature
- · Number of circuits and tees in piping

#### **Example: Gather necessary information**

Pipe length and diameter	100 feet of 6-inch pipe
Type and number of valves	Three 6-inch gate valves
Type and number of pipe supports	Support shoes, 10 each, 1-foot length
Start-up temperature	0°F
Number of circuits and tees in piping	Power connections: 1
	End seals: 3

Pipe tees: 2

Dverviev

Technical Data Sheets Content

## Heating Cable Length

1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate cable length for piping
3.	Calculate cable length for valves
4.	Calculate cable length for supports
5.	Calculate cable length for connection kits
6.	Add all lengths

#### Step 2. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the piping

#### Example: Total length of cable for piping calculation

100 ft of pipe (from Step 1) = 100 ft of cable for single tracing

#### Heating Cable Length

	ating cable Length
1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate cable length for piping
3.	Calculate cable length for valves
4.	Calculate cable length for supports
5.	Calculate cable length for connection kits
6.	Add all lengths

#### Step 3. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the valves

Table 7 contains guidelines to determine the amount of additional heating cable required to compensate for heat loss on valves. For a more detailed analysis, use TraceCalc Pro design software or consult nVent.

Multiply the number of valves to arrive at the total additional footage of heating cable.

#### TABLE 7 RECOMMENDED VALVE ALLOWANCE

Pipe diameter (IPS) (inches)	Heating cable feet (meters)	Comments*
1⁄4	0.3 (0.09)	These recommendations are limited by the amount of
1/2	0.8 (0.24)	heating cable that can physically be installed on small
3⁄4	1.3 (0.4)	valves. Heat loss may not be fully compensated under extreme conditions.
1	2.0 (0.6)	
1-1⁄4	3.3 (1.1)	
1-1/2	4.3 (1.3)	
2	4.3 (1.3)	
3	4.3 (1.3)	
4	4.3 (1.3)	
6	5.0 (1.5)	
8	5.0 (1.5)	
10	5.6 (1.7)	These numbers represent the minimum amount of
14	7.3 (2.2)	heating cable required for a service loop. Additional
18	9.4 (2.9)	cable may be required to compensate for total heat loss.
24	12.6 (3.8)	

\* Use TraceCalc Pro design software to calculate the exact quantity required for the valve.

### Example: Heating cable length for valves calculation

From Table 7 for a 6-inch diameter pipe,

Each valve requires:	5.0 ft
Cable needed for three valves:	3 x 5.0 ft
Total cable length needed for valves:	15.0 ft

<u>Appendixes</u>

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Heating Cable Length
1. Gather information

Calculate cable

Calculate cable

length for valves

Calculate cable length for supports

Calculate cable

length for connection kits

6. Add all lengths

Heating Cable Length
1. Gather information

 Calculate cable length for piping
 Calculate cable length for valves
 Calculate cable length for supports
 Calculate cable length for connection kits
 Add all lengths

length for piping

2.

3.

4.

5.

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Step 4. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the pipe supp	orts
---	------

#### Support Shoes

For each pipe support shoe, calculate the additional heating cable required as follows:

Determine the heat loss for one support.

- Formula: Qsupport =  $0.7L \times (T_M T_A)$ , where L = Support length (ft) (assumes a 0.25-inch steel welded shoe partially shielded from winds)
- Multiply that heat loss by the total number of supports.
- · Add 10 percent to the total heat loss for added safety.
- Obtain the heating cable power output per foot from Graph 5.
- Divide the total support heat loss by the heating cable power output per foot to get the number of feet of heating cable needed.

#### Example: Total length of cable for pipe supports calculation

Input	10XTV1-CT heating cable (from Cable Selection, Step 5)
Input	10 one-foot welded steel shoe supports (from Step 1)
Heat loss for one support	0.7 x 1 x (40-(-40)) = 56 W
Heat loss for all supports	10 x 56 W = 560 W
Add safety factor	560 W + 10% = 616 W
Heating cable power output	10.2 W/ft (from Step 3 of Cable Selection)
Heating cable required	616 W/10.2 W/ft = 60 ft of heating cable

#### Step 5. Calculate additional heating cable for connection kit installation

Estimate the number of power connections, tees, and splices for the system. Allow an additional three feet for each connection kit.

Example: Include additional cable	
Input	1 power connection, 3 end seals, 2 tees
	(from Step 1)
Total number of connection kits	6 (from Step 1)
Cable needed for 6 connection kits	6 x 3 ft of additional cable
Total cable length for 6 connection kits	18 ft of cable

He	ating Cable Length
1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate cable length for piping
3.	Calculate cable length for valves
4.	Calculate cable length for supports
5.	Calculate cable length for connection kits
6.	Add all lengths

#### Step 6. Add all lengths together

## **Example: Final addition**

Cable for piping	100 ft (from Step 1)
Cable for valves	15 ft (from Step 3)
Cable for supports	60 ft (from Step 4)
Cable for connection kits	18 ft (from Step 5)
Sum of all lengths	100 + 15 + 60 + 18 = 193 ft
Total length of heating cable	193 ft

Now that you have the total length of heating cable, you can determine the number of electrical circuits you will need.

#### **Electrical Design**

## A WARNING: Fire hazard

There is a danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed. To comply with nVent requirements, certifications, and national electrical codes, and to protect against the risk of fire, groundfault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit breakers.

# DETERMINING MAXIMUM LENGTH OF HEATING CABLE ON ONE CIRCUIT BREAKER

Using Table 8 and Table 9, match the heating cable catalog number at the expected minimum start-up temperature with the total heating cable length and select a circuit breaker trip rating. The circuit breaker trip rating should not exceed the maximum trip rating shown for heating cables of that product family. For example, the trip rating of a circuit breaker protecting several 10XTV circuits should not exceed 50 amps. To maximize fault current protection, use the lowest allowable circuit breaker.

Maximum circuit length per breaker depends on four factors:

- 1. Heating cable family and catalog number
- 2. Minimum start-up temperature
- 3. Service voltage
- 4. Circuit breaker trip rating

## TABLE 8 MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH (FEET) VS. CIRCUIT BREAKER TRIP RATING (AMPS)

nVent RAYCHEM	Start-up		120-vo	It cable				240-vo	It cable	240-volt cable						
Heating cable	temperat	ture	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A				
3BTV	50°F	(10°C)	330	330	330	330	+	660	660	660	660	+				
	0°F	(-18°C)	200	265	330	330	+	395	530	660	660	+				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	175	235	330	330	+	350	465	660	660	+				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	155	205	310	330	+	310	410	620	660	+				
5BTV	50°F	(10°C)	230	270	270	270	+	460	540	540	540	+				
5HBTV	0°F	(-18°C)	140	190	270	270	+	285	380	540	540	+				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	125	165	250	270	+	250	330	500	540	+				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	110	145	220	270	+	220	295	440	540	+				
8BTV	50°F	(10°C)	150	200	210	210	+	300	400	420	420	+				
8HBTV	0°F	(-18°C)	100	130	200	210	+	200	265	400	420	+				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	85	115	175	210	+	175	235	350	420	+				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	80	105	155	210	+	155	210	315	420	+				
10BTV	50°F	(10°C)	120	160	180	180	+	240	315	360	360	+				
10HBTV	0°F	(-18°C)	80	110	160	180	+	160	215	325	360	+				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	70	95	140	180	+	145	190	285	360	+				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	65	85	125	170	+	125	170	255	340	+				
10QTVR	50°F	(10°C)	100	130	195	195	+	200	265	390	390	+				
12HQTV	0°F	(-18°C)	80	105	160	195	+	160	210	320	390	+				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	70	95	145	195	+	145	195	295	390	+				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	65	90	135	180	+	135	180	275	365	+				
15QTVR	50°F	(10°C)	75	100	150	200	220	160	210	320	340	+				
	0°F	(-18°C)	60	80	120	160	200	125	170	255	340	+				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	55	70	110	145	185	115	155	235	315	+				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	50	65	100	135	170	110	145	220	290	+				
20QTVR	50°F	(10°C)	60	80	120	160	195	120	160	240	320	390				
20HQTV	0°F	(-18°C)	45	60	95	125	160	95	125	190	255	320				
-	-20°F	(-29°C)	40	55	85	115	145	85	115	175	235	295				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	40	55	80	110	135	80	110	165	220	275				
5XTV	50°F	(10°C)	180	240	360	385	385	360	480	720	765	765				
	0°F	(-18°C)	160	210	320	385	385	315	420	625	765	765				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	150	200	305	385	385	295	395	595	765	765				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	145	195	290	385	385	285	380	570	760	765				

eam

Technical ta Sheet:

Appendixes

RAYCHEM-DG-H56882-SelfRegulating-EN-2303

	Vent RAYCHEM Start-up 120-volt cable 240-volt cable											
Heating cable	tempera		15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A
10XTV	50°F	(10°C)	110	145	220	270	270	220	295	440	540	540
	0°F	(-18°C)	95	130	195	260	270	195	260	385	515	540
	-20°F	(-29°C)	95	125	190	250	270	185	245	370	495	540
	-40°F	(-40°C)	90	120	180	240	270	175	235	355	470	540
15XTV	50°F	(10°C)	75	100	150	200	220	150	200	300	400	445
	0°F	(-18°C)	65	90	135	180	220	130	175	265	355	440
	-20°F	(-29°C)	65	85	130	170	215	125	165	250	335	420
	-40°F	(-40°C)	60	80	125	165	205	120	160	240	320	405
20XTV	50°F	(10°C)	60	80	120	160	190	115	150	230	305	380
	0°F	(-18°C)	50	70	105	140	180	100	135	205	275	345
	-20°F	(−29°C)	50	65	100	135	170	100	130	200	265	330
	-40°F	(-40°C)	50	65	100	130	165	95	125	190	255	320
3HTV	50	10	241	322	482	485	485	482	643	964	978	978
	0	-18	213	284	426	485	485	415	554	831	978	978
	-20	-29	203	271	407	485	485	395	527	791	978	978
	-40	-40	195	260	390	485	485	378	504	756	978	978
5HTV	50	10	180	240	360	372	372	360	480	720	751	751
	0	-18	157	209	314	372	372	314	418	627	751	751
	-20	-29	151	201	302	372	372	299	398	598	751	751
	-40	-40	145	194	291	372	372	285	380	571	751	751
8HTV	50	10	131	174	261	289	289	261	348	523	581	581
	0	-18	113	151	227	289	289	229	305	457	581	581
	-20	-29	108	144	216	288	289	218	291	437	581	581
	-40	-40	103	138	207	276	289	209	278	418	557	581
10HTV	50	10	111	148	221	254	254	221	296	443	508	508
	0	-18	97	130	195	254	254	196	261	392	508	508
	-20	-29	93	124	185	247	254	187	249	374	498	508
	-40	-40	89	118	177	236	254	178	238	357	476	508
12HTV	50	10	96	128	192	226	226	192	256	384	462	462
	0	-18	85	114	171	226	226	167	223	335	446	462
	-20	-29	81	109	163	217	226	160	213	319	426	462
	-40	-40	78	104	156	207	226	153	204	305	407	462
15HTV	50	10	75	101	151	198	198	151	202	302	400	400
	0	-18	67	89	133	177	198	132	176	264	352	400
	-20	-29	63	84	127	169	198	126	168	252	336	397
	-40	-40	60	80	121	161	190	120	160	240	320	381
20HTV	50	10	60	80	120	160	169	115	154	230	307	330
	0	-18	53	71	106	141	155	101	135	203	271	294
	-20	-29	51	68	101	135	149	97	129	194	259	283
	-40	-40	49	65	97	130	144	93	124	186	248	273

+ Not permitted

For a fully optimized design, use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact your nVent representative.

**Note:** nVent and the U.S. National Electrical Code require both ground-fault protection of equipment and agrounded metallic covering (usually braid) on all heating cables. All nVent RAYCHEM products meet the metallic covering requirement.

## TABLE 9 TABLE 9 MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH (FEET) VS. CIRCUIT BREAKER TRIP RATING (AMPS)

TABLE 9   TABLE 9     208- and 277-volt							Γ BREAK	(ER TRII	P RATIN	G (AMP	'S)		Sell-Regulating Heating Cables
			1	olt cable		ipe		277-vc	olt cable				
nVent RAYCHEM Heating cable	Start-up	ure	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	Cables
3BTV	50°F	(10°C)	635	635	635	635	+	710	710	710	710	+	ables
	0°F	(-18°C)	380	510	635	635	+	425	570	710	710	+	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
	-20°F	(-29°C)	335	445	635	635	+	360	500	710	710	+	
	-40°F	(-40°C)	300	395	595	635	+	335	440	670	710	+	Heating Cables
5BTV	50°F	(10°C)	430	505	505	505	+	500	590	590	590	+	iting
5HBTV	0°F	(-18°C)	270	355	505	505	+	310	415	590	590	+	Cab
	-20°F	(-29°C)	235	310	470	505	+	270	360	545	590	+	les
	-40°F	(-40°C)	210	275	415	505	+	240	320	480	590	+	
8BTV	50°F	(10°C)	275	370	385	385	+	330	445	465	465	+	
8HBTV	0°F	(-18°C)	185	245	370	385	+	220	295	445	465	+	Heating
	-20°F	(-29°C)	160	215	320	385	+	195	260	390	465	+	ng
	-40°F	(-40°C)	145	190	290	385	+	170	230	350	465	+	
10BTV	50°F	(10°C)	220	290	330	330	+	265	350	400	400	+	
10HBTV	0°F	(-18°C)	145	200	300	330	+	180	240	360	400	+	Bundles
	-20°F	(-29°C)	130	175	260	330	+	160	210	315	400	+	ndle
	-40°F	(-40°C)	115	155	235	310	+	140	190	280	375	+	s ng
10QTVR	50°F	(10°C)	190	250	365	365	+	210	280	415	415	+	
12HQTV	0°F	(-18°C)	150	195	300	365	+	170	225	340	415	+	
	-20°F	(-29°C)	135	180	275	365	+	155	205	315	415	+	Heating
	-40°F	(-40°C)	125	170	260	345	+	140	190	290	385	+	ting
15QTVR	50°F	(10°C)	145	190	290	310	+	175	230	350	375	+	
1301 11	0°F	(-18°C)	115	155	230	310	+	140	185	280	375	+	
	-20°F	(-29°C)	105	140	215	285	+	125	170	260	345	+	and De-Icing
	-40°F	(-40°C)	100	130	200	265	+	120	160	240	320	+	d De-
20QTVR	50°F	(10°C)	-	145	2200	203	355	135	180	240	355	430	lcing
	0°F	(-18°C)	110 85		175	_		105			_		<u> </u>
20HQTV	-20°F			115		230	290	95	140	210	280	355	
	-20 F	(-29°C)	80 75	105 100	160 150	215 200	270	90	130	195	260 245	325 305	Mor
EVTV		(-40°C)			_		250		120	180	-		Monitoring
5XTV	50°F 0°F	(10°C)	355	475 415	715	755	755	390 340	520	780	825	825 825	ng
	-20°F	(-18°C)	310 290	390	620 590	755 755	755 755	340	455 425	675 645	825 825	825	
	-20°F	(-29°C) (-40°C)	290	375	565	750	755	310	423	615	820	825	
10XTV	50°F	(10°C)	-	290	435	_				465	_		Panels
IUXIV	0°F	(-18°C)	215			535 510	535	235 205	315		570 545	570 570	nels
	-20°F		190	255	380		535		275	410			G
		(-29°C)	180	240	365	490	535	195	260	390	525	570	
	-40°F	(-40°C)	170	230	350	465	535	185	250	375	500	570	5
15XTV	50°F	(10°C)	145	195	295	390	435	160	210	320	425	470	Insulation
	0°F	(-18°C)	125	170	260	345	430	140	185	280	375	465	tion
	-20°F	(-29°C)	120	160	245	325	410	135	175	265	355	445	
	-40°F	(-40°C)	120	155	235	315	400	125	170	255	340	430	
20XTV	50°F	(10°C)	115	150	230	305	380	125	160	250	330	410	<u>ד</u> ע
	0°F	(-18°C)	100	135	205	275	345	110	145	220	300	375	steam Tracing
	-20°F	(-29°C)	100	130	200	265	330	110	140	215	285	355	
	-40°F	(-40°C)	95	125	190	255	320	105	135	205	275	345	

Technical Data Sheets

nVent RAYCHEM	Start-u	n	208-vo	olt cable				277-vo	olt cable			
Heating cable	tempera		15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A
3HTV	50	10	453	604	906	919	919	530	707	1060	1076	1076
	0	-18	390	521	781	919	919	457	609	914	1076	1076
	-20	-29	371	495	744	919	919	435	580	870	1076	1076
	-40	-40	355	474	711	919	919	416	554	832	1076	1076
5HTV	50	10	335	446	670	698	698	400	533	799	834	834
	0	-18	292	389	583	698	698	349	464	696	834	834
	-20	-29	278	370	556	698	698	332	442	664	834	834
	-40	-40	265	353	531	698	698	316	422	634	834	834
8HTV	50	10	243	324	486	540	540	292	390	586	651	651
	0	-18	213	284	425	540	540	256	342	512	651	651
	-20	-29	203	271	406	540	540	244	326	489	651	651
	-40	-40	194	259	389	518	540	234	311	468	624	651
10HTV	50	10	206	275	412	472	472	243	326	487	559	559
	0	-18	182	243	365	472	472	216	287	431	559	559
	-20	-29	174	232	348	463	472	206	274	411	548	559
	-40	-40	166	221	332	443	472	196	262	393	524	559
12HTV	50	10	179	238	357	430	430	213	284	426	513	513
	0	-18	155	207	312	415	430	185	248	372	495	513
	-20	-29	149	198	297	396	430	178	236	354	473	513
	-40	-40	142	190	284	379	430	170	226	339	452	513
15HTV	50	10	139	186	278	368	368	165	220	329	436	436
	0	-18	121	162	243	324	368	144	192	288	384	436
	-20	-29	116	155	232	309	365	137	183	275	366	433
	-40	-40	110	147	221	294	351	131	174	262	349	415
20HTV	50	10	106	142	212	282	304	127	169	253	338	363
	0	-18	93	124	187	249	270	111	149	223	298	323
	-20	-29	89	119	178	238	260	107	142	213	285	311
	-40	-40	86	114	171	228	251	102	136	205	273	300

† Not permitted

▲ Note: nVent and the U.S. National Electrical Code require both ground-fault protection of equipment and agrounded metallic covering (usually braid) on all heating cables. All nVent RAYCHEM products meet the metallic covering requirement.

#### Example: Determine maximum length of heating cable on one circuit breaker

Input	10XTV1 heating cable (from Cable Selection, Step 3)
Input	120 volts (from Cable Selection Step 1)
Input	0°F start-up temperature (from Cable Selection, Step 1)
Input	Maximum circuit length = 195 feet on a 30-amp breaker (from Table 8)
	length of cable exceeds 195 feet, you must use a 40-amp circuit breaker, ws up to 260 feet.

## DETERMINE MINIMUM NUMBER OF CIRCUITS

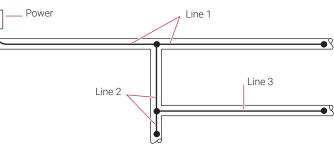
#### Example: Minimum number of circuits calculation

Input	195 ft allowed per 30-amp circuit (from Table 8)
-------	--

Input Total circuit length = 193 ft (from Bill of Materials, Step 6)

#### Number of circuits 1 circuit

If the total length of heating cable required exceeded 195 ft, you would need to split the total length into two separate circuits or use a larger circuit breaker size.



Line 1 + Line 2 + Line 3  $\leq$  Maximum circuit length

## Fig. 6 Maximum heating cable circuit length

## Ground-fault protection

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

## MARNING: Fire hazard

To prevent fire or shock, nVent RAYCHEM brand specified connection kits must be used. Do not substitute parts or use vinyl electrical tape.

#### **OVERVIEW**

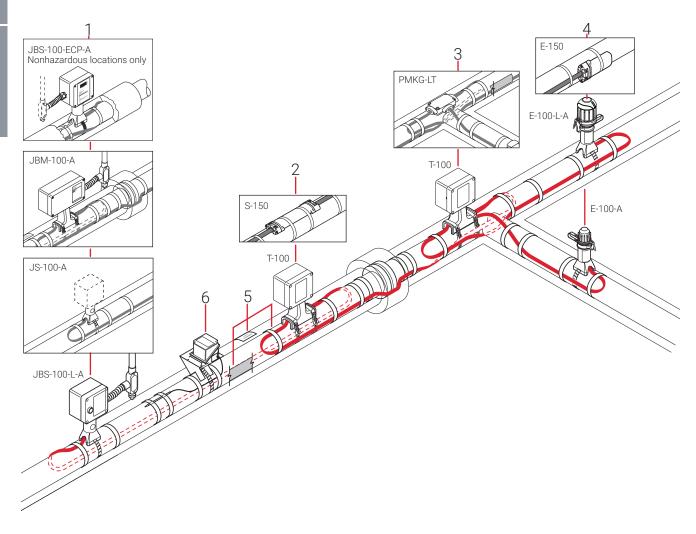
nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end seals on self-regulating cable systems. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

Different power connection, end seal, splice, and tee kits are required depending on the area classification. The data sheets for these connection kits are included in the Technical Data section.

Data sheets can be found on nVent.com/RAYCHEM or the Technical data sheet section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Products & Services Catalog (H56550).

#### NONHAZARDOUS AND HAZARDOUS LOCATION CONNECTION KITS

Fig. 9 shows the connection kits and accessories available for self-regulating heating systems.



#### Fig. 7 nVent RAYCHEM Self-regulating heating system connection kits and accessories

**Note:** PMKG-LE, PMKG-LT, PMKG-LS are only approved for use with BTV and QTVR heating cables. S-150, E-150 are only approved with BTV, QTVR, XTV heating cables.

ical Data s Content

Self-Reg Heating

Steam Tracing

TABLE 10 NONHAZARDOUS AND HAZARDOUS NVENT RAYCHEM HEATING CABLE FAMILY CONNECTION KITS	5
AND ACCESSORY SELECTION	

Description		
Connection Kits	Catalog number	Quantity
		1 per circuit
1. Power connection	JBS-100-A	
Single heating cable	JBS-100-L-A	
Single heating cable with light Single heating cable with digital electronic controller	JBS-100-ECP-A (nonhazardous locations only)	
Single heating cable (user-supplied junction box)	JS-100-A	
Multiple heating cables (1, 2, or 3)	JBM-100-A	
Multiple heating cable with light	JBM-100-L-A	
2. Splice connection		1 per splice
Above insulation	T-100	
Below insulation	S-150	
3. Tee connection		1 per tee
Above insulation	T-100	
Below insulation	PMKG-LT (BTV and QTVR only)	
4. End seal		1 per power connection plus 1 per tee
Above insulation	E-100-A	
Above insulation with light	E-100-L-A	
Below insulation	E-150	
Accessories		
5. Attachment tape, labels, and pipe straps		
Controls (optional)		
6. Thermostat – Control and Monitoring design guide (H	56889)	

## CID1 GROUPS B, C, D HAZARDOUS LOCATION CONNECTION KITS

All power connections, splices, tees, and end seals in a Division 1 location must use the nVent RAYCHEM HAK-C-100 connection kit and an HAK-JB3-100 or a Division 1 Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL) approved junction box.

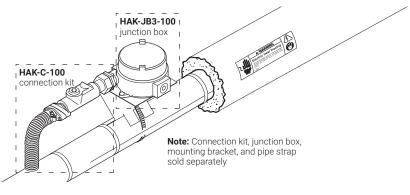


Fig. 8 CID1 hazardous location connection kits

## TABLE 11 CID1 CONNECTION KIT SELECTION

	Number of Number of holes		Junction box	Additional materials required	
Connection type	HAK-C-100 kits required	required on the junction box	catalog number	Mounting brackets*	Pipe straps
Power	1	2	HAK-JB3-100	1	1
Splice	2	2	HAK-JB3-100	1	1
Тее	3	3	HAK-JB3-100	1	1
End seal	1	1	HAK-JB3-100	1	1

\* Catalog number UMB

The nVent RAYCHEM HAK-C-100 kit is FM approved and CSA certified to be used for all power connections, splices, tees, and end seals in Division 1 locations.

#### SYSTEM CONNECTION KITS

**nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-A** Power connection for one heating cable in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. Requires one pipe strap to be ordered separately.

With LED indicator light, order JBS-100-L-A

**nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-ECP-A** Power connection and digital electronic controller. Requires one pipe strap to be ordered separately. nonhazardous locations only.

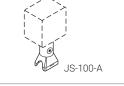
JBS-100-ECP-A

JBM-100-A

C75-100-A

T-100

JBS-100-A



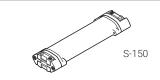
**nVent RAYCHEM JS-100-A** Junction box stand for one heating cable in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. A separate customer-supplied NEMA 4X junction box is required. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. Requires one pipe strap to be ordered separately.

**nVent RAYCHEM JBM-100-A** Multiple-entry power connection for up to three heating cables. Can also be used as a splice or tee connection. For use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. Requires two pipe straps to be ordered separately.

With LED indicator light, order JBM-100-L-A.

**nVent RAYCHEM C75-100-A** A NEMA 4X-rated gland kit (34" NPT) used to transition heating cables into a junction box in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. A terminal block (3 x 12 AWG) is included. This kit does not include the junction box or the conduit.

**nVent RAYCHEM T-100** Tee or splice connection for up to three heating cables in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. Requires two pipe straps to be ordered separately.



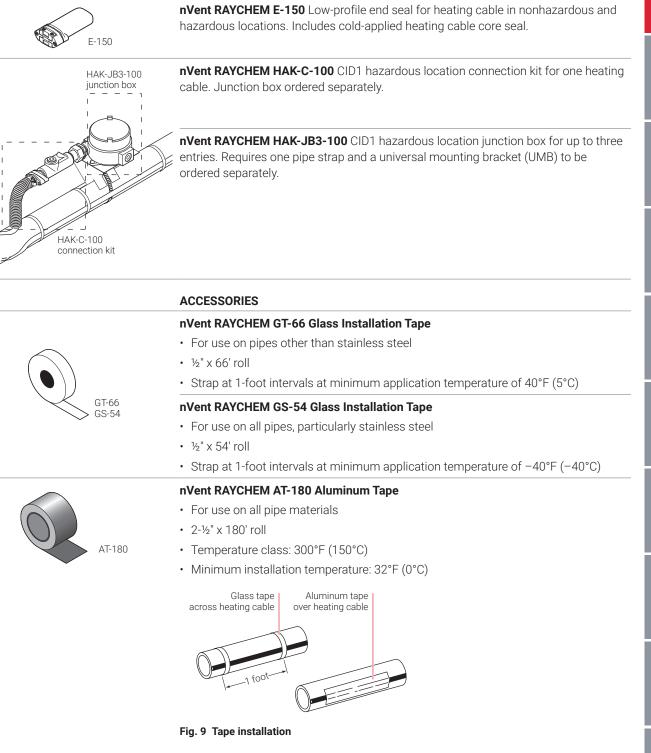
**nVent RAYCHEM S-150** Splice kit for heating cables in nonhazardous and hazardous



**nVent RAYCHEM E-100-A** End seal for heating cable in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. Reenterable. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. Requires one pipe strap to be ordered separately.

With LED indicator light, order E-100-L-A

locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal.



#### **TABLE 12 ATTACHMENT TAPE REQUIREMENTS**

	Rolls needed per 100 ft of cable						
	Pipe diam	eter (IPS) in	inches				
Tape type	1/2	1	2	3	4	6	8
GT-66	0.6	1.2	4	4	6	8	10
GS-54	0.6	1.2	4	6	6	10	12
AT-180	Use one fo	ot of tape pe	er foot of hea	ating cable			





## ETL (Electric Traced Label)

Attach the label to the outside of the thermal insulation weather barrier to indicate presence of electrical heat tracing. Use one label for every 10 feet (3 m) of pipe, alternating on either side of the pipe.

#### **Pipe Straps**

Stainless steel pipe straps to attach connection kit to the heat-traced pipe. Use Table 13 below to assist with pipe strap selection.

## TABLE 13 PIPE STRAP SELECTION

Catalog number	Pipe size
PS-01	For conduit ≤ 1"
PS-03	For connection kits on pipes with dimensions < 2"
PS-10	For connection kits on pipes with dimensions 2" – 10"
PS-20	For connection kits on pipes with dimensions 10" – 19.5"

## Small Pipe Adapters

**JBS-SPA** Adapter for mounting nVent RAYCHEM E-100, JBS-100, and JS-100-A to small pipe. ( $\leq$  1" diameter)

**JBM-SPA** Adapter for mounting JBM-100 and T-100 to small pipe. (≤ 1" diameter)

## Ji Fr

BS-SPA

JBM-SPA

## Junction Box Stand Off

For insulation thickness 4½" to 7" (120 - 180 mm) JBM-100-STANDOFF JBS-100-STANDOFF

## **Conduit Drain**

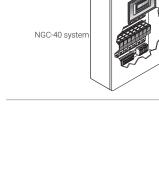
JB-DRAIN-PLUG-3/4IN Conduit drain for JBS-100, JBM-100, and JS-100-A.

JB-DRAIN-PLUG-3/4IN

## Controls

For a complete selection of control and monitoring products, including thermostats, see Control and Monitoring design guide (H56889)





Design Guides Content

hnical Data ets Content

Longline Heating

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RAYCHEM

This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for nVent RAYCHEM power limiting heat tracing systems. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

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THERMAL DESIGN	39
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BILL OF MATERIALS Determining the Total Length of Heating Cable Electrical Design Connection Kit Selection and Accessories	

#### INTRODUCTION

Power-Limiting

Cables

nVent RAYCHEM power-limiting heating cables are the ideal technology for applications requiring high power output at elevated temperatures. nVent RAYCHEM

VPL heating cables can be used for high maintain temperatures ranging up to 455°F (235°C), depending on cable selection, and can withstand routine steam purges and temperature excursions to 500°F (260°C) with power off.

VPL also can provide a cost-effective alternative to self-regulating heating cables when more than a single run of cable is required (trace ratio > 1).

nVent RAYCHEM power-limiting cables have been certified for use in hazardous and nonhazardous locations.

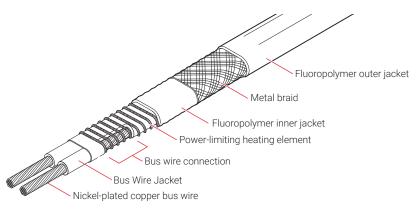
#### **Power-Limiting Technology**

nVent RAYCHEM power-limiting cables are parallel heating cables formed by a coiled resistor alloy heating element wrapped around two parallel bus wires. At a fixed distance, the insulation is removed from one of the bus wires. The process is repeated, removing the insulation from the other bus wire. This distance between contact points forms the heating zone length.

Heat-Trace Panels

Steam Tracin

Technical Data Sheets



#### Fig. 1 Heating cable construction

The Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC) of the heating element reduces power output as ambient temperature increases. This effect allows the power-limiting cable to be crossed over itself since the temperature of the heating element is reduced at the cross over points.

#### SYSTEM OVERVIEW

#### **Typical Power-Limiting System**

A typical power-limiting heating cable system is shown in Figure 2. The heating cable is cut to length at the job site and attached to the pipe with glass tape. A power connection kit connects the heating cable bus wires to power in a junction box. Tees and splices accommodate pipe branches to connect two or three heating cables together. An end seal kit is used to terminate the end of the heating cable. These required connection kits are designed and approved to provide a safe and reliable heat-tracing system. For applications requiring tight temperature control, electrical system monitoring, or remote operation, consider a control and monitoring system.

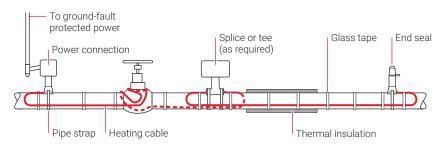


Fig. 2 Typical power-limiting heating cable system

#### **Approvals and Certifications**

nVent RAYCHEM power-limiting systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations by many agencies. Please refer to the technical datasheet for more details.

The thermal design of a power-limiting heat-tracing system follows the same steps as for a self-regulating system. Refer to Self-Regulating Cables design guide (H56882): Thermal Design section, to determine the pipe heat loss for your application.

The example below can be used to follow the steps for a manual design with VPL power-limiting heating cables.

For an optimized design, use our TraceCalc Pro design software or contact your nVent representative.

## **HEATING CABLE SELECTION**

## If your application requires a high maintain temperature up to 455°F (235°C),

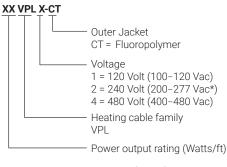
the heating cable selection process involves three basic steps:

- 1. Gather the following information:
  - Pipe size and material
  - · Insulation type and thickness
  - Maintain temperature (T<sub>M</sub>)
  - Minimum ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>)
  - Minimum start-up temperature
  - Service voltage
  - · Chemical environment
  - Maximum intermittent exposure temperature\*
  - Electrical area classification\*\*
- 2. Select the heating cable service voltage.
- 3. Determine the heating cable power output rating.
- \* Determines whether a higher exposure temperature heating cable is needed.
- \*\* Determines whether special design requirements and connection kits must be used.

For higher maintain temperatures or where more power is required, refer to the Mineral Insulated Cables design guide (H56884) for product selection, or contact your nVent representative.

If your application is in a hazardous location, you must determine the maximum sheath temperature. Power-limiting heating cables do not have an unconditional T-rating as do self-regulating cables. The maximum sheath temperature of the cable must be calculated to ensure that it is compatible with the hazardous location requirements. Use nVent RAYCHEM TraceCalc Pro design software or contact your nVent representative.

Before beginning, take a moment to understand the structure underlying heating cable catalog numbers. You will refer to this numbering convention throughout the product selection process. Your goal is to determine the catalog number for the product that best suits your needs.



\* 20VPL2 limited to 240 Vac

#### Fig. 3 Heating cable catalog number

#### Step 1. Gather the necessary information

To select the heating cable, gather and record the following information:

Pipe size and material	
Insulation type and thickness	
• Maintain temperature $(T_M)$	
• Minimum ambient temperature $(T_A)$	
Minimum start-up temperature	
Service voltage	
Chemical environment	
Maximum intermittent exposure temperature*	
Electrical area classification**	

#### **Example: Gather necessary information**

Pipe size and material	2 inch, carbon steel
Insulation type and thickness	Fiberglass, 3 inch
Maintain temperature (Tm)	280°F
Minimum ambient temperature (Ta)	-40°F
Minimum start-up temperature	0°F
Service voltage	120 Vac
Chemical environment	Chlorides
Maximum intermittent exposure temperature*	450°F
Electrical area classification**	Nonhazardous

- \* Determines whether a higher exposure temperature heating cable is needed.
- \*\* Determines whether special design requirements and connection kits must be used.

ppendixes Technical Data Content Sheets Content

Hea	Heating Cable Selection		
1.	Gather information		
2.	Select service voltage		
3.	Determine power output rating		

Design Guides Content

#### Step 2. Select the heating cable service voltage

Service voltage options: 1 = 120 volts (100-120 Vac)

2 = 240 volts (200-277 Vac\*)

4 = 480 volts (400-480 Vac)

#### **Example: Service voltage selection**

Input 120 volts (from Step 1)

#### Catalog number xVPL1-CT

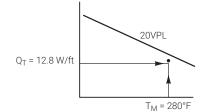
\* 20VPL2 limited to 240 Vac

#### Step 3. Determine the heating cable power output rating

Use Graph 1 on page 6, locate the heating cable with thermal output greater than the heat loss ( $Q_T$ ) at the pipe maintain temperature ( $T_M$ ).

If the pipe heat loss,  $Q_T$  is in between the two heating cable power output curves, select the higher-rated heating cable. If  $Q_T$  is greater than the power output of the highest-rated heating cable, you can:

- · Use two or more heating cables run in parallel.
- Spiral the heating cable.
- · Use thicker insulation to reduce heat loss.
- Use insulation material with a lower k factor.



#### Fig. 4 Heating cable thermal output

Following the thermal design steps described in the Self-Regulating Cables design guide (H56882):

 $Q_T = 11.8 \text{ W/ft} + [2/5 \times (14.3 - 11.8)]$ 

#### Q<sub>T</sub>= 12.8 W/ft

#### Spiraling

If spiraling is elected, use the formula below to determine the spiral factor (length of heating cable per foot of pipe):

Spiral factor =  $Q_T$  / Heater power output at  $T_M$ 

When the spiral factor exceeds 1.6 or the pipe size is less than three inches, consider using two or more heating cables run in parallel rather than spiraling.

#### **Example: Power output selection**

Catalog number 20VPL1-CT			
Input	20VPL output of 15.3 W/ft exceeds 12.8 W/ft at 280°F (Graph 1 pg. 6)		
Input	Heat loss is 12.8 W/ft (from Table 1, Self-Regulating Cables)		
Input	Power output rating = 20 (determined earlier in this step)		
Input	VPL heating cable (determined earlier in this step)		

 Gather information
 Select service voltage
 Determine power

Heating Cable Selection

output rating

Heating Cable Selection

1. Gather information

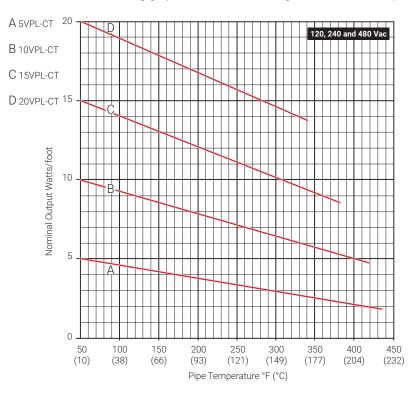
3. Determine power output rating

2. Select service voltage

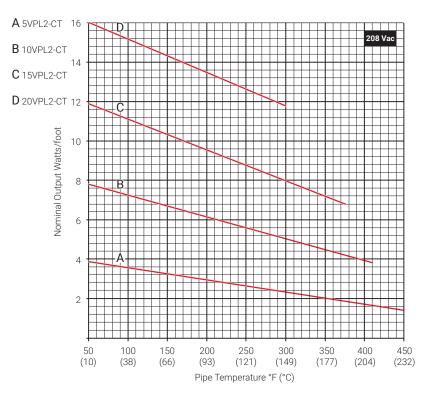
Power-Limiting Cables

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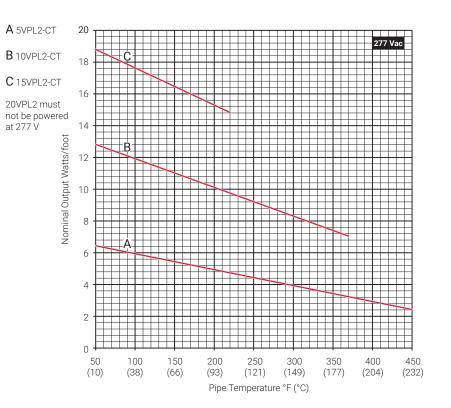
Select one of the following graphs based on the voltage determined in Step 1.



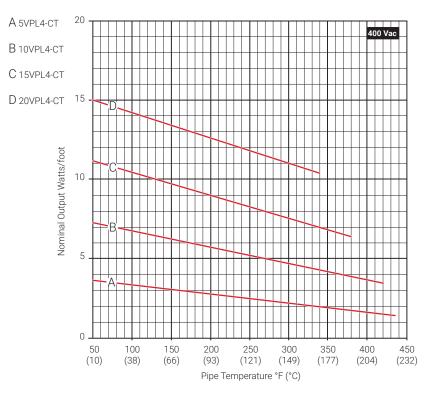
Graph 1 VPL nominal power output at 120 V, 240 V and 480 V



Graph 2 VPL nominal power output at 208 V



Graph 3 VPL nominal power output at 277 V



Graph 4 VPL nominal power output at 400 V

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

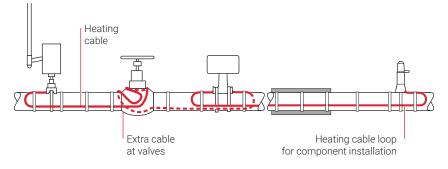
Tank Insulatior Now that you have selected the correct heating cable for your application, this section helps you to determine:

- Total length of heating cable required.
- Electrical design, including circuit breaker sizing and selection.
- Quantity and type of connection kits and accessories.

#### **Determining the Total Length of Heating Cable**

To determine the total length of heating cable, follow the six steps outlined below.

- 1. Gather the necessary information:
  - Pipe length and diameter
  - Type and number of valves
  - Type and number of pipe supports
  - Start-up temperature
  - Number of circuits and tees in the piping
- 2. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the piping.
- 3. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the valves.
- 4. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the pipe supports.
- 5. Include additional heating cable for connection kit installation.
- 6. Add all the lengths together.





Step 1.	Gather the	necessary	information
---------	------------	-----------	-------------

•	Pipe	size	and	diameter	ſ
---	------	------	-----	----------	---

- Type and number of valves
- Type and number of pipe supports
- Start-up temperature
- Number of circuits and tees in piping

#### **Example: Gather necessary information**

Pipe size and diameter	120 feet of 2 inch pipe
Type and number of valves	Three 2 inch gate valves
Type and number of pipe supports	Support shoes, thermally insulated: 10
Start-up temperature	0°F
Number of circuits and tees in piping	Power connections: 1
	End seals: 3

Pipe tees: 2

## Heating Cable Length

9

1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate cable
	length for piping

- Calculate cable length for valves
- 4. Calculate cable length for pipe supports
- 5. Include cable for connection kits
- 6. Add all heating cable lengths

Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

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Heating Cable Length	
1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate cable length for piping

Heating Cable Length		
1.	Gather information	
2.	Calculate cable length for piping	
3.	Calculate cable length for valves	
4.	Calculate cable length for pipe supports	
5.	Include cable for connection kits	
6.	Add all heating cable lengths	

#### Step 2. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the piping

#### Example: Total length of cable for piping calculation

120 ft of pipe (from Step 1) = 120 ft of cable for single tracing

#### Step 3. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the valves

Use Table 1 to determine the amount of heating cable required for each valve. Multiply by the number of valves to get the total additional footage of heating cable.

## **TABLE 1 RECOMMENDED VALVE ALLOWANCES**

Pipe diameter (IPS) (inches)	Heating cable feet (meters)	Comments*
1⁄4	0.3 (0.09)	These recommendations are limited by the
1/2	0.8 (0.2)	amount of heating cable that can physically be
3⁄4	1.3 (0.4)	installed on small valves. Heat loss may not be fully
1	2.0 (0.6)	compensated under extreme conditions.
11⁄4	3.3 (1)	
1½	4.3 (1.3)	
2	4.3 (1.3)	
3	4.3 (1.3)	
4	4.3 (1.3)	
6	5.0 (1.5)	
8	5.0 (1.5)	
10	5.6 (1.7)	These numbers represent the minimum amount of
14	7.3 (2.2)	heating cable required for a service loop. Additional
18	9.4 (2.9)	cable may be required to compensate for total healoss.
24	12.6 (3.8)	

\* Use TraceCalc Pro design software to calculate the exact quantity required for the valve.

#### Example: Total length of cable for valves calculation

From Table 1 for a 2-inch diameter pipe,		
Each valve requires:	4.3 ft	
Cable needed for three valves:	3 x 4.3 ft	
Total cable length needed for valves:	12.9 ft	

#### Step 4. Calculate the total length of heating cable for the pipe supports

#### Support Shoes

For each pipe support shoe, calculate the additional heating cable required as follows:

Determine the heat loss for one support.

- Formula: Qsupport = 0.7L x (Tm Ta), where L = Support length (ft)
- (assumes a 0.25-inch steel welded shoe partially shielded from winds)
- · Multiply that heat loss by the total number of supports.
- Add 10 percent to the total heat loss for added safety.
- Obtain the heating cable power output per foot from Graph 1.
- · Divide the total support heat loss by the heating cable power output per foot to get the number of feet of heating cable needed.

## Example: Total length of cable for pipe supports calculation

20VPL1-CT heating cable (from Product Selection, Step 3) Input

Input 10 thermally-insulated shoe supports (from Bill of Materials, Step 1)

As the pipe supports are thermally insulated, no additional heating cable is required for this example.

ating Cable Length
Gather information
Calculate cable length for piping
Calculate cable length for valves
Calculate cable length for pipe supports
Include cable for connection kits
Add all heating cable lengths

-

Heating Cable Length		
1.	Gather information	
2.	Calculate cable length for piping	
3.	Calculate cable	

	length for valves
4.	Calculate cable length for pipe supports
5.	Include cable for

	connection kits
6.	Add all heating cable lengths

## Heating Cable Length

1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate cable length for piping
3.	Calculate cable length for valves
4.	Calculate cable length for pipe supports
5.	Include cable for connection kits
б.	Add all heating cable lengths

#### Step 5. Include additional heating cable for connection kit installation

Estimate the number of power connections, tees, and splices for the system. Allow an additional three feet for each connection kit.

#### Example: Include additional cable

Input	1 power connection, 3 end seals, 2 tees (from Step 1)
Total number of connection kits	6 (from Step 1)
Cable needed for 6 connection kits	6 x 3 ft of additional cable
Total cable length for 6 connection kits	18 ft of cable

## Step 6. Add all the lengths

# Example: Final addition

Cable for piping	120 ft (from Step 1)
Cable for valves	12.9 ft (from Step 3)
Cable for supports	0 ft (from Step 4)
Cable for connection kits	18 ft (from Step 5)
Sum of all lengths	120 + 12.9 + 18 = 150.9 ft
Total length of heating cable	151 ft (rounded)

Now that you have the total length of heating cable you can determine the number of electrical circuits you will need.

#### **Electrical Design**

#### WARNING: Fire hazard

There is a danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed. To comply with nVent requirements, certifications, and national electrical codes, and to protect against the risk of fire, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit breakers.

#### Determining maximum length of heating cable on one circuit breaker

Using Table 2, 3, and 4 match the heating cable catalog number at the expected minimum start-up temperature with the total heating cable length and select a circuit breaker trip rating. The circuit breaker trip rating should not exceed the maximum trip rating shown for heating cables. For example, the trip rating of a circuit breaker protecting several circuits should not exceed 50 amps. To maximize fault current protection, use the lowest allowable circuit breaker sizing.

Maximum circuit length per breaker depends on four factors:

- 1. Heating cable and catalog number
- 2. Minimum start-up temperature
- 3. Service voltage
- 4. Circuit breaker trip rating

### TABLE 2 MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH (FEET) VS. CIRCUIT BREAKER **TRIP RATING (AMPS)**

120- and 240-volt heating cables applied to metal pipe with glass tape											
Heating	Start-up	120-volt cable			240-volt cable						
cable	temperature	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A
5VPL-CT	50°F(10°C)	260	350	370	370	370	525	685	740	740	740
	0°F (-18°C)	240	325	370	370	370	485	645	740	740	740
	-20°F(-29°C)	235	315	370	370	370	470	625	740	740	740
	-40°F (-40°C)	225	305	370	370	370	455	610	740	740	740
10VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	130	175	260	260	260	260	350	525	525	525
	0°F (-18°C)	120	165	245	260	260	245	325	490	525	525
	-20°F (-29°C)	120	160	240	260	260	235	315	475	525	525
	-40°F (-40°C)	115	155	230	260	260	230	310	465	525	525
15VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	85	115	175	215	215	175	230	350	430	430
	0°F (-18°C)	80	110	165	215	215	165	220	325	430	430
	-20°F (-29°C)	80	105	160	215	215	160	215	320	425	430
	-40°F (-40°C)	75	100	155	210	215	155	210	310	415	430
20VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	65	85	130	175	185	130	175	260	350	370
	0°F (-18°C)	60	85	125	165	185	125	165	250	330	370
	-20°F (-29°C)	60	80	120	160	185	120	160	245	325	370
	-40°F (-40°C)	60	80	120	160	185	115	155	240	320	370

<u>Appendixes</u>

#### TABLE 3 MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH (FEET) VS. CIRCUIT BREAKER **TRIP RATING (AMPS)**

208- and 277-volt heating cables applied to metal pipe with glass tape											
Heating	Start-up	208-volt cable				277-volt cable					
cable	temperature	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A
5VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	589	700	700	700	700	465	620	720	720	720
	0°F (-18°C)	545	700	700	700	700	430	574	720	720	720
	-20°F (-29°C)	530	700	700	700	700	418	557	720	720	720
	-40°F (-40°C)	515	686	700	700	700	406	541	720	720	720
10VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	291	388	490	490	490	236	315	472	515	515
	0°F (-18°C)	272	362	490	490	490	221	294	441	515	515
	-20°F (-29°C)	265	353	490	490	490	215	286	430	515	515
	-40°F (-40°C)	258	344	490	490	490	209	279	419	515	515
15VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	191	255	383	400	400	160	213	320	420	420
	0°F (-18°C)	180	240	360	400	400	150	200	300	401	420
	-20°F (-29°C)	176	234	351	400	400	147	196	293	391	420
	-40°F (-40°C)	172	229	343	400	400	143	191	287	382	420
20VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	142	189	284	340	340	+	+	+	+	+
	0°F (-18°C)	135	180	269	340	340	+	+	+	+	+
	-20°F (-29°C)	132	176	264	340	340	†	+	+	+	+
	-40°F (-40°C)	129	173	249	340	340	+	+	+	+	+

+ Not permitted (20 VPL must not be powered at 277 V)

#### TABLE 4 MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH (FEET) VS. CIRCUIT BREAKER **TRIP RATING (AMPS)**

		480-volt cable							
Heating cable	Start-up temperature	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A			
5VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	1050	1370	1480	1480	1480			
	0°F (-18°C)	970	1290	1480	1480	1480			
	-20°F (-29°C)	940	1250	1480	1480	1480			
	-40°F (-40°C)	910	1220	1480	1480	1480			
10VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	520	700	1050	1050	1050			
	0°F (-18°C)	490	650	980	1050	1050			
	−20°F (−29°C)	470	630	950	1050	1050			
	-40°F (-40°C)	460	620	930	1050	1050			
15VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	350	460	700	860	860			
	0°F (-18°C)	330	440	650	860	860			
	−20°F (−29°C)	320	430	640	850	860			
	-40°F (-40°C)	310	420	620	830	860			
20VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	260	350	520	700	740			
	0°F (-18°C)	250	330	500	660	740			
	−20°F (−29°C)	240	320	490	650	740			
	-40°F (-40°C)	230	310	480	640	740			

## Example: Determining maximum length of heating cable on one circuit breaker

20VPL1-CT heating cable (from Product Selection, Step 3) Input

- 120 volts (from Product Selection, Step 1) Input
- Input 0°F start-up temperature (from Product Selection, Step 1)
- Maximum circuit length = 165 feet on a 40-amp breaker (from Table 2) Input

If the total length of cable exceeds 165 feet, you must use a 50-amp circuit breaker, which allows up to 185 feet.

#### Determine minimum number of circuits

The number of circuits you need depends on the total length of heating cable you will be using and the maximum circuit length for the heating cable you selected.

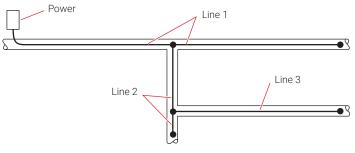
#### Example: Calculating the minimum number of circuits

165 ft allowed per 40-amp circuit (from Table 2) Input

Total circuit length = 151 ft (from Bill of Materials, Step 6) Input

#### Number of circuits 1 circuit

If the total length of heating cable required exceeded 165 feet, you would need to split the total length into two separate circuits (or use a larger circuit-breaker size).



Line 1 + Line 2 + Line 3  $\leq$  Maximum circuit length

#### Fig. 6 Maximum heating cable circuit length

#### **Connection Kit Selection and Accessories**

**WARNING:** Fire hazard

To prevent fire or shock, nVent RAYCHEM brand specified connection kits must be used. Do not substitute parts or use vinyl electrical tape.

#### **Overview**

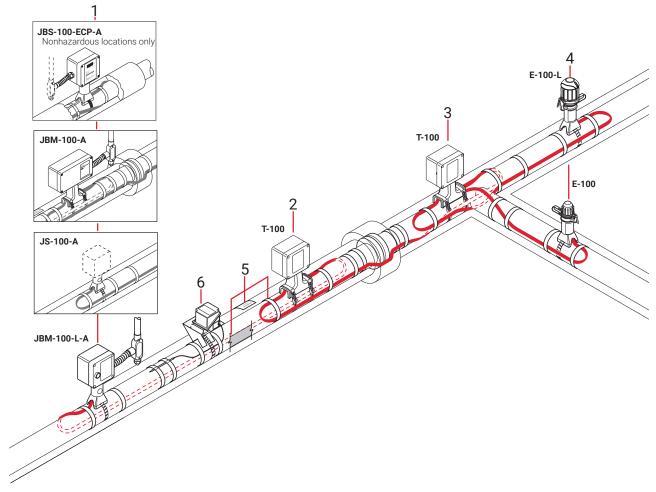
nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end seals. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

Different power connection, end seal, splice, and tee kits are required depending on the area classification. The data sheets for these connection kits can be found on

nVent.com/RAYCHEM or the Technical data sheet section of the nVent Products & Services Catalogue (H56550).

### Nonhazardous and hazardous location connection kits

Figure 7 shows the connection kits and accessories available for typical power-limiting systems.



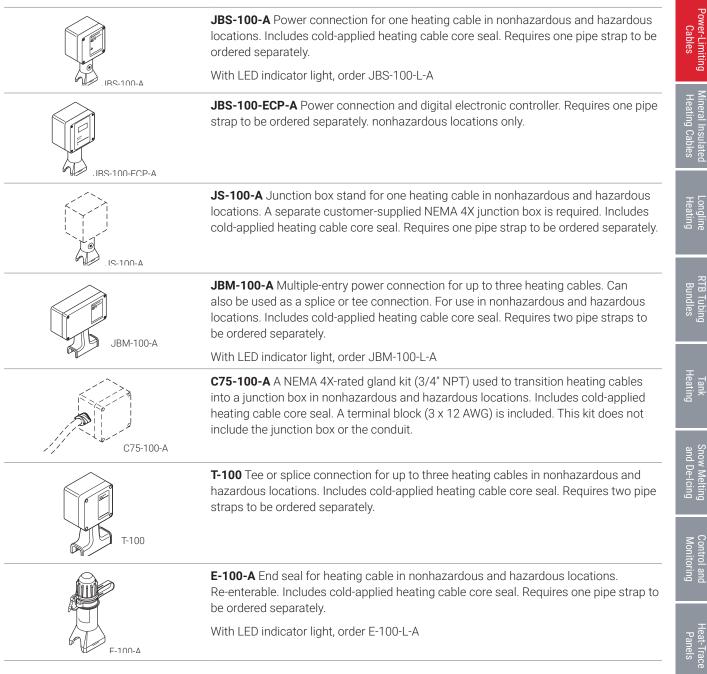
#### Fig. 7 Power-limiting heating system connection kits and accessories

## TABLE 5 NONHAZARDOUS AND HAZARDOUS CONNECTION KIT AND ACCESSORY SELECTION

Des	cription	Catalog number	Quantity
Con	nection Kits		
1	Power connection		1 per circuit
	Single heating cable	JBS-100-A	
	Single heating cable with light	JBS-100-L-A	
	Single heating cable with digital electronic controller	JBS-100-ECP-A (nonhazardous locations only)	
	Single heating cable (user-supplied junction box)	JS-100-A	
	Multiple heating cables (1, 2, or 3)	JBM-100-A	
	Multiple heating cable with light	JBM-100-L-A	
2	Splice connection		1 per splice
	Above insulation	T-100	
3	Tee connection		1 per tee
	Above insulation	T-100	
4	End seal		1 per power connection plus 1 per tee
	Above insulation	E-100	
	Above insulation with light	E-100-L-A (up to 277 V only)	
Acc	essories		
5	Attachment tape, labels, and pipe straps		
Con	trols (optional)		
6	Thermostat – see Control and Monitoring design guide (H	156889)	

System of	connection	kits
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#### **Power Connection Kits for Heating Cable**



#### Accessories

#### **GT-66 Glass Installation Tape**

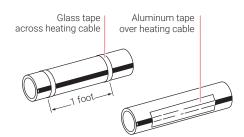
- · For use on pipes other than stainless steel
- ½" x 66' roll
- Strap at 1-foot intervals at minimum application temperature of 40°F (5°C)

#### **GS-54 Glass Installation Tape**

- · For use on all pipes, particularly stainless steel
- ½" x 54' roll
- Strap at 1-foot intervals at minimum application temperature of -40°F (-40°C)

#### AT-180 Aluminum Tape

- For use on all pipe materials
- 2½" x 180' roll
- Minimum installation temperature: 32°F (0°C)



#### Fig. 8 Tape installation

#### **TABLE 6 ATTACHMENT TAPE REQUIREMENTS**

	Rolls needed per 100 ft of cable Pipe diameter (IPS) in inches						
Tape type	1/2	1	2	3	4	6	8
GT-66	0.6	1.2	4	4	6	8	10
GS-54	0.6	1.4	4	6	6	10	12
AT-180	Use one f	Use one foot of tape per foot of heating					



#### ETL (Electric Traced Label)

Attach the label to the outside of the thermal insulation weather barrier to indicate presence of electrical heat tracing. Use one label for every 10 feet (3 m) of pipe, alternating on either side of the pipe.



AT-180

GT-66

and GS-54



Pipe strap

#### **Pipe Straps**

Stainless steel pipe straps to attach connection kits to the heat-traced pipe. Use Table 7 below to assist with pipe strap selection.

#### TABLE 7 PIPE STRAP SELECTION

Catalog number	Pipe size
PS-01	For conduit ≤ 1"
PS-03	For connection kits on pipes with dimensions <2"
PS-10	For connection kits on pipes with dimensions 2" – 10"
PS-20	For connection kits on pipes with dimensions 10" – 19.5"

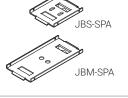
#### Small Pipe Adapters

**Junction Box Stand Off** 

JBM-100-STANDOFF JBS-100-STANDOFF

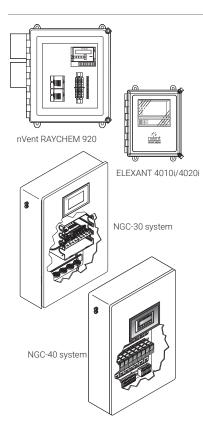
For insulation thickness 4½" to 7" (120 - 180 mm)

**JBS-SPA** Adapter for mounting E-100, JBS-100, and JS-100-A to small pipe. **JBM-SPA** Adapter for mounting JBM-100 and T-100 to small pipe.





JB-DRAIN-PLUG-3/4IN



Controls

**Conduit Drain** 

For a complete selection of control and monitoring products, including thermostats, see Control and Monitoring design guide (H56889).

JB-DRAIN-PLUG-3/4IN Conduit drain for JBS-100, JBM-100, and JS-100-A.

Pallels

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Appendixes 3

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## elf-Regulating eating Cables

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RAYCHEM

This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for nVent RAYCHEM mineral insulated (MI) heat tracing systems. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Mineral insulated cables are mechanically robust and durable. They are ideally suited to harsh environments and applications.

**Mineral Insulated** 

**Heating Cables** 

Mineral insulated heating cables offer a wide variety of solutions for industrial heattracing applications. MI heating cables are series-type heating cables and suitable for maintain temperatures up to 1022°F (550°C) and exposure temperatures up to 1200°F (650°C). MI heating cable is the ideal choice when an application's temperature and power output requirements exceed the capabilities of self-regulating and powerlimiting heating cables.

MI heating cables can be used for applications with the following requirements:

- Maintain temperature up to 1022°F (550°C)
- Power output to 61 W/ft (200 W/m)
- Maximum heating cable exposure temperature to 1200°F (650°C)

Higher temperature and power capabilities are available; contact nVent for additional information.

RAYCHEM-DG-H56884-MICables-EN-2303

#### Typical applications for MI heating cables are listed in Table 1.

Refining crude distillation	Chemical and petrochemical	Power generation
Hydrocracking	Phthalic anhydride	High-pressure feedwater
Coking	Benzene	Blowdown lines
Wax	Styrene	Instrument lines
Sulphur	Propylene glycol	Steam lines
Asphalt	Ethylene glycol	De-aerator lines
Heavy residue	Polyethylene	High-pressure condensate
Gas condensate prevention	Polypropylene	
Bitumen	Chlorine	
	Acrylic acid	
	Adipic acid	
	Dimethyl terephthalate	
	Synthetic fiber polymers	
	Nylon monomer	
	Paints and resins	

#### TABLE 1 EXAMPLES OF MI HEATING CABLE APPLICATIONS

#### **Mineral Insulated Heating Cable Construction**

#### **XMI-A Heating Cables**

nVent RAYCHEM XMI-A heating cables consist of one or two conductors embedded in a highly dielectric magnesium oxide insulation surrounded by a metal sheath of Alloy 825. This nickel alloy is recognized for its high temperature service and resistance to pitting, acid, salt, and alkali corrosion. In addition, Alloy 825 provides excellent protection against stress corrosion cracking and has a long history of success in heat-tracing applications, particularly at high temperatures.

XMI-A heating cables provide superior strength in dynamic cut-through, crush, and corrosion tests. Special annealing processes maximize flexibility for ease of on-site handling.

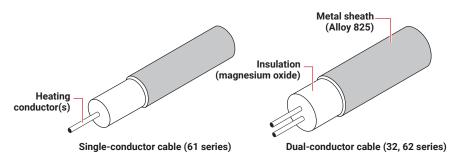


Fig. 1 XMI-A Single- and dual-conductor cables

#### **XMI-L Heating Cables**

Where Auto Ignition Temperature (AIT) constraints drive heating cable design to multiple passes of cable on equipment due to sheath temperature limitations, this can lead to field construction issues. Insufficient space is available on the equipment to apply the required number of passes.

XMI-L heating cable has been specially developed to mitigate challenging applications of this nature.

Conventional nVent RAYCHEM MI cable is sealed inside a corrugated 316L stainless steel sheath which dramatically increases surface area and results in lower sheath temperatures. This results in a reduction in the number of passes of cable required and correspondingly fewer construction issues.

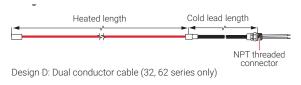
XMI-L heating cables are supplied in two conductor configurations.

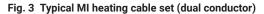


#### Fig. 2 XMI-L Dual conductor cables

Note: Dual conductor cable (32,62 series)

MI heating cable sets are supplied factory terminated and ready to install. They include a heating section and a nonheating cold lead section.





#### SYSTEM OVERVIEW

#### Typical Mineral Insulated Heating Cable System

A typical MI heating cable system is shown in Fig. 4. Unlike self-regulating or powerlimiting cables, MI heating cables are supplied in fixed lengths, so determining and ordering the correct cable length is critical. The heating cable is attached to the pipe with metal banding or tie wire. The cold lead cable is connected to a junction box, which in turn is connected to the power supply.

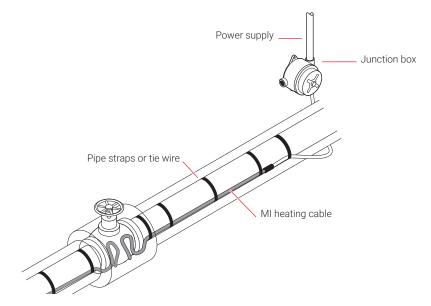


Fig. 4 Typical mineral insulated heating cable system

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of agency certifications and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit.

#### **Approvals and Certifications**

nVent RAYCHEM mineral insulated systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations by many agencies. Please refer to the technical datasheets (XMI-A-H56870, XMI-L-H59079 and Cold lead options-H59126) for more details.

# Power-Limiting Cables

Appendixes

#### THERMAL DESIGN AND HEATING CABLE SELECTION

The following steps illustrate the process for designing a mineral insulated heattracing system. For a complete design, you must use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact nVent for design assistance. nVent RAYCHEM TraceCalc Pro design software may be downloaded after registering at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>. Use the Heat-Tracing Design Request Form (H56893) to submit the required data for your application.

- 1. The heating cable selection process involves four basic steps:
- 2. Gather the necessary information.

Step 1. Gather the necessary information

- 3. Determine the power output and heating cable length.
- 4. Select the heating cable design configuration.
- 5. Select the heating cable type, reference, and cold lead.

**Example:** The example carried through this section shows a simple freeze protection application for a high-pressure condensate line in a power plant. It is simplified, but shows the basic principles of an MI series resistance heating cable design.

<ul> <li>Insulation type and thickness</li> <li>Maintain temperature (Tm)</li> </ul>		Bundles
<ul> <li>Service voltage (V)</li> <li>Maximum exposure temperature</li> <li>Area classification</li> </ul>	(Ta)	Heating
		and De-Icing
Example: Gather information		guic
Pipe size and material:	1 inch steel pipe	
Insulation type and thickness:	½ inch glass fiber	Mor
Maintain temperature:	40°F	Monitoring
Minimum ambient temperature:	0°F	Ð
Service voltage:	120 V	
Maximum exposure temperature:	680°F	Pa
Area classification:	Nonhazardous	Panels
Pipe length:	80 ft	
Pipe supports:	Thermally insulated (already insulated; excluded from example calculations)	Insulation
Valves:	2 x 1-inch light valves (threaded)	, in the second

Thermal Design1. Gather information

- 2. Calculate temperature differential
- Calculate heat loss
   Compensate for
- compensate for insulation type

Thermal Design

Calculate

temperature

differential

1.

3.

4

Gather information

Calculate heat loss

Compensate for

insulation type

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#### Thermal design (required power output)

To select the proper heating cable, first calculate the pipe heat loss for your application as outlined in Section 1, the nVent RAYCHEM Self-Regulating Cables design guide (H56822). For applications with higher maintain temperatures, use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact your nVent representative.

**Example:** MI heating cable is required because of the high maximum exposure temperature.

Pipe heat loss: P = 3.5 W/ft x 40/50 = 2.8 W/ft (9.2 W/m) from the Self-Regulating Cables design guide (H56822)

#### Total heating cable length

The total length of the MI heating cable (L) needs to accommodate pipe length and additional cable required to compensate for heat loss of valves and supports, as well as an installation allowance for field variances (see Table 2).

The length of the heating cable can be determined by using Table 2 and the following worksheet. For small pipes or applications with low power requirements, a single run of two conductor heating cable will often be sufficient. For larger pipes or higher temperatures, multiple runs of single or two conductor heating cable may be required. It is recommended that the design and cable selection process start by assuming a single run of cable and only increase the number of runs if no satisfactory solution can be found.

Depending on the complexity of the application, Step 2 through Step 4 can be an iterative process. We recommend using TraceCalc Pro design software. Contact your nVent representative for assistance.

#### TABLE 2 TYPICAL ALLOWANCES PER RUN OF CABLE (FT)

NPS	Light valve (flanged)	Light valve (threaded or welded)	Heavy valve (flanged)	Heavy valve (threaded or welded)	Typical pipe shoe	150 lb Flange (pair)	Field variance
0.5"	1	1	1	1	3	0.6	2%
0.75"	1.5	1	1.5	1	3	0.6	2%
1"	2	1	2	1	3	0.6	2%
1.5"	2.5	1.5	3	1.5	3	0.6	2%
2"	2.5	2	3.5	2	3	0.8	2%
3"	3	2.5	4	2.5	3	0.8	3%
4"	4	3	5	3	3	0.9	3%
6"	5	3.5	6	3.5	3	0.9	3%
8"	7	4	8	4	3	1.0	3%
10"	8	5	10	5	3	1.1	3%
12"	9	6	12	6	3	1.3	3%
14"	10	7	14	7	4.5	1.5	3%
16"	10.5	8	15	8	4.5	1.6	3%
18"	11	9	15.5	9	4.5	1.7	3%
20"	11	10	16	10	4.5	1.8	3%
24"	11.5	12	17	12	4.5	1.9	3%

5. "Light valve" refers to 150 lb valves; "heavy valve" refers to 300 lb valves. For other fittings and support, contact nVent.

6. Allowances above are based on typically available fittings and supports, with insulation that is equivalent to the pipe insulation.

7. For pipes requiring more than two runs of heating cable, apply the full allowance for each run of cable on each fitting or support as long as space allows. However, MI heating cables must not touch or overlap. The minimum spacing between cables is 1" (25 mm). Contact nVent if more than two runs are needed or if cable spacing is less than 1" (25 mm).

8. For some applications, it may be physically impossible to install all of the recommended heating cable directly on the fitting or support. In this case, install the excess heating cable on the pipe, on either side of the fitting or support, or eliminate the additional heater length from your length calculation if a lower local temperature is acceptable. This constraint may be difficult for small pipes and/or multiple cable runs. If required, contact nVent for assistance.

#### Worksheet to determine total heating cable length

Example input from Step 1 and Step 2.

Pipe size <u>1</u> "	Pipe length		<u>80</u> ft x 1.02 or 1.	03*=	81.6	ft
# 2 1"	Valves	@	<u>    1 ft</u>	=	2	ft
#	Valves	@	ft	=		ft
#	Supports	@	ft	=		ft
#	Supports	@	ft	=		ft
(	Other heat sin	ıks	ft	=		ft
	Sum of th	ne abo	ve	=	83.6	ft
Multip	ly by no. of ru	ins of	heating cable_1_x	=	83.6	ft
Equals total he	eating cable I	ength	(L), rounded:		84	ft

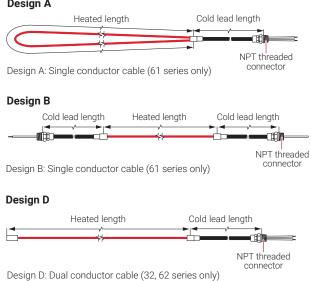
\* Field variance from Table 3.2

#### Step 3. Select the heating cable design configuration

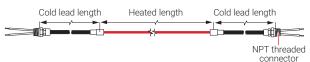
The MI heating cable sets are factory terminated in the four design configurations shown below. They are supplied with the heated section joined to a length of nonheating cold lead section, preterminated and ready to fasten in a junction box with an NPT-threaded connector.

Note: XMI-L available in D or E configurations only.

#### **Design A**



#### **Design E**



Design E: Dual conductor cable (32, 62 series only)

#### Fig. 5 XMI-A Heating cable design configurations

For a single run of heating cable, Design D is the most economical solution.

Example: Select Design D for a single run of dual conductor cable.

## Thermal Design 1. Gather information

2.	Calculate temperature differential
З.	Calculate heat loss
4.	Compensate for insulation type

Self-Reg Heating

Appendixes

## Thermal Design

1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate temperature differential
3.	Calculate heat loss

4. Compensate for insulation type

#### Step 4. Select the heating cable type, reference, and cold lead

Heating cable types are listed in Table 3.

#### TABLE 3 MI HEATING CABLE TYPES

Specifications	Series 61	Series 32	Series 62
Number of conductors	1 – single	2 – dual	2 – dual
Maximum operating voltage	600 V	300 V	600 V
Reference table	5	6	7

**Note:** See datasheet H59079 for XMI-L heating cable types, voltages and conduit sizing options in the event that multiple pass construction issues arise from design using XMI-A.

Table 5, Table 6, and Table 7 list the resistances available for the XMI-A heating cable types.

The naming convention of the heating cables is described in Table 4.

#### TABLE 4 HEATING CABLE REFERENCE

Digit number	Description	
1	Maximum voltage rating	3 = 300 V, 6 = 600 V
2	Number of conductors	1 or 2
3	Sheath material	S = Alloy 825
4	Conductor material	A, B, C, F, P, Q, or T
5	Move decimal point to left indicated number of places	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 places
6 to 8	Cable resistance to three whole numbers (use with digit 5)	2200 = 2.00 Ω/cable foot at 20°C

nVent RAYCHEM Copper-sheathed MI heating cables for low temperature applications are available upon request.

To select the heating cable reference, calculate the maximum resistance that the cable can have in order to supply the required power using Ohms law:

 $R_{max} = V^2 / (P_{min} \times L^2)$ 

L

- $R_{max}$  : Maximum cable resistance to meet power requirement [\Omega/ft or  $\Omega/m]$
- V : Voltage across heating element [V]
- P<sub>min</sub> : Required power output [W/ft or W/m]
  - : Total heating cable length [ft or m]

The minimum required power output  $(P_{min})$  must be at least equal to the heat loss (P) determined in Step 2.

**Example:**  $P_{min} = P = 2.8 \text{ W/ft (from Step 2)}$  $R_{max} = (120 \text{ V})2 / (2.8 \text{ W/ft x (84 ft)2}) = 0.7289 \Omega/ft (2.39 \Omega/m)$ 

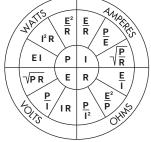
Now select a heating cable with a nominal resistance lower or equal to this maximum resistance from Table 6. Start by using a 300 V dual conductor cable (32 series) for the most economical solution.

**Example:** From Table 6 select cable 32SB3700 Rnom =  $0.700 \Omega/ft (2.30 \Omega/m)$ 

**Note:** Table 5, Table 6, and Table 7 show the nominal conductor resistance; tolerance is  $\pm$  10%.

		 _	
6	_	A	

Sample reference: 6 2 5 F 2 2 0 0 Digit 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8



Ohm's Law Formulas

- P = Power (W)
- I = Current (Á)
- E = Electromotive Force (V)
- R = Resistance ( $\Omega$ )

Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

Heating	Nominal cable resistance at 20°C		Approxima cable dian		Maximun cable len	n unjointed gth	Nominal weight	
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m
61SA2200	2.00	6.56	0.170	4.3	1333	406	50	75
61SA2160	1.60	5.25	0.163	4.1	1452	443	44	66
61SA2130	1.30	4.27	0.160	4.1	1508	460	42	63
61SA2100	1.00	3.28	0.160	4.1	1510	460	43	64
61SA3850	0.850	2.79	0.170	4.3	1338	408	48	72
61SA3700	0.700	2.30	0.160	4.1	1514	462	43	64
61SA3500	0.500	1.64	0.170	4.3	1344	410	49	73
61ST3280	0.280	0.919	0.170	4.3	1337	408	48	72
61SB3200	0.200	0.656	0.180	4.6	1198	365	55	82
61SB3150	0.150	0.492	0.170	4.3	1350	412	51	76
61SQ3118	0.118	0.387	0.175	4.4	1260	384	50	75
61SQ4732	0.0732	0.240	0.170	4.3	1338	410	48	72
61SQ4581	0.0581	0.191	0.172	4.4	1308	399	50	75
61SP4467	0.0467	0.153	0.170	4.3	1337	408	48	72
61SP4366	0.0366	0.120	0.173	4.4	1292	394	50	75
61SP4290	0.0290	0.0951	0.177	4.5	1236	377	53	79
61SP4231	0.0231	0.0758	0.174	4.4	1282	391	52	78
61SP4183	0.0183	0.0600	0.170	4.3	1347	411	50	75
61SP4145	0.0145	0.0476	0.170	4.3	1351	412	51	76
61SP4113	0.0113	0.0371	0.186	4.7	1130	345	61	91
61SC5651	0.00651	0.0214	0.187	4.7	1110	338	60	89
61SC5409	0.00409	0.0134	0.191	4.9	1069	326	64	95
61SC5258	0.00258	0.00846	0.215	5.5	848	259	83	124
61SC5162	0.00162	0.00531	0.268	6.8	546	166	129	192
61SC5102	0.00102	0.00335	0.253	6.4	622	190	124	185
61SC6640	0.00064	0.00210	0.319	8.1	391	119	197	294

**Note:** All Alloy 825 cold leads are terminated with stainless steel gland and 12-inch tails unless otherwise specified. Other configurations available on request.

## TABLE 6 SERIES 32 MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (300 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR)

Heating	Nominal cable resistance at 20°C			Approximate cable diameter		unjointed gth	Nominal weight		
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m	
32SF1180	18.0	59.0	0.174	4.4	1271	387	49	73	
32SF1110	11.0	36.1	0.156	4.0	1584	483	40	60	
32SF2900	9.00	29.5	0.160	4.1	1507	459	42	63	
32SF2750	7.50	24.6	0.157	4	1565	477	41	61	
32SA2600	6.00	19.7	0.160	4.1	1507	459	42	63	
32SA2400	4.00	13.1	0.146	3.7	1816	554	36	54	
32SA2318	3.18	10.4	0.174	4.4	1277	389	50	74	
32SA2275	2.75	9.02	0.153	3.9	1657	505	40	60	
32SA2200	2.00	6.56	0.169	4.3	1359	414	49	73	
32SA2170	1.70	5.58	0.167	4.2	1395	425	48	72	
32SB2114	1.14	3.74	0.174	4.4	1279	390	51	76	
32SB3914	0.914	3.00	0.162	4.1	1480	451	45	67	
32SB3700	0.700	2.30	0.170	4.3	1347	411	50	74	
32SQ3472	0.472	1.55	0.177	4.5	1232	376	52	78	
32SQ3374	0.374	1.23	0.183	4.6	1153	352	55	82	
32SQ3293	0.293	0.961	0.179	4.5	1206	368	53	79	
32SQ3200	0.200	0.656	0.161	4.1	1498	457	44	66	
32SQ3150	0.150	0.492	0.168	4.3	1378	420	49	73	

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Steam Tracing

Nominal cable Maximum unjointed Approximate resistance at 20°C cable diameter cable length Nominal weight Heating cable reference Ω/ft Ω/m in mm ft lb/1000 ft kg/1000 m 32SQ3100 0.100 0.328 0.185 4.7 1140 348 60 89 32SP4734 0.0734 4.4 1284 391 52 78 0.241 0.174 32SP4583 4.5 55 82 0.0583 0.191 0.178 1230 375 32SP4458 0.0458 0.150 0.188 4.8 1105 337 62 92 0.0324 0.106 0.184 4.7 57 85 32SC4324 1145 349

#### TABLE 7 SERIES 62 MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (600 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR)

Heating	Nominal cable resistance at 20°C		Approximate cable diamet		Maximum un cable length	jointed	Nominal weight		
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m	
62SF1110	11.0	36.1	0.194	4.9	1023	312	61	91	
62SF2900	9.00	29.5	0.194	4.9	1024	312	61	91	
62SF2750	7.50	24.6	0.205	5.2	916	279	69	103	
62SF2600	6.00	19.7	0.230	5.8	728	222	86	128	
62SA2414	4.14	13.6	0.240	6.1	669	204	94	140	
62SA2275	2.75	9.02	0.225	5.7	762	232	84	125	
62SF2200	2.00	6.56	0.245	6.2	644	196	100	149	
62SA2170	1.70	5.58	0.240	6.1	671	205	96	143	
62ST2115	1.15	3.77	0.215	5.5	834	254	76	113	
62SB3914	0.914	3.00	0.232	5.9	718	219	89	132	
62SB3700	0.700	2.30	0.265	6.7	550	168	117	174	
62ST3505	0.505	1.66	0.215	5.5	837	255	77	115	
62SQ3374	0.374	1.23	0.215	5.5	834	254	76	113	
62SQ3286	0.286	0.938	0.222	5.6	783	239	81	121	
62SQ3200	0.200	0.656	0.227	5.8	750	229	86	128	
62SQ3150	0.150	0.492	0.227	5.8	751	229	86	128	
62SQ3100	0.100	0.328	0.257	6.5	586	179	111	165	
62SP4775	0.0775	0.254	0.250	6.4	618	188	104	155	
62SP4561	0.0561	0.184	0.263	6.7	560	171	116	173	
62SP4402	0.0402	0.132	0.277	7	505	154	130	194	
62SP4281	0.0281	0.0922	0.292	7.4	456	139	147	219	
62SC4200	0.0200	0.0656	0.285	7.2	476	145	135	201	
62SC4130	0.0130	0.0427	0.304	7.7	419	128	156	233	
62SC5818	0.00818	0.0268	0.331	8.4	330	100	187	279	
62SC5516	0.00516	0.0169	0.364	9.2	294	90	230	343	
62SC5324	0.00324	0.0106	0.402	10.2	242	74	290	432	
62SC5204	0.00204	0.00669	0.496	12.6	159	48	438	653	
62SC5128	0.00128	0.00420	0.543	13.8	469	143	516	769	

#### Thermal Design

1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate temperature differential
З.	Calculate heat loss
4.	Compensate for insulation type

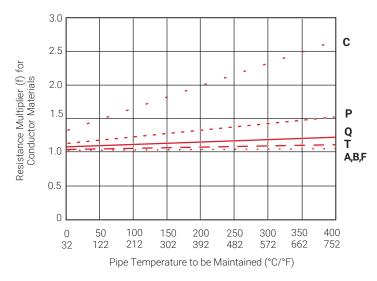
The cold lead cable is available in the following sizes:

#### TABLE 8 ALLOY 825 SHEATHED COLD LEADS

Cold lead code		Maximum		ad er	Gland	Gland size reference		
for catalog number	Maximum voltage (V)	current (A)	in	mm	size (NPT)	for catalog no.	Tail size (AWG)	
Design A, D, E								
S25A	600	25	0.355	9	½ in	N12	14	
LS23A	300	23	0.319	8.1	½ in	N12	14	
S34A	600	34	0.402	10.2	34 in	N34	10	
S49A	600	49	0.496	12.6	34 in	N34	8	
S65A	600	65	0.543	13.8	34 in	N34	6	
Design B								
S29A	600	29	0.215	5.5	½ in	N12	12	
S48A	600	48	0.253	6.4	½ in	N12	8	
S66A	600	66	0.319	8.1	½ in	N12	6	
S100A	600	100	0.402	10.2	34 in	N34	4	
Note: MI cold lead minimum bending radius is 6 times the cable diameter.								

#### Additional considerations

Various materials used in the conductors behave differently. In particular, for heating cables with low resistances, conductor materials may show a significant increase in resistance for increasing maintain temperatures. Use the graph below to adjust resistance as a function of the maintain temperature. For detailed design, use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact nVent.



#### Fig. 6 Resistance correction factor

As the graph shows, the change of resistance can be significant at high temperatures and must not be neglected for cables using conductor materials with a large temperature dependency (see in particular conductor material C). Adjust the nominal resistance (Rnom) with the resistance multiplier (f) based on the graph.

 $R_{adj} = R_{nom} \times f$ 

#### Example:

Cable reference 32SB3700 uses conductor material B

The graph shows that the resistance change factor is negligible for this cable at a maintain temperature of 40°F (5°C). Therefore,  $R_{adj} = 0.700 \Omega/ft \times 1.0 = 0.700 \Omega/ft$ (2.30 Ω/m).

Now calculate the adjusted power output (Padj) of the heating cable using the following formula:

 $P_{adj} = V2 / (R_{adj} \times L), P_{lin} = P/L$ 

#### **Example:**

 $P_{adi} = (120 \text{ V})2 / (0.7 \Omega/\text{ft x 84 ft}) = 245 \text{ W}, P_{lin} = 2.9 \text{ W/ft} (9.5 \text{ W/m})$ 

Check that the installed linear power, P<sub>lin</sub> (W/ft or W/m), is equal to or greater than the pipe heat loss (P) determined in Step 2. Adjust formula for multiple runs as required.

Note: If the selected resistance is much lower than the calculated maximum resistance, it can result in a significantly higher power output than required for the application.

The startup current (I) can be calculated using the nominal resistance (Rnom) from Table 5-Table 7:

#### $I = V / (R_{nom} \times L)$

We typically recommend using a safety factor of 10%.

#### **Example:**

#### $I = 120 V / (0.700 \Omega/ft \times 84) = 2 A (add 10\% \ge 2.2 A)$

Canadian and U.S. National Electrical Codes require that circuit breakers must not be loaded above 80% of their nominal rating.

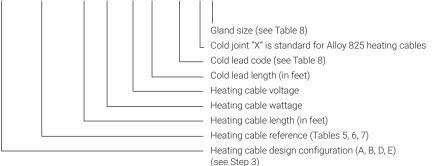
Be sure to also consider the maximum sheath temperature when using MI heating cables. The maximum sheath temperature depends on the power output of the cable, as well as the pipe temperature. It must not exceed the maximum rated temperature of the MI heating cable or the hot-to-cold joint, and must not be in conflict with hazardous area requirements. Sheath temperature calculations can be complex. Use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact your nVent representative for assistance.

Consider the option to select XMI-L heating cables where construction issues are introduced due to the need for multiple passes being balanced with AIT constraints.

#### Heating Cable Set Catalog Number

To order an MI heating cable set, it is important to understand the format of our catalog number:

#### <u>A/61SA2200/40/538/208/7/S25A/X/N1</u>2



#### Fig. 7 MI heating cable set catalog number

In the previous heating cable catalog number, the length of the heated section and the cold lead is in feet. For metric lengths, the heating cable catalog number would include a suffix "M" after the length, as follows:

A/61SA2200/12.2M/538/208/2.1M/S25A/X/N12

Conversion from English to Metric units is:  $L(ft) \times 0.3048 = L(m)$ 

Conversion from Metric to English units is: L(m) x 3.2808 = L(ft)

#### Options

Add suffix "/PE" at the end of the catalog number for pulling eye (Design D cables only).

Add suffix "/RG1" at the end of the catalog number for 1" reverse gland (used to make a watertight seal) for Designs A and D cables. Design D cables also available with  $\frac{1}{2}$ " or  $\frac{3}{4}$ " reverse gland ("/RG34" for  $\frac{3}{4}$ " or "/RG12" for  $\frac{1}{2}$ ").

E/32SO3200/25.0M/870/120/2.1M/

Heating cable configuration is Design E

• 300-V rated dual conductor cable,

resistance at 20°C is 0.200  $\Omega/ft$ 

• Heating cable length is 25 m (82 ft)

· Heating cable wattage is 870 W at

Cold lead length is 2.1 m (7 ft)

Cold lead code is LS23A

½ in NPT gland connector

LS23A/X/N12

 $(0.656 \,\Omega/m)$ 

120 V

#### Example:

The catalog number for our simple example would be:

MI heating cable set: D/32SB3700/84/245/120/7/S25A/X/N12

#### More examples:

#### D/62SQ3100/200/9920/480/4/S25A/ X/N12

- Heating cable configuration is Design D
- 600-V rated dual conductor cable, resistance at 20°C is 0.100 Ω/ft (0.328 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 200 ft (61 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 9920 W at 480 V
- Cold lead length is 4 ft (1.2 m)
- Cold lead code is S25A
- ½ in NPT gland connector

Note: See H59079 for XMI-L nomenclature and catalog number example.

ulation

nVent will need the following information to prepare the reference tag supplied with each MI heating cable set:

- Supply voltage and wattage
- · Circuit ID (optional, for customer reference only)
- TraceCalc Pro "Series Cable Tag List" report (if heating cable is designed using TraceCalc Pro)

For hazardous locations, also include:

- Area classification (Class, Division, Group)
- Temperature identification number (T-rating) or autoignition temperature (AIT) of flammables handled in the hazardous area
- Appendix I must be completed and returned to nVent for Class I, Division 1
   applications
- · Maximum sheath temperature of heating cable

The maximum sheath temperature of the MI heating cable depends on the specific application. Contact your nVent representative to provide you with an optimized design for your application.

#### **Selection of Connection Kits and Accessories**

nVent RAYCHEM MI heating cables are approved as a complete system only when used with nVent connection kits or any Nationally Recognized Testing Lab (NRTL) enclosure. Any non-approved connection kits may compromise the reliability of the system and will invalidate approvals and warranties.

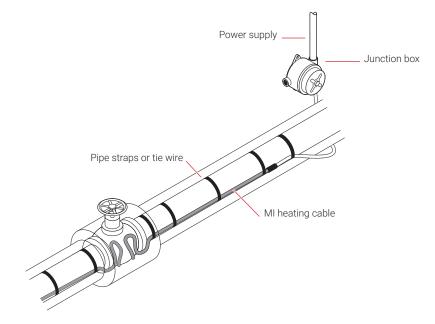


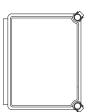
Fig. 8 Typical MI heating system

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#### TABLE 9 CONNECTION KITS AND ACCESSORY SELECTION

Description	Catalog number	Quantity required					
Components							
1 Power connection	MIJB	1 per circuit					
	or XMI-JB	1 per circuit					
	or RMI-JB3, 1–2 heating cables	1 per circuit					
	or PT-JB	1 per circuit					
	or JBS-100-ECP-A + MI-GROUND-KIT (nonhazardous locations only)	1 per circuit					
	or JBS-100-ECW-A + MI-GROUND-KIT (nonhazardous locations only)	1 per circuit					
Accessories							
2 Attachment material							
Pipe straps	PB (see Table 3.10)	1 every foot					
Tie wire	or 051Cupron	See Table 11					
Prepunched strapping	107826-000	See Table 11					
Banding (and clips)	BAND100FT	See Table 11					
	BANDCLIP100						
MIJB mounting bracket	MBRP-B	2 per MIJB					
Pipe straps for MBRP-B	PS	1 per MBRP-B					
Electric traced labels	ETL	Every 10 feet					
Consider mesh to hold heating cable against awkward shapes HWA-METAL-MESH-SS-50MM-10M							
Temperature controls — see Control and Monitoring design guide (H56889)							

#### System Components



Power Connection Kits

**nVent RAYCHEM MIJB-864-A** Junction box with pre-drilled earth plate for use with MI heating units.

Typical uses - Power, splice and end box for 3 phase systems

Hazardous locations: CID2 Groups B, C and D. Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac. Maximum 35 A per terminal, rated 18AWG to 6AWG, NEMA 4X.

Entries: Up to 8 x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " and 3 x  $\frac{3}{4}$ ". Power cable gland and hubs not included.

Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps must be ordered separately for installation.

Enclosure dimensions: 8" x 6" x 4" (200 x 150 x 100 mm)

**nVent RAYCHEM MIJB-1086-A** Junction box with pre-drilled earth plate for use with MI heating units. Accommodates up to 3 power cables.

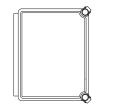
Typical uses - Power, splice and end box for 3 phase systems

Hazardous locations - CID2 Groups B, C and D. Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac. Maximum 35 A per terminal, rated 18AWG to 6AWG, NEMA 4X.

Entries: Up to  $11 \times \frac{1}{2}$ " and  $8 \times \frac{3}{4}$ ". Power cable gland and hubs not included. Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps must be ordered separately for installation. Order a separate MIJB-LPWR-KIT for #2 or #4AWG power cable to downsize to #6AWG (35 A).

Enclosure dimensions: 10" x 8" x 6" (250 x 200 x 150 mm)

Appendixe:



**nVent RAYCHEM MIJB-1086-B** Junction box with pre-drilled earth plate for use with MI heating units. Accommodates up to 7 outgoing heating cables and one incoming power cable. It can also be used as a marshalling box – one incoming power cable and 5 outgoing power cables.

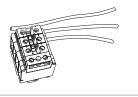
Typical uses - Power or marshalling, splice and end box for 3 phase systems. Hazardous locations: CID2 Groups B, C and D. Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac. Maximum 35 A per terminal, rated 18AWG to 6AWG, NEMA 4X.

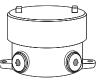
Entries: Up to 11 x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " and 8 x  $\frac{3}{4}$ ". Power cable gland and hubs not included. Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps must be ordered separately for installation. Order a separate MIJB-LPWR-KIT for #2 or #4AWG power cable to downsize to #6AWG (35 A).

Enclosure dimensions: 10" x 8" x 6" (250 x 200 x 150 mm)

**nVent RAYCHEM MBRP-B** Enclosure mounting bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures. Mounting bracket enables enclosure installation and connection prior to application of insulation and cladding. Stainless steel pipe support bracket for MIJB-864-A, MIJB-1086-A and MIJB-1086-B fiberglass enclosures. Two brackets are required to support each enclosure. Each bracket requires one pipe strap.

Content





**nVent RAYCHEM MIJB-LPWR-KIT** Terminal kit to facilitate downsizing of large power cables.

Large power wire kit to downsize #2 or #4 power cable to #6AWG (max 35 amps for enclosure terminal blocks). Use with MIJB-1086-A and MIJB-1086-B enclosures as required.

nVent RAYCHEM XMI-JB Aluminum enclosure for CID1 areas.

Typical uses: MI heating units power or splice connection box, RTD connection box

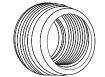
Hazardous locations - CID1 Groups B, C and D, Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac, Includes 4 pole terminal block (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG /UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG), NEMA 4X.

Entries :  $5 \times 3/4"$  and includes  $3 \times 3/4"$  plugs, two reducer bushings ( $3/4" \times 1/2"$ ) and two mounting feet with space to tap hole for bonding wire. Power cable gland should be purchased separately. Additional terminal strips or reducer bushings may also be purchased separately for additional RTD connection. (4POLETSTRIP and PTRDBH3412)

Enclosure dimensions: 4 ½" x 3 ½" (114 x 89 mm).

nVent RAYCHEM 4POLETSTRIP Terminal strip for enclosure,

4 pole terminal strip (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG /UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG) for use with XMI-JB enclosure. May be used for additional RTD connections.



nVent RAYCHEM PTRDBH3412 Reducer bushing for enclosure,

Zinc plated steel reducer bushing for use with XMI-JB enclosure. Reduces <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" NPT tapered hole to ½" NPT. Body length 23/32" (18 mm), Class I, Div. 1 &2, Groups A, B, C, D. Class I, Zone 1, Groups IIC, IIB, IIA. Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G.

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PT-JB

- Manada

nVent RAYCHEM RMI-JB3 Copper-free aluminum alloy box with three entries for use with MI heating cables.

Typical use : power or splice connection box

Includes terminal block (500 Vac, 50 A, 2 x 6 AWG) and three <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" reducers and two 34" NPT plugs. FM and CSA approved for: Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups B, C, D; Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G; and Class III.

Enclosure dimensions: 6.1" x 5.2" x 3.9" (156 mm x 133 mm x 98 mm).

nVent RAYCHEM PT-JB A smaller ferro-alloy junction box with three entries for use with MI heating cables.

Typical use : power or splice connection box

Three  $\frac{3}{4}$ " NPT entries. Provided with one plug and two  $\frac{3}{4}$ " x  $\frac{1}{2}$ " reducers. Includes 4 pole terminal block (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG / UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG) and stainless steel support bracket (U-clamp). UL and CSA approved for: Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G.

Enclosure dimensions: 5.5" x 4.75" x 3" (140 mm x 121 mm x 76 mm).

nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A Electronic temperature controllers that provide accurate control of a heating circuit using a RTD sensor.

Adjustable set points between 32°F to 425°F (0°C to 218°C), power input of 120 Vac to 277 Vac, and current switching up to 30 A. c-CSA-us (certified to U.S. and Canadian

The JBS-100-ECP-A is pipe mounted and serves as a power connection kit for both nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating and nVent RAYCHEM mineral insulated heating cables.

heating cables.



JBS-100-ECW-A

MI-GROUND-KIT

Standards) for use in nonhazardous locations. Requires MI grounding kit. JBS-100-ECP-A

> The JBS-100-ECW-A is wall mounted and similarly serves as a power connection kit for both nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating and nVent RAYCHEM mineral insulated

**nVent RAYCHEM MI-GROUND-KIT** Required grounding kit for use with JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A. Allows for a direct connection to a nVent RAYCHEM MI heating cable, eliminating the need for a separate junction box.

#### **Attachment Materials**

**nVent RAYCHEM PB** Stainless-steel straps for holding MI heating cables onto pipe. Pliers are the only tool required to pull the pipe strap tight. Allow one pipe strap per foot of pipe (3.3 pipe straps per meter of pipe).

#### TABLE 10 AVAILABLE PIPE STRAPS

Order reference	Pipe diameter	Package quantity
PB 125	To 1¼"	50 pc
PB 300	1=½" to 3"	35 pc
PB 600	3½" to 6"	25 pc
PB 1000	6" to 10"	1 pc
PB 1200	To 12"	1 pc
PB 2400	To 24"	1 pc
PB 3600	To 36"	1 рс

nVent RAYCHEM 051Cupron 16 AWG tie wire for fastening Alloy 825 MI heating cables on pipes. Do not use with copper-sheathed MI heating cables; use PB pipe straps. Particularly good for irregular shaped objects like valves and pumps. Order quantity as required (in ft) as per Table 8.

RMI-TW 559600-000 Tie wire for fastening steel heating cables on pipes. Especially suitable for irregular shaped objects such as pumps, valves, flanges. Supplied in 50 m reels.

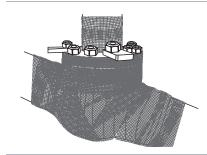
#### TABLE 11 ALLOWANCE FOR TIE WIRE AND PREPUNCHED BANDING ON PIPES

Pipe size (inches)	1	1.5	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	30	36	48
Required length (ft) per ft of pipe	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.8	3.5	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.5	7.9	9.8	11.8	15.7
Required length (m) per m of pipe	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.8	3.5	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.5	7.9	9.8	11.8	15.7



**nVent RAYCHEM HARD-SPACER-SS-25MM-25M** Stainless steel prepunched strapping to hold MI heating cable in place. Supplied in 82 ft (25.0 m) rolls.

Use on large pipes to simplify installation of multiple heating cables. For quantities, see Table 11 (installation every 1 ft = 0.328 m).



nVent RAYCHEM HWA-METAL-MESH-SS-50MM-10M Stainless steel mesh for fixation of heating cables on valves, pumps or other odd shaped surfaces. This mesh provides optimum contact and heat transfer between heating cables and heated equipment and can be used for exposure temperatures up to 400°C

10 m per roll. 50 mm width. Weight: 0.36 kg.

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<u>Appendixes</u>

	nVent RAYCHEM BAND100FT Stainless steel banding used to strap MI cables to pipes Ideal for large OD pipes 100 ft roll x ½" wide x 0.020" thick (30 m x 12.5 mm wide x 0.5 mm thick) Use with BANDCLIP100 banding clips ordered separately
	<b>nVent RAYCHEM BANDCLIP100</b> Stainless steel clips used with stainless steel banding 100 clips per package Use with BAND100FT ordered separately
	<b>nVent RAYCHEM T34P</b> Ratchet-type tensioning tool tightens stainless-steel banding used to support MI Cables.
Maria	<b>nVent RAYCHEM S12P</b> Crimping tool used to crimp clip onto stainless-steel banding.

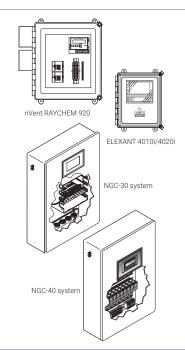
#### **Electric Traced Label**



#### nVent RAYCHEM ETL - English

ETL - French Attach the label to the outside of the thermal insulation weather barrier to indicate presence of electrical heat tracing. Use one label for every 10 feet (3 m) of pipe, alternating on either side of the pipe. Also install at equipment requiring periodic maintenance (control valves, pumps, instruments, etc.).

#### **Temperature Controls**



For a complete selection of control and monitoring products, including line-sensing thermostats, see Control and Monitoring design guide (H56889).

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Longline Heating

## **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

ent

RAYCHEM

This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for nVent RAYCHEM longline heat tracing systems. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Longline Heating

Heating long pipelines for freeze protection, viscosity control, or temperature maintenance presents special requirements for electrical heat tracing. These applications require long electrical circuit lengths, usually with a single electrical power point. nVent RAYCHEM provides a wide range of industry-proven solutions for these applications. Extreme long lines are usually transfer lines between processing plants or to storage or transportation facilities. Tank farms, piers for ocean transport vessels, and pipes between petrochemical facilities are all examples of applications for which longline heat tracing may be used. Even if a processing plant uses steam for in-plant heat tracing, electrical tracing may be beneficial for these transfer lines.

Typical applications for longline heating systems include:

- Water and steam condensate lines
- Water supply and injection lines
- Sewage lines
- · Natural gas gathering lines (condensation prevention)
- Crude oil gathering lines (viscosity control)
- Off-site crude and fuel oil lines
- Temperature-sensitive lines
- Product transfer lines

Control and H Monitoring Longline tracing systems can be complex to design and install. For this reason nVent RAYCHEM offers several technologies to choose from, thus providing the best cost optimization for your project. These technologies are:

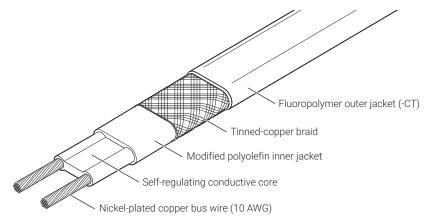
- · Self-regulating heating cables
- Series resistance mineral insulated heating cables
- · Series-resistance polymer insulated heating cables
- Skin-effect tracing systems (STS)

All longline heat tracing should be designed with engineering support from nVent. For assistance in selecting the best technology for the application, contact your nVent representative.

#### SELF-REGULATING HEATING CABLES

#### nVent RAYCHEM LBTV

nVent RAYCHEM LBTV heating cables can provide temperature maintenance and freeze protection for continuous circuit lengths up to 1125 feet (342 m) powered from a single source. The cable is especially well suited for tracing long pipelines containing temperature-sensitive fluids.



#### Fig. 1 LBTV heating cable

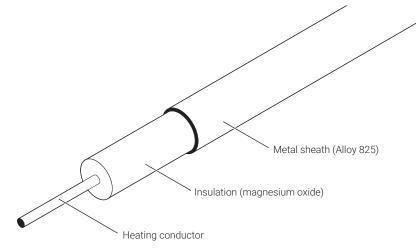
LBTV heating cables provide electrical freeze protection and temperature maintenance up to 150°F (65°C) for long piping systems in both nonhazardous and hazardous locations. This single-phase, self-regulating heating cable provides freeze protection and low-temperature maintenance for medium-length applications. The parallel circuit design results in a cable that can be cut to length in the field.

Within the circuit length limitations, the heat output per foot is independent of circuit length. The cable is constructed with 10 AWG copper bus wires, permitting longer circuit length with less voltage drop than the 16 AWG BTV cable bus wires. These heating cables maintain process temperatures up to 150°F (65°C) and can withstand intermittent exposure to temperatures up to 185°F (85°C). They are approved for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations, including areas where corrosives may be present.

Refer to the data sheets for more detailed information. Data sheets can be found on nVent.com/RAYCHEM, or the Technical data sheet section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Solutions Products & Services Catalogue (H56550).

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<u>Appendixes</u>



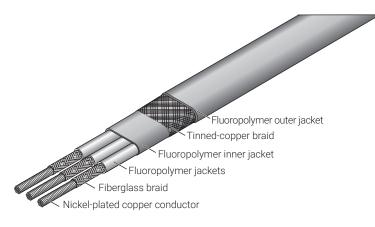
#### Fig. 2 MI heating cable

nVent RAYCHEM mineral insulated heating cables are used in longline applications where high maintain temperatures and/or high exposure temperatures exist, or high power output is required. MI heating cable is used in many applications, including transfer lines. It is rugged and economical, and can be used for lines up to 5000+ feet (1500+ m).

A 600-Vac Delta or Wye electrical configuration balances the electrical load well. Designs must be done on a case-by-case basis because the total resistance must be matched to the transformer characteristics.

Refer to the Mineral Insulated Cables design guide (H56884) for more detailed information.

#### **nVent RAYCHEM SC**

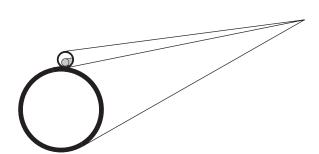


#### Fig. 3 SC heating cable

nVent RAYCHEM flexible series-resistance heating cables can be used when circuit lengths exceed the ratings of conventional parallel-resistance heating cables and a single power source is needed. Ohmic heating of the conductor provides the heat in this series circuit heating cable. Engineering design by nVent is required since the wattage output depends on the total circuit length and the voltage applied.

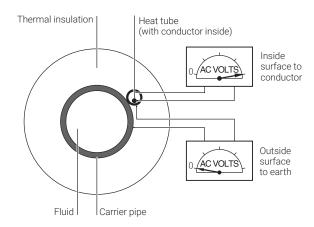
SC cables are available in single-, double-, and triple-conductor configurations for single- or three-phase system designs. The resistance conductors are electrically isolated with high-temperature, heavy-wall fluoropolymers; a grounding braid; and a final fluoropolymer jacket. Maximum exposure temperatures are 400°F (204°C) for SC cables, 482°F (250°C) for SC/H cables, and 195°F (90°C) for SC/F cables. SC cables are capable of supporting circuit lengths up to 12,000 feet (3659 m) with one power supply point, and voltages up to 600 Vac.

#### **nVent RAYCHEM STS**



#### Fig. 4 Skin-effect Tracing System (STS)

nVent RAYCHEM skin-effect tracing systems (STS) are custom engineered by nVent for each unique application and are ideally suited for long transfer pipelines over one mile (1.6 km) in length, and for individual circuit lengths up to 31 miles (50 km) in length. Consideration is given to transformer power requirements, control and monitoring designs, conductor wire selection, and the installation of the complete system. In the STS heating system, heat is generated on the inner surface of a ferromagnetic heat tube that is thermally coupled to the pipe to be heat traced. An electrically insulated, temperature-resistant conductor is installed inside the heat tube and connected to the tube at the far end. The tube and conductor are connected in series to an AC voltage source. This method of heating is called skin-effect heating because the return path of the circuit current is pulled to the inner surface (approximately 1 mm) of the heat tube by both the skin effect and the proximity effect between the heat tube and the conductor. The outside surface of the heat tube is at ground potential, while the inner surface of the tube carries full current.



#### Fig. 5 nVent RAYCHEM STS cross section

The STS circuit impedance is mainly resistive, generating heat in the heat tube wall and, to a lesser extent, in the insulated conductor. Additional heat results from eddy currents induced in the heat tube wall.

The allowable circuit length is determined by the power output, heat tube size, conductor size, and the carrier pipe temperature. STS cables are available in two different temperature ratings, 302°F (150°C) and 482°F (250°C), and three voltage ratings, 2,500V, 5,000V and 10,000V. These cables are also available in different conductor sizes for design and installation efficiency. The highest installed cost component in electrical heat-tracing systems is often the power distribution system. This is especially true for long lines where power feeds are unavailable. A nVent RAYCHEM STS system minimizes the number of power supply points required by offering the longest circuit lengths available to the industry.

nVent provides a broad range of options for heat-tracing long lines. Decision variables include maintenance temperature, heat-loss circuit length, maximum exposure temperature, power availability, piping system support and construction, thermal insulation k values, and local codes and standards. Use the following table for preliminary cable selection and contact nVent for complete system design and optimization.

#### **TABLE 1 SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS MATRIX**

	Maximum circuit length ft (m)	Maximum exposure temperature	Maximum power output* (Watts/ft)	Maximum voltage (Vac)
LBTV2	1250 (381)	185°F (85°C)	10	277
MI	5000+ (1524+)	1200°F (650°C)	61	600
SC	12,000 (3659)	482°F (250°C)	-	600
STS	164,000 (50,000)	482°F (250°C)	45.7	10,000

\* Design dependent

# **RTB** Tubing **Bundles**



**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

# lineral Insulatec Heating Cables

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This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for

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nVent RAYCHEM tubing bundle heat-tracing systems. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

#### INTRODUCTION

nVent provides a total solution for heat tracing instrument and small-diameter process lines. nVent RAYCHEM brand RTB tubing bundles are a pre-traced and pre-insulated tubing alternative to field tracing and insulating. RTB systems combine nVent RAYCHEM electric or steam heat tracing with tubing and insulation for a single bundle that can be cut to length in the field.

Typical RTB applications include:

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- Impulse lines to flow transmitters, pressure transmitters, level transmitters, and pressure switches
- Sample lines to analyzers and chromatographs
- · Process lines for steam supply, condensate return, water purge, chemical feed, and air lines

#### SYSTEM OVERVIEW

An RTB system consists of pre-traced and pre-insulated tubing bundles. Each tubing bundle can be configured as single- or dual-tube, as shown below, and can be constructed in various sizes and materials to meet your small-diameter process needs.

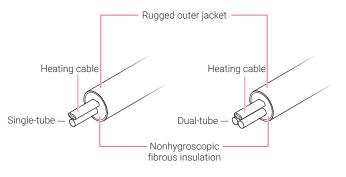


Fig. 1 Tubing bundles, single- and dual-tube construction

Contact your nVent representative for design assistance for the following applications:

- The desired maintain temperature range or process tube size does not appear in Table 3 on page 88, or Table 4 on page 89
- The ambient temperature range is different than -30°C to 38°C (-20°F to 100°F)
- Supply voltages of 208 Vac or 277 Vac are used
- Temperature control is critical

#### **Approvals and Certifications**

nVent RAYCHEM tubing bundle heat-tracing systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations by many agencies. Please refer to the technical datasheets for more details.

#### **PRODUCT SELECTION**

#### Overview

The product selection process involves three basic steps:

- 1. Gather the necessary information.
- 2. Select the tube type.
- 3. Select the product / elements based for your application.

Before beginning, take a moment to understand the structure underlying tubing bundle catalog numbers. You will refer to this numbering convention throughout the product selection process. Based on your application: Electric Traced, Steam Traced, or Pre-insulated Only (PIO), your goal is to determine the tubing bundle catalog number for the product that best suits your needs.

Sample applications will be followed throughout the product selection process.

Control and Monitoring

RTB comes in a variety of configurations. The following chart outlines the elements that constitute a bundle configuration and the corresponding catalog number. Other configurations are available on request.

<u> </u>		
Electric Traced heating options 5B1 = 5BTV1-CT 8B1 = 8BTV1-CT 10B1= 10BTV1-CT 5B2 = 5BTV2-CT 8B2 = 8BTV2-CT 10B2= 10BTV2-CT 5X1 = 5XTV1-CT-T3 10X1= 10XTV1-CT-T3 15X1= 15XTV1-CT-T2 20X1= 20XTV1-CT-T2 5X2 = 5XTV2-CT-T3 10X2= 10XTV2-CT-T3 15X2= 15XTV2-CT-T3 20X2= 20XTV2-CT-T2	<ul> <li>Steam Traced heating options</li> <li>LTS = Low-temperature steam</li> <li>HTS = High-temperature steam</li> </ul>	— Preinsulated Only option PIO = Preinsulate only
Process tube wall thickness		
030 = 0.030 in 10 =	1.0 mm 1.5 mm	
Process tube material           S = Seamless 316 SS         M = N           W = Welded 316 SS         C = C	Monel P = PFA Copper	
Process tubing size $v_8 = v_8$ in $6 = 6$ $v_4 = v_4$ in $8 = 8$ $v_8 = v_8$ in $10 = 10$	mm	
Number of process tubes 1 = Single-tube 2 = Dual-tube		
<ul> <li>* For optional Arctic PVC jacke</li> <li>** Requires the selection of trac tubing, and -XXX- = wall thick</li> </ul>		

#### Examples:

Electric Traced	RTB-2-1/2-S-049-10X1
Steam Traced	RTB-2-1/2-S-049-LTS-3/8-C-035
Preinsulated Only	RTBC-1-1/2-S-049-PI0

#### Fig. 2 Tubing bundle catalog number elements

Steam Tracing

RTB\*-X-XXX-X-XXX-XXX-XXX-X\*\*

Product Selection
1. Gather information

2. Select tube type

 Select the product / elements

## Step 1. Gather the necessary information

First, determine the application that best suits your project, and then go to the respective section that describes the information you will need to gather for that application.

The applications are:

- Electric Traced Lines: For freeze protection and temperature maintenance.
- Steam Traced Lines: For freeze protection and temperature maintenance.
- Pre-insulated Only (PIO) Lines: For steam distribution supply lines, condensate return and personnel protection.

#### For Electric Traced Lines

To select the tubing bundle for electric traces lines, gather and record the following information:

• Required number of process tubes (one or two)

• Required process tubing size (refer to Table 1)	
Required process tube material	
<ul> <li>Required process tube wall thickness</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Desired maintain temperature range (for selection of the heating cable)</li> </ul>	
Service voltage for the heating cable	
<ul> <li>Process operating temperature (for selection of the appropriate materials and heating cable)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Maximum exposure temperature (for selection of the appropriate materials and heating cable)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Temperature class (T-rating) for applications in hazardous locations (for heating cable selection)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Jacket material (see RTB Electric Traced Bundles data sheet [H57179] for options)</li> </ul>	

#### **Example: Electric Traced sample application**

Number of process tubes	2
Process tubing size	½ inch
Process tube material	Stainless steel 316 (seamless)
Process tube wall thickness	0.049 inch
Maintain temperature	10°C (50°F)
Service voltage for heating cable	120 V
Process operating temperature	38°C (100°F)
Maximum exposure temperature	65°C (150°F)
T-rating	Т6
Jacket material	Standard TPU

RTB Tubing Bundles

To select the tubing bundle for steam traced lines, gather and record the following information:

- Required number of process tubes (one or two)
- Required process tubing size (refer to Table 1) \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Required process tube material

For Steam Traced Lines

- Required process tube wall thickness
- Desired maintain temperature range
- Steam pressure
- Steam tracing tubing size, material and wall thickness
- Process operating temperature
- Maximum exposure temperature
- Jacket material (see RTB Steam Traced Bundles data sheet [H58209] for options)

#### Example: Steam Traced sample application

Number of process tubes	2
Process tubing size	½ inch
Process tube material	Stainless steel 316 (seamless)
Process tube wall thickness	0.049 inch
Maintain temperature	10°C (50°F)
Steam pressure	2 Bar (15 psig)
Steam tracing tubing size	¾ inch
Steam tracing tubing material	Copper
Steam tracing wall thickness	0.032 in
Process operating temperature	38°C (100°F)
Maximum exposure temperature	65°C (150°F)
Jacket material	Standard TPU

#### For Pre-insulated ONLY (PIO) Lines

To select the tubing bundles for pre-insulated only (PIO) lines, gather and record the following information:

- Required number of process tubes (only one available)
- Required process tubing size (refer to Table 1)
- Required process tube material
- Required process tube wall thickness
- Process operating temperature
- Maximum exposure temperature
- Jacket material (see RTB Pre-insulated Only (PIO) Tubing data sheet for options)

#### Example: Pre-insulated Only sample application

Number of process tubes	1
Process tubing size	½ inch
Process tube material	Stainless steel 316 (seamless)
Process tube wall thickness	0.049 inch
Process operating temperature	38°C (100°F)
Maximum exposure temperature	65°C (150°F)
Jacket material	Optional Artic PVC

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Appendixe

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#### Step 2. Select the tube type

#### For Electric, Steam and Pre-insulated ONLY (PIO) Lines

The table that follows lists possible RTB combinations of tube size and wall materials. For other configurations, contact your nVent representative.

#### TABLE 1 NVENT RAYCHEM TUBING BUNDLE OPTIONS

	Tubing	size (nor	ninal)					
	1/8"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	6 mm	8 mm	10 mm	12 mm
Tubing wall m	aterial a	nd thickn	ess	J				
Stainless stee	l 316 (se	amless)			_		_	
0.035"	•	•	•	•				
0.049"				•				
0.065"				•				
1.0 mm					•	•	•	•
1.5 mm								•
Stainless stee	l 316 (we	lded)						
0.035"		•	•	•				
Monel 600 (se	amless)		_					
0.035"		•	•					
0.049"				•				
Copper								
0.030"		•						
0.032"			•					
0.049"				•				
1.0 mm					•	•	•	•
PFA Teflon								
0.030"		•	•					
0.060"				•				
1.0 mm					•	•		

#### Example: Electric Traced tube number / size / material selection

Number of process tubes	2 (from Step 1)
Process tubing size	½ inch (from Step 1)
Process tube material	Stainless steel 316 (seamless) (from Step 1)
Process tube wall thickness	0.049 inch (from Step 1)
Catalog number	RTB-2-1/2-S-049-XXXX

Selection of the heating cable will fill in the one element missing from the catalog number of your nVent RAYCHEM brand RTB tubing bundle.

**Product Selection** 

#### **Product Selection**

- 1. Gather information 2. Select tube type
- 3. Select the product / elements

### Step 3. Select the product / elements for your application

### For Electric Traced Lines

nVent RAYCHEM RTB Electric Traced tubing bundles are available with BTV and XTV heating cables. Use BTV heating cables for maintain temperatures up to 32°C (90°F). For higher maintain temperatures or exposure temperatures above 85°C (185°F), use XTV heating cables. Use Table 2 to identify the cable family that meets your maximum continuous and intermittent temperatures. For maintain and exposure temperatures that exceed the maximum for BTV and XTV, contact your nVent representative.

For more detailed heating cable information, please refer to the Self-Regulating Cables design guide (H56882) of the Industrial Heat Tracing Solutions Products & Services Catalogue (H56550).

### TABLE 2 OVERVIEW OF BTV AND XTV HEATING CABLE CHARACTERISTICS

Heating cable	Service voltage	Maximum continuous exposure temperature*	Maximum intermittent exposure temperature **	T-rating/maximum sheath temperature***
BTV1 all types	110/120 Vac	65°C (150°F)	85°C (185°F)	T6 85°C (185°F)
BTV2 all types	208/277 Vac	65°C (150°F)	85°C (185°F)	T6 85°C (185°F)
5XTV1, 10XTV1	110/120 Vac	121°C (250°F)	250°C (482°F)	T3 200°C (392°F)
15XTV1	110/120 Vac	121°C (250°F)	250°C (482°F)	T2D 215°C (419°F)
5XTV2, 10XTV2, 15XTV2	208/277 Vac	121°C (250°F)	250°C (482°F)	T3 200°C (392°F)
20XTV1	110/120 Vac	121°C (250°F)	250°C (482°F)	T2C 230°C (446°F)
20XTV2	208/277 Vac	121°C (250°F)	250°C (482°F)	T2C 230°C (446°F)

\* Heating cable power on (= maximum maintain temperature)

\*\* For 1000 hours intermittent (power on or off)

\*\*\* Higher maximum sheath temperatures have been approved by other agencies

Note: All heating cables have a fluoropolymer outer jacket (CT)

### **Example: Electric Traced selection**

Service voltage for heating cable	120 V (from Step 1)
Process operating temperature	38°C (100°F) (from Step 1)
Maximum exposure temperature	65°C (150°F) (from Step 1)
Appropriate heating cable	BTV1

Appendixes

RAYCHEM-DG-H56886-RTBtubingbundle-EN-2303

### Expected maintain temperature range

Table 3 provides the minimum and maximum expected maintain temperatures of the tubing bundle for ambient temperatures ranging from  $-30^{\circ}$ C to  $38^{\circ}$ C ( $-20^{\circ}$ F to  $100^{\circ}$ F).

Go to the column with the tube size you selected and find the heating cable(s) that will maintain the tubing bundle at your minimum temperature requirement or higher. If more than one heating cable will maintain your application's temperature range, choose the cable with the lowest maximum temperature. A thermostat should be used if the maximum temperature in the table exceeds the maximum desired value. Note the heating cable type and the temperature range.

### TABLE 3PROCESS TUBE MAINTAIN TEMPERATURES (MINIMUM-MAXIMUM)FOR AMBIENT RANGE OF -30°C TO 38°C (-20°F TO 100°F) AT 120/240 V

	6 mm or ¼ in		8 mm		¾ <b>in</b>		10 mm		12 mm or ½ in	
Size	°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)
Single-tube										
5BTV1 and 2	19-52	(66-126)	18-52	(64–125)	16-51	(61-124)	15-51	(60-123)	14-50	(58-122)
8BTV1 and 2	32-58	(90-136)	31-57	(88–135)	29-57	(85-134)	28-56	(83–134)	27-56	(81-133)
5XTV1 and 2	31-92	(87–197)	28-90	(82–194)	26-88	(78–190)	23-87	(74–189)	21-84	(70-184)
10XTV1 and 2	63-110	(145-231)	60-108	(139-226)	56-105	(133-222)	53-105	(128–220)	51-101	(123-214)
15XTV1 and 2	84-126*	(184-250)*	81-123*	(177-250)*	78-120	(172–248)	77-120	(170–247)	71-116	(161-240)
20XTV1 and 2	111-151*	(232-250)*	107-148*	(224-250)*	103-145*	(217-250)*	102-144*	(215-250)*	96-139*	(204-250)*
Dual-tube										
5BTV1 and 2	18-52	(64–125)	16-51	(61-124)	14-50	(58-122)	13-49	(56-121)	12-49	(53-120)
8BTV1 and 2	32-58	(89–136)	30-57	(86–135)	28-56	(82-133)	26-56	(79–132)	24-55	(76-131)
5XTV1 and 2	29-91	(85-196)	25-88	(77-190)	22-85	(71-184)	19-84	(66-183)	16-80	(60-176)
10XTV1 and 2	61-109	(142-228)	56-105	(133–221)	52-102	(125–215)	48-101	(119–213)	44-96	(112-205)
15XTV1 and 2	83-124*	(181-250)*	77-119	(171–247)	73-116	(162-241)	71-115	(160-240)	64-110	(148-230)
20XTV1 and 2	109-149*	(228-250)*	102-144*	(216-250)*	97-140*	(206-250)*	95-139*	(203-250)*	87-132*	(189–250)*

The temperatures included in Table 3 are for approximation. For critical services applications contact your nVent representative.

\* Requires overtemperature line-sensing thermostat to ensure operation below maximum continuous exposure temperature.

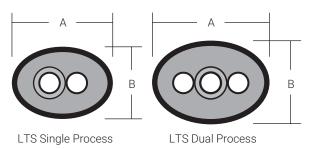
### **Example: Electric Traced selection**

Number of process tubes	2 (from Step 1)
Process tubing size	½ inch (from Step 1)
Process tube material	Stainless steel 316 (seamless) (from Step 1)
Process tube wall thickness	0.049 inch (from Step 1)
Maintain temperature	10°C (50°F) (from Step 1)
Service voltage	120 V (from Step 1)
Selected heating cable type	5BTV1 (from previous page)
Min./max. temperature from table	18°C to 51°C (64°F to 125°F) (from Table 3)
Catalog number	RTB-2-1/2-S-049- <mark>5B1</mark> (RTB-2-1/2-S-049 is derived from Step 2)

### For Steam Traced Lines

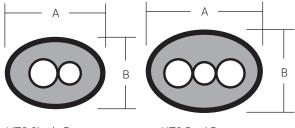
nVent RAYCHEM RTB Steam Traced tubing bundles are designed to use steam as a heating medium. The performance of each type of product is dictated by construction and positioning of the insulation with the finished product.

Light Traced Steam (LTS) applications are constructed by separately insulating the TRACER tubing and creating a fixed separation from the process tube(s). The resulting performance characteristics allow LTS to be ideal for freeze protection of small diameter process lines such as instrument impulse lines and can maintain temperatures up to 95°C (200°F).



### Fig. 3 Light Traced Steam (LTS)

Heavy Traced Steam (HTS) applications are constructed with intimate contact between the TRACER tubing and process tube(s). This construction allows for maximum transfer of heat between the tubes and is ideal for higher maintain applications such as analyzer sample transport and small diameter process lines containing product where temperature maintenance or viscosity control is necessary.



**HTS Single Process** 

**HTS Dual Process** 

Fig. 4 Heavy Traced Steam (HTS)

### TABLE 4 PROCESS TUBE MAINTAIN TEMPERATURES (MINIMUM-MAXIMUM) FOR AMBIENT RANGE OF -30°C TO 38°C (-20°F TO 100°F)

	2 Bar (15 psig	2 Bar (15 psig)		4.4 Bar (50 psig)		sig)
	°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)	°C	(°F)
LTS w/ One ½" process tube						
³%" TRACER	17-65	(62-143)	26-74	(78–165)	35-84	(95–193)
1/2" TRACER	29-71	(84–159)	39-83	(102-181)	51-95	(123-203)
LTS w/ Two 1/2" process tubes						
³⁄8" TRACER	17-65	(62-143)	26-74	(78–165)	35-84	(95–193)
1/2" TRACER	29-71	(84–159)	39-83	(102–181)	51-95	(123-203)
HTS w/ One ½" process tube						
³‰" TRACER	118-119	(244-246)	145-146	(293–294)	175-176	(347-348)
HTS w/ Two ½" process tubes						
³‰" TRACER	118-119	(244-246)	145-146	(293–294)	175-176	(347-348)

The preceding performance data is typical. Considerations regarding various ambient conditions and maximum run length need to be taken into consideration when selecting TRACER size and pressure.

For additional data on performance and run lengths refer to RTB Steam Traced Bundles data sheet (H58209) or contact nVent.

### **Example: Steam Traced selection**

Number of process tubes	2 (from Step 1)
Process tubing size	½ inch (from Step 1)
Process tube material	Stainless steel 316 (seamless) (from Step 1)
Process tube wall thickness	0.049 inch (from Step 1)
Maintain temperature	10°C (50°F) (from Step 1)
Steam pressure	2 Bar (15 psig) (from Step 1)
Steam tracing tubing size	3/8 (from Step 1)
Steam tracing tubing material	Copper (from Step 1)
Steam tracing wall thickness	0.032 inch (from Step 1)
Process operating temperature	38°C (100°F)
Maximum exposure temperature	65°C (150°F)
Catalog number	RTB-2-1/2-S-049-LTS-3/8-C-032

### For Pre-insulated ONLY (PIO) Lines

nVent RAYCHEM RTB Pre-insulated Only (PIO) tubing bundles are designed specifically for liquid and gas transport lines. These products are used where heat loss, weatherproofing, and personnel protection are important. These are an inexpensive and faster alternative to field insulation of small diameter process lines.

Typical usage includes not only liquid and gas transport lines, but also steam supply lines, condensate return lines, energy conservation, weatherproofing, and personnel protection. Temperature limit is a maximum process temperature: 204°C (400°F). Maximum jacket surface temperature is: 60°C (140°F) @ 27°C (80°F) with 16 km/h (10 mph) wind. Minimum recommended slope for steam line condensate run-off is 1/4 inch per foot.

### **TABLE 5 INSTALLATION AND DETAILS**

	Minimum bend	Minimum bend Support centers m (ft) Nominal weight		Nominal dimensions "A"		
	radius cm (in)	Horizontal	Vertical	kg/m (lb/ft)	cm (in)	
One 1/4" process line	20 (8)	1.8 (6)	4.6 (15)	0.30 (0.2)	2.5 (1.0)	A+
One 3/8" process line	20 (8)	1.8 (6)	4.6 (15)	0.45 (0.3)	3.2 (1.2)	
One 1/2" process line	20 (8)	1.8 (6)	4.6 (15)	0.60 (0.4)	3.4 (1.3)	$\bigcirc$

### **Example: Pre-insulated Only selection**

Number of process tubes	1 (from Step 1)
Process tubing size	½ inch (from Step 1)
Process tube material	Stainless steel 316 (seamless) (from Step 1)
Process tube wall thickness	0.049 inch (from Step 1)
Process operating temperature	38°C (100°F)
Maximum exposure temperature	65°C (150°F)
Catalog number	RTBC-1-1/2-S-049-PI0

The creation of a bill of materials involves three basic steps:

- 1. Determine the total length of tubing bundle and heating cable.
- 2. Determine the circuit breaker trip rating for bundle.
- 3. Determine the type and quantity of connection kits, accessories and controllers.

### Step 1. Determine the total length of tubing bundle and heating cable

For electric applications, the length of the heating cable is typically identical to the required length of the tubing bundle. For all applications, be sure the length you order includes an additional one meter (three feet) for each power connection and end seal.

### Step 2. Determine circuit breaker trip rating for bundle

Determine the maximum heating cable length permitted on one circuit breaker. Tables 8 and 9 in the Self-Regulating Cables design guide (H56882) show the maximum heating cable length that may be powered from different-sized circuit breakers for different start-up temperatures. Different electrical codes and standards, refer to the heating cable datasheets applicable in this region.

If the length of your tubing bundle exceeds the maximum circuit length, either increase the rating of the circuit breaker or split the bundle into several circuits.

**Note:** nVent and national electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection to provide maximum safety and protection from fire.

### Example: Circuit breaker trip rating determination

Catalog number	RTB-2-1/2-S-049-5B1 (from Product Selection, Step 3)
Heating cable type	5BTV1 (from Product Selection, Step 3)
Tubing bundle length	46 m (150 ft)
Start-up temperature	0°C (32°F) Default
Circuit breaker size	15 A
Maximum circuit length	42 m (140 ft)
Number of circuits	2

### Bill of Materials 1. Determine length of bundle and cable 2. Determine trip rating 3. Select components, accessories and controllers

Bill of Materials						
1.	Determine length of bundle and cable					
2.	Determine trip rating					
3.	Select components, accessories and controllers					

### MARNING: Fire hazard

There is a danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed. To comply with nVent requirements, certifications, and national electrical codes, and to protect against the risk of fire, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit breakers.

### RAYCHEM-DG-H56886-RTBtubingbundle-EN-2303

## Overview

**Bill of Materials** 

2. Determine trip rating

3. Select components,

accessories and

controllers

Determine length of bundle and cable

1.

# Design Guides Content

### Appendixes Content

WARNING: Fire hazard To prevent fire or shock, nVent RAYCHEM brand specified connection kits must be used. Do not substitute parts or use vinyl electrical tape.

### Step 3. Determine the type and quantity of the connection kits, accessories and controllers

Now that you have determined your circuit-breaker rating and number of circuits, use Table 6 on page 92 to determine the number of connection kits and accessories required. BTV and XTV heating cables must be connected and terminated with appropriate power connection and end seal kits (see figure below).

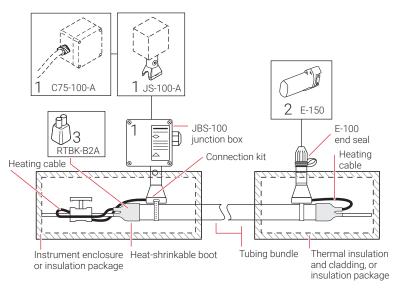


Fig. 5 Tubing bundle connection kits

### TABLE 6 RTB CONNECTION KITS AND ACCESSORY QUANTITIES REQUIRED

Description	Catalog number	Quantity
Connection kits for heating cables		
Power connection kits		1 per circuit
Single entry power connection	JBS-100	
Junction box stand	JS-100	
Gland connection	C75-100-A	
End seals and splice kits*		1 per circuit
End seal, above insulation	E-100	
End seal, with light	E-100-L	
End seal kit (low profile)	E-150	
Splice kits (not shown)	S-150, T-100	As required
Tubing bundle accessories		
Heat-shrinkable boots		1 per connection kit
Boot for single tube	RTB-RTBK-B1A	
Boot for single tube with electric trace	RTB-RTBK-B2A	
Boot for dual tubes with electric trace	RTB-RTBK-B3A	
Heat-shrinkable enclosure entry seal (not	shown)	1 per enclosure entry
Entry seal for single and dual tubes from 1/8"-3/8" (6 mm-10 mm) and 1/2" (12 mm) single tubes	RTB-RTBK-CES4	
Entry seal for $\frac{1}{2}$ " (12 mm) dual tubes	RTB-RTBK-CES5	
Other		As required
Jacket patch kit	RTB-TPKJP-1	
Silicone sealant	RTB-TPKSK-10	

### TABLE 7 AVAILABLE SYSTEM COMPONENTS, ACCESSORIES AND CONTROLLERS

	Demon Connection Vite for Heating Ochle	Electric	Steam	Pre-insulated
System Components	Power Connection Kits for Heating Cable JBS-100 Power connection for one heating cable in nonhazardous, Zone 1, 2 and Division 2 hazardous locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. Requires one pipe strap to be ordered separately.	Traced	Traced	Only
JBS-100	For North America approvals: JBS-100-A (H56827) JBS-100-L-A (with red indicator light)			
	<b>JS-100-A</b> (H56450) Junction box stand for one heating cable in nonhazardous and Division 2 hazardous locations. A separate customer-supplied NEMA 4X junction box is required. Includes cold-applied	V		
JS-100-A	heating cable core seal. Requires one pipe strap to be ordered separately.			
C75-100-A	<b>C75-100-A (North America: H56343)</b> A gland kit used to transition heating cables into a junction box in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. Includes cold- applied heating cable core seal. A terminal block (3 x 12 AWG) is included. This kit does not include the junction box or the conduit.			
	End Seal Kits for Heating Cable	$\checkmark$		
E-100-L	<b>E-100</b> End seal for heating cable in nonhazardous, Zone 1, 2 and Division 2 hazardous locations. Re-enterable. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal. Requires one pipe strap to be ordered separately. Lighted versions for ease of status			
	monitoring are available. For North America approvals: E-100-A (H56829) E-100-L-A (with red indicator light) E-100-L-E			
	(with green indicator light)			
e-150	<b>E-150</b> (North America: H56835); Low-profile end seal for heating cable in nonhazardous, Zone 1, 2 and Division 2 hazardous locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal.	V		
	Splice Kits for Heating Cable	$\checkmark$		
	<b>S-150</b> (North America: H56835)			
	Splice kit for two heating cables in nonhazardous, Zone 1, 2 and Division 2 hazardous locations. Includes cold-applied heating cable core seal.			
S-150	Consult the data sheets in the Technical Data section for more specific information. For attachment and other accessories for the heating cables, please refer to Self-Regulating Cables of the Industrial Heat Tracing Solutions Products & Services Catalogue (H56550).			

Steam Tracing

Technical Data Sheets

System Components	Power Connection Kits for Heating Cable			Electric Traced	Steam Traced	Pre-insulated Only
Accessories						
	Heat-Shrinkable Boots			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
ПТВК-В2А	Used for sealing bundle ends. The boots are designed to provide a weatherproof seal at the end of the tubing bundles. These boots may be used on all electric-traced bundles. For steam-traced bundles, use silicone sealant (TPKSK-10). Use RTBK-B2A for single-tube bundles with electrical heat tracing Use RTBK-B3A for dual-tube bundles with electrical heat tracing					
	Important: Although RTE insulation, all bundle end sealed to keep the insula	ls and jacket pene	trations must be			
	Heat-Shrinkable Entry S	eals		V	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$
	May be used to provide a waterproof fitting where the bundle enters an enclosure or penetrates a bulkhead. The thermally stabilized, modified polyolefin entry seal includes an O-ring assembly that seals at the enclosure, and a heat-shrinkable nose that seals to the bundle.					
RTBK-CES	Heat-Shrinkable Sizing Criteria					
	Tubing size in inches (mm)	Single-tube bundle	Dual-tube bundle			
	1/4"-3/8" (6-10  mm)	RTBK-CES4	RTBK-CES4			
	1/2" (12 mm)	RTBK-CES4	RTBK-CES5			
	Jacket Patch Kits					
TPKJP-1	Must be used for sealing entries. The kit contains hold the insulation in pla patch for weatherproofir	thermal insulatior ce, and a black, se	n, fiberglass tape to			
	Silicone Sealant			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
TPKSK-10	A black silicone RTV sealant used for sealing the ends of the tubing bundle from moisture. Cure time is approximately 24 hours at 25°C (77°F). The 10-ounce (280 g) tube will seal approximately 10 bundle ends. Silicone sealant can be used for either electric or steam-traced bundles.					
	Electric Traced Label			V		
Martin Co	Attach the label to the outside of the thermal insulation weather barrier to indicate presence of electrical heat tracing. Use one label for every 3 meters (10 ft) of pipe, alternating on either side of the pipe.					
	Also, available in other languages. Refer to our website for other regions.					

System Components	Power Connection Kits for Heating Cable	Electric Traced	Steam Traced	Pre-insulated Only	Self-Regulating Heating Cables
NVert RAYCHEM 920	RTB can be operated uncontrolled or with temperature controls that you are using for other heat-tracing applications. Temperature control will be necessary if the maximum value of the temperature range determined in Step 2 exceeds the maximum maintain temperature for the heating cable. For more detail, see the Control and Monitoring design guide	V			Power-Limiting Cables
ELEXANT 4010/40201	design guide (H56889).				Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
NGC-40					Longline Heating
					RTB T Bun

# Tank Heating



RAYCHEM

### **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for nVent RAYCHEM tank heating systems using electric heat tracing cables and tank heating pads. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

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### INTRODUCTION

nVent provides a wide selection of heat-tracing solutions for tanks and vessels. Typical applications for electrical heat tracing of tanks and vessels include:

- Freeze protection of low and medium viscosity fluids (e.g., water, ammonia)
- Temperature maintenance for medium viscosity fluids (e.g., oils, resins)
- Crystallization prevention (e.g., caustic soda)
- · Condensation prevention (e.g., fly ash in conical bases of silos)

Contact nVent for heat-up applications, hazardous locations, heat tracing of high viscosity fluids (e.g. heavy oils), applications where agitation is used, and other nonstandard applications.

Tank heating applications can be quite varied. For this reason, nVent offers a wide range of technologies to optimize your tank and vessel heat-tracing system.

- · Self-regulating heating cables
- · Power-limiting heating cables
- · Mineral insulated series resistance heating cables

A description of the features and benefits of each technology is provided, followed by the design and product selection steps.

nVent RAYCHEM brand self-regulating heating cables (BTV, QTVR, XTVR and HTV) are ideal for tank heating when design and installation flexibility are required. The benefits include:

**Forgiving technology** For over 40 years, these self-regulating heating cables have proven their reliability and remain the premier self-regulating heating cables in the market.

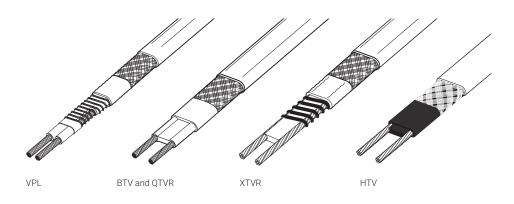
**Easy installation** Because of parallel circuitry and flat cable design, our self-regulating heating cables are easy to handle and install. They can be cut to any length on site and overlapped without the risk of overheating. The cables readily accommodate design adjustments between specifications and actual on-site installation needs.

**Uniform temperatures** Heat is evenly distributed over the heat-traced surface. The self-regulating feature of the heating cable responds to actual conditions of the traced surface. Temperature control is simplified, especially for tanks with fill-height variation.

T-ratings Self-regulating heating cables have a T-rating per national electrical codes.

**Approvals** These self-regulating systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations.

These self-regulating heating cables can be used for maintain temperatures up to 400°F (205°C). Technical information is provided in the data sheets in the Technical Data section of this catalog.





### **Power-Limiting Heating Cables**

nVent RAYCHEM brand power-limiting heating cables (VPL) feature high power output at high maintain temperatures. These flexible heating cables are rated for maintain temperatures up to 455°F (235°C) and exposure temperatures (power off) to 500°F (260°C). Power-limiting heating cables feature:

**Superior temperature capability in a flexible heater** These cables are especially suited to applications requiring high power output at elevated temperatures and requiring field installation flexibility to accommodate small tank structure or design modifications.

Easy installation Cables can be cut to length and terminated in the field.

**Uniform distribution of heat** Heat is evenly and widely distributed over the heat-traced surface.

**Approvals** nVent RAYCHEM power-limiting systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations.

### Mineral Insulated (MI) Series Resistance Heating Cables

Mineral insulated heating cables offer a wide variety of solutions for industrial heat-tracing applications. MI heating cables are series-type heating cables and suitable for maintain temperatures up to 1022°F (550°C) and exposure temperatures up to 1200°F (650°C). MI heating cable is the ideal choice when an application's temperature and power output requirements exceed the capabilities of self-regulating and power-limiting heating cables.

MI heating cables can be used for applications with the following requirements:

- Maintain temperature up to 1022°F (550°C)
- Power output to 61 W/ft (200 W/m)
- Maximum heating cable exposure temperature to 1200°F (650°C)

Higher temperature and power capabilities are available; contact nVent for additional information.

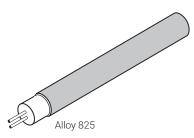


Fig. 2 MI heating cables

Additional technical information can be found in the data sheet in the Technical Data section. Data sheets can be found on nVent.com/RAYCHEM or the Technical data sheet section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Products & Services Catalog (H56550). Refer to the Section 3, Mineral Insulated Cables, design guide (H56884) for more detailed information.

Appendixes

### Overview

Follow the five steps below to select the heating products and create a bill of materials for your tank application. If your tank application requires heat-up or condensation prevention, contact nVent for assistance.

- 1. Gather the necessary application data.
  - Tank type
  - Tank diameter
  - Tank height
  - Tank support
  - Tank insulation type and thickness
  - Maintain temperature
  - Tank contents
- 2. Calculate the tank heat loss.
- 3. Choose the heating technology.
- 4. Product selection.
- 5. Select the thermostatic control.

### Step 1. Gather the necessary data

Gather and record the following information. Alternatively, use the design worksheet in Appendix B to record your application data. You will use this information for the steps that follow.

- Tank type\_\_
- Tank diameter \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Tank height\_\_\_\_
- Tank support \_\_\_\_\_
- Tank insulation type and thickness\_\_\_\_\_\_
- Maintain temperature\_\_\_\_\_\_
- Tank contents \_\_\_\_\_

### Example: Information on three sample applications

Tank typ	e (all)	Vertical cylinder	
Tank diameter (all)		3 ft	
Tank hei	ght (all)	6 ft	
Tank sup	oport (all)	4 legs	
Tank ins	ulation type and thickness (all)	Fiberglass insulation, 2-in	
Tank 1	Maintain temperature	100°F at 0°F ambient	
	Contents	polyol	
Tank 2	Maintain temperature	40°F at 0°F ambient	
	Contents	water	
Tank 3	Maintain temperature	400°F at 0°F ambient	
	Contents	bitumen	

Tank Tracing				
1.	Gather information			
2.	Calculate tank heat loss			
3.	Choose heating technology			
4.	Product selection			
5.	Select thermostatic control			

Tank Tracing				
1.	Gather information			
2.	Calculate tank heat loss			
3.	Choose heating technology			
4.	Product selection			
5.	Select thermostatic control			

	Tank Tracing
1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate tank heat loss
3.	Choose heating technology
4.	Product selection
5.	Select thermostatic control

### Step 2. Calculate the tank heat loss

The tank's thermal heat loss determines the power needed to maintain the tank at the desired temperature. To determine the heat loss, see "Tank Heat Loss Calculation" section, for formulas and tables. Using these resources, the heat loss of the example tanks was found to be:

### **Example: Results of tank heat loss calculations**

Tank 1:	$Q_{total}$ = 458 W (from Tank Heat Loss calculation)
Tank 2:	$Q_{total}$ = 178 W (from Tank Heat Loss calculation)
Tank 3:	$Q_{total}$ = 2070 W (from Tank Heat Loss calculation)

### Step 3. Choose the heating technology

nVent offers a range of tank heating solutions.

Table 1 provides a rough guide for the selection of technologies for different applications. The continuing discussion that follows will help you understand and select the appropriate technology when more than one product choice is available or when an application does not easily fit those defined in the table.

Your choice of heating method depends on factors such as:

- · Required maintain and exposure temperatures
- · Material of the tank wall (metal or plastic)
- · Temperature sensitivity and viscosity of the tank contents
- Whether or not the tank is agitated
- · Additional requirements such as heat-up or prevention of condensation

### TABLE 1 PRODUCT SELECTION GRID

	Self-re	Self-regulating		
Application or requirement	вти	QTVR, XTVR, HTV	Power- limiting VPL	Mineral insulated MI
Flexible field design required	•	•	•	
Plastic tank wall	•	(QTV only)		
Plastic-lined tank wall	•	(QTV only)		
Even heat to all walls needed	•	•	•	
Maintain temperature more than 120°F (49°C)	•	•	•	•
Maintain temperature more than 200°F (93°C)		•	•	•
Maintain temperature more than 400°F (205°C)			•	•
Low installed cost desired				
High watt density needed		•	•	•
Distributed high watt density needed			•	•
Temperature-sensitive fluids	•	•		
Condensation prevention	•	•	•	•
Small-diameter stagnant tanks	•	•		
Limited tank surface area available			•	•
High heat-loss tanks			•	•

<u>Appendixes</u>

### Self-Regulating Heating Cables

### Uses

- Tanks containing temperature-sensitive fluids
- Tank materials such as PVC or PE
- Applications requiring uniform heating (condensation prevention)
- Tanks with unusual shapes to trace

### Advantages

- Very flexible design and installation
  - Cables can be installed on any type of tank surface
  - Cables adapt to any shape or surface
  - Cables allow tracing with more power on high heat loss areas just reduce the spacing between the heating cables in those areas
  - Cables can be cut to length in the field
- Even heat distribution due to larger heated surface
- · Very smooth heating for tank walls with a low withstand temperature

### Power-Limiting Heating Cables

### Uses

- Tanks containing fluids that are less temperature sensitive
- Tanks with high heat loss, and where flexibility in installation is a premium
- Tanks with a maintain temperature between 300°F (150°C) and 300°F (150°C)

### Advantages

- Very flexible design and installation
  - Cables can be installed on any type of tank surface
  - Cables adapt to any shape or surface
  - Cables allow tracing with more power on high heat loss areas just reduce the spacing between the heating cables in those areas
  - Cables can be cut to length in the field
- Even heat distribution due to larger heated surface
- · Very smooth heating for tank walls with a low withstand temperature

### **Mineral Insulated Heating Cables**

### Uses

- Maintain temperatures above 300°F (150°C)
- Exposure temperatures above 500°F (260°C)
- · Tanks with high heat loss or high power requirements at elevated temperatures

### Advantages

- Flexible design and installation
  - Cables can be installed on any type of tank surface
  - Cables can adapt to any shape or surface
  - Cables allow tracing with more power on high heat-loss areas just reduce the spacing between the heating cables in those areas
- Even heat distribution due to larger heated surface
- Capability for high power output and density

Appendixes

	Tank Tracing
1.	Gather information
2.	Calculate tank heat loss
3.	Choose heating technology
4.	Product selection
5.	Select thermostatic control

### Step 4. Product selection

When you have determined the most appropriate heating technology for your application, proceed to:

Step4a Product selection for self-regulating and power-limiting heating cables

Step4b Product selection for mineral insulated heating cables

### Example:

Tank 1: We recommend the use of self-regulating heating cables.

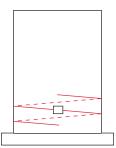
Tank 2: We recommend the use of MI mineral insulated heating cables.

### Step 4a Product selection for self-regulating and power-limiting heating cables

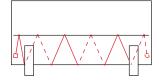
### **Overview**

- Orientation of tank
- · Spacing and arrangement of the heating cables
- · Traced surface
  - Vertical cylindrical tanks
  - Horizontal cylindrical tanks
  - Conical outlets
- Thermal design for heating cables
  - Determine heating cable compatible with your tank application
  - Select heating cable with the lowest maximum exposure temperature
  - Adjust for aluminum tape attachment
  - Determine minimum required length of heating cable
  - Determine cable distribution
- Electrical design of heating cable
  - Determine maximum allowable circuit length of heating cable
  - Adjust for aluminum tape attachment
  - Ground-fault protection
- · Heating cable component selection

The heating cable you select and the length of cable you will need depend on the orientation of the tank and the spacing and arrangement of the heating cables.









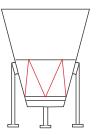


Fig. 5 Heating cable arrangement on a truncated cone

### DETERMINATION OF THE TRACED SURFACE

#### Vertical cylindrical tanks

Vertical cylindrical tanks are traced on the lower one-third of the side wall (maximum half) and the bottom (if accessible).

#### Horizontal cylindrical tanks

Horizontal cylindrical tanks are traced on a third of the bottom (maximum half).

#### **Conical outlets**

Conical outlets of vessels are often traced to prevent condensation inside. We recommend that the entire surface of the conical outlet be traced and additional tracing is recommended on heat sinks, such as fixings/supports. Heat sinks should be thermally isolated. Because the surface area of the conical outlet is often much smaller than the rest of the vessel, it may be necessary to extend the tracing beyond the conical area in order to fully compensate for the heat loss.

### THERMAL DESIGN USING HEATING CABLES

### Determine the heating cable families compatible with your tank application

To select a heating cable that is compatible with your application, familiarize yourself with the selection process for pipes as outlined in Section 1, Self-Regulating Cables design guide (H56882) and Section 2, Power-Limiting Cables design guide (H56883). Considering factors such as exposure temperature, maintain temperature, wall material, hazardous location requirements, etc., list all heating cable families that would be compatible with your tank application – e.g., BTV, QTVR, XTVR, HTV, VPL. The power outputs for the different heating cables are found in the Self-Regulating Cables and Power-Limiting Cables design guides.

### Select the heating cable with the lowest maximum exposure temperature

Use the heating cable with the lowest possible maximum exposure temperature. Within each heating cable family, start with the cable that has the highest power output.

### **Example: Heating cable selection**

Tank 1

Maintenance temperature	100°F maintain (from Step 1)	
Heat loss	458 W (from Step 2)	
Recommended cable	nVent RAYCHEM 10BTV2-CR	

### Adjust for aluminum tape attachment

For optimal heat transfer, the heating cable must be fixed to the tank wall (both metal and plastic) with aluminum tape. For self-regulating cables on metal tanks, this leads to an increase in the power output; on plastic tanks, the much lower thermal conductivity of plastic requires a de-rating of the power output of the cables. Table 2 below provides approximate adjustment factors for the power.

### TABLE 2APPROXIMATE POWER OUTPUT CHANGE FOR HEATING CABLESATTACHED WITH ALUMINUM TAPE AT-180

Heating cable	Adjustment factor on metal tanks	Adjustment factor on polypropylene tanks	Adjustment factor on fiber-reinforced plastic tanks
BTV	1.20	0.70	0.80
QTVR	1.20	N/R	N/R
XTVR/HTV	1.15	N/R	N/R
VPL	1	N/R	N/R

N/R Not recommended due to temperature limitations of tank wall.

Multiply the power output at the maintain temperature (Pheater) by the appropriate adjustment factor fadj from Table 2 above.

Formula:  $P_{adj} = P_{heater} \times f_{adj}$ 

### Example: Calculating the adjusted power of the heating cable (P<sub>adi</sub>)

Input Pheater = 3.7 W/ft (10BTV2-CR power output at 100°F)

Input	$f_{adj} = 1.20$ (from Table 2)	

Calculation  $P_{adi} = 3.7 \text{ W/ft} \times 1.20$ 

 $P_{adj}$  = 4.4 W/ft for 10BTV2-CR at 100°F

Divide the total heat loss  $(Q_{total})$  by the adjusted power of the heating cable  $(P_{adj})$  at the desired maintain temperature to obtain the minimum required length (L<sub>heater</sub>).

Formula  $L_{heater} = \frac{Q_{total} (W)}{P_{adi} (W/ft)}$  (round up)

### Example: Calculating the minimum required cable length (L<sub>heater</sub>)

Input  $Q_{total} = 458 \text{ W}$  (from Step 2)

Input P<sub>adj</sub> = 4.4 W/ft (from previous calculation)

Calculation  $L_{heater} = \frac{458 \text{ W}}{4.4 \text{ W/ft}}$  (round up)

 $L_{heater} = 104 \text{ ft} (rounded up)$ 

Next, determine how to distribute cable over the surface you wish to trace. An average spacing of the heating cable  $(T_{average})$  can be calculated by dividing the traced surface  $(S_{traced})$  by the total length of the heating cable  $(L_{heater})$ .

Formula  $T_{average} = \frac{S_{traced} (ft^2)}{L_{heater} (ft)}$  (round up)

### **Example: Determining cable distribution**

For our vertical cylinder tank (3 ft diameter, 6 ft high), tracing the lower one-third of the wall of the tank:

Input Straced = 3 ft x 3.14 x 2 ft (as determined in Step 4a)

Input L<sub>heater</sub> = 104 ft (from previous calculation)

$$T_{\text{average}}(\text{ft}) = \frac{(3 \text{ ft} \times 3.14 \times 2 \text{ ft})}{104 \text{ ft}} = \frac{(18.8 \text{ sq ft})}{104 \text{ ft}} = 0.18 \text{ ft} (2.2 \text{ in})$$

In this case, the result is close to the minimum spacing interval, so some of the tracing may be placed on the bottom of the tank. The spacing should be reduced locally to bring more power to areas that require more heat, such as supports and fixings. The maximum spacing should typically not be more than 12 inches (~300 mm). Do not space adjacent heating cable closer than two inches (50 mm), because interaction will occur and power output will decrease.

By changing the heating cable and the spacing in the calculation, you can obtain the solution that best fits the specific requirements of your tank application.

### **ELECTRICAL DESIGN OF HEATING CABLE**

#### Determine maximum allowable circuit length

To determine the maximum allowable circuit length of your heating cable, refer to the data sheet in the Technical Data sectionon the nVent web site for that heating cable. For metal tanks, however, the maximum circuit length needs to be reduced by the appropriate factor shown in Table 3 because of the use of the aluminum tape and the increased power. For plastic tanks, the maximum circuit length need not be adjusted.

#### Adjust for aluminum tape

### TABLE 3 APPROXIMATE ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH OF SELF-REGULATING HEATING CABLES ON METAL SURFACES ATTACHED WITH AT-180 ALUMINUM TAPE

Heating cable	Circuit length adjustment factor on metal tanks
BTV	0.8
QTVR	0.8
XTVR/HTV	0.83

### A WARNING: Fire hazard

There is a danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed. To comply with nVent requirements, certifications, and national electrical codes, and to protect against the risk of fire, groundfault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit breakers.

Simply multiply the allowed footage shown on the heating cable data sheet in the Technical Data sectionon the web siteby this factor to determine the footage that can be installed on a given breaker size.

### CONNECTION KIT SELECTION FOR SELF-REGULATING AND **POWER-LIMITING CABLES**

Now that you have determined your heating cable type and length, use the following chart to select the proper connection kits.

Note: nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end seals. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

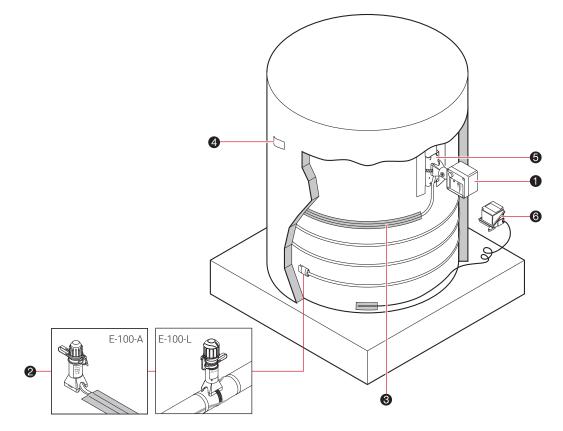


Fig. 6 Tank-tracing system connection kits and accessories

### **WARNING:** Fire hazard

To prevent fire or shock, nVent RAYCHEM brand specified connection kits must be used. Do not substitute parts or use vinyl electrical tape.

### **TABLE 4 CONNECTION KIT AND ACCESSORY SELECTION FOR** SELF-REGULATING AND POWER-LIMITING CABLES

Description	Catalog number
Connection kits	
1. Power connection kit (not shown)	JBS-100-A
Power connection kit with light	JBS-100-L-A
Splice connection (not shown)	S-150 (not for use with VPL and HTV)
2. End seal	
Below insulation	E-150 (not for use with VPL and HTV)
Above insulation	E-100-A
Above insulation, with light	E-100-L-A (100-277 V)
Accessories	
3. Aluminum tape	AT-180
4. Labels	ETL
5. Support bracket	SB-100-T
Controls	
6. Thermostat (see Control and Monitoring des	ign guide (H56889))



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 Tank Tracing

 1. Gather information

 Tank Tracing

 1. Gather information

2. Calculate tank

3. Choose heating technology

4. Product selection

5. Select thermostatic

heat loss

control

2. Calculate tank

 heat loss

 3. Choose heating technology

 4. Product selection

 5. Select thermostatic control

### Step 4b Product selection for mineral insulated heating cables

For MI product selection and design, refer to Mineral Insulated Heating Cables design guide (H56884) or contact your nVent representative.

### Step 5. Select the thermostatic control

There are two kinds of sensors for indicating temperature: "in-fluid" and "on-surface."

The "in-fluid" approach typically uses a thermowell protruding through the tank wall and into the fluid. Control of the heater is achieved by using a solid-state control device that receives its input from an RTD inside the thermowell.

The "on-surface" approach uses RTDs or bulb and capillary thermostats to control tank heaters by sensing temperatures on the outside surface of the tank wall. Sensors should be located midway between heating cables or heating pads. If your application has high heat-loss supports or accessories, place the primary sensor midway between the heating pad or cable and the support or accessory. The primary temperature sensor should be placed horizontally on the tank, refer to "Fig. 7".

For more details regarding the many options in control devices see Control and Monitoring design guide (H56889).

The Tank Tracing Design and Product Selection section presented a general approach to selecting a heat-tracing system for a tank or vessel. The tank heat loss can be calculated by using the graphs and equations on the following pages. The approach for the calculation is based on those in the TraceCalc Pro design software.

The overall heat loss  $(Q_T)$  of an insulated tank can be expressed as:

$$Q_{\rm T} = Q_{\rm V} + Q_{\rm S} + Q_{\rm A}$$

where:

 $Q_v$  = Heat loss through the insulated body of the tank

 $Q_s$  = Heat loss through the tank support mechanism (slab, legs, saddle, or

other base support)

 $Q_A$  = Heat loss through accessories such as manholes, handholds, ladders, or handrails

To calculate the tank's overall heat loss  $(Q_T)$ , follow these six steps:

- 1. Calculate the surface area of the tank.
- 2. Calculate the  $Q_v$  (heat loss through the insulated body of the tank).
- 3. Calculate the  $Q_s$  (heat loss through the base support).
- 4. Calculate the  $Q_A$  (heat loss through the accessories).
- 5. Calculate the  $Q_T$  (overall heat loss).
- 6. Calculate the final-design heat loss.

The heat-loss rates for insulated tank bodies (see "Table 6" and "Graph 1") are based on the following IEEE 515 provisions:

- · Fiberglass insulation
- Tank located outdoors
- No insulating airspace between the tank surface and insulation

The tank body heat loss rates in Table 6 and Graph 1 assume a tank that is completely full and insulated with a minimum of one inch of fiberglass. However, Table 7 provides factors for adjusting the tank body heat loss for insulations other than fiberglass.

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Calculation

1. Calculate surface area of tank

2. Calculate Q<sub>v</sub>

3. Calculate Q<sub>s</sub>

4. Calculate Q<sub>A</sub>

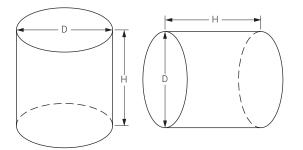
5. Calculate Q<sub>T</sub>

 Calculate final design heat loss

### Step 1. Calculate the surface area of the tank

### **Cylinder Surface Area**

The surface area of the cylindrical tank is equal to the area of the body  $(A_{body})$  plus the area of both ends of the tank  $(A_{end})$ , or, in the case of a vertical cylinder resting on a slab, the area of the tank body (Abody) plus the area of the top  $(A_{end})$ . If the tank is a vertical cylinder resting on a slab, do not add in the bottom area at this point.



### Fig. 7 Cylinder surface areas

To calculate the total surface area (Av) of the tank cylinder:

Calculate the surface area of the body:

$$(A_{body}) = \pi DH$$

· Calculate the surface area of one or both ends:

 $(A_{end}) = \pi D^2/4$  or  $(A_{end}) = (\pi D^2/4) \times 2$ 

· Add the results.

Table 5 below provides both the end and body areas of cylindrical tanks 6 to 20 feet in diameter and 8 to 25 feet high.

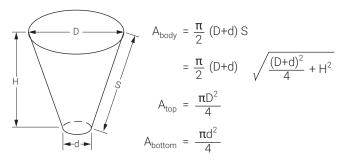
### TABLE 5 CYLINDRICAL TANK SURFACE AREAS

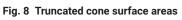
		Abod	y (ft²)																
D	Aend	H (ft)																	
(ft)	(ft <sup>2</sup> )	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
6	29	151	170	189	208	227	245	264	283	302	321	340	359	311	396	415	434	453	471
7	39	176	198	220	242	264	286	308	330	352	374	396	418	440	462	484	506	528	550
8	51	202	227	252	277	302	327	352	377	403	427	452	478	503	528	553	579	604	629
9	64	227	255	283	311	340	368	396	425	453	481	509	538	566	594	622	650	679	707
10	79	252	283	315	346	377	409	440	472	503	535	565	597	629	660	692	723	754	786
11	95	277	311	346	381	415	450	484	519	553	588	622	657	692	726	761	795	830	864
12	114	302	340	377	415	453	491	528	566	604	641	679	717	754	792	830	868	905	943
13	133	327	368	409	450	491	531	572	613	654	695	736	776	817	858	899	940	981	1021
14	154	352	396	440	484	528	572	616	660	704	748	792	836	880	924	968	1012	1055	1100
15	177	377	425	472	519	566	613	660	707	754	802	849	896	943	990	1037	1084	1131	1179
16	202	403	453	503	553	604	654	704	754	805	855	905	955	1006	1056	1106	1157	1207	1257
17	227	427	481	535	588	641	695	748	802	855	908	962	1015	1069	1121	1175	1229	1282	1336
18	255	452	509	565	622	679	736	792	849	905	962	1018	1075	1131	1188	1244	1301	1357	1414
19	284	478	538	597	657	717	776	836	896	955	1015	1075	1135	1194	1254	1314	1373	1433	1493
20	315	503	566	629	692	754	817	880	943	1006	1069	1131	1194	1257	1320	1383	1446	1508	1571

Note: For the area of a horizontal tank, add the area of both ends.

The total surface area  $(A_{\!_V})$  of a truncated cone tank (Fig. 8) is calculated as follows:

- $(A_v) = (A_{body}) + (A_{top}) + (A_{bottom})^*$
- $\star$  Do not include (A\_{\mbox{\tiny bottom}}) if the bottom of the tank is resting on a slab.





### Step 2. Calculate the Qv (heat loss through the insulated tank body)

### PREPARATION

Calculating the  $Q_{\rm V}$  requires the following tank information:

- Maintain temperature  $(T_M)$
- Minimum ambient temperature  $(T_A)$
- Insulation thickness

### CALCULATION

Use the maintain and minimum ambient temperatures to arrive at the temperature differential. With the  $\Delta T$  and the insulation thickness, calculate the  $Q_V$ :

Obtain  $\Delta T$  by subtracting the minimum ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>) from the maintain temperature (T<sub>M</sub>):

$$\bigtriangleup \mathsf{T} = (\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{M}}) - (\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}})$$

Determine the heat loss rate  $(q_v)$  for the application. Table 6 shows the heat-loss rates  $(q_v)$  for typical temperature differentials and insulation thicknesses.

Determine the f insulation adjustment factor. Table 7 provides insulation factors for the most commonly used tank insulations.

Calculate the total heat loss through the tank body:

 $Q_v = A_v \times q_v \times f$  (insulation adjustment factor)

### TABLE 6 HEAT LOSS RATE (Q<sub>v</sub>) PER SQUARE FOOT (WATTS/FT<sup>2</sup>)

	Insulation t	Insulation thickness								
ΔT °F (°C)	1" (25 mm)	1.5" (38 mm)	2" (51 mm)	3" (76 mm)	4" (102 mm)					
50 (10)	3.4	2.3	1.7	1.2	0.9					
100 (38)	7.1	4.8	3.6	2.4	1.8					
150 (66)	11.0	7.5	5.6	3.7	2.8					
200 (93)	15.3	10.3	7.7	5.2	3.9					
250 (121)	20.0	13.5	10.2	6.8	5.1					
300 (149)	24.9	16.8	12.7	8.5	6.5					

### RAYCHEM-DG-H56887-TankHeating-EN-2311

Tank Heat Loss Calculation

1. Calculate surface area of tank

2. Calculate Q<sub>v</sub>

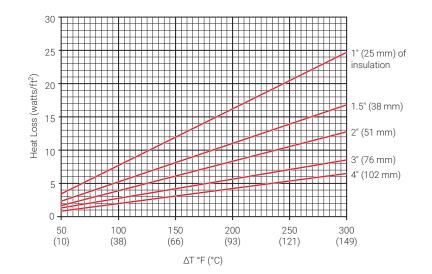
3. Calculate Q<sub>s</sub>

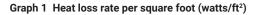
4. Calculate Q<sub>A</sub>

5. Calculate  $Q_T$ 

6. Calculate final

design heat loss





### TABLE 7 INSULATION ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR TYPICAL INSULATIONS

Insulation types	Insulation adjustment factor	k factor*
Fiberglass	1.00	0.219
Cellular glass	1.36	0.298
Calcium silicate (Type 1)	1.76	0.386
Expanded perlite	2.13	0.466
Flexible elastomer	1.25	0.273
Mineral fiber blanket	1.64	0.360
Polyisocyanurate	0.87	0.19
Rigid polyurethane, W	0.87	0.19
Rigid polyurethane, spray	0.73	0.16
Rock wool/mineral wool	1.00	0.219

\* Based on a 50°F (10°C) mean temperature with units Btu/hr–°F–ft²/in

### Tank Heat Loss Calculation 1. Calculate surface area of tank 2. Calculate Qv

### 3. Calculate $Q_s$

- 4. Calculate  $Q_A$
- 5. Calculate  $Q_T$
- 6. Calculate final design heat loss

### **Step 3**. Calculate the Q<sub>s</sub> (heat loss through the base support)

The following heat loss tables and accompanying graphs (Graph 2–Graph 5) provide typical base-support heat losses ( $\rm Q_{S}$ ) through the following types of base supports:

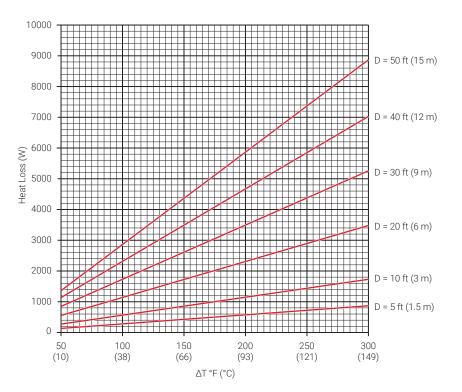
- Concrete slab or earth foundation
- Legs
- Concrete saddles
- Uninsulated skirt

### CONCRETE SLAB OR EARTH FOUNDATION

Based on the  $\Delta T$  and tank diameter, select the  $Q_{\rm s}$  from Table 8 or Graph 2 below.

### TABLE 8 HEAT LOSS (W) FOR A CONCRETE SLAB OR EARTH FOUNDATION

Tank diameter	ΔΤ °F (°C)										
ft (m)	50 (10)	100 (38)	150 (66)	200 (93)	250 (121)	300 (149)					
5 (1.5)	137	278	451	566	711	857					
10 (3)	283	573	864	1154	1452	1703					
20 (6)	566	1163	1760	2325	2922	3488					
30 (9)	848	1767	2616	3535	4383	5231					
40 (12)	1131	2388	3518	4649	5906	7037					
50 (15)	1374	2945	4320	5891	7265	8836					



Graph 2 Heat loss (W) for a concrete slab or earth foundation

Appendixes

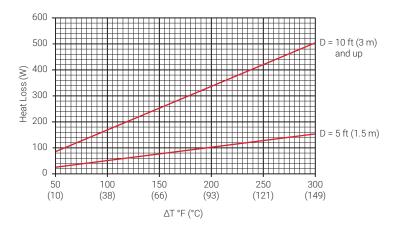
### LEGS

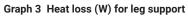
Determine the heat loss for legs  $(Q_s)$  as follows:

- Based on the  $\Delta T$  and tank diameter, select the heat loss from the Table 9 or Graph 3.
- Multiply the heat loss by the number of legs.

### TABLE 9 HEAT LOSS (W) FOR A LEG SUPPORT

Tank diameter	ΔT °F (°C)						
ft (m)	50 (10)	100 (38)	150 (66)	200 (93)	250 (121)	300 (149)	
5 (1.5)	26	52	77	103	129	155	
10 (3) and above	85	169	351	336	420	505	





### Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limit Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

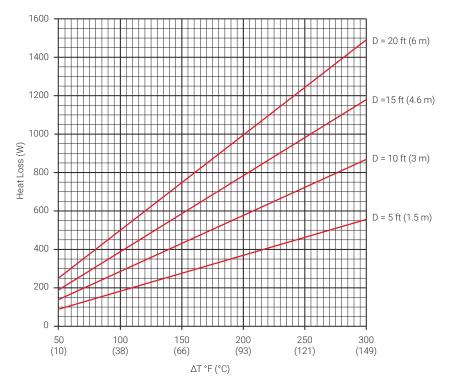
### **CONCRETE SADDLES**

Determine the heat loss for saddles (Qs) as follows:

- Based on the  $\Delta T$  and tank diameter, select the heat loss (Qs) from Table 10 or Graph 4.
- Multiply the heat loss by the number of saddle supports.

### TABLE 10 HEAT LOSS (W) FOR A CONCRETE SADDLE

Tank diameter	ΔΤ °F (°C)						
ft (m)	50 (10)	100 (38)	150 (66)	200 (93)	250 (121)	300 (149)	
5 (1.5)	93	186	275	368	461	553	
10 (3)	145	290	430	576	721	866	
15 (4.6)	198	395	586	783	981	1179	
20 (6)	250	500	741	991	1241	1491	



Graph 4 Heat loss (W) for a concrete saddle

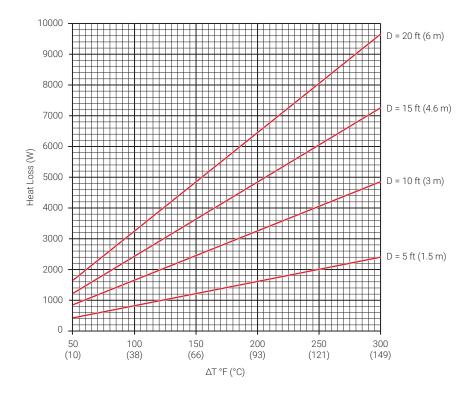
Steam Tracin

### UNINSULATED SKIRT

Based on the  $\Delta T$  and tank diameter, select the Qs from Table 11 or Graph 5.

### TABLE 11 HEAT LOSS (W) FOR AN UNINSULATED SKIRT

Tank diameter	ΔΤ °F (°C)						
ft (m)	50 (10)	100 (38)	150 (66)	200 (93)	250 (121)	300 (149)	
5 (1.5)	402	805	1193	1595	1998	2400	
10 (3)	806	1612	2389	3195	4000	4806	
15 (4.6)	1209	2419	3585	4794	6003	7212	
20 (6)	1613	3225	4780	6393	8006	9619	



Graph 5 Heat loss (W) for an uninsulated skirt

Tank Heat Loss Calculation
<ol> <li>Calculate surface area of tank</li> </ol>
2. Calculate Q <sub>v</sub>
3. Calculate $Q_s$
4. Calculate Q <sub>A</sub>
5. Calculate $Q_T$
6. Calculate final

design heat loss

### Step 4. Calculate the $Q_A$ (heat loss through the accessories)

# **Appendixes**

The following heat loss tables and accompanying charts provide typical accessory
heat losses ( $Q_s$ ) through the following types of accessories:
Manholes

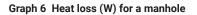
- Handholes
- Ladders
- Handrails

### MANHOLES

Select the heat loss for a manhole from Table 12 or Graph 6. The heat loss is based on a 2-foot diameter cover and a 1-foot tall base. The base and cover are uninsulated.

### TABLE 12 HEAT LOSS (W) FOR A MANHOLE

		ΔT °F (°C)	ΔT °F (°C)					
		50 (10)	100 (38)	150 (66)	200 (93)	250 (121)	300 (149)	
Heat	loss (W)	564	1120	1680	2237	2807	3401	
Heat Loss (W)	3500 3000 2500 2000 1500							
-	1000	100	150	200 25	50 300			



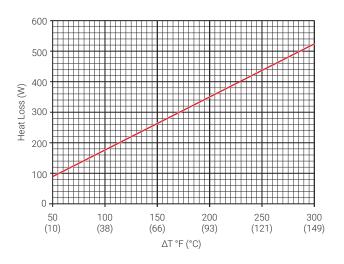
### HANDHOLES

Calculate the heat loss for handholes as follows:

- Select the heat loss from Table 13 or Graph 7 based on the  $\Delta$ T. Heat loss is based on a 0.5 foot diameter, uninsulated surface.
- Multiply the heat loss you select by the number of handholes.

### TABLE 13 HEAT LOSS FOR A HANDHOLE

	ΔT °F (°C)					
	50 (10)	100 (38)	150 (66)	200 (93)	250 (121)	300 (149)
Heat loss (W)	90	178	265	351	437	526



Graph 7 Heat loss (W) for a handhole

### **Step 5.** Calculate the $Q_T$ (overall heat loss)

Add the heat-loss rates (Q $_{V}$  Q $_{S}$  and Q $_{A}$ ) from Steps 2, 3, and 4.

Outdoor application:

 $Q_T = Q_V + Q_S + Q_A$ Indoor application:

 $Q_{T} = 0.9 \times (Q_{V} + Q_{S} + Q_{A})$ 

### Step 6. Calculate the final design heat loss

nVent recommends that the final design heat loss should include a 20 percent safety factor.

 $Q_F$  (Final design heat loss) =  $Q_T \times 1.20$ 

Note that this same heat-loss calculation approach should be used for insulated polypropylene and fiber-reinforced plastic (FRP) tanks.

	Tank Heat Loss Calculation
1.	Calculate surface area of tank
2.	$\text{Calculate } Q_{v}$
3.	Calculate Q <sub>s</sub>
4.	Calculate Q <sub>A</sub>
5.	Calculate $Q_{\tau}$
6.	Calculate final design heat loss

Tank Heat Loss Calculation					
1.	Calculate surface area of tank				
2.	$\text{Calculate}  Q_v$				
3.	Calculate Q <sub>s</sub>				
4.	Calculate Q <sub>A</sub>				
5.	Calculate $Q_{\mathrm{T}}$				
6.	Calculate final design heat loss				

# Snow Melting and De-Icing



**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

This section provides an overview of nVent RAYCHEM Snow Melting and De-Icing systems. For detailed information on snow melting design, refer to the MI Surface Snow Melting Design Guide (H57045) or the ElectroMelt Surface Snow Melting Design Guide (H53393). For detailed information on roof and gutter de-icing design, refer to the IceStop Roof and Gutter De-icing Design Guide (H56070). For additional information, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

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IceStop Self-Regulating Heating Cables IceStop System	123

### **INTRODUCTION**

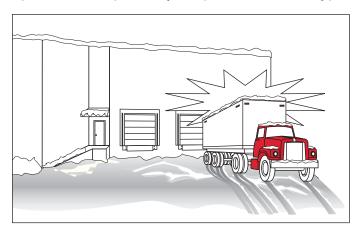
Snow and ice can create many problems for the industrial marketplace including delayed shipments due to frozen loading docks and safety hazards due to icicle formation. nVent provides several snow melting and de-icing solutions for these problems. Typical benefits served by these products include:

- · Reduced liability
- Fewer costly repairs
- · Reduced potential for lost business
- Increased safety
- Enhanced appearance

A description of typical snow melting and de-icing applications and details on the appropriate system offerings follows.

### Applications

In winter, snow and ice can accumulate on surfaces and create hazards to people and vehicles. nVent's snow melting systems can be used to melt snow in a variety of areas, such as sidewalks, stairways, driveways, ramps, and helicopter landing pads, avoiding expensive vehicle repairs, delayed shipments, and increasing personnel safety.



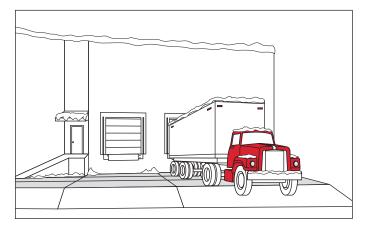


Fig. 1 Examples of a typical snow melting application

### **Product offerings**

Snow melting applications can be quite varied. For this reason, nVent offers two products utilizing different technologies to provide an optimized system for your snow melting needs. Both technologies are proven and reliable.

- Mineral Insulated (MI) heating cables
- ElectroMelt self-regulating heating cables

To determine which product suits your application, contact your nVent representative or call 800-545-6258.

### Approvals

nVent RAYCHEM snow melting systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations by many agencies. Please refer to the technical datasheets for more details.

Technical Data Sheets Content Standard surface snow melting MI heating cables are comprised of a single conductor surrounded by magnesium oxide insulation, a solid copper sheath, and an extruded Low-Smoke Zero-Halogen (LSZH) jacket. The LSZH jacket protects the copper sheath from corrosive elements that can exist in surface snow melting applications.

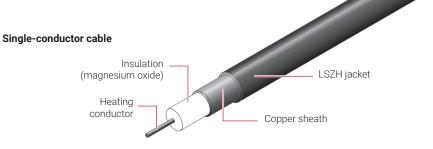


Fig. 2 MI heating cable construction

### **MI Snow Melting System**

RAYCHEM-DG-H56888-SnowMeltingDelcing-EN-2303

A typical MI snow melting system includes the components shown below. For detailed design information, refer to the MI Surface Snow Melting Design Guide (H57045).

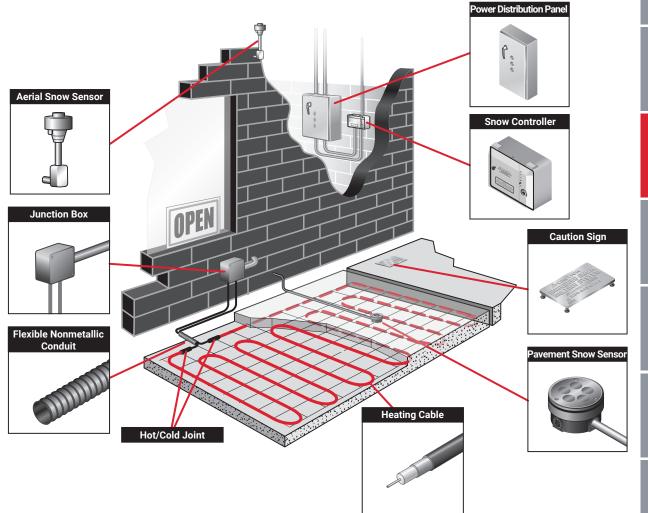


Fig. 3 Typical MI snow melting system

Appendixes

### **ElectroMelt Self-Regulating Heating Cables**

The ElectroMelt self-regulating heating cable is embedded in concrete pavement to melt snow and ice that might otherwise accumulate on the surface. The heating cable responds to the local concrete temperature, increasing heat output when concrete temperature drops and decreasing heat output when concrete temperature rises. The self-regulating heating cable cannot overheat and destroy itself, even if overlapped in the concrete, and therefore does not require the use of overlimit thermostats.

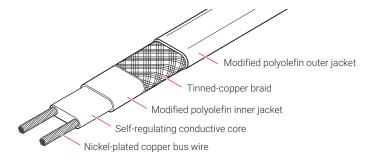


Fig. 4 ElectroMelt heating cable construction

### ElectroMelt Snow Melting System

A typical ElectroMelt system includes the components shown below. For detailed design information, refer to the ElectroMelt Surface Snow Melting System Design Guide (H53393).

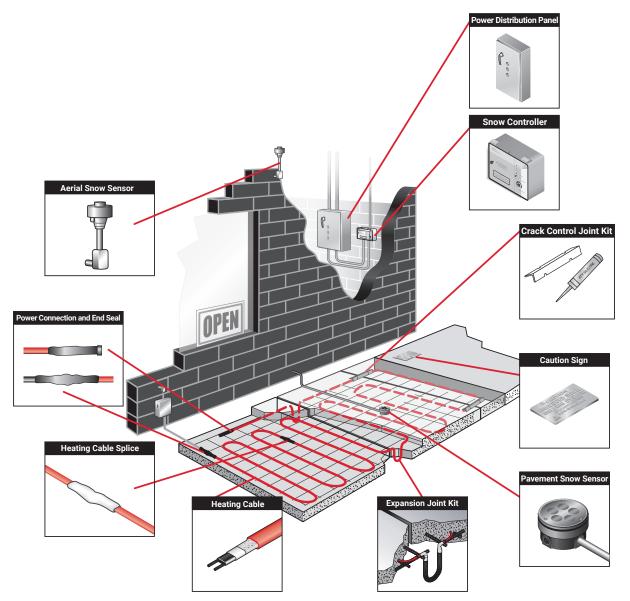


Fig. 5 Typical ElectroMelt snow melting system

### Applications

Industrial administrative buildings, warehouses, storage facilities, and production buildings benefit from roof and gutter de-icing systems. After melting, ice and snow can refreeze and form ice dams that prevent water from draining to the gutter. On rooftops this often leads to standing water, which can cause severe damage by draining into the building. The water can also flow over the ice-filled gutter and form icicles, which can be a serious safety hazard.

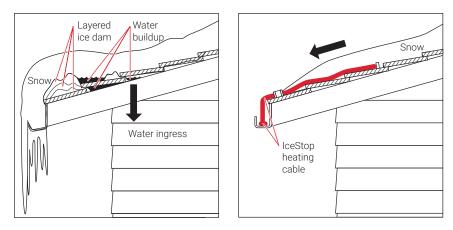


Fig. 6 Examples of a typical roof and gutter de-icing application

### Product offerings

The IceStop system can prevent ice dams and icicles by maintaining a continuous path for melt water to drain from the roof. The IceStop system uses a self-regulating heating cable which reduces heat output automatically as the cable warms to above freezing, resulting in lower energy use, and eliminating the possibility of overheating.

### Approvals

nVent RAYCHEM roof and gutter de-icing systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations by many agencies. Please refer to the technical datasheets for more details.

### IceStop Self-Regulating Heating Cables

IceStop self-regulating heating cables are comprised of two parallel nickel-coated bus wires in a cross-linked polymer core, a tinned copper braid and a fluoropolymer or polyolefin outer jacket. These cables are cut to length simplifying the application design and installation.

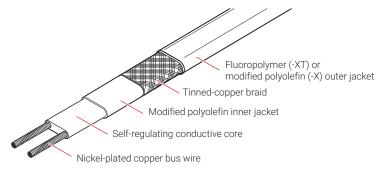


Fig. 7 IceStop heating cable construction

IceStop System

A typical IceStop roof and gutter de-icing system includes the components shown below.

For detailed design information, refer to the IceStop Roof and Gutter De-icing Design Guide (H56070).

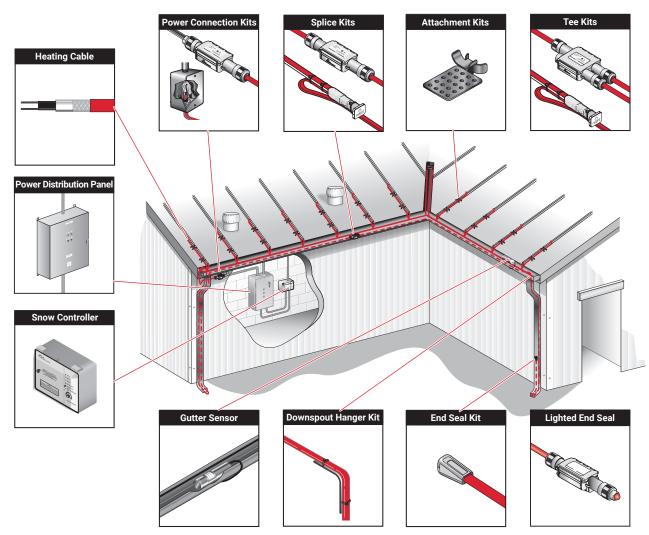


Fig. 8 Typical IceStop roof and gutter de-icing system

Technical Data Sheets Content



Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Tank

RAYCHEM

ent

## **Control and Monitoring**

This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems. Part 1 identifies control and monitoring options for use with heat-tracing applications. Part 2 details each nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring product. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

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nVent provides a wide variety of control and monitoring products, from simple mechanical thermostats and signal lights to advanced microprocessor based controllers designed specifically for use with our heat-tracing products. This section will help you select and specify the right control and monitoring products for your application. For details on nVent RAYCHEM panel products such as the nVent HTPG and HTPI, refer to Heat-Tracing Power Distribution Panels (H56890).

### Part 1: Control and Monitoring Options

### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring products include temperature sensors, thermostats, controllers, and control and monitoring systems. The following are descriptions of some of our most common products.

Temperature sensors are available in a variety of mounting styles, suitable for both ambient and line sensing applications as well as hazardous and ordinary locations.

They can be used with most electronic thermostats and controllers.

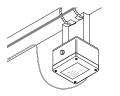
### **Temperature Sensors**

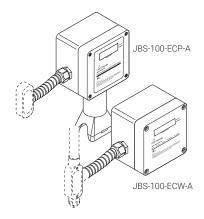
Design Guides Content

Thermostats









### **Mechanical Thermostats**

Mechanical thermostats, such as the ambient-sensing AMC-1A and line-sensing E507S-LS, provide cost-effective control for self-regulating and constant-wattage heat-tracing applications in both nonhazardous and hazardous locations.

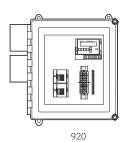
### **Electronic Thermostats**

Electronic thermostats, such as the nVent RAYCHEM ETS-05, JBS-100-ECP-A and the JBS-100-ECW-A offer additional features including precise set points and long-lasting switches.

### JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A

The nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A are electronic temperature controllers that provide accurate control of a heating circuit using a RTD sensor. The JBS-100-ECP-A is pipe mounted and serves as a power connection kit for both nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating, power-limiting, and nVent RAYCHEM mineral insulated heating cables. The JBS-100-ECW-A is wall mounted and may be used to control all types of heating cables. Only the JBS-100-ECW-A can be used as a power connection with mineral insulated cables. Combining the power connection and controller into one single unit will significantly reduce installation cost. Both the JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A have adjustable set points between 32°F to 425°F (0°C to 218°C), power input of 120 Vac to 277 Vac, and switch current up to 30 A. A local display allows for monitoring of set point, actual temperature, and also indicates alarm conditions (high/low temperature and sensor failure). A form C contact allows for remote annunciation of alarms. These units are c-CSA-us (certified to U.S. and Canadian Standards) for use in nonhazardous locations.







Elexant 4000 series

### **Multipoint Controllers**

### **Electronic Controllers**

Electronic controllers are full-feature devices, and provide monitoring in addition to temperature control.

### 920

The nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller is a microprocessor-based dual-point controller for heat-tracing circuits located in nonhazardous or Class I Division 2 (and Zone 2) hazardous locations. The nVent RAYCHEM 920 combines the temperature control of a thermostat with integral ground-fault protection, while providing alarms for low and high temperatures, line current, and ground-fault current. Operation, programming, circuit status, currents, and temperatures are provided at the control panel and remotely by means of a network connection to the plant DCS or a PC using nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software.

### Elexant 4010i and 4020i

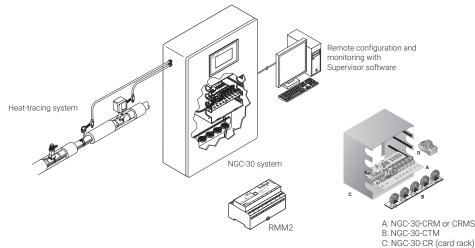
The nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i is a compact, full-featured, touch screen based, single-point heat-tracing controller. It provides control and monitoring of Electric Heat Tracing (EHT) circuits for both freeze protection and process temperature maintenance. This controller can monitor and alarm on high and low temperature, high and low current, ground-fault levels, voltage, and supports a host of additional features to offer the utmost in control and monitoring of EHT.

The nVent RAYCHEM ELEXANT 4020i is similar to an ELEXANT 4010i, but extends available features to include full 3-phase monitoring, support for higher power applications up to 690Vac and 63A, and may be used with either solid-state relays (SSRs) or electro-mechanical contactors. Its modular design lends itself to both single and multi-circuit applications.

### **NGC-30**

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 is a distributed architecture control and monitoring system that can manage up to 260 heat-tracing circuits. Approved for use in both hazardous and nonhazardous areas, it allows user selection of several control modes, temperature setpoints and all alarm thresholds for each individual heat-tracing circuit. During operation it monitors temperatures, ground-fault currents, operating currents and voltages and provides alarms via local indicators and remotely using dry contact relay outputs or through the Supervisor software. The NGC-30 system utilizes a touch screen-based user interface terminal for programming and monitoring at the panel. This user interface terminal provides an intuitive interaction with the control and monitoring system which allows users to quickly and easily access heat-tracing system information. Alarm information is communicated in plain language rather than using codes.

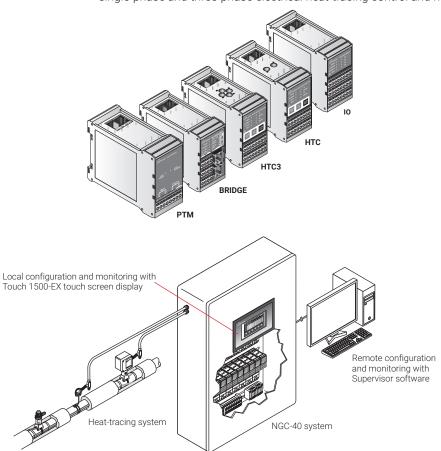
Temperature inputs are provided through directly connected RTDs, through a Remote Monitoring Module (RMM2) or through a Power Line Carrier Interface (PLI) Module with special transmitters. Operation, programming, circuit and RTD status and alarm reporting are provided at the control panel or remotely via a network connection to the plant DCS or the Supervisor software.



D: NGC-30-CVM

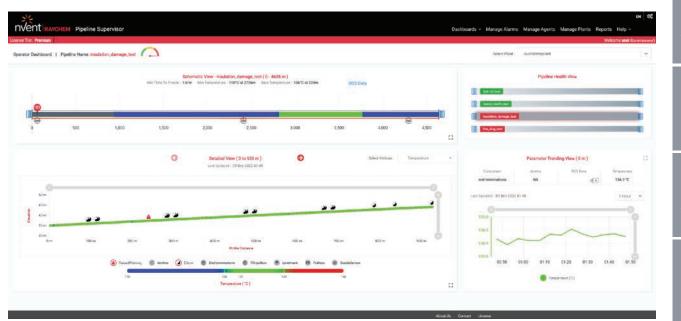
### NGC-40

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 control and monitoring system differs from the NGC-30 in that it dedicates a single control module to each individual heat-trace circuit. It provides the highest reliability for heat tracing applications based on its single controller architecture. The NGC-40 control system offers a truly modular heat-tracing control, monitoring and power distribution system. NGC-40 modules are packaged in DIN Rail housings and are installed in an NGC-40 panel. Operation, programming and easy intuitive access to the heat tracing data can be achieved from an optional 15" touch screen (Touch 1500-EX) which can be mounted locally at the control panel or remotely in a central location. Additionally, the NGC-40 supports remote operation, programming, circuit and RTD status, and alarm reporting via a network connection to the plant DCS or the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software. The system is fully flexible from a configuration point of view and offers individual single-phase and three-phase electrical heat-tracing control and monitoring.



echnical Data cheets Content Pipeline temperature monitoring on an operating pipeline is very helpful, but often severely underutilized due to operator inattention or lack of data interpretation skills. This is why customized algorithms and machine learning, when combined with fibre optic Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS), can bridge the gap between "data" and actionable "information".

nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) is a culmination of nVent's many years of experience troubleshooting, optimizing and maintaining our clientele's temperaturecritical pipeline applications. We combined the power of distributed temperature data from DTS with specially customized algorithms that create a wealth of useful analytics, on a real-time basis. These analytics are configured to your specific pipeline geometry and use time trending to create warnings/alarms of predicted conditions along your pipeline, while also providing the time and location where problems are occurring (or may be about to occur), along your pipeline asset.

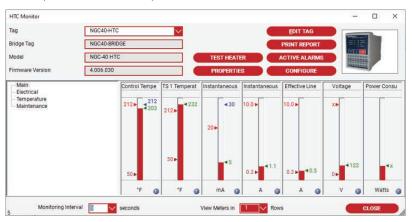


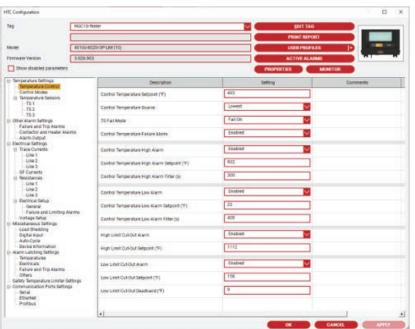
nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor Software GUI Dashboard

<u>Appendixes</u>

nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor heat-tracing controller configuration and monitoring software provides a graphical user interface for nVent RAYCHEM heat-tracing communication and controller products. Heat-trace system information can be accessed and managed from almost anywhere in the world, making nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor a powerful management tool for the entire Heat Management System (HMS).

The software incorporates advanced features such as datalogging, trending, batch and recipe processing, scheduled events, and alarm monitoring, with the ability to acknowledge and clear alarms. Devices can communicate with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor via simple hard-wired serial communications, wireless interfaces, network infrastructures including Ethernet LANs (Local Area Networks), and Internet-based WANs (Wide Area Networks).





### Connectivity

nVent RAYCHEM connectivity solutions provide ultimate flexibility to connect our control systems to the entire facility. Our systems support Modbus RTU and Modbus/ TCP communications protocols with RS-485 and Ethernet communications interface capabilities. We also provide options for DCS integration, pre-packaged communications converters, repeaters, and field proven wireless solutions ensuring that your facility is IIoT and Industry 4.0 ready.

Fechnical Data Sheets Content Control products vary the output of the heating source to keep pipes from freezing or to maintain process piping at elevated temperatures. The choice of control product depends on whether the system is controlled on the basis of ambient temperature or pipe temperature.

Most heat-tracing systems use a control element. Applications that may benefit from a control element are those:

- · Requiring a narrow operating temperature range
- · With temperature-sensitive fluids or equipment
- For which energy consumption is a key concern

### **Control Considerations**

The most important step in providing a reliable control system is to design the heat-tracing system properly for the specific application.

Heat-tracing systems maintain the temperature of stagnant fluids in pipes and tanks by replacing the heat lost through the thermal insulation. Overall performance of the heat-tracing system is highly dependent on the integrity of the thermal insulation, the heat-tracing design, and the installation. Therefore, the most important step in providing a reliable control system is to properly design the heat-tracing system for the specific application, as detailed in other nVent design guides.

When designing your heat-tracing system, consider these factors:

- · Adding control elements increases the installation and maintenance costs of the system, but should result in tighter temperature control, energy savings and more efficient use of plant maintenance personnel's time
- Electronic controllers increase initial system costs, but offer reliability and feedback superior to that provided by mechanical thermostats and save money over the long term. The monitoring and alarm information available from electronic controllers can help maintenance personnel react to heat-tracing problems more quickly, before pipe freeze-up or process temperature issues cause a plant or process shutdown
- The thermal environment of a heat-tracing system varies greatly especially at valves, pipe supports, and other heat sinks - so it is seldom possible to achieve very tight temperature control
- The temperature of a heat tracing system is based on ambient temperature and can vary by as much as 40°C when the system is uncontrolled. However, pipe temperature sensing will provide tighter temperature control than is possible with ambient sensing
- TraceCalc Pro, nVent design software, estimates the temperature range of your heat-tracing system, both with and without control. If an uncontrolled self-regulating heating cable provides an acceptable range, consider choosing this approach for its high reliability and low installed cost

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Pipe Data:		Heater Data:			<b>F1</b> 4-1	cal Data:				
Heat Loss:	N/A W/ft	Catalog No.:			Pipe Segment Op		N/A KW			
		Power Output:	N/A VV/ft		4					
Total Heater Length:	N/A ft	Trace Ratio:	N/A		Circuit Operat	ing Load:	N/A KW			
for Piping:	N/A ft	Cable Set Gty:	N/A		Circuit Operating		N/A A			
for Valves [1]:	N/A ft	Sheath Temp.:	N/A °F	(T-rating)	Circuit CE	Current:	N/A A			
for Supports [10]:	N/A ft	Max. Circuit Length:	N/A ft							
for Flanges [0]:	N/A ft	Min. Controlled Pipe:		(nominal)		Revised:	4/16/2003			
for Drains/Vents [0]:	N/A ft	Max. Controlled Pipe:		(nominal)						
for Misc .:	N/A ft	Uncontrolled Pipe:	N/A °F	(maximum)						
for Terminations:	N/A ft									

Fig 1. TraceCalc Pro heat-tracing design software

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### **Application Temperature Range**

The options for control depend on the expected temperature range for the application. Ranges are grouped into three categories, as follows:

### **Freeze Protection**

Freeze protection applies to fluids that must be kept above a minimum temperature, typically 32°F (0°C) for water lines. Moderate overheating of the fluid (30°F to 40°F; 17°C to 22°C) is not a major concern. (IEEE 515-2011, Process Type I)

### **Broad Temperature Maintenance**

Broad temperature maintenance is appropriate when the process temperature must be controlled within a moderate range; e.g., set point plus approximately  $\Delta T = \pm 35^{\circ}F \pm (19^{\circ}C)$ . This is generally used for viscosity control to keep process fluids flowing, such as in fuel oil and cooking oil lines. (IEEE 515-2011, Process Type II)

### Narrow Temperature Maintenance

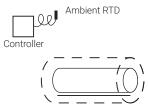
Narrow temperature maintenance applies to fluids that must be kept within a narrow temperature range to maintain viscosity and prevent fluid or pipe degradation. Examples include sulfur and acrylic acid lines, as well as food syrup and sugar solutions. (IEEE 515-2011 Process Type III)

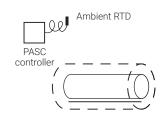
### Control Options

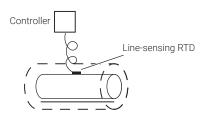
The control method you select will be driven by your application. Table 1 summarizes the recommended control options for each application type. Following the table is an overview of the three basic control types: ambient-sensing, proportional ambient-sensing (PASC), and line-sensing control.

### Table 1. Recommended control methods

Application	Control methods recommended
Freeze protection	Ambient-sensing control to reduce energy consumption Proportional ambient-sensing control (PASC) for lowest energy consumption
Broad temperature maintenance	Proportional ambient-sensing control (PASC) for tighter temperature control
Narrow temperature maintenance	Line-sensing control







### **Ambient-Sensing Control**

Ambient-sensing control uses an on-off thermostat that senses ambient temperature. It is more energy efficient than self-regulating control because the heating circuit is energized only when the temperature drops below the setpoint. This type of control is most suitable for freeze-protection applications. The control device can be either a mechanical thermostat or an electronic controller. Mechanical thermostats are more commonly used since they are less expensive and are sufficiently accurate and reliable. However, they do not provide the monitoring and alarm functions that are available from an electronic controller.

### Proportional Ambient-Sensing Control (PASC)

Proportional ambient-sensing control (PASC) uses an electronic controller that senses ambient temperature and continuously matches the heat-tracing power applied to the pipe to the predicted heat loss that occurs due to changing ambient conditions. A preprogrammed algorithm calculates the cycle time that the heating circuits will be energized in order to maintain the desired temperature. This control method results in tighter temperature range control and lower energy usage than the ambient-sensing method. PASC control is suitable for all broad temperature-control and some narrow temperature-control applications, as well as freeze-protection applications.

### **Line-sensing Control**

Line-sensing control is based on pipe temperature. With this option, each flow path must have a separate circuit controlled by a mechanical line-sensing thermostat or electronic controller. When the pipe temperature falls below the desired maintain temperature, the control unit turns on the heating circuit. The same cost-benefit trade-offs between electronic and mechanical controllers should be made for line-sensing applications. An electronic controller with monitoring and alarm features is recommended for critical pipes.

Selecting a control system suitable for your application involves four steps:

1. Select the nVent heat-tracing solution

- 2. Identify the control application
- 3. Choose the control method
- 4. Review the specifications for your control selection

The selection process outlined on the following pages results in a reliable, cost-effective control system optimized for simplicity. If you are installing multiple heat-tracing circuits, a more detailed analysis of the application may yield a different result with lower installed and operating costs. Contact your nVent representative for assistance.

### Step 1. Select the nVent heating solution

This is the most important step in designing a heat-tracing system. Use the heattracing product selection sections in this publication to select the heating system and components for your application. Assistance is available on-line (nVent.com), in nVent TraceCalc Pro design software, or from your nVent representative.

### **Control Selection**

**Control Selection** 1. Select nVent

heating solution

2. Identify control

3. Choose control method 4. Review

specifications for control selection

application

	oona or occoulon
1.	Select nVent
	heating solution
2.	Identify control application
3.	Choose control method
4.	Review specifications for

control selection

### Step 2. Identify the control application

For the pipes and tanks to be heated, identify the specific control application in Table 2.

### Table 2. Categories of control

Control application	Temperature range/goal
Freeze protection	To keep water lines above 32°F (0°C)
Broad temperature control	For viscosity control to keep process fluids flowing
Narrow temperature control	To keep process fluids within a narrow temperature band to maintain viscosity and prevent fluid degradation

If your project includes multiple heat-tracing circuits and a combination of applications, or monitoring and alarm reporting capability is desired, use the NGC-30 or NGC-40 control and monitoring system and contact your nVent representative for design assistance. Otherwise, continue to Step 3 to select your control method.

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**Control Selection** 1. Select nVent

heating solution 2. Identify control

application

method

4. Review

3. Choose control

specifications for control selection

### Step 3. Choose the Control Method

### For Freeze-Protection Applications

Use Table 3 to select the appropriate control solution for your application. Base your selection on the number and type of heat-tracing circuits to be installed, the type of control you need, and the area classification. Other nVent products that include monitoring and ground-fault protection are discussed later under "Monitoring Solutions."

Table 3.	Control	selection	for	freeze	protection
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nVent heating solution: individual circuits <sup>1</sup>	Control options	nVent RAYCHEM control product	Quantity required
Self-regulating heating circuits on pipes	Ambient-sensing control	AMC-1A, AMC-1H, JBS-100-ECP-A, or JBS-100-ECW-A	One per circuit
Constant-wattage/ power-limiting heating circuit(s) on pipes (includes MI and VPL cables)	Line-sensing control	AMC-1B, E507S-LS, 920, ETS-05, Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i, JBS-100-ECP-A, or JBS-100-ECW-A	One per circuit
Any heating circuit(s) on tanks	Line-sensing control	AMC-1B, E507S-LS, 920, ETS-05, Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i, JBS-100-ECP-A, or JBS-100-ECW-A	One per circuit
Multiple circuits <sup>1</sup> group	oed in panels		
Self-regulating heating circuits on pipes	Ambient-sensing control for main contactor in panel	HTPG, HTPI	One per system
	Energy-saving electronic proportional control for main contactor in panel	NGC-30, NGC-40, 920, Elexant 4010i, and Elexant 4020i	One per system
Constant-wattage/ power-limiting heating circuits on pipes	Proportional control for each contactor in panel	NGC-30, NGC-40, 920, Elexant 4010i, and Elexant 4020i	One per system
Any heating circuits on tanks	Multicircuit line- sensing control	NGC-30, NGC-40, 920, Elexant 4010i, and Elexant 4020i	One per system

1. A heat-tracing circuit is defined as one circuit breaker with its associated branch wiring, heat-tracing cable, and components.

### For broad temperature control applications

Use Table 4 to select the appropriate control solution for your application. Base your selection on the number and type of heat-tracing circuits you will use in your application, the desired control option, and the area classification. Other nVent products that include monitoring and ground-fault protection are discussed later under "Monitoring Solutions."

### Table 4. Control selection for broad temperature control

nVent heating solution: individual circuits <sup>1</sup>	Control options	nVent RAYCHEM control product	Quantity required
Self-regulating heating circuits on pipes	Line-sensing control	AMC-1B, E507S-LS, ETS-05, JBS-100-ECP-A, or JBS-100-ECW-A	One per circuit
Constant-wattage/power-limiting heating circuits on pipes (includes MI, SC and VPL cables)	Line-sensing control for each circuit; maintain temperature less than 300°F (150°C)	AMC-1B, E507S-LS, ETS-05, JBS-100-ECP-A, or JBS-100-ECW-A	One per circuit
	Line-sensing control for each circuit; maintain temperature greater than 300°F (150°C)	JBS-100-ECP-A, or JBS-100-ECW-A, 920, ETS-05, Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i	One per circuit
Any heating circuit(s) on tanks	Line-sensing control	AMC-1B, E507S-LS, JBS-100-ECW-A or 920, ETS-05, Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i	One per circuit
Multiple circuits <sup>1</sup> grouped in pane	ls		
Any heating circuits on pipes	Multicircuit proportional ambient-sensing control (PASC) <sup>2</sup>	NGC-30, NGC-40, Elexant 4020i	One per system
	Multicircuit line- sensing control	NGC-30, NGC-40, 920, Elexant 4020i	One per system
Any heating circuits on tanks	Multicircuit line- sensing control	AMC-1B, E507S-LS, NGC-30, NGC-40, 920, Elexant 4020i	One per system

1. A heat-tracing circuit is defined as one circuit breaker with its associated branch wiring, heat-tracing cable, and components.

2. The NGC-30, NGC-40, 920, Elexant 4010i, and Elexant 4020i controllers include approved ground-fault protection, so a ground-fault circuit breaker in the panel is not required.

### For narrow temperature control applications

Use Table 5 to select the appropriate control solution for your application. Base your selection on the number and type of heat-tracing circuits you will use in your application, the desired control option, and the area classification. Other nVent products that include monitoring and ground-fault protection are discussed later under "Monitoring Solutions."

### Table 5. Control selection for narrow temperature control

		nVent RAYCHEM control product	Quantity required
Heating circuits on pipes or tanks circuit; maintain temperature less than 300°F (150°C)		AMC-1B, E507S-LS, ETS-05, Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i, 920, JBS-100-ECP-A, or JBS-100-ECW-A	One per circuit
	Line-sensing control for each circuit; maintain temperature greater than 300°F (150°C)	JBS-100-ECP-A, JBS-100-ECW-A or ETS-05, Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i, 920	One per circuit
Multiple circuits <sup>1</sup> grouped in pane	ls		
Any heating circuits on pipes	Multicircuit line- sensing control	NGC-30, NGC-40, Elexant 4020i or 920	One per system
Any heating circuits on tanks	Multicircuit line- sensing control	NGC-30, NGC-40, Elexant 4020i, 920	One per system

1. A heat-tracing circuit is defined as one circuit breaker with its associated branch wiring, heat-tracing cable, and components.

Appendixes

**Control Selection** 1. Select nVent

heating solution

2. Identify control

application

3. Choose control method Review 4.

> specifications for control selection

**MONITORING SOLUTIONS** 

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### Step 4. Review the specifications for your control selection

You will find descriptions of each of the control products in Control and Monitoring, Part 2; data sheets for these products are available on the nVent web site. Review the technical specifications of each product you have selected to ensure the product meets the needs of your application.

While you may select only one method of control for each heat-tracing circuit, you may incorporate a variety of monitoring options into the system design. The use of monitoring increases overall system reliability because failures in the heating and power distribution systems get reported to operations personnel.

nVent recommends always using, at a minimum, ground-fault monitoring. For the small additional cost, you get a monitoring system that reliably reports physical damage to the heat-tracing system, which is a common failure mode.

For critical applications, add temperature and/or current monitoring. This technique gives the most direct feedback on system performance. Multiple sensors can be placed at critical components.

To bring monitoring and alarm reporting from all heat-tracing circuits, use the Supervisor software located in the control or operations room.

### **Types of Monitoring**

Monitoring increases system reliability by detecting faults before they become a major problem.

There are several methods available for monitoring heat-tracing systems. Local and remote feedback can be provided on ground-fault levels, pipe temperatures, heating cable current, and continuity.

### Ground-fault monitoring

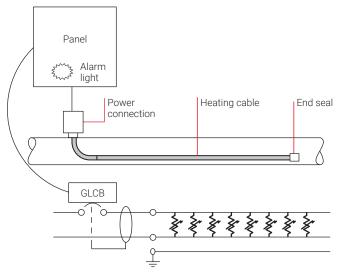


Fig 2. Ground-fault monitoring: GLCB status

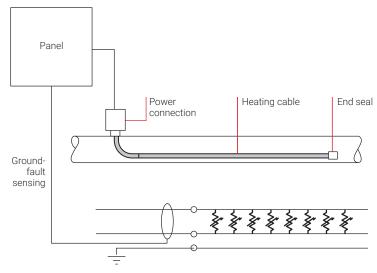


Fig 3. Ground-fault monitoring of actual G-F current

A ground-fault monitoring system monitors the current leakage from the heating system (heating cable, power wiring, and components) to ground, using groundleakage circuit breakers and/or current-sensing devices that measure the current. Standard circuit breakers do not provide adequate protection because they are not designed to detect the low-level ground-fault currents that may be produced as a result of improper installation or mechanical damage.

National electrical codes and other local codes require ground-fault equipment for heat-tracing circuits. These protective devices are designed to reduce the risk of fire and to safeguard equipment, rather than personnel. Ground-fault interrupters (GFIs) specified for personnel protection normally have a 4 mA to 6 mA trip setting that may lead to frequent nuisance tripping in heat-tracing applications.

When a heat-tracing circuit's current leakage exceeds the trip setting, the protective device trips, shutting off the circuit. If the protective device is a Ground Leakage Circuit Breaker (GLCB), it may have an auxiliary (bell alarm) contact to trigger a common remote trip alarm. Other protective devices can also trigger alarms, as well as interrupt the circuit.

Alarms and trips are usually caused by improper installation, mechanical damage to the heating cable or power wiring, or moisture in junction boxes or end seals. Since these are typically accompanied by ground-fault current, ground-fault detection provides a significant monitoring function for electrical heat tracing.

### Strengths of ground-fault monitoring

Strengths of ground-fault monitoring include:

- Quick detection of potentially dangerous fault conditions due to improper installation, mechanical damage, or water ingress
- · Easy grouping and wiring of alarms to a remote location

nVent provides a range of ground-fault sensors and equipment-protection GFCIs, which provide CSA and UL-approved ground-fault current protection for heating circuits.

### Temperature monitoring

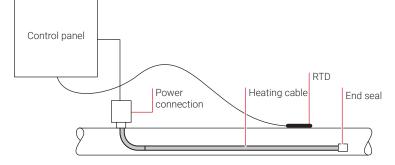


Fig 4. Temperature monitoring

Temperature monitoring systems continuously measure the pipe or tank temperature and signal an alarm if preset limits are exceeded. A digital controller uses an RTD temperature sensor placed on the pipe or tank to check the pipe temperature against the low and high limits, which are typically set 20°F (10°C) above and below the normal control range of the circuit.

### Low-temperature alarms

One or more of the following conditions can cause a low-temperature alarm:

- · Loss of power to the heating cable
- Wet or missing thermal insulation
- · Heating cables with insufficient power output
- · Control failure, or controller left in OFF position
- · Heating cable failure

### **High-temperature alarms**

High-temperature monitoring is typical in applications such as safety showers, plastic pipes and tanks, and processes in which an overtemperature condition can adversely affect the fluid properties. Any of the following conditions can cause a high-temperature alarm:

- Fluid temperature that exceeds the alarm limit, such as during steam-cleaning operations
- · Controller failure or controller left in the ON position
- A site installation condition that differs from the design parameters; e.g., oversized insulation

### Strengths of temperature monitoring

Following are the primary advantages of temperature monitoring:

- · Dedicated to monitoring pipe temperature, the most critical aspect of heat tracing
- Effective for monitoring failures in other systems, including thermal insulation, design, and process
- Relatively simple to apply in any environment, with any heating system, and at any location
- Provides timely indication of fault condition allowing repairs to be implemented before costly shutdowns or catastrophic mechanical failures occur

Technical Data Sheets Content

### **Current Monitoring**

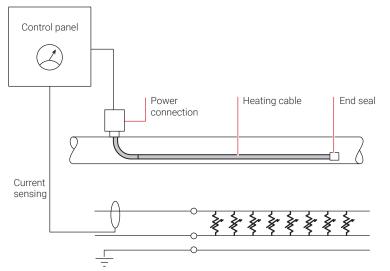


Fig 5. Current monitoring

Current monitoring uses a heat-tracing controller or current-monitoring relay to signal an alarm when electrical current in the circuit is too low or too high. This monitoring method is especially effective for constant-wattage heating products because their current usually does not vary over time or temperature.

The current flowing in self-regulating cables will vary significantly based on the heating requirements of the pipe at a particular moment in time. Therefore, current monitoring is only effective at identifying short or open conditions for self-regulating cable.

The following conditions typically cause an alarm from a current-monitoring system:

- · Loss of power to the heating cable, or a tripped circuit
- · Damage to the heating cable bus wires or branch-circuit wiring
- · Splices or tees left open after repair or maintenance

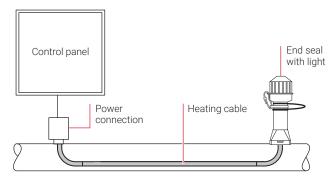
### Strengths of current monitoring

- · Alarms from current monitors can be grouped in a central location
- · Power loss to the heating system is reported
- · Unpowered sections of heat-tracing cables will result in low-current alarms

nVent RAYCHEM 920 dual-point controller, NGC-30, and NGC-40 systems offer current monitoring with low and high alarm settings and remote annunciation.

### **Continuity monitoring**

Continuity monitoring is a technique used to verify that the heating-cable circuit has voltage present at the far end (termination end). Continuity monitoring is often provided by a signal light installed as part of the end seal, which provides a local visual indication of voltage presence at the end of the heating-cable circuit. This equipment is called an end-of-circuit light (E-100-L-A).



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Μ	Monitoring Selection			
1.	Select control method			
2.	Identify monitoring application			
3.	Choose monitoring method			

<b>Monitoring Selection</b>						
1.	Select control method					
2.	Identify monitoring application					
3.	Choose monitoring method					

### Strengths of continuity monitoring

Lighted End Seals have several key advantages:

- · Low installed cost; adding a light to an end seal is inexpensive
- Upgradable critical lines; lights can be retrofitted to existing end seals
- · Heat-tracing failure detection, including damaged cables and tripped breakers
- Simplified troubleshooting; there is no need to open junction boxes or use contact test tools
- · Used in parallel circuits with good results

The nVent RAYCHEM lighted end seal, the E-100-L-A, provides bright LED indication at a low installed cost.

### Monitoring Selection

Selecting a monitoring method suitable for your application is a three-step process:

- 1. Select the control method
- 2. Identify the monitoring application
- 3. Choose the monitoring method

As with heat-tracing control, monitoring is not always required. Choose the level of monitoring appropriate to the level of criticality of your process.

### Step 1. Select the control method

Although control and monitoring choices can be made independently, in practice, the type of control solution you select influences your monitoring choice. For example, using the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 or NGC-40 system for control allows easy addition of temperature monitoring.

### Step 2. Identify the monitoring application

The sophistication of the monitoring technique generally depends on the type of heat-tracing application. Choose your application from Table 6 as you did for control selection.

### Table 6. Categories of heat-tracing applications

Application	Temperature range/goal			
Freeze protection	To keep water lines above 32°F (0°C) (IEEE 515-2011 Process Type I)			
Broad temperature control	For viscosity control to keep process fluids flowing (IEEE 515-2011 Process Type II)			
Narrow temperature control	To keep process fluids within a narrow temperature band to maintain viscosity and prevent fluid degradation (IEEE 515-2011 Process Type III)			



### Step 3. Choose the monitoring method

### **Freeze-protection applications**

Use Table 7 to select the appropriate monitoring solution for your application. Base your selection on the number of heat-tracing circuits to be installed, the control method you've chosen, and the criticality of the process being protected. Examples of critical freeze-protection lines include process water feed lines, safety showers, and fire water lines.

### Table 7. Monitoring selection for freeze protection

Number of heat-tracing circuits	Control method	Criticality	nVent RAYCHEM monitoring method <sup>1</sup>	Quantity required
One or more individual heating circuits	Self-regulating (no control), ambient- sensing or line-sensing thermostat	Not critical	Ground-fault monitoring via GLCB	One GLCB per circuit
		Critical	Current temperature and ground-fault monitoring via Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i <sup>2</sup> and 920 <sup>2</sup>	One per every one (Elexant 4010i and Elexant 4020i) or two (920) circuits
Multiple circuits	Ambient-sensing, line-sensing, or energy- saving proportional control	Not critical	Ground-fault monitoring via GLCB	One GLCB per circuit with one common alarm for panel
		Critical	Current, temperature and ground-fault monitoring via Elexant 4020i, NGC-30 or, NGC-40 <sup>2</sup>	One per system

1. Add the E-100-L-A lighted end seal to any choice for easier troubleshooting.

2. Replace the mechanical or electronic thermostat you selected under "Control Selection" with this unit.

### Broad temperature control applications

Use Table 8 to select the appropriate monitoring solution for your application. Base your selection on the number of heat-tracing circuits to be installed, the control method you've chosen, and the criticality of the process being traced. Criticality for broad temperature control generally means the system should alarm when pipe or tank temperature drops below a predetermined limit.

### Table 8. Monitoring selection for broad temperature control

Number of heat-tracing circuits	Control method	Criticality	nVent RAYCHEM monitoring method <sup>1</sup>	Quantity required
One or more individual heating circuits	Self-regulating (no control), or line sensing thermostat	Not critical	Ground-fault monitoring via GLCB	One GLCB per circuit
		Critical	Current temperature and ground-fault monitoring via Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i and 920 <sup>2</sup>	One per circuit
Multiple circuits	PASC or multicircuit line sensing control	Not critical	Ground-fault monitoring via GLCB with common alarm to controller	One GLCB per circuit
		Critical	Current, temperature and ground-fault monitoring via Elexant 4020i, NGC-30 or NGC-40 <sup>2</sup>	One per system

1. Add the E-100-L-A lighted end seal to any choice for easier troubleshooting.

2. Replace the mechanical or electronic thermostat you selected under "Control Selection" with this unit.

Appendixes

### Narrow temperature control applications

Use Table 9 to select the appropriate monitoring solution for your application. Base your selection on the number of heat-tracing circuits to be installed and the control method you've chosen. All narrow control applications are considered critical.

### Table 9. Monitoring selection for narrow temperature control

Number of heat-tracing circuits Control method		Criticality	nVent RAYCHEM monitoring method <sup>1</sup>	Quantity required	
One or more individual heating circuits	Line sensing thermostat	Critical	<b>Temperature monitoring</b> via Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i or 920 <sup>2</sup>	One per circuit	
Multiple circuits	Multicircuit line sensing control	Critical	<b>Temperature monitoring</b> via Elexant 4020i, NGC-30 or NGC-40 <sup>2</sup>	One per system	

1. Add the E-100-L-A lighted end seal to any choice for easier troubleshooting.

2. Replace the mechanical or electronic thermostat you selected under "Control Selection" with this unit.

### **Additional Considerations**

The selection tables in this section provide control and monitoring solutions for the majority of heat-tracing applications. Review the following additional considerations and discuss any unusual applications or requirements with your nVent representative.

If your design selection includes a mechanical thermostat and ground-fault circuit breaker for each heat-tracing circuit, consider instead using the Elexant 4010i single-point controller or 920 multipoint controller. These replace both the mechanical thermostat and the ground-fault circuit breaker, and provide temperature, ground-fault, and current monitoring in a rugged industrial package.

If multiple heat-tracing circuits are to be installed at the same time, there are significant opportunities for installation, operation, and maintenance cost savings. nVent representatives can help optimize your system by choosing the best combination of heat-tracing products and control and monitoring systems.

If you plan to connect your heat-tracing control and monitoring equipment to a host computer or DCS in your facility, consider the Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i, 920, NGC-30 or NGC-40. All offer extensive networking capabilities, as well as computer-based Supervisor software.

**If your application requires long runs of temperature-sensor cable or conduit,** consider the NGC-30 with the RMM2.

The RMM2 is an 8-point RTD module located in the field. Up to 16 RMM2 modules can be connected together via RS485 twisted pair cable back to the NGC-30 or NGC-40 controller.

### **Control and Monitoring Systems**

Compare features of nVent control and monitoring systems in Table 10. For additional information on each product, see the descriptions that follow and the data sheets.

### Table 10. nVent control and monitoring products

	Thermostats				Controllers							
	Mechanical				Electron	ic	Single/Dual Circuit Multi-Circ			cuit		
nVent RAYCHEM	AMC- 1A / AMC-F5	AMC- 1B / AMC-2B-2	AMC- 1H	E507S- LS	E507- 2LS-2	ETS-05	JBS-100- ECx-A	920	Elexant 4010i	Elexant 4020i	NGC-30	NGC-4
Controller architectu	re		I									
Single circuit	Ø	Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø		$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$		Ø
Multi-circuit								<b>(</b>			Ø	
Control				1		1				1	I	1
Ambient sensing	$\bigotimes$		Ø			Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$	Ø
Line sensing		Ø		$\bigotimes$	Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$	Ø
PASC / Proportional Ambient								Ø	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	Ø
Multiple Temperature Sensors								Ø	Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø
Soft-start								$\bigotimes$	Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø
Autocycle								Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
Max Load	22A/ 480V	22A/ 240V	22A/ 480V	22A/ 480V	22A/ 240V	24A/ 277V	30A/ 277V	60A/ 600V	32A/ 277V	63A/ 690V	60A/ 600V	60A/ 600V
Monitoring	1	1		1		1				1		1
Temperature							Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
Ground Fault								Ø	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$	Ø
Current								$\bigotimes$	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
Voltage								Ø	Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	
3-Phase loads								$\bigotimes$		Ø	Ø	Ø
Installation location												
Local	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	<b>S</b>
Remote						Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$
Hazardous Area			Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø		Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
Interface												
Local display							$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$	Ø	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$	$\bigotimes$
Remote display								Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
Alarm Relay							Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
Communications												
(DCS) Distributed Control System								<u> </u>	Ø	Ø	Ø	<u> </u>
nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor								<u></u>	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø

Technical Data Sheets

Steam Tracing

# Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

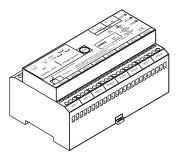
RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring nVent provides a variety of temperature sensing solutions. From RTDs to temperature aggregation and communications, nVent RAYCHEM products meet every application need and help reduce installation costs.

### RMM2 (Remote Monitoring Module)

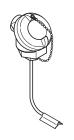


The nVent RAYCHEM remote monitoring module (RMM2) provides temperature monitoring capability for the NGC-30 and NGC-40 heat-tracing control and monitoring systems. The RMM2 accepts up to eight RTDs that measure pipe, vessel, or ambient temperatures in a heat-tracing system. The RMM2 modules are used to aggregate RTD wires in one remote location and send the information back to the control system through a single twisted pair cable. This helps reduce installation costs since only one conduit run returns to the controller, rather than eight. Multiple RMM2s communicate with a single NGC-30 or NGC-40 to provide centralized monitoring of temperatures. A single, twisted pair RS-485 cable connects up to 16 RMM2s for a total monitoring capacity of 128 temperatures.

Each temperature sensor connected to a RMM2 may have individual low- and high-temperature alarms. Alarm limits are set and alarm conditions are reported at the NGC-30 or NGC-40 control panel. Additional alarms are triggered for failed temperature sensors and communication errors. Alarms may be reported remotely through an alarm relay in the control system or through an RS-485 connection to a host computer supporting the Modbus protocol.

The RMM2 clips to a DIN 35 rail and can be mounted in a choice of enclosures, as required for the area classification and environment. For aggressive environments and Division 2 hazardous locations, nVent offers a glass-reinforced polyester TYPE 4X enclosure.

nVent RAYCHEM RTDs (Resistive Temperature Detectors) are used to sense ambient or line temperatures and provide feedback to the control device. A variety of RTD materials and form factor options provide solutions for all temperature-sensing requirements. Refer to the table below for product selection.



Design Guides Content

inical Data its Content

### Table 11. RTD selection matrix

Catalog	Maximum		
number	exposure	Approvals	Application
RTD-200	200°F (93°C)	Approval associated with control device. Not to be used in Division 1 hazardous locations.	Use when ambient RTD sensor is required.
RTD3CS	400°F (204°C)	Approval associated with control device. Not to be used in Division 1 hazardous locations	Used for pipes or tanks when controller is 3 feet or less from bulb placement. Use RTD extension wire/conduit (terminated in the appropriate enclosure for the area classification) to extend the lead wire to the required length. Not to be used for underground applications.
RTD10CS	400°F (204°C)	Approval associated with control device. Not to be used in Division 1 hazardous locations	Used for pipes or tanks when controller is 10 feet or less from bulb placement. Use RTD extension wire/ conduit (terminated in the appropriate enclosure for the area classification) to extend the lead wire to the required length. Not to be used for underground applications.
RTD4AL	900°F (482°C)	CSA (U.S. & Canada) Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G	Used for pipes and includes junction box to extend the lead wire to the required length using RTD extension wire/conduit.
RTD7AL	900°F (482°C)	CSA (U.S. & Canada) Class I, Div. 1, Groups C, D Class II, Div. 1, Groups E, F, G	Used for pipes and includes junction box to extend the lead wire to the required length using RTD extension wire/conduit.
RTD10	1100°F (593°C)	CSA (U.S. & Canada) Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G Class III	Used for pipes or tanks when controller is 10 feet or less from bulb placement. Use RTD extension wire/ conduit (terminated in the appropriate enclosure for the area classification) to extend the lead wire to the required length. Additional lengths are available; contact nVent for additional information.
RTD20	1100°F (593°C)	CSA (U.S. & Canada) Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G Class III	Used for pipes or tanks when controller is 20 feet or less from bulb placement. Use RTD extension wire/ conduit (terminated in the appropriate enclosure for the area classification) to extend the lead wire to the required length. Additional lengths are available; contact nVent for additional information.
RTD4AL-EP	900°F (482°C)	CSA (U.S. & Canada) Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G	Used for pipes and includes junction box to extend the lead wire to the required length using RTD extension wire/conduit. The RTD4AL-EP is epoxy coated to provide added corrosion resistance.
RTD4AL-SS	900°F (482°C)	CSA (U.S. & Canada) Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G	Used for pipes and includes junction box to extend the lead wire to the required length using RTD extension wire/conduit. The RTD4AL-SS has a 316SS sensor housing and sheath.
RTD7AL-SS	900°F (482°C)	CSA (U.S. & Canada) Class I, Div. 1, Groups C, D Class II, Div. 1, Groups E, F, G	Used for pipes and includes junction box to extend the lead wire to the required length using RTD extension wire/conduit. The RTD7AL-SS has a 316SS sensor housing and sheath.

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

Tank Insulation

Steam Tracing

Technical Data Sheets

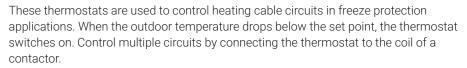
### **Ambient Sensing Thermostats**



AMC-1A



### Line Sensing Thermostats



### AMC-F5

This thermostat has a fixed set point of 40°F (5°C) and is used for freeze protection applications in either an ambient or line sensing configuration. The SPST switch, rated 480 Vac, 22 A, is enclosed in a plastic TYPE 4X enclosure. The tin-plated copper sensor assembly is 30 inches long. The unit is UL Listed and CSA certified for use in nonhazardous locations. Select this low-cost thermostat for areas not subject to mechanical abuse.

### AMC-1A

This thermostat has an adjustable set point between 15°F and 140°F (-9°C and 60°C) and is used for freeze protection applications. The TYPE 4X enclosure is coated cast aluminum with stainless steel hardware. The switch is rated 480 Vac, 22 A. The stainless steel sensor assembly is permanently mounted to the enclosure. The unit is UL Listed and CSA certified for use in nonhazardous locations. Select this thermostat where set-point adjustment or mechanical ruggedness is important.

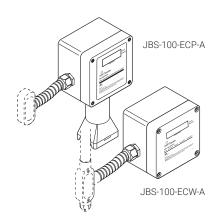
### AMC-1H

This is the hazardous location–approved version of the AMC-1A. It includes a TYPE 4, 7, 9 coated cast-aluminum enclosure and is approved by FM, UL Listed, and CSA certified for use in Division 1 and 2 hazardous locations. Select this thermostat when the control unit must be located in a hazardous location.

These thermostats are used to control heating cable circuits used in freeze protection and process-temperature maintenance applications. All can be used to switch a heat-tracing circuit directly or switch the coil of a contactor. Those with adjustable set points can be used instead to indicate low- or high-temperature alarm conditions.

### JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A

The JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A are electronic temperature controllers that provide accurate control of a heating circuit using a RTD sensor. The JBS-100-ECP-A is pipe mounted and serves as a power connection kit for self-regulating, power-limiting and mineral insulated heating cables. The JBS-100-ECW-A is wall mounted and may be used with all types of heating cables. The JBS-100-ECW-A can only be used as a power connection with mineral insulated cables. Combining the power connection and controller into one single unit will significantly reduce installation cost. Both the JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A have adjustable set points between 32°F to 425°F (0°C to 218°C), power input of 120 Vac to 277 Vac, and switch currents of up to 30 A. A local display allows for monitoring of set point, actual temperature, and also indicates alarm conditions (high/low temperature and sensor failure). A form C contact allows for remote annunciation of alarms. These units are c-CSA-us (certified to U.S. and Canadian Standards) for use in nonhazardous locations.



Design Guides Content













### AMC-F5

This low-cost thermostat has a fixed set point of 40°F (5°C) and is used for freeze protection. The SPST switch, rated 480 Vac, 22 A, is enclosed in a plastic TYPE 4X enclosure. The tin-plated copper sensor assembly is 30 inches long. The unit is UL Listed and CSA certified for use in nonhazardous locations. Select this low-cost thermostat when using ambient or line sensing control for freeze protection in areas not subject to mechanical abuse.

### AMC-1B

This thermostat has an adjustable set point between  $25^{\circ}$ F and  $325^{\circ}$ F ( $-4^{\circ}$ C and  $163^{\circ}$ C). The TYPE 4X enclosure is coated cast aluminum with stainless steel hardware. The SPDT switch is rated 480 Vac, 22 A. The stainless steel sensor assembly is 9 ft (3 m) in length. The unit is UL Listed and CSA certified for use in nonhazardous locations. Select this thermostat where set point adjustment or mechanical ruggedness is important.

### AMC-2B-2

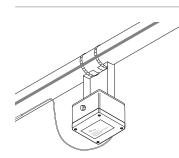
This is the two-pole version of the AMC-1B. It has an adjustable setpoint between  $25^{\circ}$ F and  $325^{\circ}$ F (-4°C and  $163^{\circ}$ C). The control switch in this thermostat opens both heat-tracing circuit power wires. Select this thermostat when local safety standards require that both phases be switched in phase-to-phase supplies such as 208 and 240 Vac. The unit is UL Listed and CSA certified for use in nonhazardous locations. Select this thermostat where set point adjustment or mechanical ruggedness is important.

### E507S-LS

This is the hazardous location–approved version of the AMC-1B. It has an adjustable setpoint between 25°F and 325°F (-4°C and 163°C). It includes a TYPE 4, 7, 9 coated cast-aluminum enclosure and is approved by FM, UL Listed, and CSA certified for use in Division 1 and 2 hazardous locations. Select this thermostat when the control unit must be located in a hazardous location.

### E507S-2LS-2

This is the two-pole version of the E507S-LS. It has an adjustable setpoint between 25°F and 325°F ( $-4^{\circ}$ C and 163°C). The control switch in this thermostat opens both heat-tracing circuit power wires. Select this thermostat when local safety standards require that both phases be switched in phase-to-phase supplies such as 208 and 240 Vac. It includes a TYPE 4, 7, 9 coated cast-aluminum enclosure and is approved by FM, UL Listed, and CSA certified for use in Division 1 and 2 hazardous locations. Select this thermostat when the control unit must be located in a hazardous location.



E507S-2LS-2

### ETS-05

The nVent RAYCHEM ETS-05-XX-A electronic surface sensing thermostat provides accurate temperature control for heating cables.

The ETS-05-XX-A is available in two versions. The ETS-05-L2-A is for temperatures up to 199°C (390°F), while the ETS-05-H2-A can be used for temperatures up to 499°C (930°F). The maximum nominal load is 24 A for both thermostats. Temperature setting is accurate via digital rotary switches inside the enclosure.

These electronic systems are designed to control heating-cable circuits used in freeze protection and process-temperature maintenance applications. Each has unique features that provide cost-effective temperature control and extensive heat-tracing circuit integrity monitoring. All offer digital displays, simple push-button configuration, and intelligent communications to remote PCs or a DCS. Choose the Elexant 4010i for single heat-tracing circuits, the 920 or the Elexant 4020i for specialty or lower circuit counts, or the NGC-30 or NGC-40 for multiple heat-tracing circuits.

### Single and Dual-Point Control and Monitoring Systems

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### Elexant 4010i Controller

The nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i is a compact, full-featured, touch screen based, single-point heat-tracing controller. It provides control and monitoring of Electric Heat Tracing (EHT) circuits for both freeze protection and process temperature maintenance. This controller can monitor and alarm on high and low temperature, high and low current, ground-fault levels, voltage, and supports a host of additional features to offer the utmost in control and monitoring of EHT.

The Elexant 4010i controller is available in two output types: an electromechanical relay (EMR) for use in nonhazardous locations, and a solid-state relay (SSR) for use in nonhazardous and Class I Div. 2 / Zone 2 hazardous locations. The controller is protected by a Fiber reinforced plastic or Stainless steel enclosure, both with front window (-FW or -SW). Multiple communication ports allow flexible connectivity for remote monitoring, configuration, and ease of integration with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software or a Distributed Control System (DCS).

### Control

The Elexant 4010i measures temperatures of up to three directly- connected temperature sensors. The controller also supports 4-20 mA inputs, allowing the use of external temperature sensor converters with thermocouples or other sensor types. The Elexant 4010i also features line sensing, ambient sensing, Proportional Ambient Sensing Control (PASC), and power limiting modes.

### Monitoring

A complete set of parameters are measured, including ground fault, temperature, current and voltage to ensure system integrity. The controller can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a heat-tracing problem eliminating costly manual maintenance checks.

A programmable dry contact alarm relay is provided for local or remote alarm annunciation.

### **Ground-Fault Protection**

National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heattracing circuits. The Elexant 4010i controllers incorporate ground-fault sensing with alarm, and trip functionality. Internal self-tests are automated, eliminating the need for manual testing. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with Elexant 4010i controllers do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, simplifying installation and reducing costs.

### Installation

The Elexant 4010i comes ready to install, eliminating the need for custom panel design or field assembly. The NEMA 4X/IP6x-rated FRP or stainless steel enclosures are approved for use in both indoor and outdoor locations. Wiring is as simple as connecting the incoming and outgoing power wiring (up to 277 Vac) and temperature sensors as needed for the application.

The Elexant 4010i provides an intuitive user interface that makes it easy to use and program. No additional programming devices are needed. Alarm conditions and programming settings are easy to read and interpret on the color touch screen. Settings are stored in non-volatile memory in the event of a power failure.

### Communication

Elexant 4010i units come equipped with RS485 and Ethernet ports and can be readily connected to a distributed control system (DCS).

The units support both the Modbus RTU and Modbus/TCP protocols. The controller may be networked to a host PC running Windows-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation.

### **Elexant 920 Series Controller**

The nVent RAYCHEM 920 is a compact, full-featured, microprocessor-based, dual-point heat-tracing control system. The 920 provides control and monitoring of two independent electrical heat-tracing circuits for both freeze protection and temperature maintenance, and can be set to monitor and alarm for high and low temperature, high and low current, ground-fault level, and voltage on each of its control points. The nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller is available with two output types: an electromechanical relay (EMR) for use in nonhazardous locations and a solid-state relay (SSR) for use in nonhazardous and Class I Div. 2/Zone 2 hazardous locations. Communications modules are available for remote control and configuration, complete with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software capability

### Control

The nVent RAYCHEM 920 measures temperatures with 3-wire 100-ohm platinum RTDs connected directly to the unit. Up to two RTDs are supported for each of the two control points. The controller may be used in line-sensing, ambient-sensing, proportional ambient-sensing, and power-limiting modes.

### Monitoring

A variety of parameters are measured, including ground fault, temperature, and current to ensure system integrity. The system can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a heat-tracing problem. A dry contact relay is provided for alarm annunciation back to a distributed control system (DCS).

### Ground-fault protection

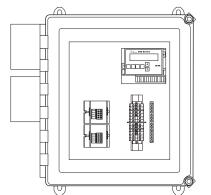
National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heattracing circuits. The nVent RAYCHEM 920 controllers incorporate the ground-fault sensing, alarm, and trip functionality internally. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with nVent RAYCHEM 920 controllers do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, simplifying installation and reducing costs.

### Installation

The standard nVent RAYCHEM 920 unit comes ready to install right from the box, eliminating the need for custom panel design or field assembly. Custom configurations are also available from the factory to allow the user to tailor the solution to the application. The TYPE 4X-rated FRP or optional stainless steel enclosures are approved for use in indoor and outdoor locations. Wiring is as simple as connecting the incoming and outgoing power wiring (up to 600 Vac) and an RTD. The nVent RAYCHEM 920 operator console includes LED displays and function keys that make it easy to use and program. No additional handheld programming devices are needed. Alarm conditions and programming settings are easy to interpret on the full-text front panel. Settings are stored in nonvolatile memory in the event of power failure.

### Communications

nVent RAYCHEM 920 units may be networked to a host PC running Windows®-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation. nVent RAYCHEM 920 units support the Modbus® protocol and may be ordered with an RS-485 communications interface.





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The nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4020i is a compact, full-featured, touch screen based, single-point heat-tracing controller. It provides control and monitoring of Electric Heat-Tracing (EHT) circuits for both freeze protection and process temperature maintenance. This controller can monitor and alarm on high and low temperature, high and low current, ground-fault levels, voltage, and supports a host of additional features to offer the utmost in control and monitoring of EHT.

The Elexant 4020i controller provides three output types: a line powered relay for driving contactors in nonhazardous locations; a DC output for driving solid-state relays (SSRs) in nonhazardous and Class I Div. 2 / Zone 2 hazardous locations; and a 0-10V analog output for driving variable output power modules. Multiple communication ports allow flexible connectivity for remote monitoring, configuration, and ease of integration with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software or a Distributed Control System (DCS).

### Control

Elexant 4020i

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The Elexant 4020i measures temperatures for up to three directly-connected temperature sensors. The controller also supports4-20mA inputs, allowing the use of external temperature sensor converters with thermocouples or other sensor types. The Elexant 4020i also features line sensing, ambient sensing, Proportional Ambient Sensing Control (PASC), and power limiting modes.

### Monitoring

A complete set of parameters are measured, including ground fault, temperature, current, and voltage to ensure system integrity. The system can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a heat-tracing problem eliminating costly manual maintenance checks. A programmable dry contact alarm relay is provided for local or remote alarm annunciation. No safety limiter offered for NA currently.

### **Ground-Fault Protection**

National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heat-tracing circuits. The Elexant 4020i control modules incorporate ground-fault sensing with alarm and trip functionality. Internal self-tests are automated, eliminating the need for manual testing. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with Elexant 4020i controllers do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, simplifying installation and reducing costs.

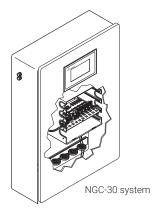
### Installation

The Elexant 4020i comes ready to install into an enclosure appropriate for the intended environment. The modules are available in standard multi-circuit panels suitable for indoor or outdoor locations, and custom configurations are available to provide the most flexible solution. Installing is as simple as connecting the incoming and outgoing power wiring and temperature sensors as needed for the application. The Elexant 4020i provides is an intuitive user interface that makes it easy to use and program. No additional programming devices are needed. Alarm conditions and programming settings are easy to read and interpret on the color touch screen. Settings are stored in non-volatile memory in the event of a power failure.

### Communication

Elexant 4020i units come equipped with RS485 and Ethernet ports and can be readily connected to a distributed control system (DCS). The units support both the Modbus RTU and ModBus/TCP protocols. The controller may be networked to a host PC running Windows-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation.

### **Multipoint Control and Monitoring Systems**



### NGC-30 System

The NGC-30 system is a next generation heat-tracing control and monitoring system using state-of-the-art electronics and a touch screen user interface terminal to reduce training and greatly increase ease of use. Able to control up to 260 heat-tracing circuits, the NGC-30 provides independent circuit monitoring, programming and fault reporting for maximum system flexibility. Faults and alarms are communicated in plain text via the touch screen user interface terminal, enhancing usability and reducing troubleshooting time.

Compatible with Ethernet, RS-485 and RS-232 communications, the NGC-30 system can be easily integrated into existing plant networks. Supervisor software can be used to provide remote or centralized access to the NGC-30 System and establish a standalone heat-tracing control point. The NGC-30 communicates to external systems via the Modbus protocol if compatibility with existing DCS systems is desired.

The NGC-30 is available with both electromechanical or solid-state relays and is approved for both hazardous and nonhazardous locations.

### Control

The NGC-30 measures temperatures with 3-wire, 100-ohm platinum RTDs. The temperature information can be transferred to the NGC-30 control panel through an RTD directly connected to the NGC-30 panel, or through an optional nVent RAYCHEM Remote Monitoring Module RMM2. Each RMM2 aggregates up to 8 RTDs in the field. The RMM2 module communicates temperature data back to the NGC-30 system via a single RS-485 twisted wire pair.

### Monitoring

The NGC-30 system measures 12 parameters including ground-fault, temperature and current variables to ensure system integrity. The NGC-30 units can monitor up to 16 RMM2s that each have inputs for eight temperature sensors (RTD). The RMM2s can be connected by a single RS-485 cable to the NGC-30, thus reducing wiring costs for temperature sensors. Three (3) dry contact alarm relays are provided for remote alarm indications if desired. The system allows configuration of what fault types cause relay state change. For example, one relay could be configured to indicate only when a ground-fault alarm exists, another only in response to a temperature alarm and the third for over current and communications and RTD sensor failures. The system can be set to periodically check for heating cable faults when conditions do not require the heat tracing to be energized for extended periods. If a problem occurs, maintenance personnel will be notified and the issue can be repaired before it effects plant operation.

### **Benefits and Features**

- Optimized control mode for each individual heat-tracing circuit. Each of the 260 heattracing circuits can be set to one of five control algorithms independently of the setting of any other heat-tracing circuits. There are no global settings at the circuit level
- Central status overview and access to all parameters of the entire heat-tracing installation through the touch screen user interface terminal. This intuitive interface reduces training time and provides simple and easy navigation so that maintenance and operations personnel can retrieve the information they need quickly and without bulky reference manuals
- Faults are communicated in plain language eliminating the need to remember or decipher fault codes
- Alarms for temperatures, ground-fault currents, operating currents, communications, RTD status and others are all logged in an Events file to track system history. Information is easily accessible through the user interface terminal which also provides the ability to sort on the various fault types
- Ground-fault alarm and trip thresholds are independently programmable to allow warning of a potential problem before a system shut-down is implemented. This allows the heat-tracing system to be checked at a convenient time with minimal impact to plant operations and hardship to personnel
- Significant cost savings through distributed architecture and reduced RTD wiring (using the RMM2). Temperature input and control output modules can be placed at a convenient location
- Supervisor client-server software allows heat-tracing control to become an integral
  part of your Heat Management System. This software provides information and
  configuration capability at one central location making better use of personnel. Data
  logging for trending, fault finding and other analysis allows predictive maintenance
  when using the Supervisor client-server software including automatic heat-tracing
  system integrity checks and many more features
- · LAN/WAN access allows control and monitoring from any location worldwide

### **Other Features**

- Passwords provide various levels of access for different user groups. This allows all necessary status and monitoring information to be viewed by anyone but restricts temperature setpoint and fault threshold changes to certified personnel
- Rack mountable control cards are easily added and removed from the NGC-30 system panel. This allows fast and easy replacement in the case of a failure or the ability to expand the system as your facility grows

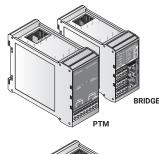
### NGC-40 system

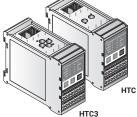
The NGC-40 is an advanced, electronic, single-point control, monitoring and power distribution system in a multipoint industrial heat-tracing panel. The single control module per heat-tracing circuit provides the highest reliability architecture for heat-tracing applications. The NGC-40 single-controller architecture ensures that problems occurring with one heat-tracing system stay isolated without affecting the other circuits. The advanced User Interface with touch screen technology simplifies local programming and monitoring through intuitive menus and full text alarm reporting.

The NGC-40 supports up to 80 circuits and provides maximum flexibility through its modular architecture to meet any need at an optimized cost. The NGC-40 is available with two output types: an electromechanical relay (EMR) or a solid state relay (SSR). The system is fully flexible from a configuration point of view and offers individual single-phase and three-phase electrical heat-tracing controllers.

The NGC-40 is supported by the innovative Touch 1500, a 15-inch color touch screen user interface which provides plant personnel with local, intuitive access to the complete control and monitoring system. The Touch 1500 allows for status, alarm and event monitoring of the heat-tracing circuits as well as the easy adjustment of the control and monitoring system to handle revised heat-tracing system configurations.

Full compatibility with the Supervisor software allows not only control and monitoring but also data logging for trending, fault finding and other analysis allows predictive maintenance.







### Control

The NGC-40 measures temperatures with 3-wire, 100-ohm platinum RTDs, 2 or 3-wire, 100-ohm nickel iron RTDs, or 2-wire, 100-ohm nickel RTDs. The temperature information may come from a single, direct RTD hard-wired to the NGC-40 control panel, from a local NGC-40 IO module, or from a remote source such as an RMM2 module. Up to eight (8) Resistance Temperature Devices (RTDs) can be used for each heat-tracing circuit allowing a variety of temperature control, monitoring, and alarming configurations. For RTD selection, see Table 11 Selection Matrix.

### Monitoring

The NGC-40 system measures a variety of parameters including ground-fault, temperature and load current(s) to ensure system integrity. In the case of three-phase heaters, the current of each phase can be separately measured and monitored. The system can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a pending heat-tracing problem, and avoiding costly downtime.

### **Features**

- Each circuit is controlled by individual single-phase or three-phase controllers.
- · Control and monitoring of up to 80 individual circuits per panel with multiple panels connected to one Touch 1500 user interface
- The NGC-40 system is configured with an optional Touch 1500 user interface, that is a state-of-the-art 15-inch color display with touch screen technology for monitoring and configuration purposes. The Touch 1500 touch screen allows convenient user access on site to all heat-tracing circuits and provides an easy user interface for programming without keyboards or cryptic labels
- The Touch 1500 can be installed either locally on the panel door or in a remote location and communicates to the NGC-40 heat-tracing controllers via Ethernet or an RS-485 serial interface
- I/O modules allow additional temperature and analog/digital signals to interface with the control modules. Up to 8 RTDs can be assigned to one heat-tracing circuit
- Each NGC-40 control module (HTC, HTC3) and I/O module provides one programmable multi-purpose digital input for connection to external dry (voltagefree) contact or DC voltage
- A dry contact relay per control module and a common alarm is available for alarm annunciation back to a Distributed Control System (DCS). Alternatively, the NGC-40 system can report alarm and monitoring data directly to the DCS via Modbus
- · Many heat-tracing related control algorithms are available such as ON/OFF, ambient sensing, PASC (Proportional Ambient Sensing Control) and proportional control (if used with solid state relays)
- The NGC-40 control modules operate independently from the user interface touch screen (TOUCH 1500) for increased system reliability. A failure of the TOUCH 1500 will not cause the heat-trace controllers to stop controlling the load
- NGC-40 is designed for easy installation and requires minimal wiring on site. All NGC-40 units are packaged in DIN rail mount housings, suitable for installation onto symmetric 35 mm DIN rails. Panel wiring is minimized by using internal network
- Alarm Output: Each controller monitors and alarms on high or low temperature, load current and ground-fault alarm and trip points set at user defined levels. As required by the NEC and CEC, as an Equipment Protection Device, the controller switches all hot legs of a circuit for ground fault interruption
- When using solid-state relays, power and current control maybe be used on heat-tracing circuits to reduce inrush currents and nuisance circuit breaker trips
- · Autocycling: The controller will momentarily energize the heat tracing at a user set interval and provide feedback if there are any problems with the heat trace. Circuit alarms will be generated as the fault occurs thereby reducing costs of preventative maintenance
- The Supervisor software package provides a remote, graphic interface for the NGC-40. The software allows the user to configure and monitor various NGC systems from a central location. Supervisor provides various levels of access for different user groups

### Benefits

- Individual circuit control by single circuit controllers provides highest reliability architecture for critical heat tracing circuits
- Strategic location of the optional Touch 1500 user interface linked to a group of heat-tracing panels leads to optimize maintenance activities
- The touch screen interface (Touch 1500) provides local, easy, intuitive access to configuration, status, alarms and events for the heat-tracing system
- Maximum flexibility in heat-tracing control design by using the innovative data sharing among the heat tracing circuits within a panel, as well as, the programmable digital inputs and alarm outputs of each control module
- Modular System provides maximum flexibility to meet any need at an optimized cost. Individual control and standard communication wiring leads to flexible and optimized panel design to customer requirements
- Availability of multiple control algorithms leads to the most optimized heat-tracing solution by minimizing the energy consumption and installation cost
- · Permanent supervision of the integrity of the heat-tracing circuit and detailed problem reporting simplifies maintenance and increases personnel safety
- · Control of inrush currents leads to the reduction of panel power requirements and therefore significant savings on power distribution costs
- · Controls and monitors any type of heat-tracing cable

### SOFTWARE

### **nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor**

The nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) software has a uniquely configured Graphic User Interface built on an agnostic platform using custom, complex algorithms in order to be able to monitor and analyze any pipeline length or sensitive temperature fluid. The software takes the DTS (Distributed Temperature Sensing) data from a fibre optic sensor on a pipeline and analyzes it to essentially create a "stethoscope" on the pipeline to see what is happening in real-time, (e.g., temperature, phase change status, re-melted zones, rupture detection). Using the data, RPS creates "actionable" tasks and "alerts" for operations & maintenance personnel that are data driven while providing advance warning of heater performance degradation, or pipeline operations outside of normal parameter.

In addition to the many performance features, RPS offers many user benefits:

- Allows access to critical pipeline heating and temperature status remotely via Tablet, iPad, Smartphone, remote PC, etc.
- · Configured for your specific pipeline service and operational design parameters
- Enhanced operational insights and confidence combined with a deeper understanding of actionable tasks
- Historical trending analysis for increased operational transparency
- Detailed analytics to help create a safer facility for both employees and society
- · Controlled login access and software permissions for each team member
- · End-to-end services support framework for seamless integration and performance

# Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

### Features by Tiered Grouping

	nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor	Select	Premium
1	Multiple Pipeline Asset Monitoring Functionality	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
2	Sensing Fiber Attenuation Profile	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
3	Complete Pipeline Temperature Profile w/ Color Gradients	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
4	Critical Alarm Management	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
5	Automated Data Backup	Manual	$\checkmark$
6	Historical Time Trending Analysis (Temperature)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
7	Enhanced Configurable GUI	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
8	DTS System Health	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
9	Configurable Alarm Latching	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
10	Role Based Permissions / Access	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
11	Multiple Delivery Platforms (Tablet & Mobile Phone Access)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
12	Email / Text Alerts / Notifications (internet access required)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
13	Real-Time Pipeline Health Gauge (based on key metrics)		$\checkmark$
14	Insulation Health Monitoring		$\checkmark$
15	Site Asset Landmark Mapping		$\checkmark$
16	RTD vs DTS 2-way Validation		$\checkmark$
17	Shift Summary Report		$\checkmark$
18	"Time to Freeze" Prediction		$\checkmark$
19	Anchor Health Monitoring		$\checkmark$
20	Pipeline Profile vs Plan View Toggling		$\checkmark$

The above offering is illustrative and may be modified by nVent from time to time with prior notification to Client.

New functionalities, features and/or modules developed by nVent may be assigned by nVent, in its sole discretion, to the Select Offer, the Premium Offer, or to a new Offer category, which nVent reserves the right to create.

 $\checkmark$  – Features will be launched in the near future.

### System Requirements, Hardware and Connectivity

nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor is designed on a platform that works with both on-premise and Cloud solutions, which backs-up all measurement and alarm data on a hard-drive. The most recent 2 weeks of data will be available for viewing in the software dashboard. The browser-based user interface allows for access through multiple devices including smart phones, tablets and remote PC's.

The system and hardware requirements vary slightly from project to project, and are dependent on the customer's unique system requirements. All on-premise solutions are delivered as a combination of a local server and the RPS software. The server is rack mounted and installed with an industrial PC, monitor and keyboard for standalone access to the software (communication is Modbus RTU protocol via TCP/IP, RS-232, or RS-485). The solution allows for multi-users in different locations as well as remote access, provided the solution is setup on a Control Network (or corporate network if desired).

nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor can be installed on new pipelines, or retrofitted to existing temperature-critical pipelines with the combination of Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS) and Electrically Heat Traced (EHT) pipelines.



### Software Services and Support

- Software configuration including site asset landmark mapping and unique user access parameters
- Installation, commissioning and training
- DTS diagnostics and performance review
- Multi-level technical support
- · Updates and upgrades using multiple delivery options
- · Alarm log history review and refinement
- User access and permission level control / approval

### **Software Data Protection**

- Follow current industry standards and have technical and organizational safeguards in place to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of data
- We protect data against unauthorized access, use or disclosure, using security technologies and procedures, such as encryption and access controls and limitations
- Measurement and alarm data is backed up on a removable hard drive, and the most recent 2 weeks of data will is available for viewing in the software dashboard
- Apply processes and technologies to help prevent nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor from containing viruses or any other contaminants that access (without authorization) or shut down computer systems, networks, software or other data or property ("Malware")



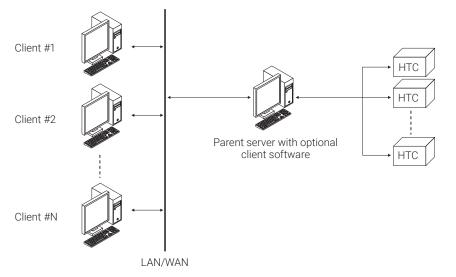
Design Guides Content

inical Data ts Content The nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor heat-tracing controller configuration and monitoring software provides a graphical user interface for nVent RAYCHEM heat-tracing communication and controller products. Heat-trace system information can be accessed and managed from almost anywhere in the world, making Supervisor a powerful management tool for the entire Heat Management System (HMS).

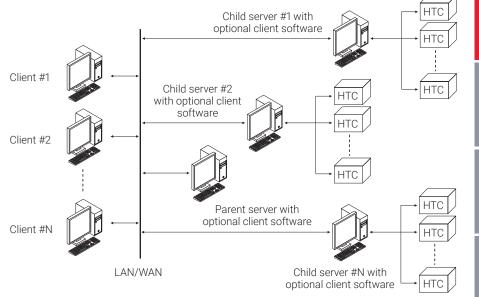
By using the latest network technologies, costs can be reduced. Devices are no longer limited to simple hard-wired serial communications, but take advantage of existing network infrastructures including Ethernet LANs (Local Area Networks) and Internet-based WANs (Wide Area Networks).

nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor is available in two Editions - 'Standard' and 'Enterprise'.

The standard edition is a single-server multi-user version. It provides connectivity to several hundred control units in the field and can support up to four simultaneous users:



The 'Enterprise' edition offers unlimited multi-user, multi-server network capabilities, expanding on the capabilities of the 'Standard' edition. Enterprise level functionality requires the purchase of SQL server software and Microsoft Licensing:



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### System considerations

All nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor EHT systems will have one Parent Server and at least one Client. These may be installed on the same hardware, or may be installed separately, depending on the topology of the system. For larger systems, one or more Child Servers may be added to distribute computing resources throughout a facility. Child Servers can also reduce installed cost by making interconnections easier and less expensive using an existing networking infrastructure.

In all cases, more than one user can access the Parent and/or Child Servers at the same time using the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Client software. The Parent Server and Child Servers will manage communications to field devices (HTCs, UITs, NGC-40 Bridges, and GCCs), and the user's plant data to provide multiple clients with up-to-date information. In order to achieve this, the Parent and Child Servers must be running as efficiently as possible.

The efficiency of your nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor EHT system is directly related to how your plant data is organized. An EHT system that is well organized will run consistently and efficiently. End users will be able to navigate easily through the plant setup and get to the information they need quickly.

### **Features & Benefits**

- Access and manage Electronically controlled Heat-Tracing system information
   from almost anywhere in the world
- · Utilizes the latest in connectivity technologies
- Enables central configuration and monitoring of any nVent RAYCHEM electronic controller installed in the field that includes the appropriate communications interface
- · Full featured alarm monitoring with the ability to acknowledge and clear alarms
- Advanced features such as data logging and trending, batch and recipe processing, scheduled events, and more
- · Scalable to meet the size of any installation
- · Multi-user, multi-server networking capabilities
- Flexibility that reduces the cost of installing communications for electronic controllers within a facility
- Leverages existing network infrastructures such as Ethernet LANs (Local Area Networks) and Internet-based WANs (Wide Area Networks) to remove the limitations of simple hard-wired serial communications

Product Support	<ul> <li>•• = Full or Enhanced Support</li> <li>• = Limited Support</li> </ul>	Standard Edition	Enterprise Edition	
	Elexant 4000 Series Controllers		••	
	NGC-40 Bridge, HTC, HTC3 controllers and I/O modules			
	NGC-20 Controllers	••	••	
	NGC-UIT/UIT2, NGC-30 Controllers	••	••	
	910/915/920 Series Controllers	••	••	
	T2000 Series Controllers	••	••	
	Legacy Devices (780/GCC, 720/790/ -9000/-CAS/-9100 HTCs)	••	••	
TC Connectivity				
	Serial (RS-232, RS-485)			
	Ethernet			
	Wireless / Radio			
	Support for extended addressing			
	Unique Communications Settings per Device	••		
ystem Features				
	Multi-Level security		••	
	System Management by Plant Group			
	Product Configuration			
	Real-time Monitoring		••	
	Alarm Scanning/Logging		••	
	Individual User-defined Preferences		••	
	Multi-Level Device Alarm Priorities	••	••	
ata Management				
	Enhanced Documentation		••	
	Drawing Viewer	••	••	
	Data Logging & Trending	••	••	
	Data Import/Export		••	
	Visual and Printed Reports		••	
	Database Utilities		••	
	History Logging	••	••	
	System-wide Data Synchronization		••	
	Internal User Messaging	••	••	
utomation				
	Batches	••	••	
	Recipes		••	
	Event Scheduler	••	••	
	Email on Alarm		••	
	Offline Modes	••	••	
	Automated Steam-Out Feature		••	
	Load-shedding (NGC product lines)	••	••	
letworking				
	Multi-User Connections	•1	••	
	Multi-Server Architectures		••	
	Remote Connectivity (LAN/WAN+VPN)		••	
	Administration Tools	••	••	

1. Limited to 4 users (clients)

Self-F Heati

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Longline Heating

RTB Tubi Bundle

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

RAYCHEM

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This section provides an overview and general design guidelines for nVent RAYCHEM heat-tracing power distribution panels. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

# **Table of Contents**

**Heat-Trace** Panels

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### INTRODUCTION

HTPG and HTPI panels are a cost-effective and convenient means of providing ground-fault protection to heat-tracing circuits. nVent offers two types of heat-trace panels: the nVent RAYCHEM brand HTPG (Heat-Tracing Panel Group Control) and HTPI (Heat-Tracing Panel Individual Control). These distribution panels have the option of using ground-fault circuit breakers (30-mA trip level). Per national electrical codes and nVent requirements, ground-fault protection must be provided for each heat-tracing circuit. The HTPG and HTPI panels are a cost-effective and convenient means to provide this protection. nVent also supplies specialty panels for specific project requirements. Contact your nVent representative for additional information.

Fig. 1 represents a typical heat-tracing power distribution system. At the Motor Control Center (MCC) the voltage is reduced to the level required for the heat tracing. The transformer supplies this reduced voltage to the distribution panelboard, which contains the main circuit breaker and branch circuit breakers. From the branch circuit breakers (CB), the voltage is transferred to the heater's power connection box via wire/ conduit or cable. This section will assist you in sizing and specifying the transformer and heat-tracing panel.

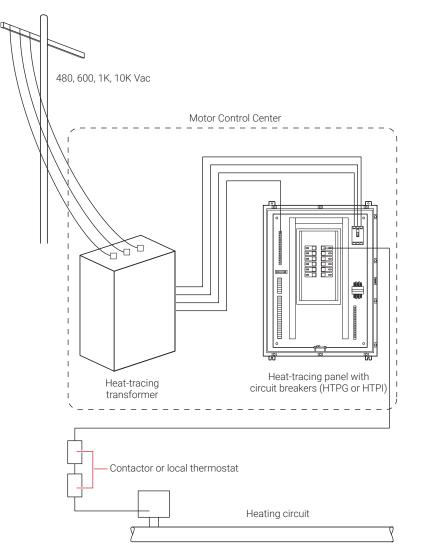


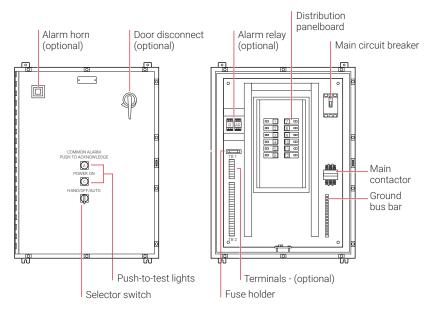
Fig. 1 Typical heat-tracing power distribution system

### Heat-Trace Panels – Group Control

### **nVent RAYCHEM HTPG**

The HTPG is a dedicated power distribution, control, ground-fault protection, monitoring, and alarm panel. This system is used for freeze protection control, broadband maintenance temperature control, or applications in which multiple circuits (branch circuit breakers) are energized at one time.

echnical Data cheets Content A typical HTPG panel includes a wall-mounted enclosure, assembled panelboard, main contactor, main circuit breaker, Hand/Off/Auto switch, contactor-energize light, and door disconnect handle. Fig. 2 shows a typical HTPG panel layout. This wall-mounted enclosure contains an assembled panelboard, main contactor, main circuit breaker, Hand/Off/Auto switch, and contactor-energize light. The panel has options for terminal blocks, alarm relay (form C contacts), common alarm light, door disconnect handle, and alarm horn.



### Fig. 2 Typical HTPG panel layout

Fig. 3 depicts a typical HTPG schematic. The device that energizes the main contactor can be an ambient sensing thermostat (mounted remotely), an electronic controller, a snow sensor controller, or any device with a contact that changes state when the heat tracing is energized.

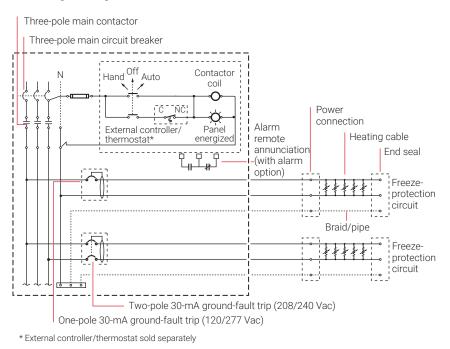


Fig. 3 Typical HTPG schematic

<u>Appendixes</u>

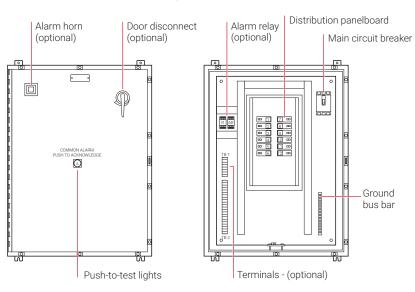
### Heat-Trace Panels - Individual Control

A typical HTPI panel includes a wall-mounted enclosure, assembled panelboard, main circuit breaker, and door disconnect handle.

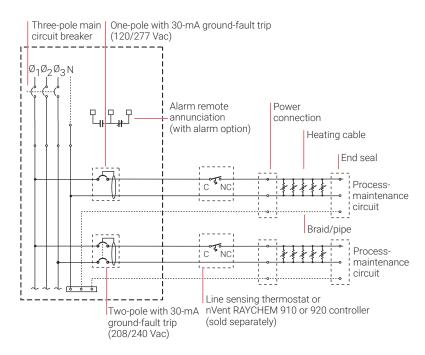
### **nVent RAYCHEM HTPI**

The HTPI is a dedicated power distribution, ground-fault protection, monitoring, and alarm panel. This system is used with a line sensing thermostat (mounted remotely) or a line sensing electronic controller to give individual line sensing control.

Fig. 4 shows a typical panel layout of an HTPI. This wall-mounted enclosure contains an assembled panelboard and main circuit breaker. The panel has options for terminal blocks, alarm relay (form C contacts), common alarm light, door disconnect handle, and alarm horn. Fig. 5 depicts a typical HTPI schematic.









The HTPG and HTPI heat-trace panels are built to UL 508A guidelines and labeled accordingly. The UL508A control panel label is a certification that all assembly, wiring, and testing was done in strict accordance with UL guidelines. Control panel manufacturers must complete an extensive review process of their procedures and demonstrate an understanding of electrical systems, code requirements, and various safety issues in order to qualify as an ETL Listed panel shop. They are subsequently reviewed on a quarterly basis to ensure that all finished products utilize UL-marked components and are manufactured to all UL standards. Assembly and testing of all panels is done in a ETL Certified facility. All panels are functionally tested before shipment. Other applicable standards include UL 67 for panelboards, UL 50 for cabinets, National Electrical Code, NEMA Standards PB1, and Federal Inspection W-P-115C.



### DRAWINGS

For each panel configuration, a set of drawings (BOM and schematic) is created. These drawings are sent to the purchaser for approval or for information only (panel released at time of order). The drawings are 11" x 17" (B size).

### PANEL DESIGN FOR THREE-PHASE SYSTEMS

### Overview

The panel design process involves four steps:

- 1. Gather the necessary information.
  - Total start-up circuit breaker (CB) amps
  - KVA rating of the transformer
  - Phase-to-neutral voltage of the transformer secondary (V<sub>p-n</sub>)
  - Phase-to-phase voltage of the transformer secondary (V<sub>p-p</sub>)
- 2. Determine main circuit breaker and transformer size.
- 3. Select the panelboard.
- 4. Select the ground-fault circuit breaker.

### **Panel Design**

Panel Design 1. Gather information 2. Determine main circuit breaker and transformer size Select panelboard З. 4. Select ground-fault circuit breaker

Step 1. Gather the necessary information

To begin your panel design, gather and record the following information:

- Total start-up CB Amps\_
- KVA rating of the transformer\_\_
- Phase-to-neutral voltage of the transformer secondary (V<sub>p-n</sub>) \_\_\_\_\_
- Phase-to-phase voltage of the transformer secondary  $(V_{p-p})$

Note: Start-up Amps may be obtained by using TraceCalc Pro design software or by contacting your nVent representative.

otep 2. Determine main encart breaker and transformer size	Ste	p 2.	Determine	main	circuit	breaker	and	transformer size	e
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### **Main Breaker Sizing**

The purpose of the main circuit breaker is to protect the transformer, and the wiring between the transformer and, the panelboard, and the panelboard bussing. The main breaker also provides a way to disconnect power to the panelboard for maintenance purposes. Table 1 on page 167, shows the maximum size main circuit breaker that can be used with each size transformer. Choose the appropriate main circuit breaker based upon your application.

### **Transformer Sizing**

Transformers must be sized for the start-up load. This ensures that the main breaker, which protects the transformer, is large enough to take the start-up currents produced by heaters that have transient currents, such as self-regulating heaters. For most applications, this is based on the total start-up current. The formula for calculating minimum transformer rating is:

$\frac{V_{p-p} \times I_T}{10}$		1.73	= KVA
Where:	KVA	=	KVA rating of the transformer
	SF	=	Safety factor (allowance for spare capacity)
	$I_{T}$	=	Total start-up current
	V <sub>p-p</sub>	=	Phase-to-phase voltage of the transformer secondary

After you have applied the above formula, go to Table 1 and choose the next largest standard transformer.

**Note:** The above formula are based upon the assumption that the transformer is perfectly balanced and the entire panelboard will be energized at the same minimum ambient temperature for which the branch circuit breakers were sized.

Technical Data Sheets Content

### TABLE 1 MAXIMUM THREE-PHASE MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZING

	Maximum primary main circuit breaker size				Maximum secondary main circuit breaker size			
Trans.	600 V		480 V		120/208 V		277 V	
size (KVA)	Calculated CB size		Calculated CB size		Calculated CB size		Calculated CB size	
3	3.6	4-F	4.5	6-F	10.4	15	4.5	6-F
6	7.2	9-F	9.0	15	20.8	30	9.0	15
9	10.8	15	13.5	15	31.3	40	13.5	15
15	18.0	20	22.6	30	52.1	60	22.6	30
30	36.1	40	45.1	50	104.2	125	45.1	50
45	54.1	60	67.7	70	156.3	175	67.7	70
75	90.2	100	112.8	125	260.4	300	112.8	125
112.5	135.3	150	169.1	175	390.6	400	169.2	175
150	180.4	200	225.5	225	520.8	600	225.6	225
225	270.6	300	338.3	400	781.3	800	338.4	400
300	360.8	400	451.1	500	1041.7	1200	451.3	500

### TABLE 2 MAXIMUM SINGLE-PHASE MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZING

	Maximum p circuit breal		Maximum secondary main circuit breaker size			
Trans. size	600 V		480 V		120/240 V	
(KVA)	Calculated CB size		Calculated CB size		Calculated CB size	
3	6.3	9-F	7.8	9-F	15.6	20
5	10.4	15	13.0	15	26.0	30
7.5	15.6	20	19.5	20	39.1	40
10	20.8	30	26.0	30	52.1	60
15	31.3	40	39.1	40	78.1	80
25	52.1	60	65.1	70	130.2	150
37.5	78.1	80	97.7	100	195.3	200
50	104.2	125	130.2	150	260.4	300
75	156.3	175	195.3	200	390.6	400

	Panel Design
1.	Gather information
2.	Determine main circuit breaker and transformer size
З.	Select panelboard
4.	Select ground-fault circuit breaker

RAYCHEM-DG-H56890-HeatTracePowerDistributionPanels-EN-2303

### Step 3. Select the panelboard

The standard bus ratings (amperage/phase) for panelboards are 100 A, 225 A, and 400 A. The higher the bus rating, the more expensive the panelboard. Where possible, it is most cost-effective to limit the main circuit breaker and bus rating to 225 A. As mentioned, the main circuit breaker must protect the bussing in the panelboard. Therefore, your main circuit breaker will determine your panelboard bus rating.

<u>Appendixes</u>

### Panel Design Step 4.

Gather information

circuit breaker and

transformer size 3. Select panelboard

 Select ground-fault circuit breaker

2. Determine main

1.

### Step 4. Select ground-fault circuit breaker

The number of spaces taken by GFCBs is a function of the voltage. Table 3 lists the number of spaces each breaker takes in a panelboard, as well as the number of connections to a panelboard.

### TABLE 3 GFCB PANELBOARD REQUIREMENT

Voltage	Number of spaces per GFCB
120	1
208/240	2
277	2

### **Alarm Options**

We offer optional relay alarm breakers for the HTPI and HTPG heat trace panels. The relay alarm uses standard ground-fault circuit breakers wired to a relay. Upon a ground fault / trip condition or if / when the breaker is turned off, the relay changes state (closes) sending a signal to the common alarm relay provided in the panel that the breaker has tripped or has been turned to the "Off" position. Once in alarm, turning the breaker to the "On" position or removing the relay will clear the alarm (see Fig. 7).

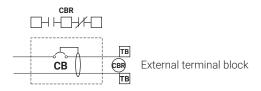


Fig. 6 Ground-fault circuit breaker with external relay for alarm Buried piping

opendix

### **HTPG Overview**

The HTPG selection process involves two steps:

- 1. Gather the necessary information:
  - Voltage
  - Panelboard size
  - Circuit breaker type and rating
  - Number of circuit breakers (availability per voltage)
  - Type of enclosure
  - Main circuit breaker and contactor
  - Options
- 2. Assemble the catalog number.

### **HTPG Catalog Number**

HTPG comes in a variety of configurations. The following chart outlines the elements that constitute a configuration and the corresponding catalog number.



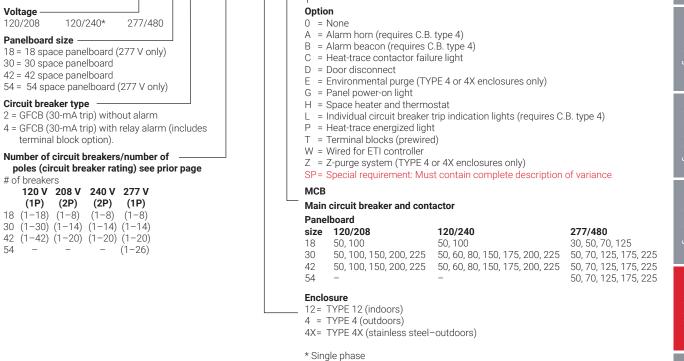


Fig. 7 HTPG catalog number elements

### Voltage

This is the voltage at which the heater is powered. If you have a combination of 120 V and 208 V heaters in the same panelboard, use 120 / 208 as the voltage. For 240 V, we are assuming that the voltage to the panelboard is single-phase (two phases and a neutral).

### Panelboard size

Specify the panelboard size you will require based on the number and type of circuit breakers required. You can specify a larger-than-required panelboard for spare space.

### Circuit breaker type and rating

Specify the type of ground-fault breakers you require in the panelboard. In the parenthesis, fill in the amperage of the breakers (refer to Fig. 7). If more than one amperage is required, then list all the amperages; for example, 3/2P(50), 4/2P(40).

### Number of breakers

Fig. 7 lists the standard numbers of breakers we offer in a single panelboard. If you require more or fewer than the number of breakers shown, list the actual number of breakers required and we can provide a factory quote.

### Enclosure

Fig. 7 shows the standard enclosures. If the panel will be located in a hazardous location (CID2), specify NEMA Type 4 or 4X enclosure for a Z-purge system and choose Z (Z purged) option.

### MCB / contactor

If you require a main circuit breaker less than 100 A, state the required amperage. If you require a main circuit breaker larger than 225 A, state the required amperage and we can provide a factory quote.

### **HTPG Selection Process**

	HTPG Selection
1.	Gather information
2.	Assemble catalog number

### Step 1. Gather the necessary information

Gather and record the following information:

- Voltage\_
- Panelboard size \_\_\_\_
- Circuit breaker type and rating \_\_\_\_\_
- Number of circuit breakers (availability per voltage) \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Type of enclosure \_\_\_\_\_\_
- MCB/contactor \_\_\_\_\_
- Options \_\_\_\_\_

### Example: Information on sample application

Voltage	277
Panelboard size	30
Circuit breaker type and rating	30 A without alarm
Number of breakers	14
Type of enclosure	NEMA Type 4X
MCB/contactor	200 A MCB/contactors
Options	Space heater with thermostat

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Example: HTPG-277/480-30-2-14/1P(30)-4X-200-H

### HTPG Selection 1 Gather information 2. Assemble catalog number

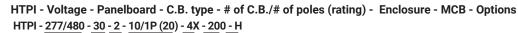
### **HTPI Overview**

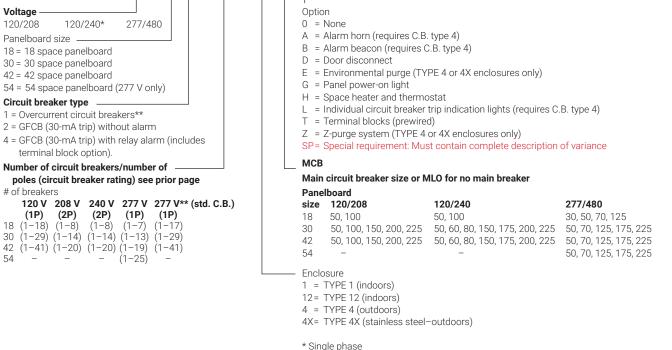
The HTPI selection process involves two steps:

- 1. Gather the necessary information:
  - Voltage
  - · Panelboard size
  - Circuit breaker type and rating
  - Number of circuit breakers (availability per voltage)
  - Type of enclosure
  - MCB
  - Options
- 2. Determine configuration and the corresponding catalog number.

### **HTPI Catalog Number**

HTPI comes in a variety of configurations. The following chart outlines the elements that constitute a configuration and the corresponding catalog number.





\*\* Overcurrent circuit breakers require ground-fault protection from controller

Fig. 8 HTPI catalog number elements

### Voltage

This is the voltage at which the heater is powered. If you have a combination of 120 V and 208 V heaters in the same panelboard, use 120 / 208 as the voltage. For 240 V, we are assuming that the voltage to the panelboard is single-phase (two phases and a neutral).

### Panelboard size

Specify the panelboard size you will require based on the number and type of circuit breakers required. You can specify a larger-than-required panelboard for spare space.

### Circuit breaker type and rating

Specify the type of breakers you require in the panelboard. If you choose a standard circuit breaker, the ground-fault protection function must come from the controller. In the parenthesis (), fill in the amperage of the breakers (refer to Fig. 8). If more than one amperage is required, then list all the amperages; for example, 3/2P(50), 4/2P(40).

### Number of breakers

Fig. 8 lists the standard numbers of breakers we offer in a single panelboard. If you require more or fewer than the number of breakers shown, list the actual number of breakers required and we can provide a factory quote.

### Enclosure

Fig. 8 shows the standard enclosures. If the panel will be located in a hazardous location (CID2), specify NEMA Type 4 or 4X enclosure for a Z-purge enclosure and choose Z (Z purged) option.

### MCB

If you require a main circuit breaker less than 100 A, state the required amperage. If you require a main circuit breaker larger than 225 A, state the required amperage and we can provide a factory quote.

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tub Bundle

Snow Melting and De-Icing

ol and itoring

### **HTPI Selection Process**

	HTPI Selection
1.	Gather information
2.	Assemble catalog number

### Step 1. Gather the necessary information

Gather and record the following information:

- Voltage\_\_\_\_
- Panelboard size \_\_\_\_\_
- Circuit breaker type and rating \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Number of circuit breakers (availability per voltage) \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Type of enclosure \_\_\_\_\_
- Type of main circuit breaker \_\_\_\_\_\_
- Options \_\_\_\_

### Example: Information on sample application

Voltage	277
Panelboard size	30
Circuit breaker type and rating	20 A without alarm
Number of breakers	10
Type of enclosure	NEMA Type 4X
Type of main circuit breaker	200 A main circuit breaker
Options	Space heater with thermostat

# HTPI Selection 1. Gather information 2. Assemble catalog number

### Step 2. Assemble the catalog number

Example: HTPI-277/480-30-2-10/1P(20)-4X-200-H

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

RAYCHEM

This section provides an overview of nVent RAYCHEM tank insulation systems. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/RAYCHEM</u>.

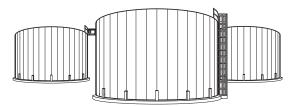
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INSTALLATION

### INTRODUCTION

**Tank Insulation** 

nVent RAYCHEM offers a standing lock seam tank insulation system for the industrial market. The system is designed to prevent tank heat loss.



Trac-Loc vertical lock seam tank insulation

### Fig. 1 Tank Insulation

### NVENT RAYCHEM TRAC-LOC VERTICAL LOCK-SEAM TANK INSULATION



The Trac-Loc tank insulation system is a vertical double-locking standing seam insulation panel system that's unique in its design, panel construction and installation techniques.

### Applications

Trac-Loc is ideal for large, flat-bottomed tanks used for storage of materials that are sensitive to temperature fluctuations and require a covering of insulation and jacketing to reduce heat loss or gain.

### Design

The Trac-Loc advanced interlock panel system consists of prefabricated panels of insulating and jacketing material. These panels, fabricated to the height of the storage tank, include mating seams that are mechanically folded together. This mechanical seam creates a homogenous jacket that not only secures the panels to the storage tank, but also reduces moisture ingress, has superior wind resistance, and has inherent expansion and contraction properties.

### **Panel Construction**

Trac-Loc panels are fabricated by laminating insulation material to a preformed metal jacket. Panels can be the entire height of the tank eliminating jacketing penetrations and reducing total installation cost. They are manufactured in one continuous piece equal to the height of the tank, eliminating horizontal joints. The panels can be made from one or more industrial insulating materials. Jacket materials come in a wide range of colors and conform to industry standards.

### TABLE 1 INSULATION

Fiberglass	$K = 0.24 BTU \cdot In/Hr \cdot Ft \cdot ^{\circ}F$	Tmax = 850°F (454°C)
Cellular glass	K = 0.30 BTU • In/Hr • Ft • °F	Tmax = 900°F (482°C)
Polyisocyanurate	$K = 0.19 \; BTU \cdot In/Hr \cdot Ft \cdot {}^\circF$	Tmax = 250°F (121°C)
Mineral wool	K = 0.26 BTU • In/Hr • Ft • °F	Tmax = 1200°F (649°C)
Calcium silicate	$K = 0.34 \; BTU \cdot In/Hr \cdot Ft \cdot {}^\circF$	Tmax = 1200°F (649°C)
Expanded Perlite	K = 0.34 BTU • In/Hr • Ft • °F	Tmax = 1200°F (649°C)

K-Factor based on 100°F (38°C) mean temperature, per manufacturer data sheets.

See the Engineering Specification for Trac-Loc Panel Systems (H57589) for detailed temperature range information.

### TABLE 2 JACKET\*

Aluminum	0.024 in (0.6 mm)
Stainless steel	0.016 in (0.4 mm)
Coated steel	0.024 in (0.6 mm)

\*Jacket material can be coated for corrosive environments and colored for aesthetics.

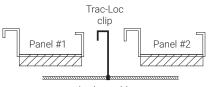
<u>Appendixes</u>

In order to temporarily secure the panels to the surface, a cable system is secured to the tank circumference. Trac-Loc clips secure the panels to the cables. A seaming tool forms the adjacent panels into a double locking vertical seam that includes the clip.

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Step 2

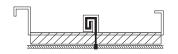
Step 4

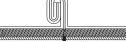


Anchor cable

### Step 1

Trac-Loc clip and panels prior to assembly. Clip is secured to anchor cable.





along tank surface.

Alignment of Trac-Loc clip and panels. Panels held in place by mating flanges with

clip inserted between male/female flange.

Final seam creates homogeneous jacketing

### Step 3

Double locking of panels creates seal. Mechanical crimping of seam accomplished by single pass of seaming tool.

### Fig. 2 Trac-Loc installation

The Trac-Loc system is provided as a complete turnkey system. Additional value-added services include:

- Estimates
- Thermal calculations
- AutoCAD<sup>®</sup> designs
- · Tank heater pads and self-regulating cable designs
- · Immersion heaters, circulation heaters, etc.
- Under tank designed heating systems

Longline Heating

> RTB Tubir Bundles

show Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

TRACER

Vent

This section provides an overview of the nVent TRACER offering for steam and recirculating fluid heat-tracing systems. For complete design assistance, contact your nVent representative or visit our website at <u>nVent.com/TRACER</u>.

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### INTRODUCTION

**Steam Tracing** 

nVent offers complete project execution of steam and recirculating fluid-tracing systems through our nVent TRACER Turnkey Solutions team. Design, optimization, material supply, installation, and commissioning of the tracing system by a single source ensures that accountability for the system performance rests in one location. Working from project-specific material and performance specifications, nVent offers a complete system from header design through condensate collection.

Typical steam-tracing layout

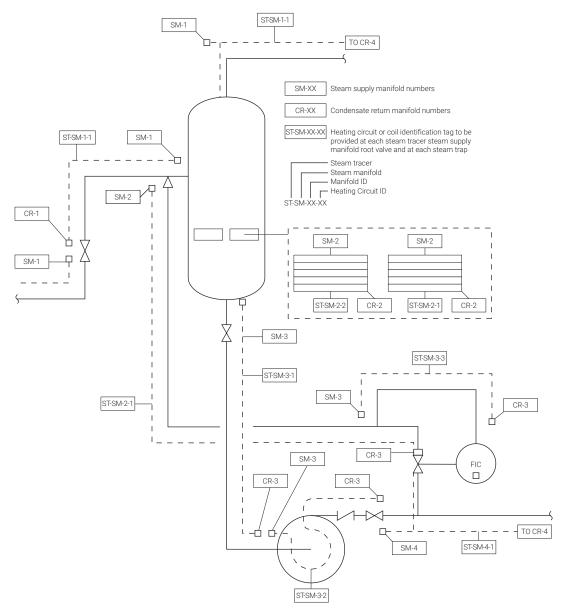
\ppendixes

### **ENGINEERING AND DESIGN**

Quality installations include a complete and properly documented design. nVent employs an experienced staff of engineers and designers to form the industry's leading heat-tracing engineering organization in North America.

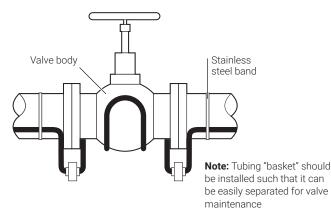
Our engineering capabilities extend to all types of circulating fluid (i.e. steam, tepid water, hot oil, glycol) systems. Using our TRACERLYNX 3D Heat Management System Software, nVent takes advantage in utilizing the client's 3D model files (.idf or .pcf) to accurately capture the scope of work and all engineering details to provide a comprehensive and fully optimized heat management system. Engineering deliverables include:

- Isometric detail drawings with heat-tracing design parameters and calculations
- Heat-tracing P&ID
- · Typical and project-specific installation details
- · Nameplate and tagging schedules
- Complete project bills of material, inclusive of trace tubing, fittings, accessories, steam traps, manifolds, and preinsulated supply/return tubing
- · Heat-trace circuit plot plans and/or schedules
- Post-construction "as-built" documentation
- Comprehensive operation and maintenance instruction manuals



Typical steam-trace P&ID

echnical Data cheets Content Adherence to industry-standard practices for steam-tracing installations, combined with complete premobilization designs, ensures the proper performance of steam and recirculating fluid systems.

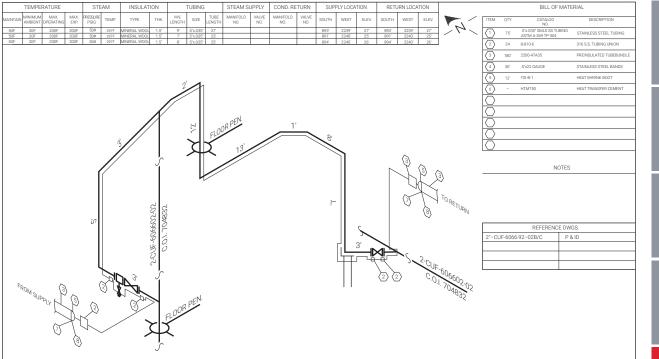


### Typical installation detail - valve

### **TURNKEY INSTALLATION**

Heat tracing is our core competency. We are dedicated to training our managers and craftsmen in the safest, most efficient methods for installing all system components. This ensures that projects are installed with front-line direct-hire labor, assuring that installations will be done cost effectively, thereby minimizing the total installed cost.

Installation includes complete documentation of the system. This consists of test logs and markups of the design isometrics to reflect any piping changes. All of this information is assembled in a comprehensive operation and maintenance manual.



Typical steam-tracing circuit isometric

### MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR SERVICES

The unique characteristics of a steam-tracing system dictate that a comprehensive maintenance and monitoring program is utilized to ensure for proper system performance. nVent has the ability to inspect and assist you in the management of your steam-tracing system by offering comprehensive system audits, repair and renovation estimates, as well as repair and maintenance services performed by trained TRACER field service technicians.

Overview

# **Technical Data Sheets**

This section provides individual technical data sheets for all of the Thermal Management products. Each data sheet is also available in .pdf format on our web site at nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

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### **Heat-Trace Panels**

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RAYCHEM



# Appendix

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

The nVent RAYCHEM BTV family of self-regulating heating cables provides the solution to freeze-protection and process-temperature maintenance applications.

BTV heating cables maintain process temperatures up to 150°F (65°C) and can withstand intermittent exposure to

The heating cables are configured for use in nonhazardous

and hazardous locations, including areas where corrosives

For additional information, contact your nVent representative

BTV cables meet the requirements of the U.S. National

Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code.

temperatures up to 185°F (85°C).

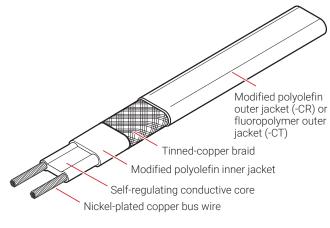
may be present.

or call (800) 545-6258.

## Self-regulating heating cables Electrical freeze protection for both nonhazardous and hazardous locations

### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

BTV



### Heating cable construction



**APPLICATION** 

 Area classification
 Nonhazardous and hazardous locations

 Traced surface type
 Metal and plastic

 Chemical resistance
 - CR
 Flame Retardant modified polyolefin outer jacket for exposure to aqueous inorganic chemicals

 . -CT
 Fluoropolymer outer jacket, inherently fire resistant for exposure to organic chemicals or corrosives

 . For aggressive organics and corrosives: Consult your nVent representative.

### SUPPLY VOLTAGE

BTV1	100-130 Vac
BTV2	200–277 Vac

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esign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

Maximum maintain or continuous exposure temperature (power on/off)	150°F (65°C)
Maximum intermittent exposure temperature (power on/off)	185°F (85°C) Maximum cumulative exposure 1000 hours
Temperature classification	T6: 185°F (85°C) Temperature ID numbers are consistent with North America national electrical codes.
Minimum installation temperature	-76°F (-60°C)
Minimum bend radius	$\begin{array}{l} -76^{\circ}\text{F} (-60^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < -4^{\circ}\text{F} (-20^{\circ}\text{C}): 1.4" (35 \text{ mm}) \\ -4^{\circ}\text{F} (-20^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < 14^{\circ}\text{F} (-10^{\circ}\text{C}): 1.2" (30 \text{ mm}) \\ 14^{\circ}\text{F} (-10^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < 32^{\circ}\text{F} (0^{\circ}\text{C}): 1" (25 \text{ mm}) \\ 32^{\circ}\text{F} (0^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < 50^{\circ}\text{F} (+10^{\circ}\text{C}): 0.8" (20 \text{ mm}) \\ \text{T} \geq 50^{\circ}\text{F} (+10^{\circ}\text{C}): 0.5" (12.7 \text{ mm}) \end{array}$
Bus wire size	16 AWG
Outer jacket color	Black

### **APPROVALS**

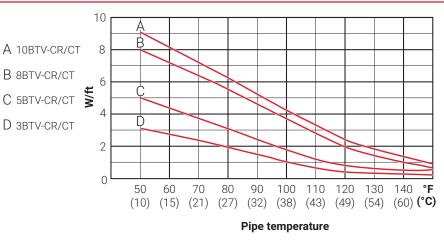
		Hazardous	Locations	Zone Appre	ovals
IECEx	IECEx BAS 20.0011X Ex 60079-30-1 eb IIC T6 Gb or Ex 60079-30-1 eb mb IIC T6 Gb Ex 60079-30-1 tb IIIC T80°C or Ex 60079-30-1 mb tb IIIC T80°C Tmin -60°C	APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III Tmin –40°C		
	<sup>(1)</sup> BTV-CR is not CSA Certified for Division 1		Class I, Div. 1 <sup>(1)</sup> & 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 <sup>(1)</sup> & 2, Groups E, F, G Class III -WS for Canada		Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T6 Gb Ex 60079-30-1 IIIC T85°C Db Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T6 Gb Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T85°C Db -WS for Canada
				Segurança	IEx 09.0004X Ex eb IIC T6 Gb Ex eb mb IIC T6 Gb

### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

For proper design and installation, use TraceCalc Pro design software or the Design section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Products & Services Catalog (H56550). Also, refer to the nVent Installation and Maintenance Manual (H57274). Literature is available via nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATING ON METAL PIPES AT 120 V / 240 V

	Adjustme	nt factors
	Power output	Circuit length
208 V		
3BTV2-CR/CT	0.88	0.96
5BTV2-CR/CT	0.91	0.94
8BTV2-CR/CT	0.93	0.92
10BTV2-CR/CT	0.95	0.92
277 V		
3BTV2-CR/CT	1.13	1.08
5BTV2-CR/CT	1.08	1.09
8BTV2-CR/CT	1.05	1.11
10BTV2-CR/CT	1.05	1.11



**Note:** To choose the correct heating cable for your application, use the Design section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Products & Services Catalog (H56550). For more detailed information, use TraceCalc Pro design software.

### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTHS BASED ON CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZES

			Maximum	i circuit len	gth (in feet	) per circui	t breaker			
	Ambient temperature		120 V				240 V			
	at start-up		15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A
3BTV-CR/CT	50°F	(10°C)	330	330	330	330	660	660	660	660
	0°F	(-18°C)	200	265	330	330	395	530	660	660
	-20°F	(-29°C)	175	235	330	330	350	465	660	660
	-40°F	(-40°C)	155	205	310	330	310	410	620	660
5BTV-CR/CT	50°F	(10°C)	230	270	270	270	460	540	540	540
	0°F	(-18°C)	140	190	270	270	285	380	540	540
	-20°F	(-29°C)	125	165	250	270	250	330	500	540
	-40°F	(-40°C)	110	145	220	270	220	295	440	540
8BTV-CR/CT	50°F	(10°C)	150	200	210	210	300	400	420	420
	0°F	(-18°C)	100	130	200	210	200	265	400	420
	-20°F	(-29°C)	85	115	175	210	175	235	350	420
	-40°F	(-40°C)	80	105	155	210	155	210	315	420
10BTV-CR/CT	50°F	(10°C)	120	160	180	180	240	315	360	360
	0°F	(-18°C)	80	110	160	180	160	215	325	360
	-20°F	(−29°C)	70	95	140	180	145	190	285	360
	-40°F	(-40°C)	65	85	125	170	125	170	255	340

### **PRODUCT DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT**

	3BTV, 5BTV	8BTV, 10BTV
Weight	74 lbs/1000 ft (110 g/m)	100 lbs/1000 ft (150 g/m)
Width x Thickness (nominal)	0.413 x 0.217 in (10.5 x 5.5 mm)	0.520 x 0.217 in (13.2 x 5.5 mm)

Steam Tracing

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Part number	Description	Part number	
3BTV1-CR	013331-000	3BTV2-CR	914279-000	
5BTV1-CR	208489-000	5BTV2-CR	414809-000	
8BTV1-CR	413851-000	8BTV2-CR	479821-000	
10BTV1-CR	002349-000	10BTV2-CR	677245-000	
3BTV1-CT	893301-000	3BTV2-CT	469145-000	
5BTV1-CT	313747-000	5BTV2-CT	487509-000	
8BTV1-CT	481491-000	8BTV2-CT	008633-000	
10BTV1-CT	516277-000	10BTV2-CT	567513-000	

### CONNECTION KITS

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end seals. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.



RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heatin

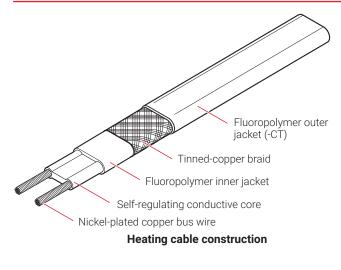
Snow Melting and De-Icing

RAYCHEM

# Self-regulating heating cables Electrical process temperature maintenance for both nonhazardous and hazardous locations

### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

QTVR



The nVent RAYCHEM QTVR family of self-regulating heating cables is designed for pipe heat tracing in industrial applications. QTVR heating cables can provide processtemperature maintenance up to 225°F (110°C) and can also be used for freeze protection in systems having high heat loss. The heating cables are configured for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations, including areas where corrosives may be present.

QTVR cables meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code. For additional information, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.



### APPLICATION

Area classification	Nonhazardous and hazardous locations	nels
Traced surface type	Metal and some plastics For use on plastic pipes, refer to TraceCalc Pro design software.	
Chemical resistance	Organic and aqueous inorganic chemicals and corrosives	Inst
SUPPLY VOLTAGE		nsulation
QTVR1	100-130 Vac	
QTVR2	200–277 Vac	

### SPECIFICATIONS

Maximum maintain or continuous exposure temperature (power on/off)	225°F (110°C)
Maximum intermittent exposure temperature (power on/off)	225°F (110°C)
Temperature classification	T4: 275°F (135°C) Temperature ID numbers are consistent with North America national electrical codes.
Minimum installation temperature	-76°F (-60°C)
Minimum bend radius	-76°F (-60°C) ≤ T< -4°F (-20°C): 2" (51 mm) -4°F (-20°C) ≤ T< 14°F (-10°C): 1.4" (35 mm) 14°F (-10°C) ≤ T< 32°F (0°C): 1" (25 mm) 32°F (0°C) ≤ T < 50°F (+10°C): 0.8" (20 mm) T≥ 50°F (+10°C): 0.5" (12.7 mm)
Bus wire size	16AWG 10QTVR1-CT, 10QTVR2-CT,15QTVR2-CT 14AWG 15QTVR1-CT, 20QTVR1-CT,20QTVR2-CT
Outer jacket color	Brown

### **APPROVALS**

		Hazardous	Locations	Zone Approvals			
IECEx	IECEx BAS 20.0013X Ex 60079-30-1 eb IIC T4 Gb or Ex 60079-30-1 eb mb IIC T4 Gb Ex 60079-30-1 tb IIIC T130°C or Ex 60079-30-1 mb tb IIIC T130°C Tmin –60°C	<b>FM</b> APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III Tmin -40°C				
			Class I, Div. 1 and 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E, F, G Class III - WS for Canada		Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T4 Gb Ex 60079-30-1 IIIC T135°C Db Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T4 Gb Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T135°C Db -WS for Canada		
				Segurança	IEx 09.0006X Ex eb IIC T4 Gb Ex eb mb IIC T4 Gb		

### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

For proper design and installation, use TraceCalc Pro design software or the Design section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Products & Services Catalog (H56550). Also, refer to the nVent Installation and Maintenance Manual (H57274). Literature is available on nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

Appendixes Content

### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATING ON METAL PIPES AT 120 V / 240 V

	Adjustment factors			20								
	Power output	Circuit length	20QTVR-CT	16	-	$\searrow$						
208 V			B 15QTVR-CT	<b>H</b> 12		$\overline{\ }$	$\geq$					
10QTVR2-CT	0.91	0.94	10QTVR-CT	₩ <sup>12</sup>			$\overline{}$					
15QTVR2-CT	0.96	0.91		8					$\geq$			
20QTVR2-CT	0.95	0.91							$\geq$	$\geq$		
277 V				4							$\langle \rangle$	
10QTVR2-CT	1.16	1.06										
15QTVR2-CT	1.1	1.1		0	50	10	0	15	50	20	)0	
20QTVR2-CT	1.08	1.11			(10)	(38	3)	(6	5)	(9	3)	

**Note:** To choose the correct heating cable for your application, use the Design section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Products & Services Catalog (H56550). For more detailed information, use TraceCalc Pro design software.

### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTHS BASED ON CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZES

	Ambient temperature at start-up		Maximum circuit length (in feet) per circuit breaker									
			120 V				240 V					
			15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A
10QTVR-CT	50°F	(10°C)	100	130	195	195	+	200	265	390	390	+
	0°F	(-18°C)	80	105	160	195	+	160	210	320	390	+
	-20°F	(-29°C)	70	95	145	195	+	145	195	295	390	+
	-40°F	(-40°C)	65	90	135	180	+	135	180	275	365	+
15QTVR-CT	50°F	(10°C)	75	100	150	200	220	160	210	320	340	+
	0°F	(-18°C)	60	80	120	160	200	125	170	255	340	+
	-20°F	(-29°C)	55	70	110	145	185	115	155	235	315	+
	-40°F	(-40°C)	50	65	100	135	170	110	145	220	290	+
20QTVR-CT	50°F	(10°C)	60	80	120	160	195	120	160	240	320	390
	0°F	(-18°C)	45	60	95	125	160	95	125	190	255	320
	-20°F	(−29°C)	40	55	85	115	145	85	115	175	235	295
	-40°F	(-40°C)	40	55	80	110	135	80	110	165	220	275

† Not permitted

### **PRODUCT DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT**

	10QTVR1-CT, 10QTVR2-CT, 15QTVR2-CT	15QTVR1-CT, 20QTVR1-CT, 20QTVR2-CT
Weight	85 lbs/1000 ft (126 g/m)	121 lbs/1000 ft (180 g/m)
Width x Thickness (nominal)	0.465 x 0.177 in (11.8 x 4.5 mm)	0.551 x 0.201 in (14.0 x 5.1 mm)

### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Part number	Description	Part number	
10QTVR1-CT	259951-000	10QTVR2-CT	391991-000	
15QTVR1-CT	148345-000	15QTVR2-CT	040615-000	
20QTVR1-CT	498703-000	20QTVR2-CT	988967-000	

250 °F (121) (°C)

### CONNECTION KITS

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end seals. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

Design Guides Content

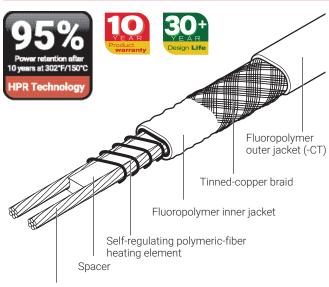
RAYCHEM



### High power retention self-regulating heating cables for freeze protection or process temperature maintenance applications

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

**XTVR** 



14 AWG Nickel-plated copper conductors

The nVent RAYCHEM XTVR self-regulating heating cable is designed for freeze protection or process temperature maintenance of pipes and vessels requiring high power output and exposure temperatures.

The XTVR heating cables can withstand temperatures up to 482°F (250°C) and provide process temperature maintenance to 302°F (150°C). The XTVR cable incorporates a high power retention (HPR) heating core. This innovative heating core technology and product design results in:

- · Highly reliable power output for long operational life
- · Ease of stripping, flexing and installation
- Seven wattage levels (240 V range) for efficient heat trace designs and lower installation costs

Power retention: Minimum 95% after 10 years at maximum operating temperature of 302°F (150°C).

Certified for use in hazardous and ordinary areas and comes with a 10 year product warranty.

Design life: 30+ years of design life, depending on application.

nVent RAYCHEM XTVR cables meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code. For additional information, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

APPLICATION	
Area classification	Nonhazardous and hazardous locations
Traced surface type	Metal
Chemical resistance	Organic and aqueous inorganic chemicals and corrosives
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	

SU	P	PL	Y.	V	OL	Т.	A	GI	E	
-										

XTVR1	100-130 Vac	1 4 4
XTVR2	200-277 Vac	ij

SPECIFICATIONS	
Maximum maintain or continuous operating temperature (power on)	302°F (150°C)
Maximum intermittent exposure temperature (power on/off)	482°F (250°C) for 2000 hours cumulative.
Temperature classification (T-Rating or Temperature ID numbers) Temperature ID numbers are consistent with North America National Electrical Codes	T2D 419°F (215°C)       15XTVR1-CT, 20XTVR1-CT, 20XTVR2-CT         T3 392°F (200°C)       10XTVR2-CT, 10XTVR1-CT, 12XTVR2-CT, 15XTVR2-CT         T3A 356°F (180°C)       3XTVR2-CT, 5XTVR1-CT, 5XTVR2-CT, 8XTVR2-CT
Minimum installation temperature	-76°F(-60°C)
Bus-Wire size	14 AWG
Outer jacket color	Red
Thickness (nominal)	0.283 in (7.2 mm)
Width (nominal)	0.425 in (10.8 mm)
Weight (nominal)	114 lb/1000 ft (164 g/m)
Minimum bend radius	-76°F (-60°C) ≤ T< -4°F (-20°C): 2" (51 mm) -4°F (-20°C) ≤ T< 14°F (-10°C): 1.4" (35 mm) 14°F (-10°C) ≤ T< 32°F (0°C): 1" (25 mm) 32°F (0°C) ≤ T < 50°F (+10°C): 0.8" (20 mm) T≥ 50°F (+10°C): 0.5" (12.7 mm)
Design Life	30 years or more depending on application (contact nVent for more details)
Power Retention	Minimum 95% after 10 years at maximum operating temperature of 302°F (150°C)

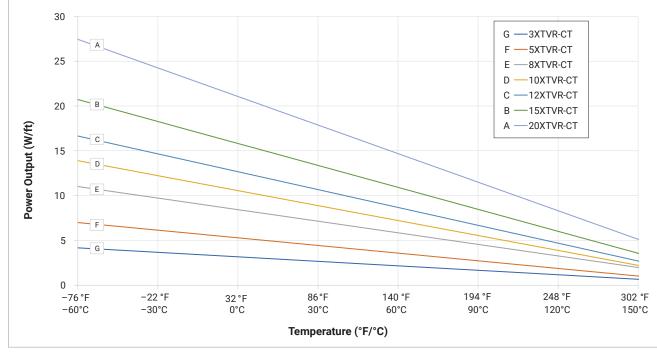
#### APPROVALS

Hazardo	us Locations			Zone A	pprovals
IECEx	IECEx BAS 20.0012X Ex 60079-30-1 eb IIC T* Gb or Ex 60079-30-1 tb IIIC T**°C Db Ex 60079-30-1 eb mb IIC T* Gb or Ex 60079-30-1 mb tb IIIC T**°C Db Tmin -60°C (*see schedule)	APPROVED	Class I, Div. 1, Groups A, B, C, D Class II Div. 1, Groups F, G Class III		
			Class I, Div. 1 and 2, Groups A, B,C, D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E,F, G Class III -WS for Canada	c e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T* Gb Ex 60079-30-1 IIIC T* Db Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T* Gb Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T* Db -WS for Canada

\*,\*\* For system T-rating, refer to design document or see schedule.

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

For proper design and installation, use TraceCalc Pro design software or the design section of the nVent Products & Services Catalogue (H56550). Also, refer to the nVent Installation and Maintenance manual (H57274). Literature is available via the nVent web site, nVent.com/RAYCHEM



For details relating to power output and circuit lengths at other voltages, for example 208 V and 277 V, use TraceCalc Pro design software.

#### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTHS BASED ON CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZES

		Ambient		Maximum circuit length (in feet) per circuit breaker										
	tempe at star		120 V	120 V					240 V					
	°F	°C	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A		
	50	10						480	640	960	979	979		
3XTVR2-CT	0	-18						415	553	830	979	979		
3XTVR2-CT	-20	-29			N/A			394	526	789	979	979		
	-40	-40						376	501	751	979	979		
	50	10	180	240	360	373	373	360	480	720	744	744		
5XTVR1-CT	0	-18	155	207	310	373	373	311	414	621	744	744		
5XTVR2-CT	-20	-29	147	196	294	373	373	295	393	589	744	744		
	-40	-40	139	186	279	372	373	280	374	561	744	744		
	50	10			_			261	348	522	578	578		
	0	-18			N1 / A			227	302	453	578	578		
8XTVR2-CT	-20	-29			N/A			216	287	431	575	578		
	-40	-40						205	274	411	548	578		
	50	10	111	148	221	256	256	221	295	443	509	509		
10XTVR1-CT	0	-18	96	128	192	256	256	192	256	383	509	509		
10XTVR2-CT	-20	-29	91	121	182	242	256	182	243	364	485	509		
	-40	-40	87	115	173	231	256	173	231	346	462	509		

Appendixes

		Ambient		um circui	t length (	Maximum circuit length (in feet) per circuit breaker										
	temperature at start-up		120 V				240 V									
	°F	°C	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A				
	50	10						192	256	384	456	456				
	0	-18						166	222	332	443	456				
12XTVR2-CT	-20	-29			N/A			158	211	316	421	456				
	-40	-40							200	301	401	456				
	50	10	72	96	144	193	200	144	193	289	385	407				
15XTVR1-CT	0	-18	63	84	127	169	200	125	167	251	334	407				
15XTVR2-CT	-20	-29	60	81	121	161	195	119	159	238	318	392				
	-40	-40	58	77	115	154	189	114	151	227	302	378				
	50	10	58	77	115	154	169	115	154	230	307	339				
20XTVR1-CT	0	-18	51	68	102	135	151	100	134	200	267	301				
20XTVR2-CT	-20	-29	49	65	97	130	146	95	127	191	255	289				
	-40	-40	47	62	93	124	141	91	121	182	243	279				

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

Appendixes Content

Part description	Part number	Part description	Part number
5XTVR1-CT	2000003071	3XTVR2-CT	2000003070
10XTVR1-CT	2000003074	5XTVR2-CT	2000003072
15XTVR1-CT	2000003077	8XTVR2-CT	2000003073
20XTVR1-CT	2000003079	10XTVR2-CT	2000003075
		12XTVR2-CT	2000003075
		15XTVR2-CT	2000003078
		20XTVR2-CT	200003080

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

# HTV



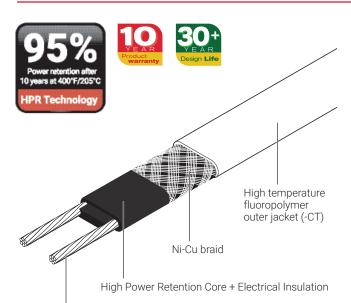
#### Longlin Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

### High power retention self regulating heating cables freeze protection or process temperature maintenance for both nonhazardous and hazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



14 AWG nickel plated copper conductors

#### Heating Cable Construction

The nVent RAYCHEM HTV self-regulating heating cable is designed for freeze protection or process temperature maintenance of pipes and vessels requiring high power output and exposure temperatures.

The HTV heating cables can withstand temperatures up to 500°F (260°C) and provide process temperature maintenance to 400°F (205°C). The HTV cable has a solid construction with a high power retention (HPR) heating core and pressure extruded electrical insulation. This innovative heating core technology and product design results in:

- Superior heat transfer
- Highly reliable power output for long operational life
- Ease of stripping, flexing and installation
- Eight wattage levels for efficient heat trace designs and lower installation costs

Power retention: Minimum 95% after 10 years at maximum operating temperature of  $400^{\circ}$ F ( $205^{\circ}$ C).

Certified for use in hazardous and ordinary areas and comes with a 10 year product warranty.

Design life: 30+ years of design life, depending on application.

nVent RAYCHEM HTV cables meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code. For additional information, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

APPLICATION	
Area classification	Nonhazardous and hazardous locations
Traced surface type	Metal
Chemical resistance	Organic and aqueous inorganic chemicals and corrosives
SUPPLY VOLTAGE	

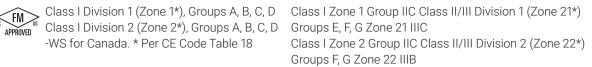
HTV1	100-130 Vac
HTV2	200-277 Vac

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Power Retention	Minimum 95% after 10 years at maximum operating temperature of 400°F (205°C)
Design Life	30 years or more depending on application (contact nVent for more details)
Minimum bend radius	−76°F (−60°C) ≤ T< −4°F (−20°C): 1" (25 mm) −4°F (−20°C) ≤ T< 14°F (−10°C): 0.8" (20 mm) 14°F (−10°C) ≤ T< 50°F (+10°C): 0.6" (15 mm) T≥ 50°F (+10°C): 0.5" (13 mm)
Weight (nominal)	114 lb/1000 ft (170 g/m)
Width (nominal)	0.429 in (10.9 mm)
Thickness (nominal)	0.28 in (7.1 mm)
Bus-Wire size	14 AWG
Minimum installation temperature	-76°F(-60°C)
Temperature classification (T-Rating or Temperature ID numbers) Temperature ID numbers are consistent with North America National Electrical Codes	T2B 464°F (240°C) 28HTV2-CT T2D 419°F (215°C) 20HTV1-CT; 20HTV2-CT T3 400°F (200°C) 5, 8, 10, 12, 15 HTV1-CT 5, 8, 10, 12, 15 HTV2-CT T3A 356°F (180°C) 3HTV1-CT, 3HTV2-CT
Maximum intermittent exposure temperature (power on/off)	500°F (260°C) for 2000 hours cumulative. Longer durations allowed between 500°F (260°C) and 400°F (205°C)
Maximum maintain or continuous operating temperature (power on)	400°F (205°C)

#### **APPROVALS**

For HTV Cable





Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T\*\* Gb Ex 60079-30-1 IIIC T\*\* Db Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T\*\* Gb Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T\*\* Db -WS for Canada

IECEx PTB 21.0007X Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T\*\* Gb Ex 60079-30-1 IIIC T\*\* Db System's hazardous area location rating and ambient temperature range depend on the connection kits used (see schedule).

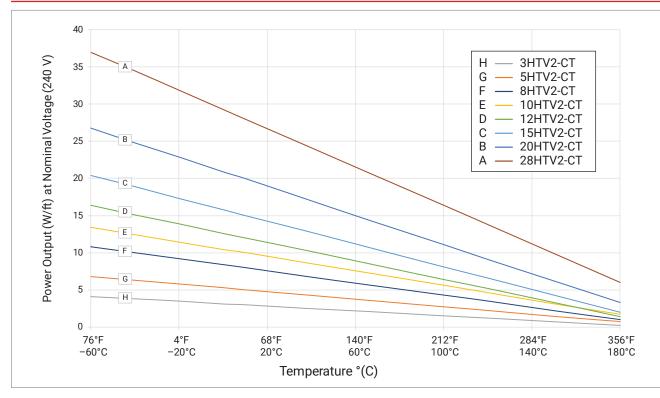


IEx 21.0097X Ex eb mb 60079-30-1 IIC 85°C (T6)...215°C (T2) Gb Ex tb 60079-30-1 IIIC T85°C...T215°C Db

\*\* For system T-rating, refer to design document or see schedule.

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

For proper design and installation, use TraceCalc Pro design software or the design section of the nVent Products & Services Catalogue (H56550). Also, refer to the nVent Installation and Maintenance manual (H57274). Literature is available via the nVent web site, RAYCHEM.nVent.com.



#### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTHS BASED ON CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZES

		bient			Maxii	mum circu	it length (	in feet) per circuit breaker					
		ature at rt-up			120 V			240 V					
	°F	°C	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	
	50	10	241	322	482	485	485	482	643	964	978	978	
3HTV-CT	0	-18	213	284	426	485	485	415	554	831	978	978	
3017-01	-20	-29	203	271	407	485	485	395	527	791	978	978	
	-40	-40	195	260	390	485	485	378	504	756	978	978	
	50	10	180	240	360	372	372	360	480	720	751	751	
	0	-18	157	209	314	372	372	314	418	627	751	751	
5HTV-CT	-20	-29	151	201	302	372	372	299	398	598	751	751	
	-40	-40	145	194	291	372	372	285	380	571	751	751	
	50	10	131	174	261	289	289	261	348	523	581	581	
8HTV-CT	0	-18	113	151	227	289	289	229	305	457	581	581	
8HIV-UI	-20	-29	108	144	216	288	289	218	291	437	581	581	
	-40	-40	103	138	207	276	289	209	278	418	557	581	
	50	10	111	148	221	254	254	221	296	443	508	508	
	0	-18	97	130	195	254	254	196	261	392	508	508	
10HTV-CT	-20	-29	93	124	185	247	254	187	249	374	498	508	
	-40	-40	89	118	177	236	254	178	238	357	476	508	
	50	10	96	128	192	226	226	192	256	384	462	462	
12HTV-CT	0	-18	85	114	171	226	226	167	223	335	446	462	
121114-01	-20	-29	81	109	163	217	226	160	213	319	426	462	
	-40	-40	78	104	156	207	226	153	204	305	407	462	

Appendixes

	Ambient temperature at start-up				Maxi	mum circu	iit length (	in feet) pe	r circuit b	reaker		
				120 V					240 V			
	°F	°C	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A
	50	10	75	101	151	201	201	151	202	302	400	400
15HTV-CT	0	-18	67	89	133	177	201	132	176	264	352	400
1201 1201	-20	-29	63	84	127	169	201	126	168	252	336	397
	-40	-40	60	80	121	161	193	120	160	240	320	381
	50	10	60	80	120	160	169	115	154	230	307	330
	0	-18	53	71	106	141	155	101	135	203	271	294
20HTV-CT	-20	-29	51	68	101	135	149	97	129	194	259	283
	-40	-40	49	65	97	130	144	93	124	186	248	273
	50	10	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	86	114	172	229	231
	0	-18	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	76	101	152	202	208
28HTV2-CT	-20	-29	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	73	97	145	194	200
	-40	-40	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	70	93	139	185	193

#### ORDERING DETAILS

Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

Appendixes Content

Part description	Part number	Part description	Part nur
3HTV1-CT	P000004312	3HTV2-CT	P000004
5HTV1-CT	P000004313	5HTV2-CT	P0000043
8HTV1-CT	P000004314	8HTV2-CT	P00000432
10HTV1-CT	P000004315	10HTV2-CT	P00000432
12HTV1-CT	P000004316	12HTV2-CT	P00000432
15HTV1-CT	P000004317	15HTV2-CT	P00000432
20HTV1-CT	P000004318	20HTV2-CT	P00000432
		28HTV2-CT	2000003152

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.



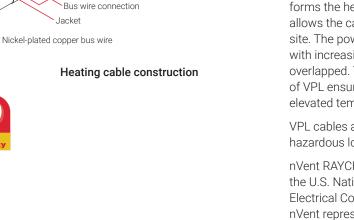
App



**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

# **/**PL

**PRODUCT OVERVIEW** 



Fluoropolymer outer

jacket

Metal braid

Fluoropolymer inner jacket

Power-limiting heating element

High-temperature power-limiting heating cables

nonhazardous and hazardous locations

Electrical freeze protection and process temperature maintenance for

nVent RAYCHEM VPL is a family of power-limiting heating cables designed for pipe heat tracing in industrial applications. VPL can be used for freeze protection and process-temperature maintenance requiring high power output and/or high temperature exposure up to 455°F (235°C) and can withstand routine steam purges and temperature excursions to 500°F (260°C) with power off.

Power-limiting cables are parallel heaters formed by a coiled resistor alloy heating element wrapped around two parallel bus wires. The distance between conductor contact points forms the heating zone length. This parallel construction allows the cable to be cut to length and terminated on site. The power output of VPL heating cables decreases with increasing temperature. VPL heating cables can be overlapped. The relatively flat power temperature curve of VPL ensures a low start-up current and high output at elevated temperatures.

VPL cables are approved for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations. Approvals are listed below.

nVent RAYCHEM VPL cables meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code. For additional information contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

#### APPLICATION

VPL1	100-120 Vac	Trac
SUPPLY VOLTAGE		
Chemical resistance	Organic and aqueous inorganic chemicals and corrosives	
Traced surface type	Metal	lation
Area classification	Nonhazardous and hazardous locations	nsula

VPL4	400-480 Vac
VPL2	200-277 Vac (20VPL2-CT 200-240 Vac only)
VPL1	100-120 Vac

#### SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS	
Maximum exposure temperature (power off)	500°F (260°C)
Minimum installation temperature	-76°F (-60°C)
Bus wire size	12 AWG
Outer jacket color	Red
Minimum bending radius	−76°F (−60°C) ≤ T< −4°F (−20°C): 0.75" (19 mm) −4°F (−20°C) ≤ T< 50°F (+10°C): 0.6" (15 mm) T≥ 50°F (+10°C): 0.5" (12.7 mm)
Temperature classification	To be established using the principles of stabilized design. Use nVent RAYCHEM TraceCalc Pro design software or contact nVent for assistance.

Maximum continu	Maximum continuous maintain (power on) temperature table										
Cable	120 V	208 V	230 V	240 V	277 V	480 V					
5VPL1-CT	445°F (230°C)	-	-	-	-	-					
10VPL1-CT	400°F (205°C)	-	-	-	-	-					
15VPL1-CT	335°F (170°C)	-	-	-	-	-					
20VPL1-CT	300°F (150°C)	-	-	-	-	-					
5VPL2-CT	-	455°F (235°C)	445°F (230°C)	445°F (230°C)	435°F (225°C)	-					
10VPL2-CT	-	425°F (220°C)	410°F (210°C)	400°F (205°C)	383°F (195°C)	-					
15VPL2-CT	-	390°F (200°C)	356°F (180°C)	335°F (170°C)	221°F (105°C)	-					
20 VPL2-CT	-	300°F (150°C)	300°F (150°C)	300°F (150°C)	-	-					
5VPL4-CT	-	-	-	-	-	445°F (230°C)					
10VPL4-CT	-	-	-	-	-	400°F (205°C)					
15VPL4-CT	-	-	-	-	-	320°F (160°C)					
20VPL4-CT	-	-	-	-	-	300°F (150°C)					

#### **APPROVALS**

		Hazard	ous Locations		
IECEx	IECEx BAS 20.0008X Ex 60079-30-1 eb IIC T* Gb Ex 60079-30-1 tb IIIC IP66 T**°C Db Ex 60079-30-1 eb mb IIC T* Gb Ex 60079-30-1 mb tb IIIC IP66 T**°C Db Tmin –60°C	APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III T-class by design	Class I, Div. 1 and 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E, F, G -WS for Canada	Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T* Gb Ex 60079-30-1 IIIC T* Db Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T* Gb Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T* Db -WS for Canada *T class by design
		Segurança	IEx 09.0007X Ex eb IIC T* Gb Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb		

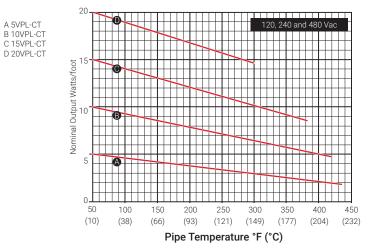
(\*, \*\*) For maximum surface temperature, see heating cable, design documentation or schedule

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

For proper design and installation, use TraceCalc Pro design software or the Design section of the nVent Products & Services Catalogue (H56550). Also, refer to the nVent Maintenance Manual (H57274). Literature is available on www.nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

#### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATING ON METAL PIPES AT 120 V, 240 V AND 480 V

	Adjustment factors					
	Power output	Circuit length				
208 V						
5VPL2-CT	0.77	0.89				
10VPL2-CT	0.78	0.90				
15VPL2-CT	0.79	0.91				
20VPL2-CT	0.80	0.92				
277 V						
5VPL2-CT	1.30	1.13				
10VPL2-CT	1.28	1.11				
15VPL2-CT	1.26	1.09				
20VPL2-CT	Not allowed					



**Note:** To choose the correct heating cable for your application, use the Design section of the nVent Products & Services Catalogue (H56550). For more detailed information, use TraceCalc Pro design software.

#### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTHS BASED ON CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZES

	Maximum circuit length (in feet) per circuit breaker															
	Ambient temperature	120 V				240 V				480 V						
	at start-up	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A	15 A	20 A	30 A	40 A	50 A
5VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	260	350	370	370	370	525	85	40	740	740	1050	1370	1480	1480	1480
	0°F (-18°C)	240	325	370	370	370	485	645	0	740	740	970	1290	1480	1480	1480
	−20°F (−29°C)	235	315	370	370	370	470	625	740	740	740	940	1250	1480	1480	1480
	-40°F (-40°C)	225	305	370	370	370	455	610	740	740	740	910	1220	1480	1480	1480
10VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	130	175	260	260	260	260	50	525	525	525	520	700	1050	1050	1050
	0°F (-18°C)	120	165	245	260	260	245	25	490	525	525	490	650	980	1050	1050
	−20°F (−29°C)	120	160	240	260	260	235	315	475	525	525	470	630	950	1050	1050
	-40°F (-40°C)	115	155	230	260	260	230	310	465	525	525	460	620	930	1050	1050
15VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	85	115	175	215	215	175	230	350	430	430	350	460	700	860	860
	0°F (-18°C)	80	110	165	215	215	165	220	325	430	430	330	440	650	860	860
	−20°F (−29°C)	80	105	160	215	215	160	215	320	425	430	320	430	640	850	860
	-40°F (-40°C)	75	100	155	210	215	155	210	310	415	430	310	420	620	830	860
20VPL-CT	50°F (10°C)	65	85	130	175	185	130	175	260	350	370	260	350	520	700	740
	0°F (-18°C)	60	85	125	165	185	125	165	250	330	370	250	330	500	660	740
	−20°F (−29°C)	60	80	120	160	185	120	160	245	325	370	240	320	490	650	740
	-40°F (-40°C)	60	80	120	160	185	115	155	240	320	370	230	310	480	640	740

#### PRODUCT DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

Weight	140 lbs/1000 ft (208 g/m)
Width x Thickness (nominal)	0.458 x 0.322 in (11.6 x 8.2 mm)

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Part description	Part number	Part description	Part number
5VPL1-CT	587458-000	15VPL1-CT	181162-000
5VPL2-CT	451828-000	15VPL2-CT	068380-000
5VPL4-CT	P00000678	15VPL4-CT	P00000680
10VPL1-CT	276822-000	20VPL1-CT	005614-000
10VPL2-CT	892652-000	20VPL2-CT	589252-000
10VPL4-CT	P00000679	20VPL4-CT	P00000681

#### CONNECTION KITS

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end seals. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

480 V VPL must use nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4020i, nVent RAYCHEM 920, nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 or NGC-40 controllers only, which provide ground-fault protection at 480 volts.

Design Guides Content

# wer-Limiting M

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing

# XMI-A (Alloy 825)



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

### High temperature constant wattage mineral insulated heating cables Electrical freeze protection and process temperature maintenance for nonhazardous and hazardous locations

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**



nVent RAYCHEM XMI-A heating cables provide solutions for industrial freeze protection and process- temperature maintenance applications up to 1022°F (550°C) and maximum exposure temperatures up to 1200°F (650°C).

They are available as 300 V and 600 V rated heating cables and are approved for applications up to 61 watts per foot (200 watts per meter) of power output, and can be used for pipe and vessel tracing in both hazardous and nonhazardous area applications.

XMI-A heating cables are constructed using an Alloy 825 sheath and are ideally suited for heating applications where high power output, high exposure temperatures, or extreme resistance to environmental corrosives is needed.

For additional information, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

# TEMPERATURE RATING Maximum continuous exposure

temperature for heating cable\*

Maximum continuous exposure temperature for brazed 1022°F (550°C) components such as hot/cold joints and end cap\*

\* Higher temperature/power capabilities may also be available depending on the application; contact nVent for additional information.

#### TEMPERATURE ID NUMBER (T-RATING)

To be established by calculating the maximum sheath temperature. Use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact nVent for assistance.

1200°F (650°C)

#### APPROVALS

#### XMI-A (Alloy 825 sheath) Nonhazardous and Hazardous Locations



Class I, Division 1 and 2, Groups A, B, C and D; Class II, Division 1 and 2, Groups E, F and G; Class III, Division 1 and 2; T-coded\* Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T\* Gb or Class I Zone 2 AEx nA IIC T\* Gc Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T\* Gb or Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T\* Gc

RAYCHEM-DS-H56870-XMIA-EN-2303

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Product Family	Sheath Material	Product Code	Voltage Rating	Number of Conductors	Max. Power Output**	Bending Radius
XMI-A	Alloy 825	XMI-A61	600 V	1	61 W/ft; 200 W/m	6 times heating cable diameter
XMI-A	Alloy 825	XMI-A32	300 V	2	60 W/ft; 197 W/m	6 times heating cable diameter
XMI-A	Alloy 825	XMI-A62	600 V	2	61 W/ft; 200 W/m	6 times heating cable diameter

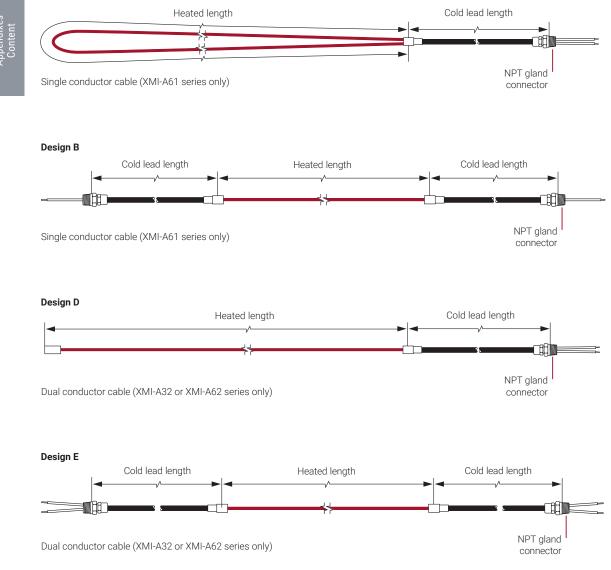
\*\* Actual power output values are application specific and may be lower, particularly for designs in hazardous locations. Use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact nVent for design assistance.

#### **BASIC HEATING CABLE DESIGN CONFIGURATIONS**

XMI-A heating cables are designed as engineered heating units according to your specific application. An engineered heating unit consists of a length of heating cable (Heated length) joined to a length of non-heating cold lead (Cold lead length). Engineered heating units are designed using our TraceCalc Pro software. This section describes the available XMI-A engineered heating unit design configurations.

Various quick connector options are available for the XMI-A cold lead (Canada only). Refer to data sheet H59126 for further details.

#### Design A



Tank Insulation

#### **HEATING CABLE CATALOG NUMBER**

An XMI-A engineered heating unit is ordered by compiling the catalog number based on the design of the specific engineered heating unit required for your application. Typically, an engineered heating unit is designed using our TraceCalc Pro design software which provides the catalog number as part of the design output. An explanation of the catalog number follows:

Example:	Engineered Heating Unit (Part No.: EHU)
	EHU: D/32SA2200/40/538/208/7/S25A/X/N12/RG1/PE/S

Position:	1 / 2	/3 /4	4 / 5	/ 6	/ 7	/8 /9	/ 10	/ 11	/ 12
	D / 32SA22	00/40 /	538 / 208	/ 7	/ S25A	/ X / N12	/ RG1	/ PE	/ S

Position	Characteristic	Code Options	Description
1	Design configuration	A, B, D or E	Designates the basic heating cable design configuration of the XMI-A engineered heating unit.
2	Heating cable reference	See Tables 3, 4 and 5	Indicates the XMI-A heating cable reference used in the design.
3	Heated length	Length of the heating cable in feet or meters	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length.
4	Power	Power output of the heating cable unit	Power output at maintain temperature, in Watts, for the total heated length of the engineered heating unit.
5	Voltage	Effective voltage applied to a heating unit	This is the designed effective voltage that will be applied to the engineered heating unit (in the case of series connected heating units, it is the voltage across a single unit).
6	MI cold lead length	(length) or (length)–(length) Length of the MI cold lead in feet or meters	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length. Standard lengths for XMI-A engineered heating units are 4 feet (1.2 m) or 7 feet (2.1 m), however custom lengths can be designated here. For E and B configurations, which have cold leads on each end, a single value (such as "7") indicates that both MI cold leads are to be 7 feet long. A hyphenated value (such as "5-7") indicates that the cold lead on one end is 5 feet long and the cold lead on the other end is 7 feet long.
7	MI cold lead code	Select the cold lead code from Table 2	Table 2 is used to select the appropriate MI cold lead based on the current and voltage rating required by the design.
8	Hot-cold joint type	Х	"X" type joint is used with all XMI-A engineered heating units.
9	Gland size reference	Refer to Table 2	Gland size depends on the cold lead code selected from Table 2.
10	Reverse gland	RG12, RG34, RG1	Optional reversed gland added to the cold lead to make a water tight seal for design configurations A and D, when used for internal pipe tracing applications.
			• Design A configuration: only 1" NPT (RG1) reversed gland available.
			<ul> <li>Design D configuration: ½" NPT (RG12), ¾" NPT (RG34) or 1" NPT (RG1) reversed gland available.</li> </ul>
11	Pulling eye	PE	Optional pulling eye to aid in pulling a cable inside a pipe or channel. Use with Design D configuration only.
12	Special feature	S	Indicates a special non-standard feature has been added to the heating cable.

#### Examples

#### D/62SQ3100/200/9920/480/4/S25A/X/N12

- · Configuration is Design D
- XMI-A62 heating cable (600 V rated, dual conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.100 Ω/ft (0.328 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 200 ft (61 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 9920 W at 480 V
- MI cold lead length is 4 ft (1.2 m)
- MI cold lead code is S25A (25 Amps)
- · Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT

#### E/32SQ3200/25M/870/120/2.1M/LS23A/X/N12

- Configuration is Design E
- XMI-A32 heating cable (300 V rated, dual conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.200 Ω/ft (0.656 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 25 m (82 ft)
- Heating cable wattage is 870 W at 120 V
- MI cold lead length is 2.1 m (7 ft) on both ends
- MI cold lead code is LS23A (23 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT

#### B/61SQ3118/250/6820/480/5-7/S29A/X/N12

- Configuration is Design B
- XMI-A61 heating cable (600 V rated, single conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.118 Ω/ft (0.387 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 250 ft (76 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 6820 W at 480 V
- MI cold lead length is 5 ft (1.5 m) on one end and 7 ft (2.1 m) on the other end
- MI cold lead code is S29A (29 Amps)
- · Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT

#### D/32SA2200/40/538/208/7/S25A/X/N12/RG1/PE

- Configuration is Design D
- XMI-A32 heating cable (300 V rated, dual conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 2.0 Ω/ft (6.56 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 40 ft (12.2 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 538 W at 208 V
- MI cold lead length is 7 ft (2.1 m)
- MI cold lead code is S25A (25 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT
- · Supplied with 1" NPT reversed gland
- · Supplied with pulling eye

ndixes Technical Data Design Guides tent Sheets Content Content

#### TABLE 1 HEATING CABLE REFERENCE DECODING

6 2 S A 2 2 0 0	Positio	on Description		S C
Position $1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8$	1	Maximum voltage rating	3 = 300 V, 6 = 600 V	Pc
	2	Number of conductors	1 or 2	Power-Limiting Cables
	3	Sheath material	S = Alloy 825	Limit
	4	Conductor material	A, B, C, F, P, Q, or T	ing
	5	Move decimal point to left indicated number of places	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 places	Miner; Heati
	6 to 8	Cable resistance to 3 whole numbers (use with digit 5)	2200 = 2.00 $\Omega$ /cable foot at 20°C	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
				ted

#### TABLE 2 ALLOY 825 SHEATHED COLD LEADS

The cold lead is supplied from the factory with a standard stainless steel National Pipe Thread (NPT) gland connector ready for assembly into the junction box or panel using the flexible wire tails extending from the MI cold lead. The cold lead is selected based on the voltage and current requirements of the XMI-A engineered heating unit. The standard tail length is 12 in (30 cm) unless otherwise specified, and the gauge size (AWG) for the tails is shown in the table below.

Cold lead code for	Maximum	Maximum	Cold lead o	liameter	Gland size	Gland size reference	Tail size
catalog number	voltage (V)	current (A)	in	mm	(NPT)	for catalog no.	(AWG)
Design A, D, E							
S25A	600	25	0.355	9.0	½ in	N12	14
LS23A	300	23	0.319	8.1	½ in	N12	14
S34A	600	34	0.402	10.2	34 in	N34	10
S49A	600	49	0.496	12.6	34 in	N34	8
S65A	600	65	0.543	13.8	34 in	N34	6
Design B							
S29A	600	29	0.215	5.5	½ in	N12	12
S40A	600	40	0.273	6.9	½ in	N12	10
S48A	600	48	0.253	6.4	½ in	N12	8
S66A	600	66	0.319	8.1	½ in	N12	6
S86A	600	86	0.355	9.0	½ in	N12	4

**Note:** MI cold lead minimum bending radius is 6 times the cable diameter.

#### TABLE 3 XMI-A61 SERIES MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (600 V, SINGLE CONDUCTOR)

Heating	Nominal cable resistance at 20°C		Approximate		Maximum un cable length	jointed	Nominal weight		
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m	
61SA2200	2.00	6.56	0.170	4.3	1333	406	50	75	
61SA2160	1.60	5.25	0.163	4.1	1452	443	44	66	
61SA2130	1.30	4.27	0.160	4.1	1508	460	42	63	
61SA2100	1.00	3.28	0.160	4.1	1510	460	43	64	
61SA3850	0.850	2.79	0.170	4.3	1338	408	48	72	
61SA3700	0.700	2.30	0.160	4.1	1514	462	43	64	
61SA3500	0.500	1.64	0.170	4.3	1344	410	49	73	
61ST3280	0.280	0.919	0.170	4.3	1337	408	48	72	
61SB3200	0.200	0.656	0.180	4.6	1198	365	55	82	
61SB3150	0.150	0.492	0.170	4.3	1350	412	51	76	
61SQ3118	0.118	0.387	0.175	4.4	1260	384	50	75	
61SQ4732	0.0732	0.240	0.170	4.3	1338	410	48	72	
61SQ4581	0.0581	0.191	0.172	4.4	1308	399	50	75	
61SP4467	0.0467	0.153	0.170	4.3	1337	408	48	72	
61SP4366	0.0366	0.120	0.173	4.4	1292	394	50	75	
61SP4290	0.0290	0.0951	0.177	4.5	1236	377	53	79	

Heating	Nominal cable resistance at 20°C		Approximate	Approximate		jointed	Nominal weight		
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m	
61SP4231	0.0231	0.0758	0.174	4.4	1282	391	52	78	
61SP4183	0.0183	0.0600	0.170	4.3	1347	411	50	75	
61SP4145	0.0145	0.0476	0.170	4.3	1351	412	51	76	
61SP4113	0.0113	0.0371	0.186	4.7	1130	345	61	91	
61SC5651	0.00651	0.0214	0.187	4.7	1110	338	60	89	
61SC5409	0.00409	0.0134	0.191	4.9	1069	326	64	95	
61SC5258	0.00258	0.00846	0.215	5.5	848	259	83	124	
61SC5162	0.00162	0.00531	0.268	6.8	546	166	129	192	
61SC5102	0.00102	0.00335	0.253	6.4	622	190	124	185	
61SC6640	0.00064	0.00210	0.319	8.1	391	119	197	294	

#### TABLE 4 XMI-A32 SERIES MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (300 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR)

Heating	Nominal cab resistance a		Approximate cable diamet	er	Maximum un cable length	jointed	Nominal weig	ght
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m
32SF1180	18.0	59.0	0.174	4.4	1271	387	49	73
32SF1110	11.0	36.1	0.156	4.0	1584	483	40	60
32SF2900	9.00	29.5	0.160	4.1	1507	459	42	63
32SF2750	7.50	24.6	0.157	4	1565	477	41	61
32SA2600	6.00	19.7	0.160	4.1	1507	459	42	63
32SA2400	4.00	13.1	0.146	3.7	1816	554	36	54
32SA2318	3.18	10.4	0.174	4.4	1277	389	50	74
32SA2275	2.75	9.02	0.153	3.9	1657	505	40	60
32SA2200	2.00	6.56	0.169	4.3	1359	414	49	73
32SA2170	1.70	5.58	0.167	4.2	1395	425	48	72
32SB2114	1.14	3.74	0.174	4.4	1279	390	51	76
32SB3914	0.914	3.00	0.162	4.1	1480	451	45	67
32SB3700	0.700	2.30	0.170	4.3	1347	411	50	74
32SQ3472	0.472	1.55	0.177	4.5	1232	376	52	78
32SQ3374	0.374	1.23	0.183	4.6	1153	352	55	82
32SQ3293	0.293	0.961	0.179	4.5	1206	368	53	79
32SQ3200	0.200	0.656	0.161	4.1	1498	457	44	66
32SQ3150	0.150	0.492	0.168	4.3	1378	420	49	73
32SQ3100	0.100	0.328	0.185	4.7	1140	348	60	89
32SP4734	0.0734	0.241	0.174	4.4	1284	391	52	78
32SP4583	0.0583	0.191	0.178	4.5	1230	375	55	82
32SP4458	0.0458	0.150	0.188	4.8	1105	337	62	92
32SC4324	0.0324	0.106	0.184	4.7	1145	349	57	85

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Heating	Nominal cabl resistance at		Approxim cable diar		Maximum cable leng	unjointed gth	Nominal we	Nominal weight		
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m		
62SF1110	11.0	36.1	0.194	4.9	1023	312	61	91		
62SF2900	9.00	29.5	0.194	4.9	1024	312	61	91		
62SF2750	7.50	24.6	0.205	5.2	916	279	69	103		
62SF2600	6.00	19.7	0.230	5.8	728	222	86	128		
62SA2414	4.14	13.6	0.240	6.1	669	204	94	140		
62SA2275	2.75	9.02	0.225	5.7	762	232	84	125		
62SF2200	2.00	6.56	0.245	6.2	644	196	100	149		
62SA2170	1.70	5.58	0.240	6.1	671	205	96	143		
62ST2115	1.15	3.77	0.215	5.5	834	254	76	113		
62SB3914	0.914	3.00	0.232	5.9	718	219	89	132		
62SB3700	0.700	2.30	0.265	6.7	550	168	117	174		
62ST3505	0.505	1.66	0.215	5.5	837	255	77	115		
62SQ3374	0.374	1.23	0.215	5.5	834	254	76	113		
62SQ3286	0.286	0.938	0.222	5.6	783	239	81	121		
62SQ3200	0.200	0.656	0.227	5.8	750	229	86	128		
62SQ3150	0.150	0.492	0.227	5.8	751	229	86	128		
62SQ3100	0.100	0.328	0.257	6.5	586	179	111	165		

6.4

6.7

7

7.4

7.2

7.7

8.4

9.2

10.2

12.6

13.8

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173

194

219

201

233

279

343

432

653

769

0.250

0.263

0.277

0.292

0.285

0.304

0.331

0.364

0.402

0.496

0.543

62SP4775

62SP4561

62SP4402

62SP4281

62SC4200

62SC4130

62SC5818

62SC5516

62SC5324

62SC5204

62SC5128

0.0775

0.0561

0.0402

0.0281

0.0200

0.0130

0.00818

0.00516

0.00324

0.00204

0.00128

0.254

0.184

0.132

0.0922

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0.0427

0.0268

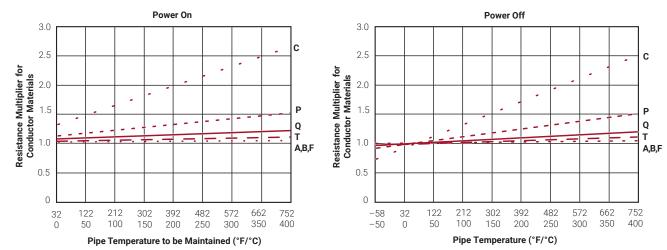
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0.00420

Various conductor materials behave differently. Use the graphs below for approximate adjustment of power and resistance as a function of temperature. For detailed design, use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact nVent.



## ALLOY 825 QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

			Nominal chemical composition, %			Btu-in/ resistance ft <sup>2</sup> -hr- +1000°F G			Corrosion resistance G-E = Good to excellent NR = Not recommended				A = Acceptable X = Check for specific data				ata		
Alloy	Description	Nickel (+Cobalt)	Iron	Chromium	Other	70°F (20°C)	1500°F (815°C)	Oxidation	Carburization	Sulfuric acid	Hydrochloric acid	Hydrofluoric acid	Phosphoric acid	Nitric acid	Organic acid	Alkalis	Salts	Seawater	Chloride cracking
INCOLOY Alloy 825 nickel-iron- chromium	Excellent resistance to a wide variety of corrosives. Resists pitting and intergranular type corrosion, reducing acids and oxidizing chemicals	42.0	30.0	21.5	Mo 3.0 Cu 2.2	77 (11.1)	164 (23.6)	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E	G-E

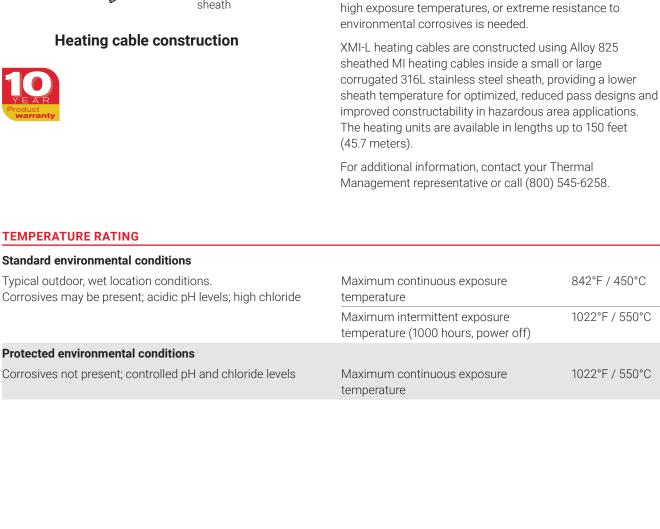
\*From Huntington Alloys Publication 78-348-2

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

esign Guides Content

Appendixes Content



### Stainless steel, low temperature sheath constant wattage Mineral Insulated heating cables Electrical freeze protection and process temperature maintenance for hazardous locations

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

XMI-L





nVent RAYCHEM XMI-L heating cables provide solutions for industrial freeze protection and process-temperature maintenance applications up to 752°F (400°C) and maximum continuous exposure temperatures up to 1022°F / 550°C. They are available as 300 V and 600 V rated heating cables and are approved for applications up to 50 watts per foot (164 watts per meter) of power output and are ideally suited for heating applications where high power output,

**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

# RAYCHEM

RAYCHEM-DS-H59079-XMIL-EN-2	2303

#### **TEMPERATURE ID NUMBER (T-RATING)**

To be established by calculating the maximum sheath temperature. Use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact Thermal Management for assistance.

#### APPROVALS

#### XMI-L (Low temperature sheath) Hazardous Locations

Class I, Div 2 (Zone 2), Groups A, B, C and D; Class II, Div 2, Groups E, F and G; Class III, Div 1 and Div 2; T\*\* Class I Zone 2 AEx nA IIC T\* Gc Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T\* Gc

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Product Family	Sheath Material	Product Code	Voltage Rating	Number of Conductors	Approximate Cable Diameter*	Maximum Length	Max. Power Output**
XMI-L	316L stainless steel	XMI-L32-CS	300 V	2	0.49 in; 12.4 mm (-CS)	150 ft; 45.7 m	50 W/ft; 164 W/m
XMI-L	316L stainless steel	XMI-L32-CL	300 V	2	0.57 in; 14.5 mm (-CL)	150 ft; 45.7 m	50 W/ft; 164 W/m
XMI-L	316L stainless steel	XMI-L62-CL	600 V	2	0.57 in; 14.5 mm (-CL)	150 ft; 45.7 m	50 W/ft; 164 W/m

<sup>t</sup> Large corrugated sheath (-CL) provides maximum reduction of sheath temperature. Small corrugated sheath (-CS) is recommended for smaller diameter pipes to allow greater contact around flanges, valves and other heat sink areas.

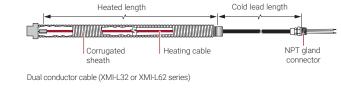
\*\* Actual power output values are application specific and may be lower, particularly for designs in hazardous locations. Use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact Thermal Management for design assistance.

#### **BASIC HEATING CABLE DESIGN CONFIGURATIONS**

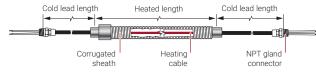
XMI-L heating cables are designed as engineered heating units according to your specific application. An engineered heating unit consists of a length of heating cable (Heated length) joined to a length of non-heating cold lead (Cold lead length). Engineered heating units are designed using our TraceCalc Pro software. This section describes the available XMI-L engineered heating unit design configurations.

Various quick connector options are available for the XMI-L cold lead (Canada only). Refer to data sheet H59126 for further details.

Design D



Design E



Dual conductor cable (XMI-L32 or XMI-L62 series)

sign Guides Content

#### **HEATING CABLE CATALOG NUMBER**

An XMI-L engineered heating unit is ordered by compiling the catalog number based on the design of the specific engineered heating unit required for your application. Typically, an engineered heating unit is designed using our TraceCalc Pro design software which provides the catalog number as part of the design output. An explanation of the catalog number follows:

#### Example: Engineered Heating Unit (Part No.: EHU) EHU: D/32SA2200-CL/40/538/208/7/S25A/C/N12/S

**Position:** 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 7 9 10 / 6 1 / 8 / 1 D 32SA2200-CL / S25A 1 С N12 1 40 1 538 / 208 1 7 / 1 1 S

Position	Characteristic	Code Options	Description
1	Design configuration	D or E	Designates the basic heating cable design configuration of the XMI-L engineered heating unit.
2	Heating cable reference	See Table 3, 4 and 5	Indicates the XMI-L heating cable reference used in the design.
3	Heated length	Length of the heating cable in feet or meters	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length.
4	Power	Power output of the heating cable unit	Power output at maintain temperature, in Watts, for the total heated length of the engineered heating unit.
5	Voltage	Effective voltage applied to a heating unit	This is the designed effective voltage that will be applied to the engineered heating unit (in the case of series connected heating units, it is the voltage across a single unit).
6	MI cold lead length	(length) or (length)– (length) Length of the MI cold lead in feet or meters	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length. Standard lengths for XMI-L engineered heating units are 4 feet (1.2 m) or 7 feet (2.1 m), however custom lengths can be designated here. For E configurations, which have cold leads on each end, a single value (such as "7") indicates that both MI cold leads are to be 7 feet long. A hyphenated value (such as "5-7") indicates that the cold lead on one end is 5 feet long and the cold lead on the other
7	MI cold lead code	Select the cold lead code from Table 2	end is 7 feet long. Table 2 is used to select the appropriate MI cold lead based on the current and voltage rating required by the design.
8	Hot-cold joint type	С	"C" type joint is used with all XMI-L engineered heating units.
9	Gland size reference	Refer to Table 2	Gland size depends on the cold lead code selected from Table 2.
10	Special feature	S	Indicates a special non-standard feature has been added to the heating cable.

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tub Bundle

Tank Heatin

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Steam Tracing

Technical Data Sheets

Examples

- Configuration is Design D
- XMI-L32-CL heating cable (300 V rated, dual conductor, low temperature large corrugated sheath cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.100 Ohm/ft (0.328 Ohm/m)
- Heating cable length is 100 ft (30 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 1360 W at 120 V
- MI cold length is 4 ft (1.2 m)
- MI cold lead code is LS23A (23 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "C" for use with XMI-L low temperature sheath cables
  Gland connector is ½ in NPT
- E/32SQ3200-CS/82/870/120/5-2/LS23A/C/N12
- Configuration is Design E
- XMI-L32-CS heating cable (300 V rated, dual conductor, low temperature small corrugated sheath cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.200 Ohm/ft (0.656 Ohm/m)
- Heating cable length is 82 ft (25 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 870 W at 120 V
- MI cold lead length is 5 ft (1.5 m) on one end and 2 ft (0.6 m) on the other end
- MI cold lead code is LS23A (23 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "C" for use with XMI-L low temperature sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT
- \* Basic heating cable sheath is Alloy 825, however XMI-L (low temperature sheath) has an additional 316L stainless steel corrugated sheath covering the Alloy 825 heating cable.

#### TABLE 1 HEATING CABLE REFERENCE DECODING

6 2 S A 2 2 0 0 - C L	Position	Description	
Position 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	1	3 = 300 V, 6 = 600 V	
	2	Number of conductors	1 or 2
	3	Sheath material	S = Alloy 825*
	4	Conductor material	A, B, F, P, Q, or T
	5	Move decimal point to left indicated number of places	1, 2, 3 or 4 places
	6 to 8	Cable resistance to 3 whole numbers (use with digit 5)	2200 = 2.00 $\Omega$ /cable foot at 20°C
	9 to 10	Extensions for low temperature sheath heating cable	"CL" indicates large corrugated 316L stainless steel sheath "CS" indicates small corrugated 316L stainless steel sheath

#### TABLE 2 ALLOY 825 SHEATHED COLD LEADS

This cold lead is supplied from the factory with a standard stainless steel National Pipe Thread (NPT) gland connector ready for assembly into the junction box or panel using the flexible wire tails extending from the MI cold lead. The cold lead is selected based on the voltage and current requirements of the XMI-L engineered heating unit. The standard tail length is 12 in (30 cm) unless otherwise specified, and the gauge size (AWG) for the tails is shown in the table below.

Cold lead code for	Maximum	Maximum	imum Cold lead diameter Gland size		Gland size	Gland size reference	Tail size
catalog number	voltage (V)	current (A)	in	mm	(NPT)	for catalog no.	(AWG)
Design D, E							
S25A	600	25	0.355	9.0	½ in	N12	14
LS23A	300	23	0.319	8.1	½ in	N12	14
S34A	600	34	0.402	10.2	<sup>3</sup> ⁄4 in	N34	10
S49A	600	49	0.496	12.6	<sup>3</sup> ⁄4 in	N34	8
S65A	600	65	0.543	13.8	<sup>3</sup> ⁄4 in	N34	б

Note: MI cold lead minimum bending radius is 6 times the cable diameter.

TABLE 3 XMI-L32-CS SERIES MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS
(300 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR, LOW TEMPERATURE SHEATH, SMALL CORRUGATED CONDUIT)

Heating	Nominal cable	resistance at 20°C	Nominal weigh	t	Minimum be	Minimum bending radius		
cable reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m	in	mm		
32SF1180-CS	18.0	59.0	99	147	1.0	25		
32SF1110-CS	11.0	36.1	90	134	0.9	23		
32SF2900-CS	9.00	29.5	92	137	1.0	25		
32SF2750-CS	7.50	24.6	91	136	0.9	23		
32SA2600-CS	6.00	19.7	92	137	1.0	25		
32SA2400-CS	4.00	13.1	86	128	0.9	23		
32SA2318-CS	3.18	10.4	100	148	1.0	25		
32SA2275-CS	2.75	9.02	90	134	0.9	23		
32SA2200-CS	2.00	6.56	99	148	1.0	25		
32SA2170-CS	1.70	5.58	98	146	1.0	25		
32SB2114-CS	1.14	3.74	101	151	1.0	25		
32SB3914-CS	0.914	3.00	95	141	1.0	25		
32SB3700-CS	0.700	2.30	100	149	1.0	25		
32SQ3472-CS	0.472	1.55	102	152	1.1	28		
32SQ3374-CS	0.374	1.23	105	157	1.1	28		
32SQ3293-CS	0.293	0.961	103	154	1.1	28		
32SQ3200-CS	0.200	0.656	94	140	1.0	25		
32SQ3150-CS	0.150	0.492	99	148	1.0	25		
32SQ3100-CS	0.100	0.328	110	164	1.1	28		
32SP4734-CS	0.0734	0.241	102	152	1.0	25		
32SP4583-CS	0.0583	0.191	105	157	1.1	28		
32SP4458-CS	0.0458	0.150	112	167	1.1	28		

# TABLE 4 XMI-L32-CL SERIES MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS(300 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR, LOW TEMPERATURE SHEATH, LARGE CORRUGATED CONDUIT)

Heating cable	Heating cable Nominal cable res		Nominal weight		Minimum bending	g radius
reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m	in	mm
32SF1180-CL	18.0	59.0	131	197	1.0	25
32SF1110-CL	11.0	36.1	122	184	0.9	23
32SF2900-CL	9.00	29.5	124	187	1.0	25
32SF2750-CL	7.50	24.6	123	185	0.9	23
32SA2600-CL	6.00	19.7	124	187	1.0	25
32SA2400-CL	4.00	13.1	118	176	0.9	23
32SA2318-CL	3.18	10.4	132	198	1.0	25
32SA2275-CL	2.75	9.02	122	182	0.9	23
32SA2200-CL	2.00	6.56	131	195	1.0	25
32SA2170-CL	1.70	5.58	130	194	1.0	25
32SB2114-CL	1.14	3.74	133	198	1.0	25
32SB3914-CL	0.914	3.00	127	191	1.0	25
32SB3700-CL	0.700	2.30	132	197	1.0	25
32SQ3472-CL	0.472	1.55	134	200	1.1	28
32SQ3374-CL	0.374	1.23	137	204	1.1	28
32SQ3293-CL	0.293	0.961	135	201	1.1	28
32SQ3200-CL	0.200	0.656	126	188	1.0	25
32SQ3150-CL	0.150	0.492	131	195	1.0	25
32SQ3100-CL	0.100	0.328	142	212	1.1	28
32SP4734-CL	0.0734	0.241	134	200	1.0	25
32SP4583-CL	0.0583	0.191	137	204	1.1	28
32SP4458-CL	0.0458	0.150	144	215	1.1	28

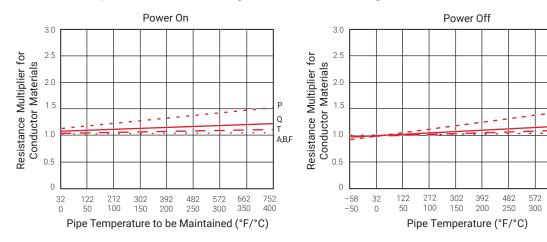
Steam Tracing

# TABLE 5 XMI-L62-CL SERIES MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS(600 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR, LOW TEMPERATURE SHEATH, LARGE CORRUGATED CONDUIT)

Heating cable	Nominal cab	le resistance at 20°C	Nominal weig	ht	Minimum	um bending radius		
reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m	in	mm		
62SF1110-CL	11.0	36.1	143	213	1.2	30		
62SF2900-CL	9.00	29.5	143	213	1.2	30		
62SF2750-CL	7.50	24.6	151	227	1.2	30		
62SF2600-CL	6.00	19.7	168	252	1.4	36		
62SA2414-CL	4.14	13.6	176	264	1.4	36		
62SA2275-CL	2.75	9.02	166	249	1.4	36		
62SF2200-CL	2.00	6.56	182	271	1.5	38		
62SA2170-CL	1.70	5.58	178	267	1.4	36		
62ST2115-CL	1.15	3.77	158	236	1.3	33		
62SB3914-CL	0.914	3.00	171	256	1.4	36		
62SB3700-CL	0.700	2.30	199	298	1.6	40		
62ST3505-CL	0.505	1.66	159	237	1.3	33		
62SQ3374-CL	0.374	1.23	158	237	1.3	33		
62SQ3286-CL	0.286	0.938	163	243	1.3	33		
62SQ3200-CL	0.200	0.656	168	250	1.4	36		
62SQ3150-CL	0.150	0.492	168	250	1.4	36		
62SQ3100-CL	0.100	0.328	193	288	1.5	38		
62SP4775-CL	0.0775	0.254	186	277	1.5	38		
62SP4561-CL	0.0561	0.184	198	295	1.6	41		
62SP4402-CL	0.0402	0.1320	212	316	1.7	43		
62SP4281-CL	0.0281	0.0922	229	341	1.8	46		

#### **RESISTANCE CORRECTION FACTOR**

Various conductor materials behave differently. Use the graphs below for approximate adjustment of power and resistance as a function of temperature. For detailed design, use TraceCalc Pro design software or contact nVent Thermal Management.



Technical Data Sheets Content

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350 400

A,B,F

Self-Reg Heating gulating I Cables

#### **316L STAINLESS STEEL QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE**

		con	npos	l chemi ition, r eleme		Thermal conductivity Btu-in/ft²-hr- °F (W/m-C)	High temper resista +1000° (+540°	nce 'F		rrosio = Go = Go = No = Ac = Ch	od to od t rec cepta	o exc omm able	ellen iende	ed	ta				
Alloy	Description	Nickel (+Cobalt)	Iron	Chromium	Other	70°F (20°C)	Oxidation	Carburization	Sulfuric acid	Hydrochloric acid	Hydrofluoric acid	Phosphoric acid	Nitric acid	Organic acid	Alkalis	Salts	Seawater	Chloride cracking	
316L	Molybdenum- bearing austenitic stainless steel that is more	12	69	16.5	Mo 2.1	101 (14.6)	G-E	NR	A	NR	-	A	G	G	G	G-E	G	A	
	resistant to general corrosion and pitting/crevice corrosion than																		
	conventional chromium nickel austenitic stainless steels such as 304.																		

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed and to comply with the requirements of Thermal Management, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

# Cold Lead Options



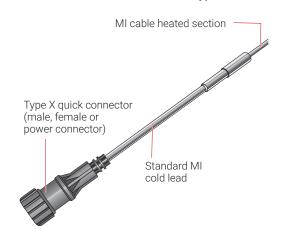
### CONNECT AND PROTECT

iign Guides Content

# For XMI mineral insulated (MI) heating cables

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

#### XMI with standard MI cold lead and Type X connector

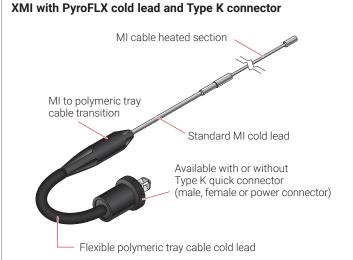


nVent RAYCHEM XMI mineral insulated cold lead cables can be supplied with optional Type X quick connectors. The connector is a "plug-in" style used to make quick and easy connections to other XMI heating cables in series, or to connect to a cable supplying power to the XMI heating cable.

#### **FEATURES**

- Easy installation in the field without the need for a junction box
- Reduced labor costs in the field as wiring of junction box is eliminated for splice connections
- Coaxial type connector means no rotational alignment of connectors on cold leads is required
- Quick connection and disconnection of cold leads and power connections in the field results in reduced maintenance costs
- Ideal for applications in module yards where series connected heating cables will be joined at module breaks

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**



nVent RAYCHEM XMI mineral insulated cold lead cables are also available with an optional flexible polymeric PyroFLX cold lead with or without quick connectors. The PyroFLX cold lead option offers all of the benefits of a metal sheathed, Alloy 825 MI heating cable, along with the added advantages of a flexible, easy-to-install cold lead section.

The PyroFLX cold lead consists of a section of cold weather capable, highly impact resistant, flexible polymeric Type TC tray cable, integrated to a short segment of standard MI cold lead.

#### FEATURES

- Installations using the PyroFLX cold lead can be performed without excessive cold lead shaping and forming, minimizing expensive on-site labor costs, especially when long cold leads are required.
- The cable can be easily routed in the field and junction boxes and cable-to-cable connections can be extended to make them easily accessible for maintenance purposes, avoiding costly scaffolding and maintenance troubleshooting time.
- Ideal for applications in module yards where series connected heating cables will be joined at module breaks, around high maintenance valves to allow quick disconnection, and when re-locating the heating cable junction box down to grade level from a high point on a pipe rack.

This data sheet must be used in conjunction with the XMI-A data sheet H56870 and the XMI-L data sheet H59079. For additional information on other optional connectors that are available for MI cold leads, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

#### XMI with type X quick connector Nonhazardous and Hazardous Locations

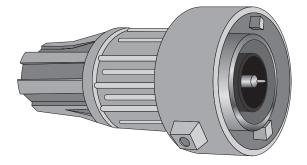


Class I Div 2 (Zone 2) Groups A, B, C and D

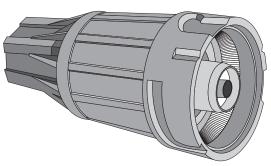
#### **TYPE X QUICK CONNECTOR SPECIFICATIONS**

		at .
Voltage Rating	600 V	ating
Current Rating	35 A	Cables
Connector Rating	Туре 6, IP 67	Ň
Temperature Rating (ambient)	-40°F to 122°F (-40°C to 50°C)	
Connector Length		Heating
Male	5 in (127 mm)	ting
Female	5 in (127 mm)	
Connector Insert Color		
Male	Black	Bu
Female	Blue	Bundles

#### Type X Male connector



#### Type X Female connector

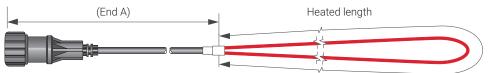


#### BASIC HEATING CABLE DESIGN CONFIGURATIONS WITH TYPE X QUICK CONNECTOR

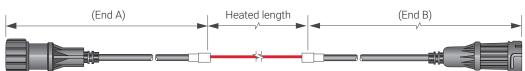
XMI mineral insulated heating cables can be supplied with Type X quick connectors in the four basic design configurations shown below. Design configurations A and D are supplied from the factory with one or more quick connectors assembled to the cold lead. Configurations B and E can be supplied with a combination of connectors or with a connector on one end and no connector on the other end.

Type X quick connectors for conventional MI cold leads are available in a combination of male, female, or power connector options (power connectors consist of a female and a male connector on a cold lead cable).

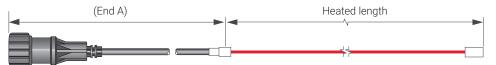
#### Design A (Single conductor)



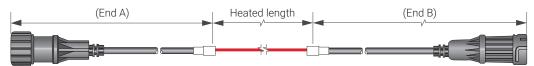
#### Design B (Single conductor)



Design D (Dual conductor)



#### Design E (Dual conductor)



Technical Data Sheets Content

#### HEATING CABLE CATALOG NUMBER WITH TYPE X QUICK CONNECTOR

An XMI heating unit with Type X connectors is ordered by compiling the catalog number based on the design of the specific engineered heating unit required for your application. Typically, an engineered heating unit is designed using our TraceCalc Pro design software which provides the catalog number as part of the design output. An explanation of the catalog number follows:

#### Example: Engineered Heating Unit (Part No.: GEHU) GEHU: E/32SA2200/40/538/208/5-7/S25A/X/N12/XMF

E / 32SA2200 / 40 / 538 / 208 / 5 - 7 / S25A / X / N12 / XMF Position: 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8 / 9 / 10

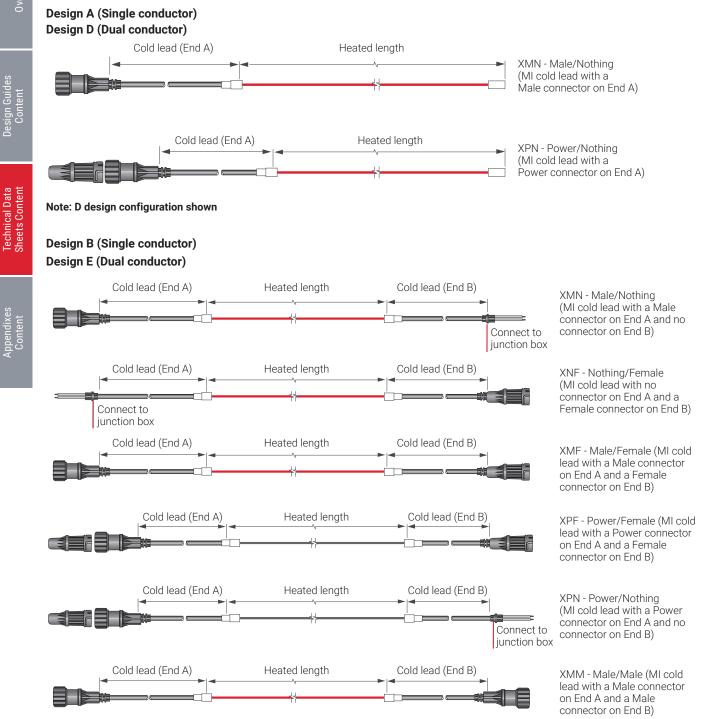
Position	Characteristic	Code options	Description
1	Design Configuration <sup>1</sup>	A, B, D, or E	Designates the basic heating cable design configuration of the XMI engineered heating unit (XMI-L units available only in D and E configurations).
2	Heating cable reference	See XMI-A and XMI-L data sheets	Indicates the XMI-A or XMI-L heating cable reference used in the design. Refer to data sheets H56870 and H59079.
3	Heated length	Length of the heated section in feet or meters	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length.
4	Power	Power output of the heating unit	Power output at maintain temperature, in Watts, for the total heated length of the engineered heating unit.
5	Voltage	Effective voltage applied to a heating unit	This is the designed effective voltage that will be applied to the engineered heating unit (in the case of series connected heating units, it is the voltage across a single unit).
6	MI cold lead length	Length of the MI cold lead in feet or meters (End A length) or	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length. Standard lengths for XMI engineered heating units are 4 feet (1.2 m) or 7 feet (2.1 m), however, custom lengths can be designated here. For E and B configurations, which have cold leads on each end, a single value (such as "7") indicates that the MI cold lead on
		(End A length)– (End B length)	both ends is 7 feet long. A hyphenated value (such as "5-7") indicates that the cold lead on one end (End A) is 5 feet long and the cold lead on the other end (End B) is 7 feet long.
			Note that when specifying quick connectors for E and B configurations with two different cold lead lengths (such as "5-7"), the first number (5) is the length for End A and the second number (7) is the length for End B. This nomenclature ensures that the correct connector is installed on the correct length of cold lead.
7	MI cold lead code	Select the cold lead code from Table 1	Table 1 is used to select the appropriate MI cold lead based on the current and voltage rating required by the design.
8	Hot-cold joint type	X or C	"X" type joint is used with all XMI-A engineered heating units. "C" type joint is used with all XMI-L engineered heating units.
9	Gland size reference	Refer to Table 1	Gland size depends on the cold lead code selected from Table 1.
10	Connector options <sup>2</sup>		Position 10 in the EHU catalog number consists of three letters. The first letter (X) indicates Type X connector, the second letter (M, P, or N) is the connector option for End A and the third letter (M, F, or N) is the connector option for End B.
		XMN - Male/Nothing	Standard MI cold lead with a Male connector on End A and no connector on End B.
		XNF - Nothing/Female	Standard MI cold lead with no connector on End A and a Female connector on End B.
		XMF - Male/Female	Standard MI cold lead with a Male connector on End A and a Female connector on End B.
		XPF - Power/Female	Standard MI cold lead with a Power connector on End A and a Female connector on End B.
		XPN - Power/Nothing	Standard MI cold lead with a Power connector on End A and no connector on End B.
		XMM - Male/Male	Standard MI cold lead with a Male connector on End A and a Male connector on End B.

<sup>1</sup> Since Design A and Design D units only have a single cold lead, End B will always be "Nothing" (i.e. no connector).

<sup>2</sup> A Power connector consists of both a Female and a Male connector (the Male connector is attached to the cold lead; the Female connector will be connected to the power supply at the job site).

Appendixes

#### HEATING UNIT OPTIONS USING TYPE X QUICK CONNECTOR



#### Note: E design configuration shown

#### **EXAMPLES USING TYPE X QUICK CONNECTORS**

#### D/62SQ3100/200/9920/480/4/S25A/X/N12/XMN

- Configuration is Design D
- XMI-A62 heating cable (600 V rated, dual conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.100 Ω/ft (0.328 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 200 ft (61 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 9920 W at 480 V
- MI cold lead length is 4 ft (1.2 m) on End A
- MI cold lead code is S25A (25 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT
- Type X Male connector on End A

#### B/61SQ3118/250/6820/480/5-7/S29A/X/N12/XMF

- Configuration is Design B
- XMI-A61 heating cable (600 V rated, single conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.118 Ω/ft (0.387 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 250 ft (76 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 6820 W at 480 V
- MI cold lead length is 5 ft (1.5 m) on End A and 7 ft (2.1 m) on End B
- MI cold lead code is S29A (29 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT
- Type X Male connector on End A and Female connector on End B

#### E/32SQ3200/25M/870/120/2.1M/LS23A/X/N12/XPF

- Configuration is Design E
- XMI-A32 heating cable (300 V rated, dual conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.200 Ω/ft (0.656 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 25 m (82 ft)
- Heating cable wattage is 870 W at 120 V
- MI cold lead length is 2.1 m (7 ft) on both End A and End B
- MI cold lead code is LS23A (23 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is ½ in NPT
- Type X Power connector on End A and Female connector on End B

#### TABLE 1 MI COLD LEAD SELECTION FOR USE WITH TYPE X QUICK CONNECTORS

Due to current rating limitations, only the standard cold leads shown in Table 1 may be used with Type X connectors. The cold lead is supplied from the factory with one or more quick connectors assembled to the cold lead.

	Maximum	Maximum	Cold lead diame	eter			
Cold lead code	voltage (V)	current (A)	(in)	(mm)	Gland size (NPT) <sup>3</sup>	Gland size reference	Tail size (AWG)⁴
Design A, D, E							
LS23A	300	23	0.319	8.1	½ in	N12	14
S25A	600	25	0.355	9.0	½ in	N12	14
S34A	600	34	0.402	10.2	<sup>3</sup> ⁄4 in	N34	10
S49A	600	35	0.496	12.6	<sup>3</sup> ⁄4 in	N34	8
Design B							
S29A	600	29	0.215	5.5	½ in	N12	12
S48A	600	35	0.253	6.4	½ in	N12	8

Note: MI cold lead minimum bending radius is 6 times the cable diameter.

<sup>3</sup> NPT gland will be factory-assembled to the quick connector and not visible. If a quick connector is not supplied on one end of a Design B or E unit, the cold lead will be terminated with the standard NPT gland connector.

<sup>4</sup> Tail size applies to cold leads without quick connectors

#### PYROFLX COLD LEAD OPTIONS

Heating cables with the PyroFLX cold lead option are supplied as complete factory-fabricated assemblies consisting of a MI heated section joined to a short segment of MI nonheating cold lead, which transitions into a flexible, polymeric tray cable by means of a molded splice.

There are three options for connection configurations on the PyroFLX cold lead.

1) No connector

- PyroFLX cold lead only for attachment into junction box
- · Customer must supply approved junction box connector for Type TC tray cable

#### 2) Factory installed Type K quick connector

- · Installed standard at the factory (can be replaced in the field)
- · Available in both male, female, and power configurations

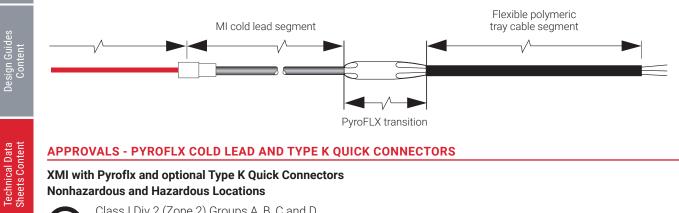
Mineral Insula Heating Cable

Longline Heating

RTB Tubi

#### 3) Field-installed Type K quick connector

- Mechanically attached to PyroFLX cold lead cable in the field
- · Available in both male, female, and power configurations



#### **APPROVALS - PYROFLX COLD LEAD AND TYPE K QUICK CONNECTORS**

#### XMI with Pyroflx and optional Type K Quick Connectors Nonhazardous and Hazardous Locations



Class I Div 2 (Zone 2) Groups A, B, C and D

Note: Not approved for USA.

#### PYROFLX COLD LEAD AND TYPE K QUICK CONNECTOR SPECIFICATIONS

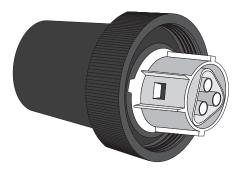
Voltage Rating	600 V
Current Rating	30 A
Standard PyroFLX Cold Lead	
MI Cold Lead Segment <sup>5</sup>	5 ft (1.5 m)
Flexible Tray Cable Segment⁵	3 ft (0.9 m)
Flexible Tray Cable Diameter	0.56 in (14.2 mm)
Flexible Tray Cable AWG Size	10 AWG
Flexible Tray Cable Bending Radius	2.2 in (56 mm)
Flexible Tray Cable Maximum Exposure Temperature	194°F (90°C)
Connector Rating	Type 6P, IP 65 IP 68
Temperature Rating (ambient)	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
Connector Length	
Male	3.2 in (81 mm)
Female	2.8 in (70 mm)
Connector Insert Color	
Male	Black
Female	Light gray

<sup>5</sup> Longer lengths available

#### Type K Male connector



#### **Type K Female connector**



Appendixes Content

#### BASIC HEATING CABLE DESIGN CONFIGURATIONS WITH PYROFLX COLD LEAD AND TYPE K CONNECTOR

XMI mineral insulated heating cables can be supplied with PyroFLX cold leads with or without Type K quick connectors. They are available in the four basic design configurations shown below. PyroFLX cold leads, for all design configurations, can be supplied with optional factory-installed Type K quick-connectors which do not require a junction box, or without a connector for field routing, trimming and installation into a junction box using standard tray cable connectors.

Type K quick connectors for PyroFLX cold leads are available in a combination of male, female, or power connector options (power connectors consist of a female and a male connector on one end of the heating cable).

# PyroFLX (End A) Heated length Design B (Single conductor) Heated length PyroFLX (End A) PyroFLX (End B) Design D (Dual conductor) PyroFLX (End A) Heated length Design E (Dual conductor) PyroFLX (End A) Heated length PyroFLX (End B)

#### HEATING CABLE CATALOG NUMBER WITH PYROFLX COLD LEAD

GEHU: E/32SA2200/40/538/208/5-7/S25A/X/NG/T8-10/RKFM

Example: Engineered Heating Unit (Part No.: GEHU)

An XMI heating unit with PyroFLX cold leads, with or without Type K connectors, is ordered by compiling the catalog number based on the design of the specific engineered heating unit required for your application. Typically, an engineered heating unit is designed using our TraceCalc Pro design software which provides the catalog number as part of the design output. An explanation of the catalog number follows.

Position:			S25A / X / NG / T8-10 / RKFM 7 / 8 / 9 / 10 / 11
Position	Characteristic	Code options	Description
1	Design Configuration <sup>6</sup>	A, B, D, or E	Designates the basic heating cable design configuration of the XMI engineered heating unit (XMI-L units available only in D and E configurations).
2	Heating cable reference	See XMI-A and XMI-L data sheets	Indicates the XMI-A or XMI-L heating cable reference used in the design. Refer to data sheets H56870 and H59079.
3	Heated length	Length of the heated section in feet or meters	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length.
4	Power	Power output of the heating unit	Power output at maintain temperature, in Watts, for the total heated length of the engineered heating unit.

#### Design A (Single conductor)

Position	Characteristic	Code options	Description
5	Voltage	Effective voltage applied to unit	This is the designed effective voltage that will be applied to the engineered heating unit (in the case of series connected heating units, it is the voltage across a single unit).
6	MI cold lead length	Length of the MI cold lead in feet or meters	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length. Standard MI cold lead length is 5 feet (1.5 m) for units with PyroFL cold leads, however, custom lengths can be designated here.
		(End A length) or (End A length)– (End B length)	For E and B configurations, which have cold leads on each end, a single value (such as "5") indicates that both MI cold leads are to be 5 feet long. A hyphenated value (such as "5-7") indicates that the cold lead on one end (End A) is 5 feet long and the cold lead on the other end (End B) is 7 feet long. Note that when specifying quick connectors for E and B configurations with two different cold lead lengths (such as "5-7"), the first number (5) is the length for End A and the secon
			number (7) is the length for End B. This nomenclature ensures that the correct connector is installed on the correct length of cold lead.
7	MI cold lead code	Select the cold lead code from Table 2	Table 2 is used to select the appropriate MI cold lead based on the current and voltage rating required by the design.
8	Hot-cold joint type	X or C	"X" type joint is used with all XMI-A engineered heating units. "C" type joint is used with all XMI-L engineered heating units.
9	Gland size reference	NG	For PyroFLX cold leads, gland size default is "NG" (no gland)
10	Type TC flexible tray cable length	Length of the tray cable in feet or meters T(End A length) or	Default value is in feet; if in meters add "M" after the length. Standard lengths for flexible tray cable is 3 feet (0.9 m), howeve custom lengths can be designated here. For E and B configurations, which have cold leads on each end,
		T(End A length)– T(End B length)	a single value (such as "T3") indicates that the flexible tray cable on both ends is 3 feet long. A hyphenated value (such as "T3-T7") indicates that the flexible tray cable on one end (End A) is 3 feet long and the flexible tray cable on the other end (End B) is 7 feet long. Note that when specifying Type K quick connectors for E and E configurations with two different flexible tray cable lengths (suc as "T3-T7"), the first number (3) is the length for End A and the second number (7) is the length for End B. This nomenclature
11	Connector	DNN - Nothing (Nothing	ensures that the correct connector is installed on the correct length of tray cable.
11	Connector options <sup>7</sup>	RNN - Nothing/Nothing	PyroFLX cold lead with no connector on End A and no connector on End B Position 11 in the EHU catalog number for a PyroFLX cold lead with Type K connectors consists of four letters. The first letter (R) indicates the PyroFLX cold lead, the second letter (K) indicates Type K connector, the third letter (M, P, or N) is the connector option for End A and the fourth letter (M, F, or N) is the connector option for End B.
		RKMN - Male/Nothing	PyroFLX cold lead with a Male connector on End A and no connector on End B
		RKNF - Nothing/Female	PyroFLX cold lead with no connector on End A and a Female connector on End B
		RKMF - Male/Female	PyroFLX cold lead with a Male connector on End A and a Female connector on End B
		RKPF - Power/Female	PyroFLX cold lead with a Power connector on End A and a Female connector on End B
		RKPN - Power/Nothing	PyroFLX cold lead with a Power connector on End A and no connector on End B
		RKMM - Male/Male	PyroFLX cold lead with a Male connector on End A and a Male connector on End B

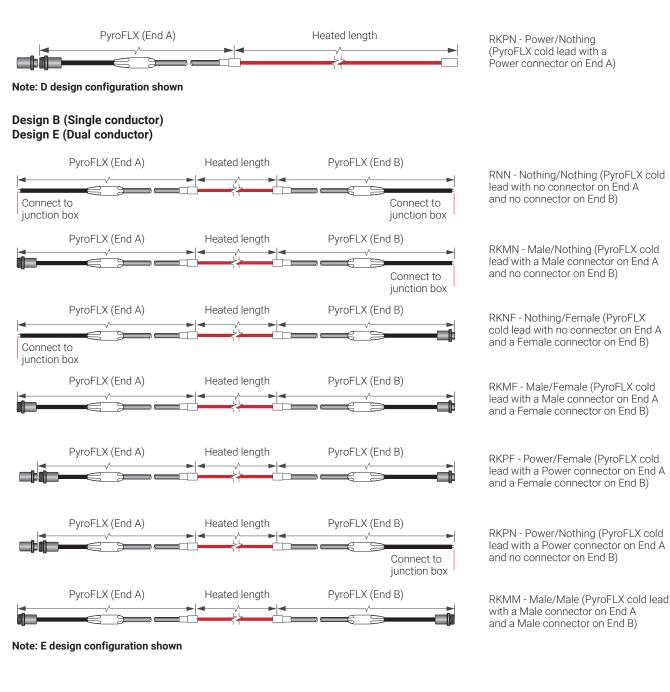
<sup>6</sup> Since Design A and Design D units only have a single cold lead, End B will always be "nothing" (i.e. no connector).

<sup>7</sup> A Power connector consists of both a Female and a Male connector (the Male connector is attached to the cold lead; the Female connector will be connected to the power supply at the job site).

Technical Data Design Guides Sheets Content Content

Appendixes Content

RKMN - Male/Nothing (PyroFLX cold lead with a Male connector on End A)



Heated length

PyroFLX (End A)

#### EXAMPLES USING PYROFLX COLD LEAD, WITH AND WITHOUT TYPE K QUICK CONNECTORS

#### D/62SQ3100/200/9920/480/5/S25A/X/NG/T3/RKMN

- Configuration is Design D
- XMI-A62 heating cable (600 V rated, dual conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.100 Ω/ft (0.328 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 200 ft (61 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 9920 W at 480 V
- MI cold lead length is 5 ft (1.5 m) on End A
- MI cold lead code is S25A (25 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is NG (no gland)
- Flexible tray cable is 3 ft (0.9 m) on End A
- Type K Male connector on End A

#### E/32SQ3200/25M/840/120/1.5M/LS23A/X/NG/T2.4-3.0M/RKPF

- Configuration is Design E
- XMI-A32 heating cable (300 V rated, dual conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.200 Ω/ft (0.656 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 25 m (82 ft)
- Heating cable wattage is 840 W at 120 V
- MI cold lead length is 1.5 m (5 ft) on both End A and End B
- MI cold lead code is LS23A (23 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is NG (no gland)
- Flexible tray cable is 2.4 m (8 ft) on End A and 3 m (10 ft) long on End B
- Type K Power connector on End A and Female connector on End B

#### B/61SQ3118/250/6820/480/5-7/S29A/X/NG/T8/RKMF

- Configuration is Design B
- XMI-A61 heating cable (600 V rated, single conductor cable), resistance at 20°C is 0.118 Ω/ft (0.387 Ω/m)
- Heating cable length is 250 ft (76 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 6820 W at 480 V
- MI cold lead length is 5 ft (1.5 m) on End A and 7 ft (2.1 m) on End B
- MI cold lead code is S29A (29 Amps)
- Hot-cold joint type is "X" for use with XMI-A Alloy 825 sheath cables
- Gland connector is NG (no gland)
- Flexible tray cable is 8 ft (2.4 m) on both End A and End B
- Type K Male connector on End A and Female connector on End B

#### TABLE 2 MI COLD LEAD CODES FOR USE WITH PYROFLX COLD LEADS AND TYPE K QUICK CONNECTORS

Due to current rating limitations, only the standard MI cold lead codes shown in Table 2 may be used with PyroFLX cold leads and Type K connectors. The PyroFLX cold lead is supplied from the factory with no quick connectors or with one or more quick connectors assembled to the cold lead.

	Maximum voltage	Maximum current	Cold lead diamete	er	Gland size	Tray cable tail size
Cold lead code	(V)	(A)	(in)	(mm)	reference	(AWG) <sup>8</sup>
Design A, D, E						
LS23A	300	23	0.319	8.1	NG	10
S25A	600	25	0.355	9.0	NG	10
S34A	600	30	0.402	10.2	NG	10
Design B						
S29A	600	29	0.215	5.5	NG	10
S48A	600	30	0.253	6.4	NG	10

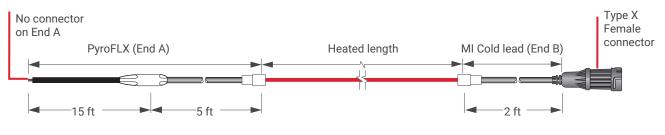
Note: MI cold lead minimum bending radius is 6 times the cable diameter.

<sup>8</sup> Tail size applies to cold leads without quick connectors (i.e. tray cable tails).

#### **OTHER COLD LEAD OPTIONS**

In addition, a heating cable can be terminated with a PyroFLX cold lead and Type K connector (or no connector) on one end and a mineral insulated cold lead and Type X connector on the other end as shown in the example below. For additional information on other options that are available for MI cold leads, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

#### GEHU: E/32SQ3200/82/840/120/5-2/LS23A/X/N12/T15.0-0.0/RNXF



RNXF - PyroFLX cold lead with no connector on End A and MI cold lead with Type X Female connector on End B

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

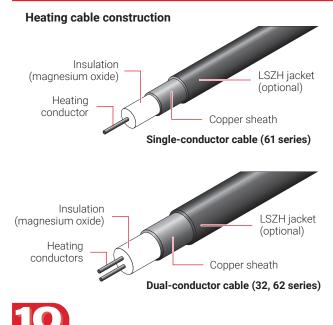
To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Copper and LSZH jacketed copper sheathed MI cable for Commercial and Industrial applications

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM copper sheathed MI cable provides an ideal ground path and allows for a rugged yet flexible heating cable that is easy to install. Each heating cable includes a heated section that is joined to a preterminated nonheating cold lead which is ready to connect into a junction box. For corrosive or embedded applications, such as concrete or asphalt snow melting, a cable with a Low-Smoke Zero-Halogen (LSZH) jacket is required. For embedded applications the red LSZH jacket enhances cable visibility during concrete or asphalt placement. Refer to the tables below for the complete list of approved applications.

For additional information or applications requiring stainless steel sheathed heating cables, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

#### APPROVED APPLICATIONS AND POWER OUTPUT FOR NONHAZARDOUS AREAS

Copper-sheathed heating cable	c-CSA-us	FM	UL	Max.   W/ft (	power output W/m)
Snow melting on metal roofs	Yes	No	No	15	(49)
De-icing of metal gutters and downspouts	Yes	No	No	15	(49)
De-icing of nonmetallic gutters and downspouts	Yes	No	No	5	(16)
Freeze protection of metal pipes and vessels <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes	No	18	(59)
Process temperature maintenance (pipes and vessels) <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes	No	18	(59)
LSZH jacketed copper-sheathed heating cable					
Snow melting in concrete and mastic asphalt slab	Yes	No	Yes	30	(99)
Snow melting in road-grade asphalt slab	Yes	No	Yes	25	(82)
Snow melting in sand/limestone screenings (pavers)	No <sup>1</sup>	No	No	20	(66)
Snow melting on nonmetal roof	Yes	No	No	8	(26)
Pool and Spa Decks	Yes <sup>3</sup>	No	No	30	(99)
De-icing of metal gutters and downspouts	Yes	No	No	8	(26)
De-icing of nonmetallic gutters and downspouts	Yes	No	No	5	(16)
Floor heating in concrete slab	Yes	No	No	10	(33)

Overview

Copper-sheathed heating cable	c-CSA-us	FM	UL	Max. power output W/ft (W/m)
Frost heave protection - embedded in concrete	Yes	No	No	7 (23)
Freeze protection of metal pipes and vessels – internal	Yes	No	No	8 (26)
Freeze protection of metal pipes and vessels – external	Yes	No	No	8 (26)
Freeze protection of nonmetallic pipes and vessels – internal	Yes	No	No	4 (13)
Freeze protection of nonmetallic pipes and vessels – external	Yes	No	No	4 (13)

Special permission for paver snow melting is required from the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

2 When designing heating cables for pipe and vessel tracing, the "Max. power output (W/ft)" values may have to be decreased to ensure that the sheath temperature does not exceed the maximum exposure temperature (see page 2) of the cable.

<sup>3</sup> Pool and spa deck approval - Canada only.

#### APPROVED APPLICATIONS AND POWER OUTPUT FOR HAZARDOUS AREAS

Copper-sheathed heating cable	c-CSA-us	FM	UL	Max. p W/ft (\	oower output N/m)
Process temperature maintenance (pipes and vessels) <sup>4</sup>	Yes	Yes	No	18	(59)
Freeze protection of metal pipes and vessels <sup>4</sup>	Yes	Yes	No	18	(59)
De-icing of metal gutters and downspouts <sup>4</sup>	Yes	No	No	15	(49)
De-icing of nonmetallic gutters and downspouts	Yes	No	No	5	(16)
LSZH jacketed copper-sheathed heating cable					
Snow melting in concrete and mastic asphalt slab	Yes	No	No	30	(99)
Snow melting in road-grade asphalt slab	Yes	No	No	25	(82)
De-icing of metal gutters and downspouts	Yes	No	No	8	(26)
De-icing of nonmetallic gutters and downspouts	Yes	No	No	5	(16)
Freeze protection of metal pipes and vessels – external	Yes	No	No	8	(26)
Freeze protection of nonmetallic pipes and vessels – external	Yes	No	No	4	(13)

4 When designing heating cables for pipe and vessel tracing, and de-icing of metal gutters and downspouts, the "Max. power output (W/ft)" values may have to be decreased to ensure that the sheath temperature does not exceed the maximum exposure temperature of the cable (see below) or the autoignition temperature of gases and vapors present in the hazardous area. For assistance designing heating cables for hazardous areas, contact nVent Technical Support at (800) 545-6258.

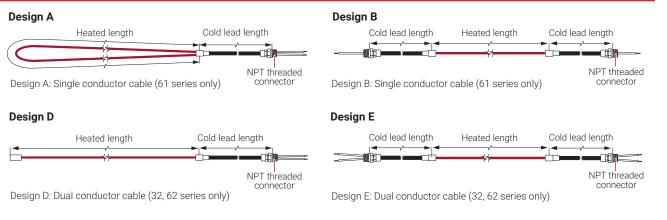
#### **TEMPERATURE RATINGS**

Maximum exposure temperature	392°F (200°C) copper-sheathed heating cable 194°F (90°C) LSZH-jacketed heating cable* * LSZH-jacketed cables may be exposed to higher temperatures during installation in asphalt.
Minimum installation temperature	−76°F (−60°C) for copper-sheathed heating cable −4°F (−20°C) for UL, −22°F (−30°C) for CSA_LSZH-jacketed heating cable

#### **TEMPERATURE ID NUMBER (T-RATING)**

To be established by calculating the maximum sheath temperature. Contact nVent for assistance.

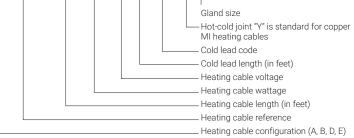
#### **BASIC HEATING CABLE DESIGN CONFIGURATIONS**



#### HEATING CABLE CATALOG NUMBER

To order an nVent RAYCHEM MI heating cable, it is important to understand the format of our catalog number.

#### B/61CE4600/150/1600/120/7/C25A/Y/N12



In the above heating cable catalog number, the length of the heated section and the cold lead are in feet. For metric lengths, the heating cable catalog number would include a suffix "M" after the length, as shown below. A LSZH jacket on the heated section and a LSZH jacket on the cold lead have also been included in the following: B/61RE4600-RD/45.7M/1600/120/2.1M/R25A/Y/N12

#### Options

Add suffix "/PE" at the end of the catalog number for pulling eye (Design D cables only).

Add suffix "/RG1" at the end of the catalog number for 1" reverse gland (used to make a watertight seal) for Designs A and D cables. Design D cables also available with 1/2" or 3/4" reverse gland ("/RG34" for 3/4" or "/RG12" for 1/2").

#### Examples

#### Snow melting for area 1200 sq ft (spacing 7") 6 cables B/61RE3150-RD/343/7000/600/15/R25A/Y/N12

- Heating cable configuration is Design B
- 600 V rated single conductor LSZH jacketed cable, resistance at 20°C is 0.150  $\Omega$ /ft (0.492  $\Omega$ /m)
- Each heating cable length is 343 ft (104.5 m)
- + Each heating cable wattage is 7000 W at 600 V
- Cold lead is 15 ft (4.5 m) with LSZH jacket
- Cold lead code is R25A
- 1/2-in NPT gland connector

#### Pipe tracing for 2 in x 50 ft pipe

- 1 cable D/32CD3800/52/340/120/3/C22A/Y/N12
- Heating cable configuration is Design D
- + 300 V rated two conductor cable, resistance at 20°C is 0.80  $\Omega/ft$  (2.625  $\Omega/m)$
- Heating cable length is 52 ft (15.9 m)
- Heating cable wattage is 340 W at 120 V
- Cold lead is 3 ft (0.9 m)
- Cold lead code is C22A
- 1/2-in NPT gland connector

#### HEATING CABLE REFERENCE DECODING

	Digit number	Description	
	1	Maximum voltage rating	3 = 300 V, 6 = 600 V
	2	Number of conductors	1 or 2
61CD3610	3	Sheath material	C = Copper, R = LSZH jacket
Digit 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	4	Conductor material	C, D, or E
6 1 R D 3 6 1 0-RD	5	Move decimal point to left indicated number of places	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 places
ugiti 23430789	6 to 8	Cable resistance ( Ω/ft) to 3 whole numbers (use with digit 5)	$3610 = 0.610 \Omega/cable foot at 20°C$
	9	Jacket color - use only with LSZH jacketed cables	-RD = red color LSZH jacket

Technical Data Sheets Content

Content

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

**RTB** Tub

#### COLD LEADS FOR COPPER-SHEATHED HEATING CABLES

Cold leads for copper MI heating cables are available with a copper sheath or for superior mechanical and corrosion resistance, a LSZH jacketed copper sheath. Use LSZH jacketed copper for all embedded heating cable applications, such as snow melting and floor heating.

Copper sheath cold lead code	LSZH jacketed cold lead code	Maximum voltage (V)	Maximum current (A)	Gland size (NPT)	Gland size reference for catalog number	Tail size (AWG)	
Design A, D, E							
C22A	R22A	600	22	1/2"	N12	14	
C29A	R29A	600	29	1/2"	N12	12	
C38A	R38A	600	38	3/4"	N34	10	
C50A	R50A	600	50	3/4"	N34	8	
C67A	R67A	600	67	3/4"	N34	6	
C90A	R90A	600	90	1"	N1	4	
Design B							
C25A	R25A	600	25	1/2"	N12	14	
C30A	R30A	600	30	1/2"	N12	12	
C40A	R40A	600	40	1/2"	N12	10	
C60A	R60A	600	60	1/2"	N12	8	
C80A	R80A	600	80	1/2"	N12	6	
C105A	R105A	600	105	3/4"	N34	4	

#### SERIES 61 MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (600 V, SINGLE CONDUCTOR)

Heating cable	Nom. cable resistance at 20°C		Nominal cable diameter		Max. unjointed cable length		Nominal weight	
reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m
61CD3610	0.610	2.00	0.128	3.3	10290	3137	30	44.7
61CD3390	0.390	1.28	0.132	3.4	9689	2954	32	47.7
61CD3300	0.300	0.984	0.160	4.1	6595	2011	47	70.1
61CD3200	0.200	0.656	0.168	4.3	5987	1825	53	79.0
61CE3150	0.150	0.492	0.148	3.8	7718	2353	41	61.1
61CE3105	0.105	0.344	0.174	4.4	5230	1594	54	80.5
61CE4800	0.0800	0.262	0.182	4.6	4948	1508	54	80.4
61CE4600	0.0600	0.197	0.194	4.9	4269	1301	56	83.3
61CE4400	0.0400	0.131	0.185	4.7	4686	1429	58	86.2
61CE4300	0.0300	0.0980	0.192	4.9	4340	1323	65	96.6
61CE4200	0.0200	0.0660	0.205	5.2	3800	1159	81	120.8
61CC4100	0.0100	0.0328	0.198	5.0	4624	1409	58	86.3
61CC5651	0.00651	0.0214	0.194	4.9	4187	1277	68	101.4
61CC5409	0.00409	0.0134	0.223	5.7	3394	1034	84	125.2
61CC5258	0.00258	0.00846	0.230	5.8	3076	938	98	146.1
61CC5162	0.00162	0.00531	0.246	6.2	2693	821	117	174.2
61CC5102	0.00102	0.00335	0.277	7.0	2056	627	154	229.1
61CC6641	0.000641	0.00210	0.298	7.6	1688	515	179	266.3
61CC6403	0.000403	0.00132	0.340	8.6	1331	406	236	351.1

**Notes:** 1) To specify an LSZH jacket on the heating cable, replace the "C" (first letter in cable reference) with "R" and add a "-RD" suffix (red jacket color) after the cable reference number.

Èxample: 61CD3610 becomes 61RD3610-RD for red jacketed version.

2) Tolerance on cable resistance is  $\pm$  10%.

#### SERIES 32 MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (300 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR)

Heating cable	Nom. cable resistance at 20°C		Nominal cable diameter		Max. unjointed cable length		Nominal weight	
reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m
32CD3800	0.800	2.62	0.165	4.2	5800	1768	46	68.5
32CD3600	0.600	1.97	0.175	4.4	5676	1730	59	87.8
32CD3400	0.400	1.31	0.183	4.6	4686	1428	60	89.4
32CD3300	0.300	0.984	0.190	4.8	4158	1267	62	92.1
32CE3200	0.200	0.656	0.185	4.7	4686	1428	60	89.4
32CE3125	0.125	0.410	0.195	5.0	4026	1227	65	96.6
32CE3100	0.100	0.328	0.208	5.3	3564	1086	65	96.6
32CE4700	0.0700	0.230	0.230	5.8	3300	1006	110	163.7
32CE4440	0.0440	0.144	0.260	6.6	2244	684	140	208.2
32CE4280	0.0280	0.092	0.300	7.6	1782	543	182	270.8

es

Technical Data Sheets Content

Notes: 1) To specify a LSZH jacket on the heating cable, replace the "C" (first letter in cable reference) with "R" and add a "-RD" suffix (red jacket color) after the cable reference number.

Example: 32CD3800 becomes 32RD3800-RD for red jacketed version.

2) Tolerance on cable resistance is ± 10%.

#### SERIES 62 MI HEATING CABLE SPECIFICATIONS (600 V, DUAL CONDUCTOR)

Heating cable	Nom. cable re at 20°C	sistance	Nominal cable diameter		Max. unjointed cable length		Nominal weight	
reference	Ω/ft	Ω/m	in	mm	ft	m	lb/1000 ft	kg/1000 m
62CE4950	0.0950	0.312	0.283	7.2	1890	576	145	216.2
62CE4700	0.0700	0.230	0.309	7.9	1400	427	150	223.2
62CE4440	0.0440	0.144	0.340	8.6	1170	357	181	269.4
62CE4280	0.0280	0.0920	0.371	9.4	965	294	224	333.8
62CC4200	0.0200	0.0656	0.253	6.4	2457	749	114	170.0
62CC4130	0.0130	0.0427	0.309	7.9	1647	502	170	253.5
62CC5818	0.00818	0.0268	0.340	8.6	1217	371	189	281.2
62CC5516	0.00516	0.0169	0.371	9.4	1062	324	236	351.1
62CC5324	0.00324	0.0106	0.402	10.2	876	267	275	409.1
62CC5204	0.00204	0.00669	0.449	11.4	706	215	353	525.3

Notes: 1) To specify a LSZH jacket on the heating cable, replace the "C" (first letter in cable reference) with "R" and add a "-RD" suffix (red jacket color) after the cable reference number.

Èxample: 62CE4950 becomes 62RE4950-RD for red jacketed version.

2) Tolerance on cable resistance is  $\pm$  10%.

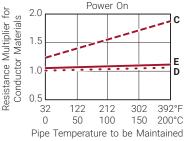
#### **RESISTANCE CORRECTION FACTOR**

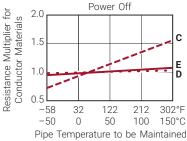
Various conductor materials behave differently. Based on the application, use the table or graphs below for approximate adjustment of power and resistance as a function of temperature. For detailed design, contact nVent for further assistance.

**Applications:** Snow melting, floor warming, roof and gutter de-icing, frost-heave prevention

Conductor material	Correction factor
С	1.15
D	1.0
E	1.0

Applications: Freeze protection for pipes and vessels, process temperature maintenance for pipes and vessels





iign Guides Content

Appendixes

### **APPROVALS**

Also refer to application tables on previous pages.

### **Nonhazardous Locations** \*Hazardous Locations

Class I, Div 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G Class III

\* Polymer jacketed MI Heating Cables are not FM approved.

**Nonhazardous Locations** 



**Nonhazardous Locations \*Hazardous Locations** 

Class I, Div 1\* & 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G Class III

\* Polymer jacketed MI Heating Cables are not approved for CID1 locations Zone: US: Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T\* Gb Canada: Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T\* Gb

ISTED 421H

FM

APPROVED

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

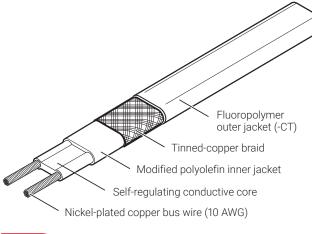




### CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Self-regulating heating cables Electrical freeze protection on long pipelines in nonhazardous and hazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



Y E A R Product warranty

Heating cable construction

The nVent RAYCHEM LBTV self-regulating heating cables provide freeze protection and low-temperature maintenance for longline applications. The LBTV heating cables maintain process temperatures up to  $150^{\circ}$ F ( $65^{\circ}$ C) and can withstand intermittent exposure to temperatures up to  $185^{\circ}$ F ( $85^{\circ}$ C).

The cables are configured for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations, including areas where corrosives may be present.

The LBTV heating cables provide long circuit length capability. They can be used for continuous circuit lengths up to 1,250 feet (381 m) powered from a single source. LBTV cables are especially well suited for tracing long pipelines containing temperature-sensitive fluids or where high reliability is required.

nVent RAYCHEM LBTV cables meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code. For additional information, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.

#### APPLICATION

Area classification	Nonhazardous and hazardous locations
Traced surface type	Metal and plastics
Chemical resistance	Organic and aqueous inorganic chemicals and corrosives

#### SUPPLY VOLTAGE

200-277 Vac

SPECIFICATIONS	
Maximum maintain or continuous exposure temperature (power on)	150°F (65°C)
Maximum intermittent exposure temperature, 1000 hours (power on or off)	185°F (85°C)
Minimum installation temperature	-76°F (-60°C)
Temperature classification	T6, 185°F (85°C) Temperature ID numbers are consistent with North America national electrical codes.
Bus wire size	10 AWG
Outer jacket color	Black
Minimum bending radius	$\begin{array}{l} -76^{\circ}\text{F} (-60^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < -4^{\circ}\text{F} (-20^{\circ}\text{C}): 1.4" (35 \text{ mm}) \\ -4^{\circ}\text{F} (-20^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < 14^{\circ}\text{F} (-10^{\circ}\text{C}): 1.2" (30 \text{ mm}) \\ 14^{\circ}\text{F} (-10^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < 32^{\circ}\text{F} (0^{\circ}\text{C}): 1" (25 \text{ mm}) \\ 32^{\circ}\text{F} (0^{\circ}\text{C}) \leq \text{T} < 50^{\circ}\text{F} (+10^{\circ}\text{C}): 0.8" (20 \text{ mm}) \\ \text{T} \geq 50^{\circ}\text{F} (+10^{\circ}\text{C}): 0.5" (12.7 \text{ mm}) \end{array}$

APPROV	/ALS					
Hazardo	us Locations	Zone App	Zone Approvals			
<b>FM</b> APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III Tmin −40°C	FM APPROVED	CLI, ZN1, AEx e II T6 Tmin −40°C			
	Class I, Div. 1 and 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E, F, G Class III -WS for Canada		Ex 60079-30-1 IIC T6 Gb Ex 60079-30-1 IIIC T6 Db Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T85°C Gb Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T85°C Db -WS for Canada			

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

For proper design and installation, use TraceCalc Pro design software or the Design section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Solutions Products & Services Catalogue (H56550). Literature is available on nVent.com/RAYCHEM

#### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATING ON METAL PIPES

	Adjustment factor				POWE	R-TE	MPERA	TURE	DATA: L	BTV2-	С
	power output	10.0									-
208 V	0.94	8.0									
277 V	1.04		_							_	
		6.0 #		$\frown$							-
		× 4.0									
								$\rightarrow$		_	
		2.0								$\leftarrow$	_
		<sub>0.0</sub> L									_
		20 (-7		40 (4)		0 5)	80 (27		100 (38)		1: (4

**Note:** To choose the correct heating cable for your application, use the Design section of the Industrial Heat Tracing Solutions Products & Services Catalogue (H56550). For more detailed information, use TraceCalc Pro design software.

#### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTHS BASED ON CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZES

			Maximum circuit le	ngth (in feet) per circu	it breaker				
	Ambient temperature	mperature	208 V						
	at start-up	inperature	40 A	50 A	60 A	70 A			
LBTV2-CT	40°F	(4°C)	1015	1175	1175	1175			
	20°F	(-7°C)	610	1045	1175	1175			
	0°F	(-18°C)	450	680	1060	1175			
	-20°F	(-29°C)	360	510	740	1065			
	-40°F	(-40°C)	305	415	565	785			

			Maximum circuit le	Maximum circuit length (in feet) per circuit breaker						
	Ambient te	mperature	240 V	240 V						
	at start-up	inperature	40 A	50 A	60 A	70 A				
LBTV2-CT	40°F	(4°C)	910	1250	1250	1250				
	20°F	(-7°C)	570	945	1250	1250				
	0°F	(-18°C)	425	625	975	1250				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	340	480	675	1000				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	290	390	525	720				

Self-Reg Heating

Mineral Insulated Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubi Bundle

Tank Heatin

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control

140 °F

(60) (°C)

Pipe temperature

Technical Data Sheets Content

			Maximum circu	ıit length (in feet) per	circuit breaker					
	Ambient temperature		277 V	277 V						
	at start-up		40 A	50 A	60 A	70 A				
LBTV2-CT	40°F	(4°C)	845	1250	1250	1250				
	20°F	(-7°C)	525	880	1250	1250				
	0°F	(-18°C)	395	580	905	1250				
	-20°F	(-29°C)	315	445	630	925				
	-40°F	(-40°C)	270	365	490	665				

#### **PRODUCT DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT**

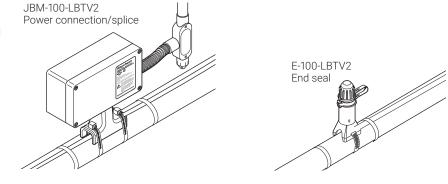
	LBTV2-CT
Weight	170 lbs/1000 ft (250 g/m)
Width x Thickness (nominal)	0.665 x 0.303 in (16.9 x 7.7 mm)

#### ORDERING DETAILS

Description	Part number
LBTV2-CT	486428-000

#### CONNECTION KITS

These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.



#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.



eets

RAYCHEM-DS-H57027-SCSCH-EN-2303

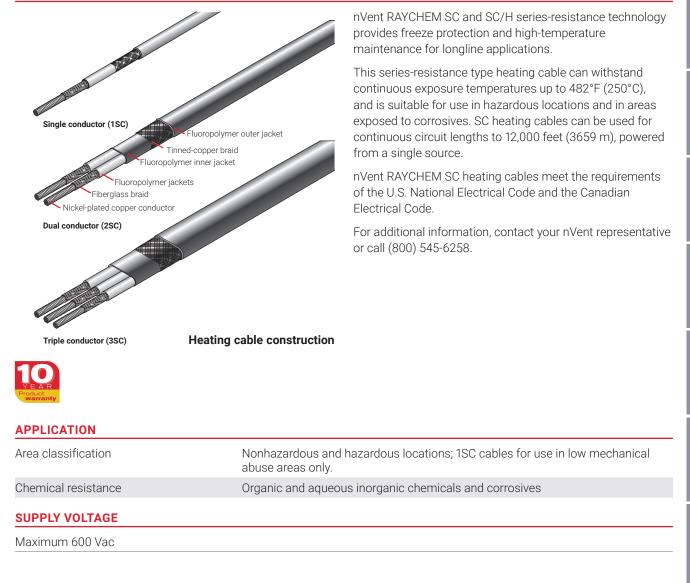
## SC, SC/H



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Series-resistance heating cables Electrical freeze protection in longline systems for nonhazardous and hazardous areas

### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



#### **TEMPERATURE RATING**

	SC	SC/H
Maximum continuous exposure (Power off)	400°F (204°C)	482°F (250°C)
Minimum installation temperature	-40°F (-40°C)	-40°F (-40°C)

#### **TEMPERATURE ID NUMBER (T-RATING)**

Established by calculating the maximum sheath temperature for the application. Contact nVent for assistance.

#### **APPROVALS**

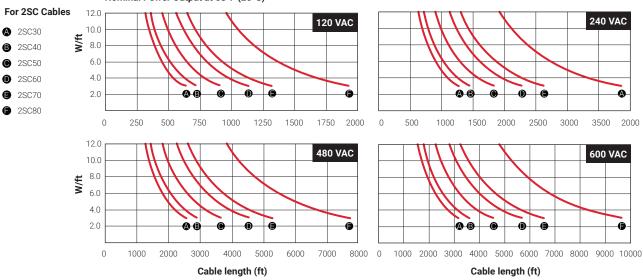
ISC	2SC		3SC	
Hazardous Locations	Hazardous Loca	ations	Hazardous Loca	ations
Ex e II T <sup>(1)(2)</sup> -W for Canada	C US APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III	C US APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III
(1) for T-Rating, see design documentation (2) for 1SC60-CT, 1SC70-CT, and 1SC80-CT only		For T-Rating, see design documentation -W for Canada		
	IECEx	IECEx BAS 06.0049X GEx e II T* (see schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66	IECEx	IECEx BAS 06.0049X Ex e II T* (see schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66
		Ex e II T (1) -W for Canada	<b>SP</b> ®	Ex e II T(1) -W for Canada
	Segurança INMETRO OCPOSA	Ex eb IIC T(1) Gb	Segurança	Ex eb IIC T(1) Gb
	(1) For T-Rating,	see design documentation	(1) For T-Rating,	see design documentation

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

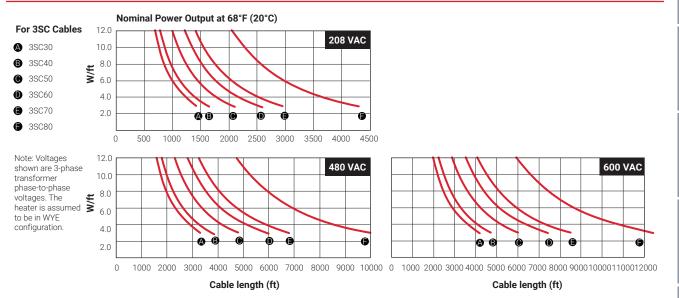
SC and SC/H applications must be designed and approved by nVent. Series heating cable technology requires that SC cables must not be overlapped. The use of appropriate control and monitoring equipment specified by nVent is required.

#### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATING

These graphs are general guides to selection. Actual designs require consideration of other important variables and must be confirmed by nVent. Also, many other voltages and electrical configurations are possible.



#### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATING



#### **PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

SC or		Cable resistance (nominal) @ 68°F (20°C)		Weight (nominal)	Maximum circuit	Cable dimensions	Minimum bend
SC/H	Conductor size	ohms/ft	ohms/m	Ìb/10 ft	breaker size	(nominal) (in)	radius (in)
(Single cond	uctor cable)						
1SC30-CT	18	0.00590	0.01935	0.4	30	0.22 diameter	1
1SC40-CT	16	0.00458	0.01502	0.5	30	0.23 diameter	1
1SC50-CT	14	0.00290	0.00951	0.6	30	0.24 diameter	1
1SC60-CT	12	0.00187	0.00613	0.7	60	0.26 diameter	1
1SC70-CT	10	0.00120	0.00394	0.9	80	0.29 diameter	1
1SC80-CT	8	0.00065	0.00213	1.2	100	0.32 diameter	1
(Dual conduc	tor cable)						
2SC30-CT	18	0.01180	0.03869	0.8	40	0.41 x 0.27	1
2SC40-CT	16	0.00916	0.03004	1.0	40	0.42 x 0.28	1
2SC50-CT	14	0.00580	0.01902	1.2	40	0.45 x 0.29	1
2SC60-CT	12	0.00374	0.01226	1.4	60	0.5 x 0.31	1
2SC70-CT	10	0.00240	0.00787	1.8	80	0.55 x 0.34	1
2SC80-CT	8	0.00130	0.00426	2.4	100	0.61 x 0.37	1
(Triple condu	ictor cable, resis	tance per cond	uctor)				
3SC30-CT	18	0.00590	0.01935	1.2	40	0.56 x 0.27	1
3SC40-CT	16	0.00458	0.01502	1.5	40	0.58 x 0.28	1
3SC50-CT	14	0.00290	0.00951	1.8	40	0.62 x 0.29	1
3SC60-CT	12	0.00187	0.00613	2.1	60	0.68 x 0.31	1
3SC70-CT	10	0.00120	0.00394	2.7	80	0.75 x 0.34	1
3SC80-CT	8	0.00065	0.00213	3.6	100	0.85 x 0.37	1

#### **CONNECTION KITS**

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end termination. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each eating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

Power-Limiting Mineral Insu Cables Heating Cab

Heating Cables

RTB Tubir Bundles

ind De-Icii

Appendixes

Steam Tracing

sign Guides Content



## CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Series-resistance heating cables for longline systems

Electrical freeze protection for long pipelines in both nonhazardous and hazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



nVent RAYCHEM SC/F series-resistance technology provides freeze protection for longline applications with minimal heat loss.

This series-resistance type heating cable can withstand continuous exposure temperatures up to 195°F (90°C), and is suitable for use in hazardous locations. SC/F heating cables can be used for continuous circuit lengths to 12,000 feet (3659 m), powered from a single source.

nVent RAYCHEM branded SC/F heating cables meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code.

For additional information, contact your nVent representative or call (800) 545-6258.



#### **APPLICATION**

Area classification Chemical resistance Nonhazardous and hazardous locations Aqueous inorganic chemicals

#### SUPPLY VOLTAGE

Maximum 600 Vac

#### **TEMPERATURE RATING**

Maximum continuous exposure (Power off) Minimum installation temperature 195°F (90°C) -40°F (-40°C)

#### **TEMPERATURE ID NUMBER (T-RATING)**

Established by calculating the maximum sheath temperature for the application. Contact nVent for assistance.

#### **APPROVALS**

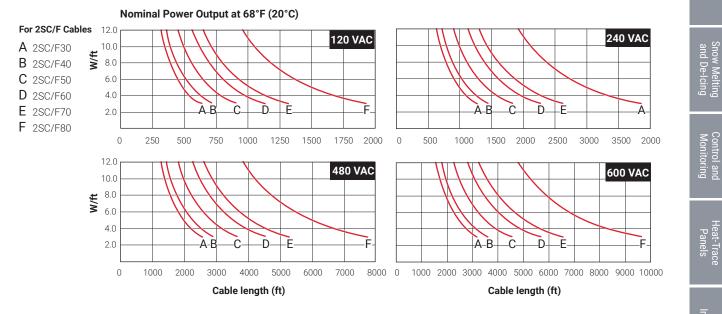
APPROVALS				Self-Regulating Heating Cables
2SC		3SC		bt Dt
Hazardous Loc	ations	Hazardous Loca	ations	Pc
	Class I, Div. 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III		Class I, Div. 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III	Power-Limiting Cables
	For T-Rating, see design documentation -W for Canada		For T-Rating, see design documentation -W for Canada	
IECEx	IECEx BAS 06.0049X GEx e II T* (see schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66	IECEx	IECEx BAS 06.0049X Ex e II T* (see schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
	Ex e II T (1) -W for Canada		Ex e II T <sup>(1)</sup> -W for Canada	bles
Segurança	Ex eb IIC T <sup>(1)</sup> Gb	Segurança	Ex eb IIC T <sup>(1)</sup> Gb	Longline Heating
(1) For T-Rating	, see design documentation	(1) For T-Rating,	see design documentation	

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

SC/F applications must be designed and approved by nVent. Series heating cable technology requires that SC/F cables must not be overlapped. The use of appropriate control and monitoring equipment specified by nVent is required.

#### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATINGT

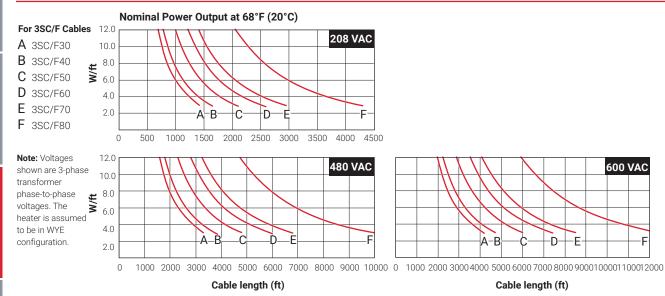
These graphs are general guides to selection. Actual designs require consideration of other important variables and must be confirmed by nVent. Also, many other voltages and electrical configurations are possible.



RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

#### NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT RATINGT



#### PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

		Cable resistanc 68°F (20°C)	e (nominal) @	Weight (nominal)	Maximum circuit	Cable dimensions	Minimum bend
SC/F	Conductor size	ohms/ft	ohms/m	lb/10 ft	breaker size	(nominal) (in)	radius (in)
(Dual conduct	or cable)						
2SC/F30-CR	18	0.01180	0.03869	0.8	40	0.31 x 0.21	1
2SC/F40-CR	16	0.00916	0.03004	1.0	40	0.32 x 0.22	1
2SC/F50-CR	14	0.00580	0.01902	1.2	40	0.35 x 0.23	1
2SC/F60-CR	12	0.00374	0.01226	1.4	60	0.39 x 0.25	1
2SC/F70-CR	10	0.00240	0.00787	1.8	80	0.44 x 0.28	1
2SC/F80-CR	8	0.00130	0.00426	2.4	100	0.54 x 0.33	1
(Triple conductor cable, resistance per conductor)							
3SC/F30-CR	18	0.00590	0.01935	1.2	40	0.41 x 0.21	1
3SC/F40-CR	16	0.00458	0.01502	1.5	40	0.43 x 0.22	1
3SC/F50-CR	14	0.00290	0.00951	1.8	40	0.47 x 0.23	1
3SC/F60-CR	12	0.00187	0.00613	2.1	60	0.53 x 0.25	1
3SC/F70-CR	10	0.00120	0.00394	2.7	80	0.60 x 0.28	1
3SC/F80-CR	8	0.00065	0.00213	3.6	100	0.75 x 0.33	1

#### **CONNECTION KITS**

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections, splices, and end seals. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

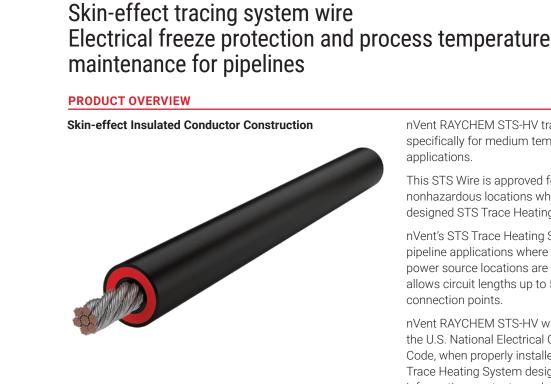
sign Guides Content





**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

# STS-HV



nVent RAYCHEM STS-HV tracing system wire is made specifically for medium temperature STS Trace Heating applications.

This STS Wire is approved for use in hazardous and nonhazardous locations when used as part of an nVent designed STS Trace Heating System.

nVent's STS Trace Heating Systems are ideal for long pipeline applications where access to power connection and power source locations are limited. Our STS-HV tracing wire allows circuit lengths up to 50 km (31 miles) between power connection points.

nVent RAYCHEM STS-HV wire meets the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code and the Canadian Electrical Code, when properly installed and commissioned in an STS Trace Heating System designed by nVent. For additional information, contact your local nVent office.

#### **APPLICATION**

Area Classification	Hazardous and nonhazardous locations
Traced surface type	Metal

#### **PERFORMANCE RATINGS**

Voltage Rating (maximum)
Operating Temperature (maximum)
Power Output Rating (maximum)

10000 VAC 150°C (302°F) 70 W/m (21.34 W/ft)

#### **APPROVALS**

PTB 21 ATEX 1005 X	IECEx PTB 21.0011X
ଢ II 2 G eb IIB T6T3 Gb	Ex eb sb IIB T6T3 Gb

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

STS-HV wires are an integral part of a complete, engineered nVent RAYCHEM STS Skin-effect Trace Heating System. These systems are custom designed and engineered based on the specific needs of the application. nVent requires that all STS Trace Heating System designs be completed and approved by nVent engineers. nVent Field Service personnel are also recommended for installation and commissioning of STS Trace Heating Systems.

#### **PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

Design Elements	Dimensions (Max OD)	Weight Per km (3280 FT)	Bend Radius (@−55C)	Conductor Size
STS-HV/21.100 Wire	18.5 mm (0.73 in.)	482 kg (1,062 lb.)	125 mm (4.9 in.)	21 mm² (#4 AWG)
Maximum Pull Force	90 kgs (200 lbs)			
Outer Jacket Color	Black			
Description	Part Number			
STS-HV/21.100 wire	1244-022564			

#### **STS SYSTEM COMPONENTS**

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections and splices for STS-HV wire. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

Additional components, installation tools and accessories required to install, test and commission an STS Trace Heating System are available from nVent.

RTB Tubing Bundles

Snow Melting and De-Icing



## CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Skin-effect tracing system wire Electrical freeze protection and process temperature maintenance for pipelines and embedded applications

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

**STS-MT** 

STS Skin-effect Tracing System Insulated Conductor Construction



nVent RAYCHEM STS-MT tracing system wire is a specially formulated, chemical resistant wire made specifically for medium temperature STS Skin-effect Tracing System applications.

These STS Wires meet all requirements of internationally recognized standard IEEE 844.1/CSA C22.2 No. 293.1 and IEEE 844.2/CSA C22.2 No. 293.1 at 5,000 VAC and are approved for use in hazardous and nonhazardous locations when used as part of a nVent designed STS Trace Heating System.

nVent's STS Skin-effect Tracing System are ideal for embedded or long pipeline applications to minimize the number of connection and power source locations. Circuit lengths up to 25 km (15 miles) are possible.

RAYCHEM STS-MT Wires meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code, the Canadian Electrical Code, when properly installed and commissioned in a STS Skineffect Tracing System designed by nVent. For additional information, contact your local nVent office.

#### APPLICATION

Area Classification	Hazardous and nonhazardous locations
Traced surface type	Metal and Concrete
Chemical resistance	Organic and aqueous inorganic chemicals and corrosives
PERFORMANCE RATINGS	
Voltage Rating	5,000 Vac maximum
Maximum Operating Temperature	150°C (302°F)

150 W/m (45.7 W/ft)

Ma	ximum Operating Temperature
Po	ver Output Rating (maximum)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

**APPROVALS** 

PTB 21 ATEX 1005 X	IECEx PTB 21.0011X
🐼 II 2 G eb IIB T6 T3 Gb	Ex eb sb IIB T6T3 Gb

Steam

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

STS-MT Wires are an integral part of a complete, engineered RAYCHEM STS Skin-effect Tracing System. These systems are custom designed and engineered based on the specific needs of the application. nVent requires that all STS Skin-effect Tracing System designs be completed and approved by nVent engineers. nVent Field Service personnel are also recommended for installation and commissioning of STS Skin-effect Tracing System.

#### **PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

	Dimensions (Max OD)	Weight Per 3m (10FT)	Bend Radius (@-55C)	Conductor Size
STS-MT/33.50 Wire	14.0 mm (0.55 in.)	1.3 kg (2.9 lb.)	81 mm (3.2 in.)	33 mm² (#2AWG)
STS-MT/21.50 Wire	12.7 mm (0.50 in.)	0.9 kg (1.9 lb.)	72 mm (2.8 in.)	21 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4AWG)
STS-MT/13.50 Wire	11.4 mm (0.45 in.)	0.6 kg (1.3 lb.)	65 mm (2.6 in.)	13 mm² (#6AWG)
Maximum Pull Force	90 Kgs (200 Lbs)			
Outer Jacket Color	Black			

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Part number
STS-MT/33.50 Wire	A42886-000
STS-MT/21.50 Wire	F93310-000
STS-MT/13.50 Wire	F74409-000

#### STS SKIN-EFFECT TRACING SYSTEM COMPONENTS

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections and splices for STS Wires. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

Additional components, installation tools and accessories required to install, test and commission an STS Skin-effect Tracing System are available from nVent.



RAYCHEM

## A

Appendixe

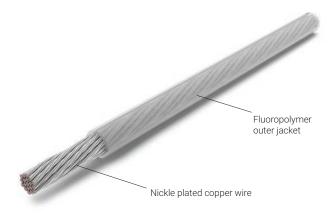
## CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Skin-effect tracing system wire Electrical process temperature maintenance for high temperature pipelines and embedded applications

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

STS-HT

#### Skin-effect Insulated Conductor Construction



nVent RAYCHEM STS-HT tracing system wire is a specially formulated, chemical resistant wire made specifically for high temperature STS Trace Heating applications up to 250°C. STS Systems using STS-HT Wire are ideal for heating pipelines transporting materials such as sulfur and asphalt.

These STS Wires meet all requirements of internationally recognized standard IEEE 844 at 2,500 VAC and are approved for use in hazardous and nonhazardous locations when used as part of a nVent designed STS Trace Heating System.

nVent RAYCHEM STS Trace Heating Systems are ideal for embedded or long pipeline applications to minimize the number of connection and power source locations. Circuit lengths up to 25 km (15 miles) are possible.

nVent RAYCHEM STS-HT Wires meet the requirements of the U.S. National Electrical Code, the Canadian Electrical Code, ATEX, and Russian standards when properly installed and commissioned in a STS Trace Heating System designed by nVent. For additional information, contact your local nVent office.

#### APPLICATION

		5
Area Classification	Hazardous and nonhazardous locations	ت ا
Traced surface type	Metal and Concrete	
Chemical resistance	Organic and aqueous inorganic chemicals and corrosives	
PERFORMANCE RATINGS		
Voltage Rating	2,500 Vac maximum	Ē
Maximum Operating Temperature	250°C (482°F)	
Power Output Rating (maximum)	150 W/m (45.7 W/ft)	

#### APPROVALS

FM	FM STS-0D5A3-AX CL 1, Div 2, Grps. B, C, D CL 1, ZN 2, Grp. IIB+H2
(Ex)	BAS98ATEX2383X-STS Ex II 2 G, Ex e II T
EAC	TC RU C-BE.ME92.B.00067 2 Ex e s IIT2/T3 (T5) Ge X

#### **DESIGN AND INSTALLATION**

STS-HT Wires are an integral part of a complete, engineered nVent RAYCHEM STS Skin-effect Trace Heating System. These systems are custom designed and engineered based on the specific needs of the application. nVent requires that all STS Trace Heating System designs be completed and approved by nVent engineers. nVent Field Service personnel are also recommended for installation and commissioning of STS Trace Heating Systems.

#### **PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

	Dimensions (Max OD)	Weight Per 3 m (10 FT)	Bend Radius (@-40C)	Conductor Size
STS-HT/33.25 Wire	13.2 mm (0.52 in.)	1.5 kg (3.3 lb.)	84 mm (3.3 in.)	33 mm² (#2AWG)
STS-HT/21.25 Wire	11.2 mm (0.44 in.)	1.0 kg (2.2 lb.)	77 mm (3.0 in.)	21 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4AWG)
STS-HT/13.25 Wire	9.9 mm (0.39 in.)	0.7 kg (1.6 lb.)	60 mm (2.4 in.)	13 mm² (#6AWG)
Maximum Pull Force	90 Kgs (200 Lbs)			
Outer Jacket Color	Clear			

#### ORDERING DETAILS

Description	Part number
STS-HT/33.25 Wire	P000001474
STS-HT/21.25 Wire	P00000635
STS-HT/13.25 Wire	P000001475

#### **STS SYSTEM COMPONENTS**

nVent offers a full range of connection kits for power connections and splices for STS Wires. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

Additional components, installation tools and accessories required to install, test and commission an STS Trace Heating System are available from nVent.



RAYCHEM

Annendixe

CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Self-regulating roof and gutter de-icing heating cable

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

**IceStop** 

## Heating cable construction Fluoropolymer (-XT) or modified polyolefin (-X) outer jacket Tinned-copper braid Modified polyolefin inner jacket Self-regulating conductive core Nickel-plated copper bus wire

Y E A R Product warranty

## eating cable

nVent RAYCHEM IceStop is a roof and gutter de-icing system that provides drain paths for the following applications:

- Roofs made from standard roofing materials, including shake, shingle, rubber, tar, wood, metal, and plastic.
- Gutters made from standard materials, including metal, plastic, and wood.
- Downspouts made from standard materials, including metal and plastic.

The heating element in the IceStop heating cable consists of a continuous core of conductive polymer extruded between two copper bus wires. As current flows through the core, the IceStop heating cable regulates its own heat output in response to ambient conditions.

This self-regulating feature eliminates hot spots and results in better temperature control to protect roof and gutter materials.

The IceStop heating cable is available with a fluoropolymer outer jacket (-XT) that provides maximum abrasion, chemical, and mechanical resistance; or a polyolefin outer jacket (-X) that is more economical for less demanding applications.

#### Low installed cost

The IceStop heating cable's parallel circuitry allows it to be cut to the exact length required, with no wasted cable.

All of these characteristics simplify and streamline the design of a roof and gutter de-icing system. Installation is quick and simple. The same features that make an IceStop system easy to install the first time also simplify additions or changes to the system during building renovations.

#### **CATALOG NUMBER**

GM-1XT and GM-1X

GM-2XT and GM-2X

### POWER OUTPUT (NOMINAL)

12 W/ft (39 W/m) in ice or snow

12 W/ft (39 W/m) in ice or snow

#### VOLTAGE

120 Vac

208-277 Vac

0°F (-18°C)

#### MINIMUM INSTALLATION TEMPERATURE

0°F (-18°C)

#### **MINIMUM BEND RADIUS**

5/8 in (16 mm)

#### 5/8 in (16 mm)

#### **MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH IN FEET (METERS)**

	Start-u	Start-up temperature		t breaker s	ize					
				15 A 20 A		30 A		40 A*		
	32°F	(0°C)	100	(30)	135	(41)	200	(61)	-	
GM-1XT and GM-1X at 120 volts	20°F	(-7°C)	95	(29)	125	(38)	185	(56)	200	(61)*
	0°F	(-18°C)	80	(24)	100	(30)	155	(47)	200	(61)*
GM-2XT and GM-2X at 208 volts	32°F	(0°C)	190	(58)	250	(76)	380	(116)	-	
	20°F	(-7°C)	180	(55)	235	(72)	355	(108)	380	(116)*
	0°F	(-18°C)	145	(44)	195	(59)	290	(88)	380	(116)*
	32°F	(0°C)	200	(61)	265	(81)	400	(122)	-	
GM-2XT and GM-2X at 240 volts	20°F	(-7°C)	190	(58)	250	(76)	370	(113)	400	(122)*
	0°F	(-18°C)	155	(47)	205	(62)	305	(93)	400	(122)*
	32°F	(0°C)	215	(66)	290	(88)	415	(126)	-	
GM-2XT and GM-2X at 277 volts	20°F	(-7°C)	200	(61)	265	(81)	400	(122)	415	(126)*
	0°F	(-18°C)	165	(50)	225	(69)	330	(101)	415	(126)*

\* Only FTC-P power connection kits may be used with 40-A circuits.

#### **BUS WIRES**

16 AWG nickel-plated copper

#### **BRAID / OUTER JACKET**

Tinned-copper braid with fluoropolymer (-XT) or modified polyolefin (-X) outer jacket

FM

APPROVED

#### DIMENSIONS

Maximum width	0.54 in (14 mm)
Maximum thickness	0.24 in (6 mm)

#### NOMINAL WEIGHT

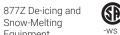
92 lb/1000 ft (137 kg/1000 m)

#### **CONNECTION KITS**

nVent RAYCHEM RayClic or FTC connection kits must be used with IceStop heating cables. Refer to the Roof and Gutter De-Icing Design Guide (H56070) for proper connection kit selection.

#### **APPROVALS**





Nonhazardous and Hazardous Locations Class 1, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D\* \* For GM-1XT and GM-2XT

The IceStop heating cables are UL Listed, CSA Certified, and FM Approved only when used with the appropriate agencyapproved nVent connection kits and accessories.

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

256 nVent.com/RAYCHEM

## ta Sheets

Appendixe

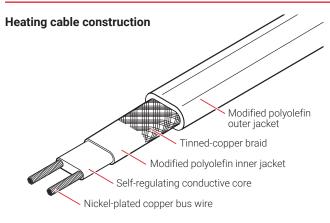
ElectroMelt



## CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Self-regulating surface snow-melting and anti-icing heating cable

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



nVent RAYCHEM ElectroMelt heating cable provides surface snow melting and anti-icing in concrete pavement.

### Self-regulating

The polymer core of an ElectroMelt heating cable automatically adjusts power output at every point along its length in response to concrete pavement temperature. This response characteristic eliminates burnouts caused by overlapping cable and provides improved energy efficiency without the need for special controls.

#### Parallel circuitry

The crosslinked, conductive polymer core of the ElectroMelt heating cable is extruded between two 14 AWG copper bus wires, forming a parallel circuit. This allows ElectroMelt heating cables to be cut to length and to be spliced and repaired, if necessary, in the field.

#### RUGGED

Specifically designed for direct burial in concrete, ElectroMelt heating cables are protected by a tinned-copper braid encased in a 70-mil modified polyolefin outer jacket. With no exposed metal parts to corrode and no burnout due to overlaps or hot spots, rugged ElectroMelt heating cable offers an ideal solution for all types of concrete pavement snow melting and anti-icing.

#### CATALOG NUMBER

	EM2-XR		
Power Output W/ft (W/m)	Voltage	Power Output W/ft (W/m)	
	208	30 (98)	
	240	32 (105)	
	277	34 (112)	
DIMENSIONS			
Maximum width	0.75 in (19 mm)		
Maximum thickness	0.38 in (10 mm)		
MINIMUM INSTALLATION TE	MPERATURE		
	0°F (-18°C)		
MINIMUM BEND RADIUS			

3 in (76 mm)

ign Guides

Technical Data Sheets Content

#### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH FOR STARTUP AT 20°F (-7°C) IN FEET (METERS)

	Heating cable supply voltage							
Circuit breaker (A)	208 V	240 V	277 V					
15	80 (24)	85 (26)	100 (31)					
20	105 (32)	115 (35)	130 (40)					
30	160 (49)	170 (52)	195 (59)					
40	210 (64)	230 (70)	260 (79)					
50	265 (81)	285 (87)	325 (99)					

#### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH FOR STARTUP AT 0°F (-18°C) IN FEET (METERS)

	Heating cable supply voltage							
Circuit breaker (A)	208 V	240 V	277 V					
15	75 (23)	80 (24)	90 (27)					
20	100 (31)	110 (34)	120 (37)					
30	145 (44)	160 (49)	180 (55)					
40	200 (61)	210 (64)	240 (73)					
50	245 (75)	265 (81)	300 (91)					

#### BUS WIRES

14 AWG nickel-plated copper

#### **BRAID / OUTER JACKET**

Heavy tinned-copper braid encased in a 70-mil modified polyolefin outer jacket

#### NOMINAL WEIGHT

180 lb/1000 ft (268 kg/1000 m)

#### **CONNECTION KITS**

nVent RAYCHEM ElectroMelt connection kits must be used to terminate ElectroMelt heating cables. Refer to the Surface Snow Melting and Anti-Icing Design Guide – ElectroMelt (H53393) for proper connection kit selection.

#### APPROVALS

Ŵ
LISTED
877Z

Listed for use with EM2-XR de-icing and snow melting system



The EM2-XR heating cable is UL Listed and CSA Certified only when used with the appropriate agency-approved nVent RAYCHEM connection kits and accessories.

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent RAYCHEM, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.



## **RTB**



**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 



nVent RAYCHEM RTB tubing bundles utilizing electric tracing are designed to maintain freeze protection, close temperature tolerances, or viscosity control.

They provide an excellent means of maintaining very long, continuous lengths of impulse lines and piping at consistent temperatures end-to-end.

These bundles are used when the maintain temperature ranges from 10°C (50°F) to 121°C (250°F). Utilizing nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating heater technology, this system will lower its heat output as the process tube gets warmer. Optional line sensing controllers allow for close temperature control, if necessary.

#### **ELECTRIC HEATING CABLE**

RTB Electric Traced tubing bundles utilize nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating technology.

Low temperature maintain and exposure temperature applications are fabricated using nVent RAYCHEM BTV product, while high temperature maintain and exposure utilize XTV product.

High temperature XTV self-regulating heating cable:

- Withstands 250°C (482°F) intermittent blowdown temperatures.
- Maintains temperatures up to 121°C (250°F).

BTV Self-Regulating heating cable:

- Withstands up to 85°C (185°F) blowdown temperatures.
- Maintains temperatures up to 65°C (150°F).

The choice between high and low temperature heating cable must be made based on the desired performance and the conditions of the application.

Refer to the appropriate heating cable data sheet for specific heater specifications.

#### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**

The graphs beginning on page 265 show typical performance splitting summer/winter ambient conditions. Each line is separated at 16°C (60°F) to designate the seasonal differences.

Winter ambients, below 16°C (60°F), assume a 40 km/h (25 mph) wind and summer ambients, above 16°C (60°F), assume a 16 km/h (10 mph) wind. For freeze protection, use 10°C (50°F) as the minimum allowable process tube temperature. This will provide a sufficient factor of safety.

The information presented represents typical performance data for the conditions given and at the rated voltage.

Actual results may vary with the conditions of installation.

For critical applications, consult the factory for specific performance data.

#### **MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS**

RTB standard jacket material, TPU, is a thermoplastic polyurethane jacket that offers excellent abrasion resistance and extreme cold temperature workability. TPU also contains no chlorides, so it should be selected for applications where chloride stress cracking is a problem.

Optional Arctic PVC is a proprietary thermoplastic formulation that exceeds the requirements of 105°C PVC and outperforms other PVC jacket materials in UV resistance, as well as providing low temperature flexibility to -35°C (30°F).

	Standard 105°C PVC	Arctic PVC	TPU
Abrasion resistance	G	G	E
Tensile strength PSI	18-1900	2200	3800
Elongation %	250%	350%	700%
Hardness, Shore A	85-90	80	80
Minimum service temperature	None stated	-35°C (-30°F)	-58°C (-67°F)
Minimum installation temperature	−9°C (15°F)	-23°C (-10°F)	-40°C (-40°F)
UL94 flame	V2	V2	V0 to V2
Halogenated (chlorides)	Yes	Yes	No
Maximum temperature	105°C (220°F)	105°C (220°F)	120°C (250°F)
Water absorption %	0.1%	0.1%	1.2-1.4%
Aromatic hydrocarbons	F	F	G
Weathering	G	G	E
UV resistance	F	G	E
Insulation	Fibrous glass Water soluble chlorides les Nonhygroscopic	ss than 100 ppm	
	E = Excellent G = Good	d F = Fair P = Poor	

#### **TEMPERATURE LIMITS**

Maximum process temperature	204°C (400°F)
Maximum jacket surface temperature	60°C (140°F) at ambient temperature of 27°C (80°F) with 10 mph (16 km/h) wind

#### **TUBING SPECIFICATIONS**

			0.D.	Wall	Maximum pressure*	Maximum continuous length possible	
Designation	Material	Construction	(mm)	(mm)	(Bar)	** (m)	Specifications
Metric							
-6-S-10-	316/316L SS	Seamless	6	1	460	300	A269, A213-EAW, DIN 17458 1.4401/1.4404
-8-S-10-	316/316L SS	Seamless	8	1	330	210	A269, A213-EAW, DIN 17458 1.4401/1.4404
-10-S-10-	316/316L SS	Seamless	10	1	260	165	A269, A213-EAW, DIN 17458 1.4401/1.4404
-12-S-10-	316/316L SS	Seamless	12	1	210	150	A269, A213-EAW, DIN 17458 1.4401/1.4404
-10-S-15-	316/316L SS	Seamless	10	1.5	410	150	A269, A213-EAW, DIN 17458 1.4401/1.4404
-12-S-15-	316/316L SS	Seamless	12	1.5	330	120	A269, A213-EAW, DIN 17458 1.4401/1.4404
-12-W-10-	316/316L SS	Welded	12	1	170	300	ASTM, A269
-6-C-10-	Copper	Seamless	6	1	95	600	B68, B75
-8-C-10-	Copper	Seamless	8	1	60	455	B68, B75
-12-C-10-	Copper	Seamless	12	1	55	300	B68, B75
-6-P-10-	PFA Teflon	Extruded	6	1	10	300	
-8-P-10-	PFA Teflon	Extruded	8	1	8	300	
-10-P-10-	PFA Teflon	Extruded	10	1	7	300	
-12-P-10-	PFA Teflon	Extruded	12	1	4	300	
Fractional							
-1/8-S035-	316/316L SS	Seamless	1⁄8	0.035	10,900	900	A269, A213-EAW
-1/4-S035-	316/316L SS	Seamless	1⁄4	0.035	5,100	1,000	A269, A213-EAW
-3/8-S035-	316/316L SS	Seamless	3⁄8	0.035	3,300	1,200	A269, A213-EAW
-1/2-S035-	316/316L SS	Seamless	1/2	0.035	2,600	700	A269, A213-EAW
-3/8-S049-	316/316L SS	Seamless	3⁄8	0.049	4,800	500	A269, A213-EAW
-1/2-S049-	316/316L SS	Seamless	1/2	0.049	3,700	460	A269, A213-EAW
-1/2-S065-	316/316L SS	Seamless	1∕2	0.065	5,100	250	A269, A213-EAW
-1/4-W035-	316/316L SS	Welded	1⁄4	0.035	4,080	1,000	A269
-3/8-W035-	316/316L SS	Welded	3⁄8	0.035	2,640	1,000	A269
-1/2-W035-	316/316L SS	Welded	1/2	0.035	2,080	700	A269
-1/4-C030-	Copper	Seamless	1⁄4	0.030	1,400	1,000	B68, B75
-3/8-C032-	Copper	Seamless	3⁄8	0.032	900	1,500	B68, B75
-1/2-C035-	Copper	Seamless	1∕2	0.035	800	1,000	B68, B75
-1/2-C049-	Copper	Seamless	1/2	0.049	1,100	500	B68, B75
-1/4-P030-	PFA Teflon	Extruded	1⁄4	0.030	155	1,000	
-3/8-P030-	PFA Teflon	Extruded	3⁄8	0.030	95	1,000	
-1/4-M035-	Monel	Seamless	1⁄4	0.035	4,800	1,000	B163, B165
-3/8-M035-	Monel	Seamless	3⁄8	0.035	3,100	600	B163, B165
-1/4-M049-	Monel	Seamless	1∕2	0.049	3,210	600	B163, B165
-1/2-P062-	PFA Teflon	Extruded	1/2	0.062	155	1,000	

#### PRESSURE CORRECTION FOR ELEVATED TEMPERATURES

	PFA Teflon	Copper	316SS	Monel	
93°C (200°F)	0.84	0.80	1.00	0.88	
204°C (400°F)	0.30	0.50	0.95	0.79	
316°C (600°F)	-	_	0.82	0.79	
427°C (800°F)	-	-	0.79	0.76	

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

Tank Insulation

#### ELECTRIC HEATING CABLE DATA: NOMINAL POWER OUTPUT AT 10°C (50°F)

0-4-	V	11116	14/	Max. continuous exposure*	Max. intermittent	<b>T</b>	nVent RAYCHEM heating		
Code 5B1	<b>V</b> 120	W/ft 5	<b>W/m</b> 16	and maintain 65°C	exposure** 85°C	<b>T-rating</b> T6	cable 5BTV1-CT	Approvals FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps.
				(150°F)	(185°F)			CSA:	F, G; CL III; T6; CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T6
								USA.	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T6 Ex e II T6
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0183X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T6 Ex tD A21 IP66
8B1 1	120	8	26	65°C (150°F)	85°C (185°F)	Т6	8BTV1-CT	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T6; CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T6
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T6
								Decester	Ex e II T6
								Baseefa:	[Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T6 Ex tD A21 IP66
10B1	120	10	33	65°C (150°F)	85°C (185°F)	Т6	10BTV1-CT	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T6; CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T6
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T6 Ex e II T6
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0183X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T6 Ex tD A21 IP66
5B2	240	5	16	65°C (150°F)	85°C (185°F)	Т6	5BTV2-CT	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps F, G; CL III; T6; CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T6
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T6 Ex e II T6
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0183X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T6 Ex tD A21 IP66
8B2	240	8	26	65°C (150°F)	85°C (185°F)	Т6	8BTV2-CT	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T6; CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T6
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T6 Ex e II T6
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0183X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T6 Ex tD A21 IP66
10B2	240	10	33	65°C (150°F)	85°C (185°F)	Т6	10BTV2-CT	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps F, G; CL III; T6; CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T6
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T6 Ex e II T6
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0183X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T6 Ex tD A21 IP66
5X1	120	5	-	121°C (250°F)	215°C (420°F)	Т3	5XTV1- CT-T3	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C Ex e II T3/T2
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0184X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T* (See Schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66
10X1	120	10	-	121°C (250°F)	215°C (420°F)	Τ3	10XTV1- CT-T3	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps F, G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C
								CSA:	CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2 CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T20 Ex e II T3/T2
								Baseefa:	

				Max. continuous exposure*	Max. intermittent		nVent RAYCHEM heating				Self-Regulating Heating Cables						
<b>Code</b> 15X1	<b>V</b> 120	<b>W/ft</b> 15	W/m –		exposure** 215°C (420°F)	<b>T-rating</b> T2D	cable 15XTV1- CT-T2	Approvals FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C		Power-Limiting Cables						
								CSA:	CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2 CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C Ex e II T3/T2								
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0184X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T* (See Schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66		Mineral Insulated Heating Cables						
20X1	20X1 120	20	-	121°C (250°F)	215°C (420°F)	T2C	20XTV1- CT-T2	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T3, T2C CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2								
												CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C Ex e II T3/T2		Longline Heating		
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0184X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T* (See Schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66	Ī	RTB - Bur						
5X2	240	5	_	121°C (250°F)	215°C (420°F)	Т3	5XTV2- CT-T3	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2		RTB Tubing Bundles						
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C Ex e II T3/T2	Heat	Tank Heating						
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0184X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T* (See Schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66		ing						
10X2	240	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121°C (250°F)	215°C (420°F)	Т3	10XTV2- CT-T3	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2	l	Snow Melting and De-Icing
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C Ex e II T3/T2	•	elting cing						
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0184X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T* (See Schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66	l	Control and Monitoring						
15X2	240	15	49	121°C (250°F)	215°C (420°F)	Т3	15XTV2- CT-T3	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2		nd ng						
								CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C Ex e II T3/T2	Heat-Trac Panels	Heat-Trace Panels						
												Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0184X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T* (See Schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66				
20X2	240	20	66	121°C (250°F)	215°C (420°F)	Τ2	20XTV2- CT-T2	FM:	CL I, Div. 2, Grps. B,C,D; CL II, Div. 2, Grps. F, G; CL III; T3, T2C CL I, ZN 1, AEx e II T3/T2		Tank Insulation						
									CSA:	CL I, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. A,B,C,D; CL II, Div. 1 & 2, Grps. E, F,G; CL III; T3, T2D, T2C Ex e II T3/T2							
								Baseefa:	Baseefa06ATEX0184X [Ex] II 2 GD Ex e II T* (See Schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66		Steam Tracing						

\* Continuous power on/off
 \*\* 1,000 hours cumulative power on or off
 \*\*\* Approvals – For specific approval information, refer to the Tubing Bundles Selection and Installation Guide (H55626) and the Design Guide for Tubing Bundles (H56886).

#### DIMENSIONS

Technical Data Sheets Content

Appendixes Content

	Nominal weight	Nominal dimensions					
	kg/m (lb/ft)	A cm (in)	B cm (in)				
Single ¼" process tube	0.45 (0.3)	2.8 (1.1)	2.5 (1.0)				
Single ¾" process tube	0.60 (0.4)	3.3 (1.3)	2.5 (1.0)				
Single ½" process tube	0.74 (0.5)	3.6 (1.4)	2.8 (1.1)				
Dual ¼" process tubes	0.60 (0.4)	3.3 (1.3)	2.8 (1.1)				
Dual ¾" process tubes	0.89 (0.6)	3.8 (1.5)	3.0 (1.2)				
Dual ½" process tubes	1.19 (0.8)	4.3 (1.7)	3.6 (1.4)				

Minimum bending radius 20 cm (8 in)

Maximum support centers-ft. Horizontal 2 m (6 ft) Vertical 4 m (15 ft)

### MAXIMUM CIRCUIT LENGTH VS. CIRCUIT BREAKER RATING: 120 VAC

	Otherst and the second		45.4				20.4		40.4		50.4		
	Start-up temp.		15 A		20 A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		30 A		40 A		50 A	
	°C	°F	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	m	ft	
5XTV1-CT-T3	10	50	55	180	73	240	110	360	117	385	117	385	
	-18	0	49	160	64	210	98	320	117	385	117	385	
	-29	-20	46	150	61	200	93	305	117	385	117	385	
	-40	-40	44	145	59	195	88	290	117	385	117	385	
10XTV1-CT-T3	10	50	34	110	44	145	67	220	82	270	82	270	
	-18	0	29	95	40	130	59	195	79	260	82	270	
	-29	-20	29	95	38	125	58	190	76	250	82	270	
	-40	-40	27	90	37	120	55	180	73	240	82	270	
15XTV1-CT-T2	10	50	23	75	30	100	46	150	61	200	67	220	
	-18	0	20	65	27	90	41	135	55	180	67	220	
	-29	-20	20	65	26	85	40	130	52	170	66	215	
	-40	-40	18	60	24	80	38	125	50	165	62	205	
20XTV1-CT-T2	10	50	15	50	2	6	37	120	49	160	58	190	
	-18	0	15	50	21	70	32	105	43	140	55	180	
	-29	-20	15	50	20	65	32	105	43	140	52	170	
	-40	-40	15	50	20	65	30	100	40	130	50	165	
5BTV1-CT	10	50	70	230	82	270	82	270	82	270	-	-	
	-18	0	43	140	58	190	82	270	82	270	-	-	
	-29	-20	38	125	50	165	76	250	82	270	-	-	
	-40	-40	34	110	44	145	67	220	82	270	-	-	
8BTV1-CT	10	50	46	150	61	200	64	210	64	210	-	-	
	-18	0	30	100	40	130	61	200	64	210	-	-	
	-29	-20	26	85	35	115	53	175	64	210	-	-	
	-40	-40	24	80	32	105	47	155	64	210	-	-	
10BTV1-CT	10	50	37	120	49	160	55	180	55	180	-	-	
	-18	0	24	80	34	110	49	160	55	180	-	-	
	-29	-20	21	70	29	95	43	140	55	180	-	-	
	-40	-40	20	65	26	85	38	125	52	170	-	-	

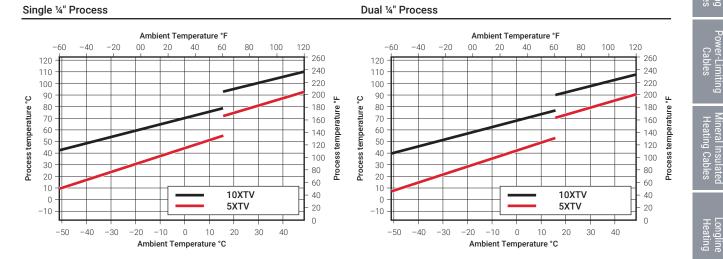
#### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

The information presented represents typical performance data for the conditions given and at the rated voltage. Actual results may vary with the conditions of installation.

For critical applications, consult the factory for specific performance data.

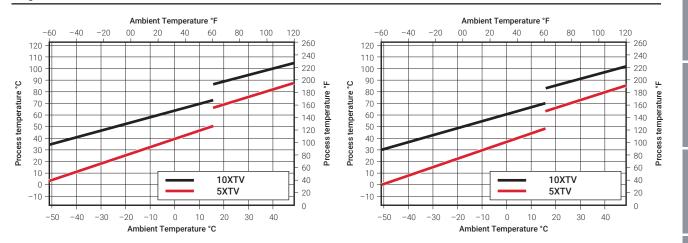
Winter ambients, below 16°C (60°F), assume a 40 km/h (25 mph) wind and summer ambients, above 16°C (60°F), assume a 16 km/h (10 mph) wind. For freeze protection use 10°C (50°F) as the minimum allowable process tube temperature. This will provide sufficient factor of safety.

#### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE FOR HIGH TEMPERATURE**



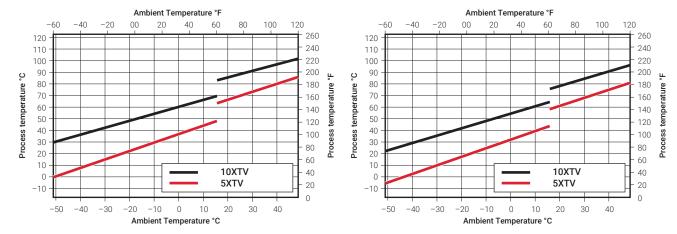
Single 3/8" Process

Dual 3/8" Process



Single 1/2" Process

Dual 1/2" Process



Cabl

gun

RTB Tubing Bundles

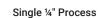
Tank Heatin

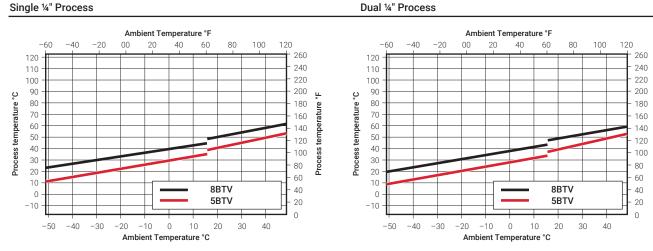
Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Steam Tracin

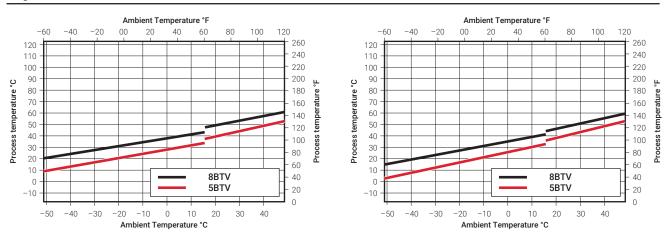
#### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE FOR FREEZE PROTECTION**



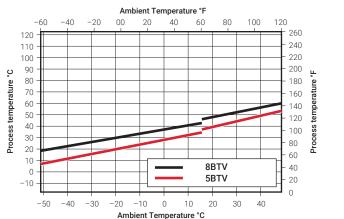


#### Single 3/8" Process

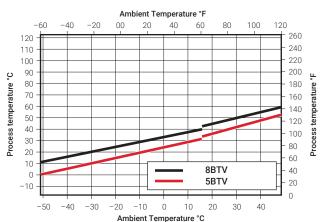
Dual 3/8" Process



#### Single 1/2" Process



Dual 1/2" Process



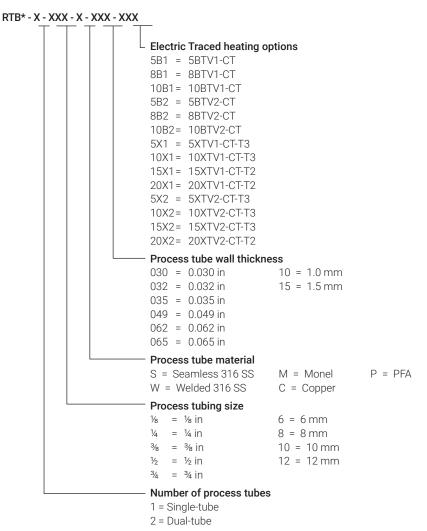
Design Guides Content

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Process temperature

#### TUBING BUNDLE ORDERING DETAILS

RTB comes in a variety of configurations. The following chart outlines the elements that constitute a bundle configuration and the corresponding catalog number. Other configurations are available on request.



\* For optional Arctic PVC jacket add suffix "C" example RTBC

#### Examples:

Electric Traced

RTB-2-1/2-S-049-10X1

Technical Data Sheets Content

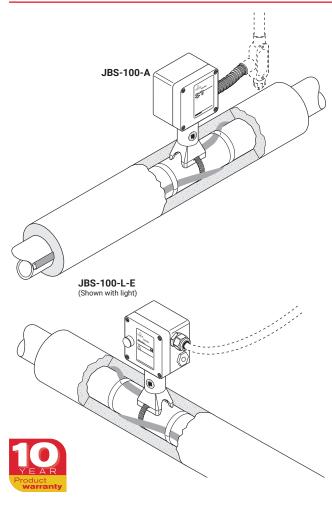
## JBS-100



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Single-entry power connection with junction box

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100 kit is designed to connect power to a single nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV, QTVR, XTVR, HTV or VPL heating cable. It is approved by FM, CSA, PTB and IEx for use in hazardous locations.

The JBS-100 integrates the functions of connection kits and insulation entries. The rugged stand protects the heating cable and allows for up to four inches (100 mm) of thermal insulation.

The cold-applied core sealer does not require a heat gun or torch for installation, so no hot work permit is necessary. The silicone-free, noncuring sealant allows easy installation and re-entry for maintenance.

Innovative spring clamp terminals provide fast installation and safe, reliable, maintenance-free operation.

Compared with other systems, this connection kit significantly reduces installation time. The kit is offered in three versions, customized for local installation practices, and is also available with a plug-in LED light (-L) that indicates when power is supplied to the heating cable circuit.

The kit contains all the necessary materials for a complete installation except for one pipe strap, which must be ordered separately.

#### DESCRIPTION

<b>JBS-100-A, A6</b>	JBS-100-E	JBS-100-EP
<b>JBS-100-L-A</b> *	JBS-100-L-E*	JBS-100-L-EP*
*Not for use with 480 V VPL	*Not for use with 480 V VPL	*Not for use with 480 V VPL
This kit has a junction box with one through hole for use with 3/4 inch conduit.	This kit has a junction box with two M25 threaded entries, one stopping plug and one plastic power cable gland.	This kit has a junction box with two M25 threaded entries, an earthing plate and an external earthing stud. It is designed for use with armored power cables.

JBS-100-A, A6	JBS-100-E	JBS-100-EP
JBS-100-L-A	JBS-100-L-E	JBS-100-L-EP
1 junction box with terminals 1 stand assembly 1 core sealer 1 green/yellow tube 1 light module (for -L only) 1 cable tie	1 junction box with terminals 1 stand assembly 1 core sealer 1 green/yellow tube 1 M25 gland for power cable 8–17 mm in diameter 1 M25 stopping plug 1 light module (for -L only) 1 cable tie	<ol> <li>junction box with terminals, earth continuity plate, and stud</li> <li>stand assembly</li> <li>core sealer</li> <li>green/yellow tube</li> <li>M25 stopping plug</li> <li>light module (for -L only)</li> <li>cable tie</li> </ol>

Note: Order appropriate pipe strap separately (one per kit)

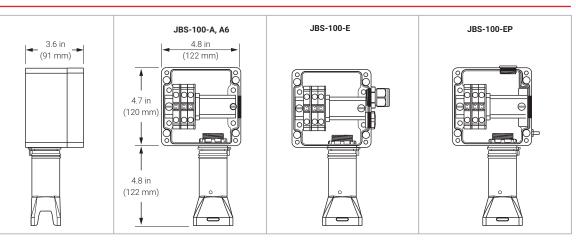
#### APPROVALS

#### **Hazardous locations**

JBS-100- JBS-100-		JBS-100-E JBS-100-L-E		JBS-100-EP JBS-100-L-EP	
			€.> €.>	PTB 20 ATEX 1008 U II 2 G Ex eb mb IIC Gb II 2 D Ex tb mb IIIC Db	Bundles
C us	CL I ZN 1 AEx eb IIC T* Gb Ex eb IIC T* Gb ZN21 AEx tb IIIC T*°C Db Ex tb IIIC T*°C Db CL I ZN 1 AEx eb mb IIC T* Gb Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb ZN21 AEx mb tb IIIC T*°C Db			IECEx PTB 20.0014U Ex eb mb IIC Gb Ex tb mb IIIC Db	Heating
(1)	Ex mb tb IIIC T*°C Db Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G		Segurança		and De-Icing
C FM IS APPROVED	Class III Type 4X Temp Code T* Class I, Div. 2 (Zone 2 <sup>(2)</sup> ), Groups A, B, C, D			CL I ZN 1 AEx eb IIC T* Gb Ex eb IIC T* Gb	Monitoring
	Class I Zone 2 GROUP IIC (HTV heating cable only)			ZN21 AEx tb IIIC T*°C Db Ex tb IIIC T*°C Db CL I ZN 1 AEx eb mb IIC T* Gb Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb ZN21 AEx mb tb IIIC T*°C Db Ex mb tb IIIC T*°C Db	Panels
				<ul> <li>* For system T-rating, see heating cable or design documentation.</li> <li><sup>(1)</sup> Excluding HTV heating cable.</li> <li><sup>(2)</sup> Per C22.1 Table 18</li> <li>NOTE: Protection method "m" or "mb" applies to -L model only</li> </ul>	Insulation

#### DIMENSIONS





#### PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

	JBS-100-A, A6 JBS-100-L-A	JBS-100-Е JBS-100-L-Е	JBS-100-EP JBS-100-L-EP	
Heating cable capability	BTV-CR, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, >	XTVR, HTV-CT and VPL-CT		
Ingress protection	Type 4X	IP66	IP66	
Entries	1 x 3/4 in	2 x M25	2 x M25	
Minimum installation temperature	-67°F(-55°C)	-67°F(-55°C)	-67°F(-55°C)	
Minimum ambient temperature	-67°F(-55°C)	-67°F(-55°C)	-67°F(-55°C)	
Maximum ambient temperature	132°F (56°C)*	132°F (56°C)*	132°F (56°C)*	
* For -L lighted kits, the ambient temperature range is -40°F (-40°C) to 104°F (40°C). For non-lighted kits, use a power wire with continuous temperature rating of > 194°F (90°C). For -E and -EP kits use a metallic power cable gland.				
Terminals	Spring clamp Ex e 2 line, 1 ground	Spring clamp Ex e 1 phase, 1 neutral, 1 earth	Spring clamp Ex e 1 phase, 1 neutral, 1 earth	
Maximum conductor size	8 AWG (A6 to 6 AWG)	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Maximum operating voltage	480 Vac*	480 Vac*	480 Vac*	
*JBS-100-L-E, JBS-100-L-EP and JBS-100-L-A are limited to 277 Vac. Extra conditions for safe use apply for voltages higher than 254 Vac. Please refer to the certificate or installation instructions for full details.				
Maximum circuit breaker rating*	50 A	40 A	40 A	
* For pipe temperatures >150°C and <260°C with XTVR or HTV heating cables, the maximum operating current shall be reduced to maximum 20 A.				

#### MATERIALS

Enclosure	Electrostatic charge- resistant glass-filled engineered polymer, black	Electrostatic charge- resistant glass-filled engineered polymer, black	Electrostatic charge- resistant glass-filled engineered polymer, black
Lid screws	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	Stainless steel
Lid gasket	Silicone rubber	Silicone rubber	Silicone rubber
Earth continuity plate	n/a	n/a	Steel, zinc-plated and yellow-chromated

#### **OPTIONAL LED INDICATOR LIGHT**

Color	Red	Green	Green
Voltage rating	100–277 Vac	100-277 Vac	100-277 Vac
Power consumption	< 1 W	< 1 W	< 1 W

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Power connection					
Catalog number	JBS-100-A / JBS-100-A6	JBS-100-E	JBS-100-EP		
Part number	085947-000 / C26470-000	829939-000	158251-000		
Weight	2.5 lb (1.1 kg)	1.2 kg (2.6 lb)	1.3 kg (2.9 lb)		
Power connection with light	Power connection with light				
Catalog number	JBS-100-L-A	JBS-100-L-E	JBS-100-L-EP		
Part number	944699-000	054363-000	075249-000		
Weight	3.5 lb (1.6 kg)	1.6 kg (3.5 lb)	1.7 kg (3.7 lb)		

#### ACCESSORIES (Not included in the kit)

#### Junction box standoff

For insulation thickness  $\ge$  120 mm &  $\le$  180 mm\*



		e <u>b</u> .
Catalog number	JBS-100-STANDOFF	bing es
Part Number	P000003408	
Weight	0.297 lb / 135 g	_
* Consider extra pipe strap length 6-9	)" (150-225 mm) for attachment	Tank Heating
Small pipe adapter		ng
Required for stand on pipes $\leq 1"$		
		Snow Melting and De-Icing
Catalog number	JBS-SPA	
Part Number	E90515-000	Z C
Weight	0.408 lb / 185 g (Bag of 5 adaptors)	Control and Monitoring
Conduit Drain <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "		l and
Prevents condensate from collecting	in the box	
		Heat-Trace Panels
Catalog number	JB-DRAIN-PLUG-3/4IN	
Part Number	278621-000	

0.074 lb / 36 g

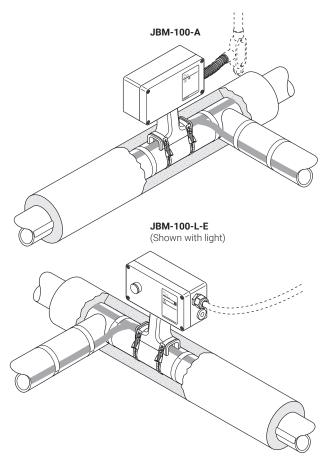
Tank nsulation

Weight



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Multiple-Entry Power/Splice/Tee Connection with Junction Box





The nVent RAYCHEM JBM-100 kit serves as a power connection, splice, or tee for up to three nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV, QTVR, XTVR, HTV or VPL heating cables. It is approved by FM, CSA, PTB and IEx for use in hazardous locations.

The JBM-100 integrates the functions of connection kits and insulation entries. The rugged stand protects the heating cable and allows for up to four inches (100 mm) of thermal insulation.

The cold-applied core sealer does not require a heat gun or torch for installation, so no hot work permit is necessary. The silicone-free, noncuring sealant allows easy installation and re-entry for maintenance.

Innovative spring clamp terminals provide fast installation and safe, reliable, maintenance-free operation.

Compared with other systems, this connection kit significantly reduces installation time. The kit is offered in three versions, customized for local installation practices. All kits are also available with a plug-in LED light (-L) that indicates when power is supplied to the heating cable circuit.

The kit contains all the necessary materials for a complete installation except for the pipe straps, which must be ordered separately.

esign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

#### DESCRIPTION

JBM-100-A, A6	JBM-100-E	JBM-100-EP
JBM-100-L-A	JBM-100-L-E	JBM-100-L-EP
This connection system is certified for use in North America and has one 3/4" through holes for use with 3/4" conduit. One stopping plug is supplied in the kit.	This connection system is certified for use in IEC regions and provides two M25 threaded entries, one stopping plug, and one plastic power cable gland.	This connection system is certified for use in IEC regions and provides two M25 threaded entries, an earthing plate, and an external earthing stud. It is designed for use with armoured cables.

#### **KIT CONTENTS**

1 junction box with terminals	1 junction box with terminals, earth
1 stand assembly	continuity plate, and stud
3 core sealers	1 stand assembly
3 green/yellow tubes	3 core sealers
1 M25 gland for power cable 8–17 mm	3 green/yellow tubes
in diameter	2 M25 stopping plugs
2 M25 stopping plugs	1 light module (for -L only)
1 light module (for -L only)	2 grommet plugs
2 grommet plugs	
	1 stand assembly 3 core sealers 3 green/yellow tubes 1 M25 gland for power cable 8–17 mm in diameter 2 M25 stopping plugs 1 light module (for -L only)

Note: Order appropriate pipe straps separately (two straps per kit)

#### APPROVALS

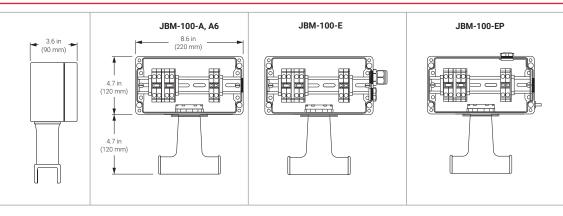
#### Hazardous locations

JBM-100 JBM-100		ЈВМ-100-Е ЈВМ-100-L-Е	ЈВМ-100-ЕР ЈВМ-100-L-ЕР	Heating
		(Ex) (Ex)	PTB 20 ATEX 1008 U II 2 G Ex eb mb IIC Gb II 2 D Ex tb mb IIIC Db	DL
	CL I ZN 1 AEx eb IIC T* Gb Ex eb IIC T* Gb ZN21 AEx tb IIIC T*°C Db Ex tb IIIC T*°C Db CL I ZN 1 AEx eb mb IIC T* Gb Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb		IECEx PTB 20.0014U Ex eb mb IIC Gb Ex tb mb IIIC Db	and De-Icing
	ZN21 AEx mb tb IIIC T*°C Db Ex mb tb IIIC T*°C Db			Monitoring
APPROVED (1)	Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 & 2,	Seguranç Ex a Serial Dere		ring
	Groups E, F, G Class III Type 4X Temp Code T*			Panels
APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2 (Zone 2 <sup>(2)</sup> ), Groups A, B, C, D Class I Zone 2 GROUP IIC (HTV heating cable only)	c C Us	CL I ZN 1 AEx eb IIC T* Gb Ex eb IIC T* Gb ZN21 AEx tb IIIC T*°C Db Ex tb IIIC T*°C Db CL I ZN 1 AEx eb mb IIC T* Gb Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb ZN21 AEx mb tb IIIC T*°C Db Ex mb tb IIIC T*°C Db	Insulation
			<ul> <li>* For system T-rating, see heating cable or design documentation.</li> <li><sup>(1)</sup> Excluding HTV heating cable.</li> <li><sup>(2)</sup> Per C22.1 Table 18</li> <li><sup>(3)</sup> Except KTV</li> </ul>	Tracing
			NOTE: Protection method "m" or "mb" applies to -L model only	Data S

#### DIMENSIONS

Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content



#### PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

	JBM-100-A, A6 JBM-100-L-A	ЈВМ-100-Е ЈВМ-100-L-Е	JBM-100-EP JBM-100-L-EP
Heating cable capability	BTV-CR, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, X	TVR-CT, HTV-CT and VPL-CT	
Ingress protection	Type 4X	IP66	IP66
Entries	1 x 0.75 in (1 x 1 in for A6)	2 x M25	2 x M25
Minimum installation temperature	-67°F(-55°C)*	-67°F(-55°C)*	-67°F(-55°C)*
Minimum ambient temperature	-67°F(-55°C)*	-67°F(-55°C)*	-67°F(-55°C)*
Maximum ambient temperature	132°F (56°C)*	132°F (56°C)*	132°F (56°C)*
* For -L lighted kits, the ambient with continuous temperature rat			
Maximum pipe temperature	500°F (260°C)	500°F (260°C)	500°F (260°C)
Terminals	Spring clamp Ex e 4 line, 2 ground	Spring clamp Ex e 2 phase, 2 neutral, 2 earth	Spring clamp Ex e 2 phase, 2 neutral, 2 earth
Maximum conductor size	8 AWG (A6 to 6 AWG)	10 mm <sup>2</sup>	10 mm <sup>2</sup>
Maximum operating voltage	480 Vac*	480 Vac*	480 Vac*
	*JBM-100-L-E, JBM-100-L-EP	and JBM-100-L-A are limited t	o 277Vac.
Maximum circuit breaker rating*	50 A	40 A	40 A
* For pipe temperatures $150^{\circ}$ and $260^{\circ}$ with XT/P or HT// beating cables the maximum operating current shall be			

\* For pipe temperatures >150°C and <260°C with XTVR or HTV heating cables, the maximum operating current shall be reduced to maximum 20 A.

#### MATERIALS

Enclosure	Electrostatic charge- resistant glass-filled engineered polymer, black	Electrostatic charge- resistant glass-filled engineered polymer, black	Electrostatic charge- resistant glass-filled engineered polymer, black
Lid screws	Stainless steel	Stainless steel	Stainless steel
Lid gasket	Silicone rubber	Silicone rubber	Silicone rubber
Earth continuity plate	n/a	n/a	Steel, zinc-plated and yellow-chromated

#### **OPTIONAL LED INDICATOR LIGHT**

Color	Red	Green	Green
Voltage rating	100–277 Vac	100–277 Vac	100–277 Vac
Power consumption	< 1 W	< 1 W	< 1 W

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Multiple-entry power/splice/tee connection						
Catalog number	JBM-100-A / JBM-100-A6	ЈВМ-100-Е	JBM-100-EP			
Part number	179935-000 / P000001376	831519-000	986415-000			
Weight	4.3 lb (1.95 kg)	1.9 kg (4.2 lb)	2.1 kg (4.6 lb)			
Multiple-entry power/splice/tee connection with light						
Catalog number JBM-100-L-A JBM-100-L-E JBM-100-L-EP						
Part number	656081-000	395855-000	300273-000			
Weight	5.3 lb (2.4 kg)	2.3 kg (5.1 lb)	2.5 kg (5.5 lb)			

#### ACCESSORIES

#### Conduit Drain 3/4"

Prevents condensate from collecting in the box



Catalog number	JB-DRAIN-PLUG-3/4IN	
Part Number	278621-000	
Weight	0.074 lb / 36 g	

#### Junction box standoff

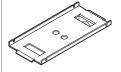
For insulation thickness ≥ 120 mm & ≤ 180 mm\*



Catalog number	JBM-100-STANDOFF		
Part Number	P000003624		
Weight	0.599 lb / 272 g		
* Consider extra pipe strap length 6-9" (150-225 mm) for attachment			

#### Small pipe adapter

Required for stand on pipes  $\leq 1$ "



Catalog number	JBM-SPA
Part Number	D55673-000
Weight	0.930 lb / 422 g (Bag of 5 adaptors)

Self-Reg Heating

gulating J Cables

esign Guides Content

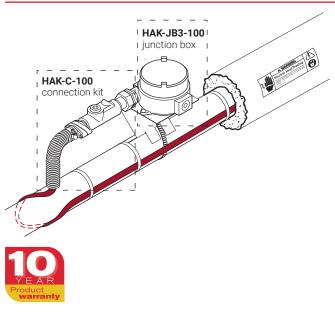
## HAK-C-100, HAK-JB3-100



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Connection kit and junction box for CID1 hazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM HAK-C-100 connection system is FM approved for use with nVent RAYCHEM HBTV, HQTV and FHP heating cables in Class I, Division 1 hazardous locations. It is also CSA certified for use with nVent RAYCHEM BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, XTV-CT, VPL-CT, and LBTV2-CT heating cables and c FM us approved for use with nVent RAYCHEM HTV heating cables in Class I, Division 1 locations.

The HAK-C-100 is a cold-applied connection kit that contains all of the materials required for sealing one heating cable entry into a junction box.

The HAK-JB3-100 is an explosion-proof, corrosion-resistant junction box that serves as a power connection, splice, tee, or end termination.

Each kit contains all the necessary materials for a complete installation except for the pipe straps and a UMB mounting bracket, which must be ordered separately.

#### KIT DESCRIPTION

НАК-С-100	HAK-JB3-100
HAK-C-100 1 HAK subassembly: sealing fitting, nipple, and plugs 1 union 1 packing fiber 1 sealing compound 1 tubing clamp 1 compression gland with screws 1 compression gland with threaded inserts 5 grommets (B,C,E,K,R) 1 flex tube	HAK-JB3-100 1 coated aluminum housing 3 ¾-in (19 mm) NPT entries 2 plugs 1 grounding bar kit
1 terminal block (maximum: 6 AWG wire) 2 black heat-shrinkable tubes 1 clear yellow heat-shrinkable tube 1 green/yellow tube 1 CS-100 core sealer	

Note: Connection kit, junction box, mounting bracket, and pipe strap sold separately

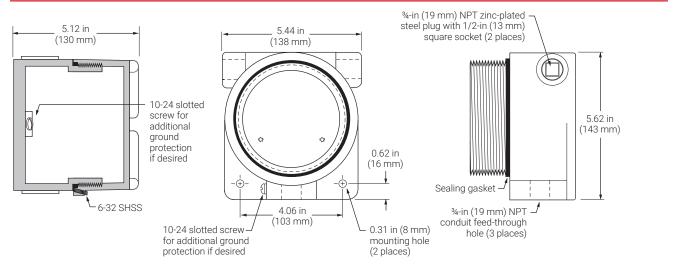
#### **APPROVALS**

НАК-С-100	HAK-JB3-100
Hazardous Locations	
Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 1, Groups E, F, G Class III	Class I Div. 1 Group B, C, D Class II/ III Div.1 Group E, F, G
(1) CL I Div. 1 GRP B C D CL I ZN 1 GRP IIC ZN1* CL II/III Div. 1 GRP EFG ZN 21 IIIC ZN21*	Class I Group B, C, D Class II Group E, F, G Class III
<sup>(1)</sup> For HTV-CT only (*Per CE Code Table 18)	

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Catalog number	HAK-C-100	HAK-JB3-100	
Part number	014385-000	325925-000	
Weight	3.0 lb (1.36 kg)	3.1 lb (1.4 kg)	

#### HAK-JB3-100 JUNCTION BOX DIMENSIONS



#### MATERIALS REQUIRED PER CONNECTION TYPE

	Number of HAK-C-100 kits required	Number of holes used on the junction box	Universal mounting bracket (UMB)	Pipe strap
Power	1	2	1	1
Splice	2	2	1	1
Тее	3	3	1	1
End seal	1	1	1	1

#### **MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION**

Junction box	Copper-free aluminum with corrosion-resistant polyester powder coating
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Appendixes

ssign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

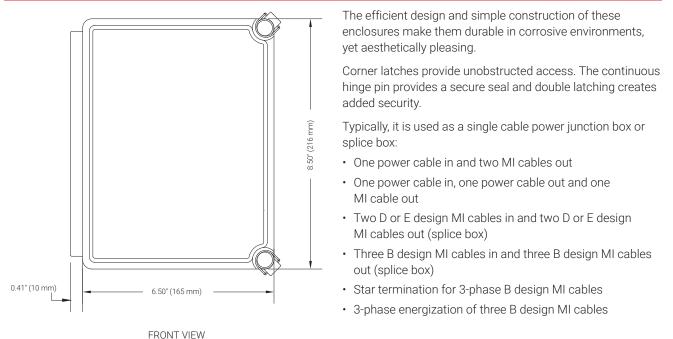
## MIJB-864-A



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

## MI power and splice box junction box with pre-drilled earthing plate for use with MI heating units

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



#### CONSTRUCTION

- Compression molded fibreglass has outstanding chemical and temperature resistance qualities and exhibits excellent
   weatherability and physical properties
- Light gray finish inside and out
- Gasket assures water-tight and dust-tight seal
- · Polyester mounting tabs and stainless steel attachment screws are provided with each enclosure
- Two corrosion resistant polyester quick release latches are located in corners to provide unobstructed access to enclosure
- · Removable hinged cover attached to body with stainless steel hinge pin
- Hinge pin and bail are corrosion resistant Type 316 stainless steel
- Padlock provisions included in each latch
- Inside dimensions: 8" high x 6" wide x 4" deep (200 x 150 x100 mm)
- Box includes earthing plate on three sides and back of box and is pre-punched for eight ½" and three ¾" hubs
- Entries: Up to 8 x ½" and 3 x ¾" Use a step bit to drill out or enlarge any holes in fibreglass required for hubs/connectors

CSA approved Type 4X enclosure and certified electrical assembly

Area classification - Hazardous locations CL I Division 2 (Zone 2), Groups A,B,C,D T5 Enclosure type: Type 4X

Ambient temperature rating: -50°C to +40°C

Enclosure flammability evaluated per UL 508A



 $\overline{\mathbb{T}}$ 0 0 f П ⊕ ᠓ Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac

Maximum 65 A per terminal, rated 18 AWG to 6 AWG

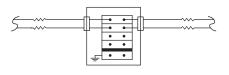
Maximum 65 A per terminal, rated 18 AWG to 6 AWG

Consider MI cold lead cable gland size, hub size and power cable size in selecting appropriate box

Power cable gland and hubs for MI cold lead glands not included

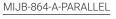
#### **TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CONNECTION OPTIONS**

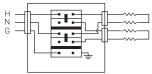
#### MIJB-864-A-SPLC



- USED TO SPLICE E DESIGN MI CABLES WITH E OR D DESIGN CABLES

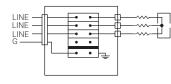
- FIELD TO REMOVE 4-POLE JUMPER.





- USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES. FIELD TO CUT 4-POLE JUMPER INTO TWO 2-POLES, AND INSTALL LOOSE END PLATE (INCLUDED)

#### MIJB-864-A-3PWR

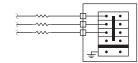


- USE WITH B DESIGN MI CABLES.

- USE AN MIJB-864-A-STAR TO TERMINATE OR A MIJB-864-A-SPLC TO CONTINUE THE 3-PHASE HEATER CABLE.

- FIELD TO REMOVE 4-POLE JUMPER.

#### MIJB-864-A-STAR



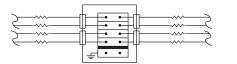
- USED TO TERMINATE 3 PHASE B DESIGN MI CABLES.



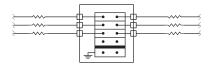
De-Icino

Heating Cab

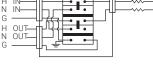




- USED TO SPLICE E-TYPE MI CABLES WITH E OR D DESIGN CABLES. - FIELD TO REMOVE 4-POLE JUMPER.

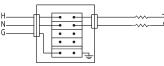


- USED TO SPLICE B DESIGN MI CABLES. (TYPICALLY 3 PHASE) - FIELD TO REMOVE 4-POLE JUMPER.



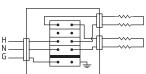
- USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES. - FIELD TO CUT 4 POLE JUMPER INTO TWO 2-POLES, AND INSTALL LOOSE END PLATE (INCLUDED)

#### MIJB-864-A-PWR



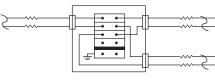
- USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES. FIELD TO CUT 4 POLE JUMPER INTO TWO 2-POLES, AND INSTALL LOOSE END PLATE (INCLUDED)

#### MIJB-864-A-SERIES



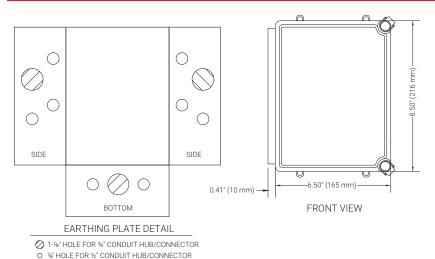
- USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES. - FIELD TO REMOVE 4-POLE JUMPER.





- USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES. - FIELD TO REMOVE 4-POLE JUMPER.

#### ENCLOSURE DETAIL



- Junction boxes can be mounted using holes in back and screws provided, or using four mounting tabs supplied
- Hinge can be moved to other side of box by rotating earthing plate 180°
- Earthing plate is fabricated from galvanized steel, and is bonded to internal PE terminal block for bonding of hubs and connectors
- No bonding wires are required between the hubs, connectors and PE terminal blocks.

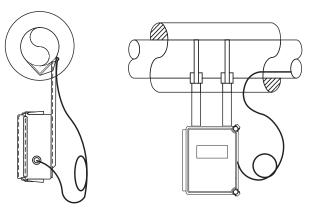
#### GENERAL

Technical Data Sheets Content

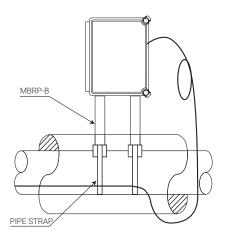
## Lamacoids are not included.

Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps or alternate mounting method must be ordered separately for installation on pipe.

#### ENCLOSURE MOUNTING BRACKET

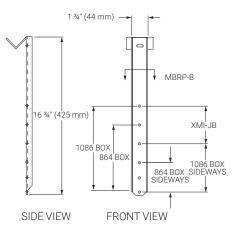


BOTTOM MOUNT



#### **MBRP-B** Product Overview

- Mounting bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures which enables enclosure installation and connection prior to application of insulation and cladding
- Installation time reduction as electrician does not need to return after cladding is installed
- 304SS Stainless steel pipe support bracket for nVent RAYCHEM MIJB-864-A, MIJB-1086-A and MIJB-1086-B fiberglass enclosures
- Two brackets are required to support each enclosure. Each bracket requires one pipe strap
- Suitable for pipe temperatures up to 900°F (480°C)
- Stainless steel is a poor conductor of heat so the bracket is not hot or a heat sink



#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight/lbs		
Enclosure	MIJB-864-A	T0002069	4.50 lbs		
Spare Parts and Accessories					
Mounting Bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures	MBRP-B	T0002003	1.1 lbs		

## MIJB-1086-A



## RAYCHEM

#### Longlin Heating

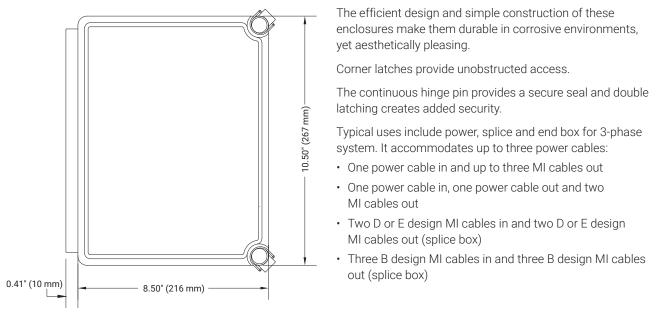
RTB Tubing Bundles

## Appendi

## CONNECT AND PROTECT

## MI power junction box junction box with pre-drilled earthing plate for use with MI heating units

PRODUCT OVERVIEW



FRONT VIEW

#### CONSTRUCTION

- Compression molded fibreglass has outstanding chemical and temperature resistance qualities and exhibits excellent weatherability and physical properties
- Light gray finish inside and out. Gasket assures water-tight and dust-tight seal
- Polyester mounting tabs and stainless steel attachment screws are provided with each enclosure
- Two corrosion resistant polyester quick release latches are located in corners to provide unobstructed access to enclosure
- Removable hinged cover attached to body with stainless steel hinge pin
- Hinge pin and bail are corrosion resistant Type 316 stainless steel. Padlock provisions included in each latch
- Inside dimensions: 10" high x 8" wide x 6" deep (250 x 200 x 150 mm)
- Box includes earthing plate on three sides and back of box and is pre-punched for eleven ½" and eight ¾" hubs
- Entries: Up to 11 x ½" and 8 x ¾" Use a step bit to drill out or enlarge any holes in fibreglass required for hubs/connectors

CSA approved Type 4X enclosure and certified electrical assembly

Area classification - Hazardous locations CL I Division 2 (Zone 2), Groups A,B,C,D T5 Enclosure type: Type 4X

Ambient temperature rating: -50°C to +40°C

Enclosure flammability evaluated per UL 508 A



**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS** 

 Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac

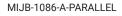
Maximum 65 A per terminal, rated 18 AWG to 6 AWG

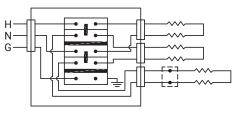
Order a separate MIJB-LPWR-KIT for #2 or #4 AWG power cable to downsize to #6 AWG but remain at 65 A

Consider MI cold lead cable gland size, hub size and power cable size in selecting appropriate box

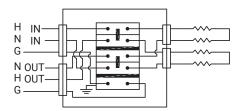
Power cable gland and hubs for MI cold lead glands not included

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CONNECTION OPTIONS



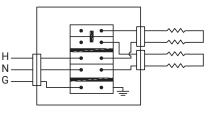


 USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES.
 POWER WIRES TO BE FIELD ROUTED FROM MARSHALLING BOX TO INDIVIDUAL EHT POWER BOXES (I.E. MIJB-864-A-PWR, JBS, ETC...).

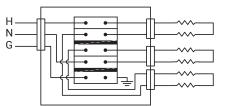


- USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES.

MIJB-1086-A-SERIES



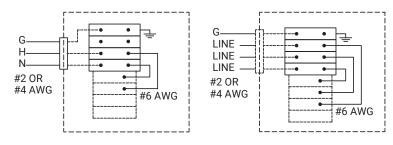
FIELD TO REMOVE ONE 2-POLE JUMPER AS SHOWN. USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES.



FIELD TO REMOVE TWO 2-POLE JUMPERS AS SHOWN.
 USE WITH A, E OR D DESIGN MI CABLES.

#### POWER CABLE DOWNSIZING OPTION:

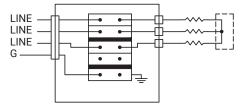
#### MIJB-LPWR-KIT



- USED TO DOWNSIZE #2 OR #4 AWG POWER CABLES.

 ORDER MIJB-LPWR-KIT SEPARATELY IF REQUIRED.
 CONSISTS OF 3 POWER TERMINAL BLOCKS, 1 GROUND TERMINAL BLOCK, AND #6 AWG JUMPER WIRES.

#### MIJB-1086-A-3PWR

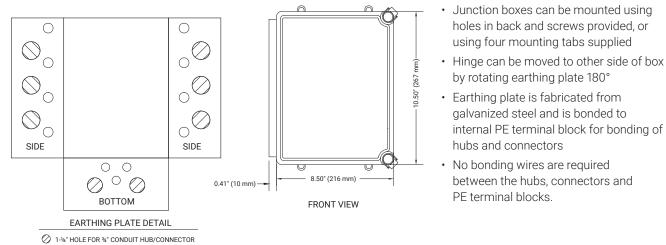


- FIELD TO REMOVE TWO 2-POLE JUMPERS AS SHOWN.

USE WITH B DESIGN MI CABLES.
USE A MIJB-864-A-STAR TO TERMINATE OR AN

MIJB-864-A-SPLC TO CONTINUE THE 3-PHASE HEATER CABLE.

sign Guides Content



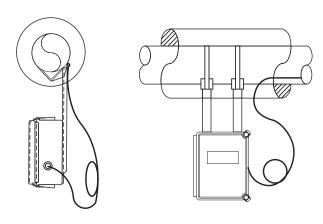
O %" HOLE FOR 1/2" CONDUIT HUB/CONNECTOR

#### **GENERAL**

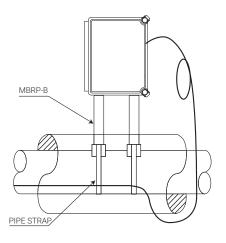
Lamacoids are not included.

Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps or alternate mounting method must be ordered separately for installation.

#### **ENCLOSURE MOUNTING BRACKET**

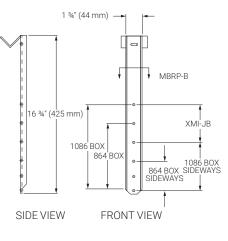


BOTTOM MOUNT



#### **MBRP-B Product Overview**

- Mounting bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures which enables enclosure installation and connection prior to application of insulation and cladding
- · Installation time reduction as electrician does not need to return after cladding is installed
- 304SS Stainless steel pipe support bracket for MIJB-864-A, nVent RAYCHEM MIJB-1086-A and MIJB-1086-B fiberglass enclosures
- Two brackets are required to support each enclosure. Each bracket requires one pipe strap
- Suitable for pipe temperatures up to 900°F (480°C)
- Stainless steel is a poor conductor of heat so the bracket is not hot or a heat sink



#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight/lbs
Enclosure	MIJB-1086-A	T0002053	8.00 lbs
Spare Parts and Accessories			
Mounting Bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures	MBRP-B	T0002003	1.1 lbs
Terminal kit for MIJB-1086 model	MIJB-LPWR-KIT	T1005000	0.5 lbs

ssign Guides Content

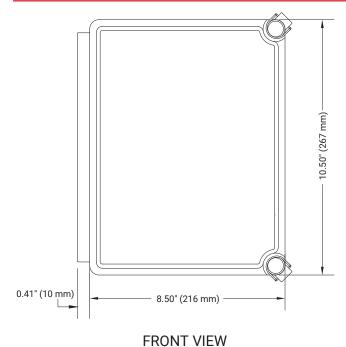
## MIJB-1086-B



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

## MI power and marshalling box junction box with pre-drilled earthing plate for use with MI heating units

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The efficient design and simple construction of these enclosures make them durable in corrosive environments, yet aesthetically pleasing

Corner latches provide unobstructed access

The continuous hinge pin provides a secure seal and double latching creates added security

Typical uses include power or marshalling, splice and end box for 3-phase systems

Accommodates up to 7 outgoing heating cables and one incoming power cable

It can also be used as a marshalling box – one incoming power cable and 5 outgoing power cables

Three phase applications include power, splice and end box.

#### CONSTRUCTION

- Compression molded fibreglass has outstanding chemical and temperature resistance qualities and exhibits excellent
   weather ability and physical properties
- · Light gray finish inside and out. Gasket assures water-tight and dust-tight seal
- · Polyester mounting tabs and stainless steel attachment screws are provided with each enclosure
- Two corrosion resistant polyester quick release latches are located in corners to provide unobstructed access to enclosure
- Removable hinged cover attached to body with stainless steel hinge pin
- Hinge pin and bail are corrosion resistant Type 316 stainless steel
- Padlock provisions included in each latch
- Inside dimensions: 10" high x 8" wide x 6" deep (250 x 200 x 150 mm)
- Box includes earthing plate on three sides and back of box and is pre-punched for eleven 1/2" and eight 3/4" hubs
- Entries: Up to 11 x 1/2" and 8 x 3/4" Use a step bit to drill out or enlarge any holes in fibreglass required for hubs/connectors

Technical Data Sheets Content CSA approved Type 4X enclosure and certified electrical tassembly

Area classification - Hazardous locations CL I Division 2 (Zone 2),

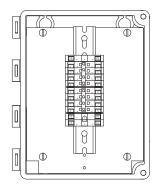
Groups A,B,C,D T5 Enclosure type: Type 4X

Ambient temperature rating: -50°C to +40°C

Enclosure flammability evaluated per UL 508A



#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**



Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac

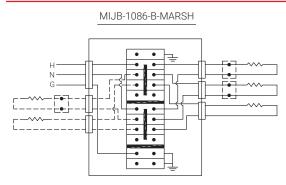
Maximum 65 A per terminal, rated 18 AWG to 6 AWG

Consider MI cold lead cable gland size, hub size and power cable size in selecting appropriate box

Power cable gland and hubs for MI cold lead glands not included

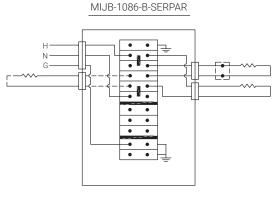
Order a separate MIJB-LPWR-KIT for #2 or #4 AWG power cable to downsize to #6 AWG but remain at 65 A.

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CONNECTION OPTIONS (SEE MIJB-1086-A FOR OTHER POSSIBILITIES)



POWER WIRES TO BE FIELD ROUTED FROM MARSHALLING

POWER WIRES TO BE FIELD ROUTED FROM MARSHALLING BOX TO INDIVIDUAL EHT POWER BOXES, (ie MJB-864-A, JBS, etc.) THERE ARE SIX GROUND CABLE CONNECTIONS THAT ARE AVAILABLE THAT CAN LIMIT THE NUMBER OF CABLE CONNECTIONS THAT CAN BE MADE IN THIS BOX. MI CABLES DO NOT USE A GROUND CABLE CONNECTION.

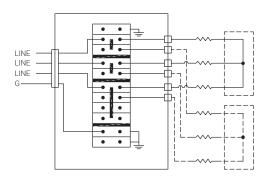


FOR SERIES-PARALLEL CONFIGURATION POWER WIRES TO BE FIELD ROUTED FROM MARSHALLING BOX TO INDIVIDUAL EHT POWER BOXES (ie. MJB-864-A-PWR,

- JBS, etc) AS REQUIRED. FIELD TO CUT 4-POLE JUMPER INTO 2-POLE JUMPER AND
- INSERT AS SHOWN
- USE WITH D OR E DESIGN MI CABLE.

#### POWER CABLE DOWNSIZING OPTION:

MIJB-LPWR-KIT



MIJB-1086-B-3PWR

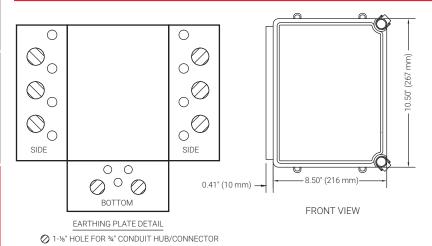
USE A MJB-864-STAR TO TERMINATE OR MJB-864-A-SPLC

- FIELD TO CUT 4-POLE JUMPER INTO 2-POLE JUMPERS AND
- INSERT WITH END PLATES (INCLUDED) AS SHOWN. USE WITH B DESIGN MI CABLE.

- LINE G Н LINE Ν LINE #2 OR #2 OR #4 AWG #4 AWG #6 AWG #6 AWG
  - USED TO DOWNSIZE #2 OR #4 AWG POWER CABLES.
  - ORDER MIJB-LPWR-KIT SEPARATELY IF REQUIRED. CONSISTS OF 3 POWER TERMINAL BLOCKS, 1 GROUND
  - TERMINAL BLOCK, AND #6 AWG JUMPER WIRES.

<u>Appendixe</u>:

#### ENCLOSURE DETAIL



- Junction boxes can be mounted using holes in back and screws provided, or using four mounting tabs supplied
- Hinge can be moved to other side of box by rotating earthing plate 180°
- Earthing plate is fabricated from galvanized steel and is bonded to internal PE terminal block for bonding of hubs and connectors
- No bonding wires are required between the hubs, connectors and PE terminal blocks.

#### GENERAL

### Appendixes Content

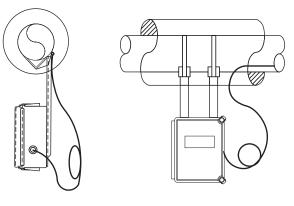
Technical Data Sheets Content

#### Lamacoids are not included.

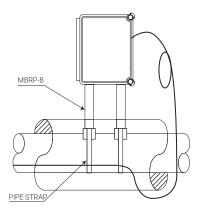
Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps or alternate mounting method must be ordered separately for installation on pipe.

#### ENCLOSURE MOUNTING BRACKET

o 3/8" HOLE FOR 1/2" CONDUIT HUB/CONNECTOR

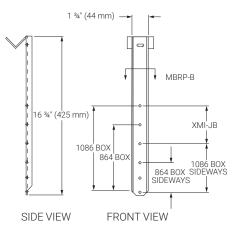


BOTTOM MOUNT



#### **MBRP-B** Product Overview

- Mounting bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures which enables enclosure installation and connection prior to application of insulation and cladding
- Installation time reduction as electrician does not need to return after cladding is installed
- 304SS Stainless steel pipe support bracket for MIJB-864-A, MIJB-1086-A and nVent RAYCHEM MIJB-1086-B fiberglass enclosures
- Two brackets are required to support each enclosure each bracket requires one pipe strap
- Suitable for pipe temperatures up to 900°F (480°C)
- Stainless steel is a poor conductor of heat so the bracket is not hot or a heat sink



#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight/lbs
Enclosure	MIJB-1086-B	T0002056	8.00 lbs
Spare Parts and Accessories			
Mounting Bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures	MBRP-B	T0002003	1.1 lbs
Terminal kit for MIJB-1086 model	MIJB-LPWR-KIT	T1005000	0.5 lbs

#### 286 NVent.com/RAYCHEM

#### nVent.com/RAYCHEM | 287

## CONNECT AND PROTECT

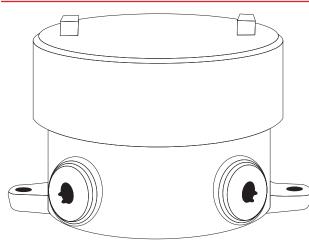
ent

RAYCHEM

## Hazardous location cast enclosure for MI heating units in CID1 applications

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

**XMI-JB** 



Hazardous area (CID1) or ordinary area applications

MI power connection box

MI splice connection box

Enables conduit connection for power supply

Provides easy access to terminations for maintenance and future system changes

RTD connection box

#### CONSTRUCTION

- Aluminum Body and Cover (Copper-free aluminum; less than 4/10 of 1%)
- Electrostatically applied powder coating finish
- External threaded body provides additional wiring room, cover opening 3½" (89 mm)
- Smooth, rounded integral bushing in each hub protects conductor insulation
- Cover and gasket furnished with box as standard, Type 4X
- $5 \times \frac{3}{4}$ " threaded hub locations (One in base, 4 on sides)
- 3 x ¾" close up plugs
- 2 reducer bushings 3/4" x 1/2"
- Two cast in mounting lugs
- Dimensions: 4½" x 3½" (114 x 89 mm)

#### APPROVALS

Class I, Div.1 (Zone 1) & Div. 2 (Zone 2), Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G Class III Enclosure Type: Type 4X



#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Green ground screw

4 pole terminal strip (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG /UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG)

Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac

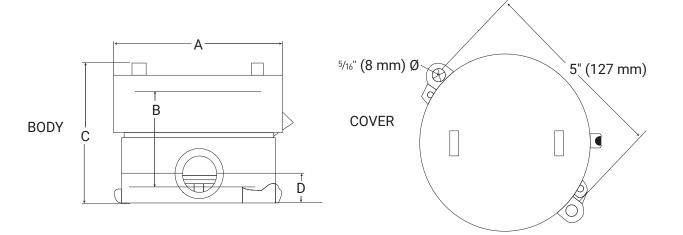
Power cable gland not included

Space to tap an external bonding connection - when a metal junction box is used for MI splices, a bonding conductor is required

#### **ENCLOSURE DETAIL**

#### XMI-JB

Catalog	alog Hub Dimensions				Cover	Volume	
Number	Size	А	В	С	D	Opening	CU. in.
XMI-JB	3⁄4"	4½" (114 mm)	2¾" (60 mm)	3½" (89 mm)	<sup>1</sup> ¼6" (17 mm)	3½" (89 mm)	25



sign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight/lbs
Enclosure	XMI-JB	XMI-JB	3.5 lbs

#### XMI-JB

#### **Spare Parts and Accessories**

Spare Parts and Accessories				pn
Terminal Strip	4POLETSTRIP	4POLETSTRIP	0.1 lbs	포를
<ul> <li>4 pole terminal strip (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG /UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18-6 AWG) for use with XMI-JB enclosure</li> </ul>				Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
May be used for additional RTD connections				s ed
REFE				Longline Heating
				Bundles
Reducer Bushing	PTRDBH3412	PTRDBH3412	0.1 lbs	
<ul> <li>Zinc plated steel reducer bushing for use with XMI-JB enclosure</li> <li>Reduces <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" NPT tapered hole to <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" NPT</li> <li>Body length <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>/<sub>2</sub>" (18 mm)</li> </ul>				lank Heating
Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D				
Class I, Zone 1, Groups IIC, IIB, IIA				and
Class II, Div 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G				Snow Melting and De-Icing
				Monitoring
Support Bracket	UMB	263757-000	1.0 lbs	
<ul><li>Pipe mounted support bracket</li><li>Material: 304 stainless steel</li></ul>				Panels
<ul> <li>Accommodates 3" (76 mm) of insulation</li> <li>Order pipe strap separately (allow 1½" (40 mm)</li> </ul>				
extra length on strap)				lank Insulation
				Steam Tracing

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

y Power-Limi s Cables sign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

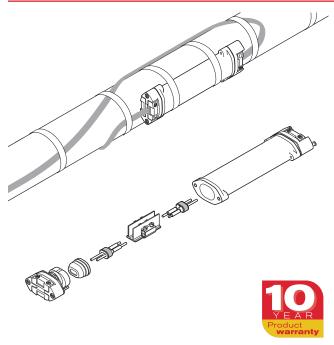
## S-150



### **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

## Low-Profile splice kit

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**



The nVent RAYCHEM S-150 is a cold-applied, low-profile splice for in-line connection. It is designed for use with the following nVent RAYCHEM brand heating cables: BTV, QTVR, and XTVR. Use the S-150 in applications with temperatures ranging from -67°F to 392°F (-55°C to 200°C). It is approved by FM, CSA and Dekra for use in hazardous locations.

The unique design of the S-150 suits the demanding requirements of the industrial environment. The low-profile housing can be installed on pipes and other surfaces. Springloaded grommets make a first seal to maintain a watertight connection, while the noncuring silicone-free sealant used in the nVent RAYCHEM cold-applied core sealers add a second seal, providing additional protection.

The rugged construction makes it resistant to impact and suitable for high-temperature and chemical exposure.

The splice requires no heat source for installation, and it is re-enterable, making maintenance fast and easy. Each kit contains all the necessary materials to do one in-line splice connection.

#### DESCRIPTION

Cold-applied in-line splice kit for use with BTV, QTVR, and XTVR heating cables

#### **KIT CONTENTS**

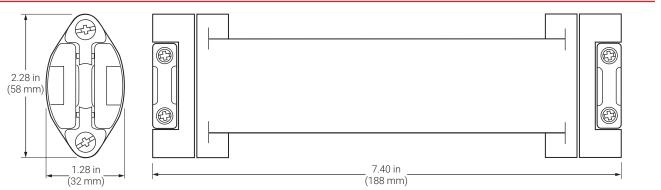
- 1 splice housing
- 2 sealing grommet assemblies
- 2 core sealers
- 1 spacer including screw terminals
- 1 identification label

#### **APPROVALS**

Hazardous Lo	cations
--------------	---------

Hazardous Lo	ocations		
APPROVED	Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III	Æx>	II 2G Ex eb IIC T* Gb II 2D Ex tb IIIC T* Db DEKRA 20 ATEX 0011U
		Segurança	Ex eb IIC T* Gb
	Ex eb IIC T* Gb; Class I Zone 1 AEX eb IIC T* Gb Ex tb IIIC T* Db; Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T* Gb	IECEx	IECEx DEK 20.0005U Ex eb IIC T* Gb Ex tb IIIC T* Db

T\* For T-rating, see heating cable or design documentation



#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

Heating cable capability	BTV-CR, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, XTVR-CT	Longline Heating
Ingress protection	Type 4X (IP66)	ing
Minimum installation temperature	-40°F (-40°C)	
Minimum usage temperature	-76°F (-55°C)	
Maximum pipe temperature	150°C POWER ON 200°C POWER OFF	RTB Tubing Bundles
Connection method	Screw terminals	dles
Maximum operating voltage	277 Vac	
Maximum circuit breaker rating	50 A for FM, CSA 40 A for IECEx, ATEX and IEx	
MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION		Tank Heating
Enclosure, end plate, and shim	Engineered polymer, black	
Sealing grommet	Silicone rubber	~ ~ ~
Screws, compression spring, reinforcement plate	Stainless steel	now and D
Terminals	Nickel-plated brass, stainless steel, zinc-plated steel	and De-Icing
ORDERING DETAILS		Ū Ū
Catalog number	S-150	≤ C
Part number	497537-000	Control and Monitoring
Weight	0.8 lb (0.4 kg)	l and pring

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

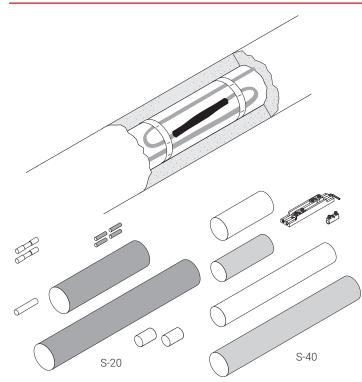
Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Heat-shrink under insulation in-line splice kit (Ex)

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



These splice kits are designed for the in-line joining of nVent RAYCHEM BTV, QTVR, XTVR, HTV and VPL self-regulating heating cables.

The nVent RAYCHEM S-20 kit is designed for use with BTV and QTVR heating cables and the S-40 kit is for use with XTVR, HTV and VPL heating cables.

All kits are approved for use in hazardous areas.

The splice kits employ easy to use heat-shrinkable tubing with an adhesive, that when heated, forms a semi-flexible moisture proof encapsulation. The S-40 kit is supplied with a removable CADDY to make the installation quick and easy.

The S-20 kit uses crimp electrical connections, while the S-40 kit utilizes screws terminals.

Due to their low profile designs, the finished splices can be installed under the insulation, directly on the pipe.

#### Application

	S-20	S-40
	In-line splice kit for BTV and QTVR heating cables	In-line splice kit for XTVR, HTV and VPL heating cables
Kit contents		
	Heat shrinkable sleeves Crimp splice connectors	Heat shrinkable sleeves, with installation aid, screw terminals and an allen (hex) wrench

#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **Technical details**

	S-20	S-40
Maximum exposure temperature	110°C (230°F)	260°C (500°F)
Maximum current rating	35 A (with QTVR cables)	
Final dimensions	Length approximately 180 mm (7 inches) Diameter approximately 20 mm (0.8 inches)	Length approximately 300 mm (11.8 inches) Diameter approximately 20 mm (0.8 inches)
Minimum ambient temperature	-60°C (-76°F)	-60°C (-76°F)

#### Installation details

Gas torch or equivalent	Minimum 1460 W hot air gun	Minimum 3000 W hot air gun
Minimum installation temperature	-20°C (-4°F)	-60°C (-76°F)

ssign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

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#### **APPROVALS**

For use in ordinary and hazardous area Zone 1 (Gas), Zone 21 (Dust) and Div 2

Temperature classification

Temperature classification is defined by the complete system.

**Product certification** 



More details about product certification, approvals and conditions of safe use are available in the installation manual at www.nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part description	S-20	S-40	
PN (Weight)	1244-022490 (0.05 kg)	1244-022492 (0.11 kg)	leati
			ng

The installation of the S-40 requires a high power heat gun and an experienced installer.

Steam Tracin

sign Guides Content

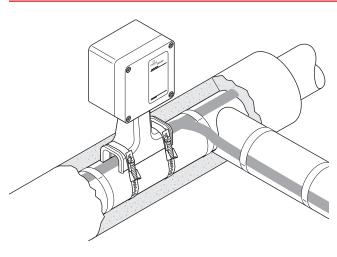
Technical Data Sheets Content



### **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

## Splice or tee connection kit

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM T-100 serves as an above-insulation splice or tee for up to three nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV, QTVR, XTV, KTV, HTV or VPL heating cables. It is approved for use in hazardous locations.

The T-100 integrates the functions of connection kits and insulation entries. The rugged stand protects the heating cable and allows for up to four inches (100 mm) of thermal insulation.

The cold-applied core sealer does not require a heat gun or torch for installation, so no hot work permit is necessary. The silicone-free, noncuring sealant in the core sealer allows easy installation and re-entry for maintenance.

The electrical connections in the T-100 are made with insulated crimps. For a splice or tee connection with terminal blocks, use the nVent RAYCHEM JBM-100.

Each kit contains all the necessary materials for a complete installation except for the pipe straps, which must be ordered separately.

#### DESCRIPTION

Above-insulation splice / tee kit appropriate for use in hazardous locations

#### **KIT CONTENTS**

- 1 splice / tee enclosure and lid
- 1 stand assembly
- 3 core sealers
- 3 green / yellow tubes
- 3 compression crimps
- 3 crimp insulating boots
- 2 grommet plugs
- 1 spanner wrench
- 1 strain relief assembly.

Note: Order appropriate pipe straps separately (two straps per kit)

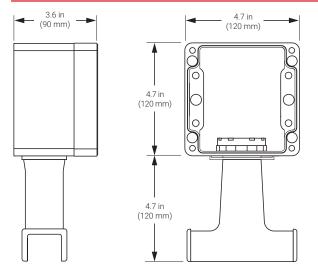
#### **APPROVALS**

#### T-100

(1)(2)	Class I, Div. 2, Groups A,B,C,D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E,F,G	BTV - IEx 09.0004X QTVR - IEx 09.0006X
<b>(2)</b>	Class III Type 4X Temp Code T*	XTV - IEx 09.0005X VPL - IEx 09.0007X
APPROVED (1)(2)	Class I Zone 1 AEx e II T*	PTB 20 ATEX 1008 U II 2 G Ex eb mb IIC Gb II 2 D Ex tb mb IIIC Db
C FM (3)	CL I Div 2 (ZN 2**) Groups A, B, C, D CL I ZN2 Group IIC **Per CE Code Table 18	IECEx PTB 20.0014U Ex eb mb IIC Gb Ex tb mb IIIC Db
(2) (2)	Ex eb IIC T* Gb Ex tb IIC T*°C Db	Ex e IIC T* Gb (1) (2) (4)

\* For systems Temperature Code, see heating cable or design documentation.
<sup>(1)</sup> Except VPL
<sup>(2)</sup> Except HTV heating cable
<sup>(3)</sup> HTV heating cable only
<sup>(4)</sup> Except KTV

#### **DIMENSIONS (NOMINAL)**



#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

Heating cable capability	BTV-CR, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, XTV-CT, KTV-CT, HTV-CT and VPL-CT	
Ingress protection	Type 4X / IP66	Panels
Minimum installation temperature	-67°F(-55°C)	s
Minimum ambient temperature	-67°F(-55°C)	
Maximum ambient temperature	132°F (56°C)	-
Maximum pipe temperature	500°F (260°C)	I ank Insulation
Maximum operating voltage	480 Vac	tion
Maximum circuit breaker rating	50 A for FM, CSA; 40 A for PTB	
MATERIALS		
Enclosure	Electrostatic charge-resistant glass-filled engineered polymer, black	Steam Tracing
Lid screws	Stainless steel	
Lid gasket	Silicone rubber	

RAYCHEM-DS-H61329-T100-EN-2303

### ORDERING DETAILS

Catalog numberT-100Part number447379-000	
Weight 2.5 lb (1.2 kg)	

ACCESSORIES (NOT INCLUDED IN THE KIT)		
Crimp tool	T-100-CT (equiva	

Crimp tool	T-100-CT (equivalent to Panduit CT-1570) PN 954799-000
Spare crimps and insulating tubes	T-100-CRIMP-KIT PN 577853-000
T-100 stand off	JBM-100 STANDOFF PN P000003624 For insulation >= 4.7 inch (120 mm)
Small pipe adaptor	JBM-SPA, required for pipes $\leq$ 1" (DN 25), D55673-000 (bag of 5 adaptors)

# Mineral Insulated Heating Cables

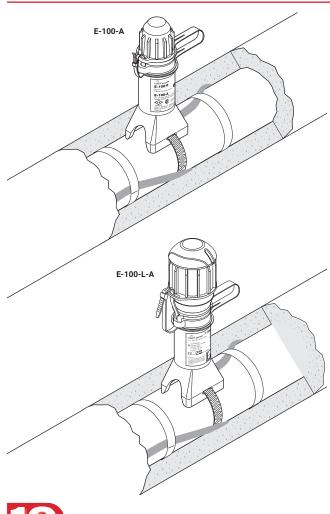
## E-100-A & E-100-L-A



## **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

## End seal and lighted end seal kits

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**



The nVent RAYCHEM E-100-A and E-100-L-A serve as aboveinsulation end seal kits for nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV, QTVR, XTVR, HTV or VPL heating cables. They are approved for use in hazardous locations.

Both the E-100-A and the E-100-L-A are mounted on the pipe and project through the thermal insulation and cladding for ease of maintenance. The E-100-L-A end seal with signal light uses an array of bright LEDs for exceptional visibility and long product life.

These rugged end seals are made from high-performance engineering polymer and resist impact, high temperature, and chemical and UV exposure. The stand allows for up to four inches (100 mm) of thermal insulation. The encapsulated light and boot reliably prevent moisture and dust ingress. The industrial-grade electronics used in the E-100-L-A are encapsulated.

Both the E-100-A and E-100-L-A are re-enterable, allowing easy access for testing. Voltage and continuity checks can be done by simply unscrewing the E-100-A cap and removing the reusable sealing boot. The E-100-L-A makes maintenance even easier by allowing for visual inspection of heating circuit continuity. The light module is replaceable.

The kits contain all the necessary materials for a complete installation except for one pipe strap, which must be ordered separately.

## DESCRIPTION

	E-100-A	E-100-L-A
	Above-insulation end seal, cold-applied	Above-insulation end seal with red indicator light, cold-applied *Not for use with 480 V VPL
KIT CONTENTS		

1 end seal

Note: Order appropriate pipe strap separately (one per kit)

1 end seal with red indicator light

#### APPROVALS

Hazardous Locations				
	E-100-A		E-100-L-A	
		Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups E, F, G Class III		) Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups E, F, G Class III
		Ex eb IIC T* Gb Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T* Gb		Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb Class I Zone 1 AEx eb mb IIC T* Gb
	Segurança	Ex eb IIC T* Gb	Segurança	Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb Ex tb IIIC T***°C Db IP66
	IECEx	IECEx PTB 09.0038U Ex eb IIC Gb Ex tb IIC Db E-100-A is IECEx certified for use with: BTV-CR/ BTV-CT: IECEx BAS 20.0011X QTVR-CT:IECEx BAS 20.0013X XTV-CT: IECEx BAS 20.0012X VPL-CT: IECEx BAS 20.008X HTV-CT: IECEx PTB 21.0007X	IECEx	IECEx SIR 14.0007X Ex eb mb IIC T* Gb Ex tb IIIC T***°C Db IP66 E-100-L-A is IECEx certified for use with: BTV-CR/ BTV-CR/ BTV-CT: IECEx BAS 20.0013X QTVR-CT: IECEx BAS 20.0013X XTV-CT: IECEx BAS 20.0012X VPL-CT: IECEx BAS 20.008X HTV-CT: IECEx PTB 21.0007X
	C(2) APPROVED	Class I Division 2 (Zone 2**), Groups A, B, C, D Class I Zone 2 IIC	C2) APPROVED	Class I Division 2 (Zone 2**), Groups A, B, C, D Class I Zone 2 IIC
		<ul> <li>** For system Temperature Code, see heating cable or design documentation.</li> <li><sup>(1)</sup> Except HTV</li> <li><sup>(2)</sup> For HTV-CT only</li> <li>** Per CE Code Table 18.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>** For system Temperature Code, see heating cable or design documentation.</li> <li><sup>(1)</sup> Except HTV</li> <li><sup>(2)</sup> For HTV-CT only</li> <li>** Per CE Code Table 18.</li> </ul>

#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

	E-100-A	E-100-L-A	
Heating cable capability	BTV-CR, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, XTVR-CT, HTV-CT and VPL-CT		
Ingress protection	Type 4X (IP66)	Type 4X (IP66)	
Minimum installation temperature	−67°F (−55°C)	-40°F (-40°C)	
Maximum ambient temperature	132°F (56°C)	104°F (40°C)	
Maximum pipe temperature	500°F (260°C)	500°F (260°C)	
Maximum operating voltage	480 Vac	277 Vac	
Overall height	7 in (175 mm)	8 in (200 mm)	
Outer diameter at insulation	2 in (50 mm) Usable with up to 4 in (100 mm) thermal insulation	3 in (75 mm)	
Materials	High-performance glass-filled engineered polymer	High-performance glass-filled engineered polymer	
Light source		Super-bright light-emitting diodes (LEDs), red	
Light source power supply	Not applicable	Linear (nonswitching)	
Power consumption	N/A	< 2 W	

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

ORDERING DETAILS			Cables
	E-100-A	E-100-L-A	es
End seal			P
Catalog number	E-100-A (100-480 Vac)	E-100-L-A (100–277 Vac)	Ca
Part number	046567-000	P000001582	Power-Limiting Cables
Weight	0.6 lb (272 g)	0.65 lb (295 g)	ting
Spare boot pack for E-100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Street Stre			Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
Catalog number	E-100-BOOT-5-PACK		
Part number	281053-000		He Lo
Pack weight	0.25 lb (140 g)		Longline
Pack contents	Five sealant-filled boots and five	cable ties	
Replacement indicator ligh	K L 100-LK-A		RTB Tubing Bundles He
Catalog number	E-100-LR-A (100-277 Vac)		Tank Heating
Part number	P000001584		J
Weight	0.33 lb (150 g)		
Junction box standoff For insulation thickness ≥ 1	20 mm & ≤ 180 m*		Snow Melting and De-Icing
Catalog number	JBS-100-STANDOFF		Control and Monitoring
Part Number	P000003408		
Weight	0.297 lb / 135 g		н на
* Consider extra pipe strap <b>Small pipe adapter</b> Required for stand on pipes	length 6-9" (150-225 mm) for attachment S ≤ 1"		Panels
			Tank Insulation
Catalog number	JBS-SPA		
Part Number	E90515-000		
Weight	0.408 lb / 185 g (Bag of 5 adaptor	·s)	Steam

Self-Re Heatin sign Guides Content

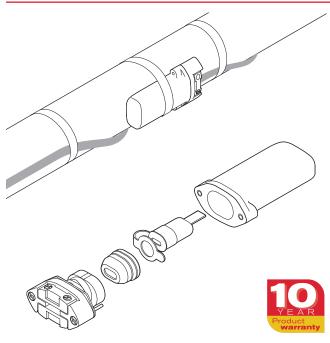
Technical Data Sheets Content



### **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

## Low-profile end seal kit

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM E-150 is a cold-applied low-profile end seal. It is designed for use with the following nVent RAYCHEM brand heating cables: BTV, QTVR and XTVR. Use the E-150 in applications with temperatures ranging from -60°F to 420°F (-50°C to 215°C). It is approved by FM, CSA, and Dekra for use in hazardous locations.

The unique design of the E-150 suits the demanding requirements of the industrial environment. The low-profile housing can be installed on pipes and other surfaces. A spring-loaded grommet makes a first seal to maintain a watertight connection, while the silicone-free, noncuring sealant used in the nVent RAYCHEM sealing boot adds a second seal, providing additional protection.

The rugged construction makes the E-150 resistant to impact and suitable for high-temperature and chemical exposure.

The end seal requires no heat source for installation and it is re-enterable, making maintenance fast and easy. Each kit contains all the necessary materials to do one end termination.

#### DESCRIPTION

Cold-applied end seal for use with BTV, QTVR and XTVR heating cables

#### **KIT CONTENTS**

- 1 end seal enclosure housing
- 1 sealing grommet assembly
- 1 sealing boot
- 1 identification label

#### **APPROVALS**

#### Hazardous Locations



Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III T\*



II 2G Ex eb IIC T\* Gb II 2D Ex tb IIIC T\* Db DEKRA 20 ATEX 0011U

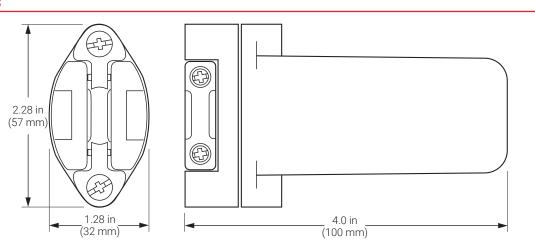


Ex eb IIC T\* Gb

Ex eb IIC T\* Gb; Class I Zone 1 AEx eb IIC T\* Gb Ex tb IIIC T\* Db; Zone 21 AEx tb IIIC T\* Db

IECEx DEK 20.0005U **IECEX** Ex eb IIC T\* Gb Ex tb IIIC T\* Db

T\* For T-rating, see heating cable or design documentation



#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

Heating cable capability	BTV-CR, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, XTVR-CT	
Ingress protection	NEMA 4X (IP66)	
Minimum installation temperature	-40°F (-40°C)	RTB Tubing Bundles
Minimum usage temperature	-60°F (-50°C)	[ubing Idles
Maximum pipe temperature	420°F (215°C)	
Operating voltage	277 Vac for FM, CSA; 254 Vac for PTB	
MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION		Tank Heating
Enclosure, end plate, and shim	Engineered polymer, black	ing
Sealing grommet and core sealer	Silicone rubber	
Screws, compression spring, reinforcement plate	Stainless steel	Snow and D
ORDERING DETAILS		Snow Melting and De-Icing
Catalog number	E-150	
Part number	979099-000	≤ C
Weight	0.6 lb (0.3 kg)	Control a Monitorii

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

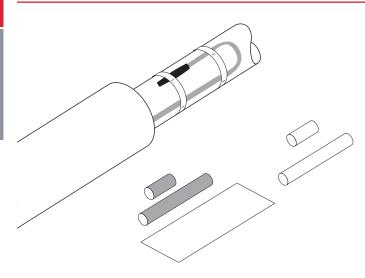
Tank Insulation



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Heat-shrink under insulation end seal kits $\bigotimes$

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



These end seal kits are designed for the termination of nVent RAYCHEM BTV, QTVR, XTVR, HTV and VPL self-regulating heating cables.

The nVent RAYCHEM E-20 is designed for use with BTV and QTVR heating cables and the nVent RAYCHEM E-40 is designed for use with XTVR, HTV and VPL heating cables. All kits are approved for use in hazardous areas.

The end seal kit E-20 employs easy to use heatshrinkable tubing with an adhesive, that when heated forms a semi-flexible moisture proof encapsulation. The end seal kit E-40 employs high temperature heat-shrinkable tubing with a plastic melt liner that when heated forms a semi-flexible moisture proof encapsulation. Due to the low profile design, the finished termination can be installed directly on the pipe.

One end seal kit is required for each termination.

#### Application

	E-20	E-40
	End seal for BTV and QTVR self-regulating heating cables	End seal for XTVR and HTV self-regulating and VPL power-limiting heating cables
Kit contents		
	Heat-shrinkable adhesive coated sleeves Installation instruction	Heat-shrinkable sleeves Installation instruction

Aluminum tape

#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Technical details

	E-20	E-40
Maximum exposure temperature	110°C (230°F)	260°C (500°F)
Final dimensions	Length approximately 120 mm Diameter approximately 20 mm	Length approximately 120 mm Diameter approximately 20 mm
Minimum ambient temperature	-60°C (-76°F)	-60°C (-76°F)

#### Installation details

Gas torch or equivalent	Minimum 1460 W hot air gun	Minimum 3000 W hot air gun
Minimum installation temperature	-20°C (-4°F)	-60°C (-76°F)

sign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

#### **APPROVALS**

For use in ordinary and hazardous area Zone 1 (Gas), Zone 21 (Dust) and Div 2

Temperature classification

Temperature classification is defined by the complete system.

**Product certification** 



For certifications in other regions (FM, CSA, IEx etc.), please refer to the installation manual. More details about product certification, approvals and conditions of safe use are available in the installation manual at www.nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part description	E-20	E-40	Longl Heati
PN (Weight)	1244-022489 (0.03 kg)	1244-022491 (0.06 kg)	line

The installation of the E-40 requires a high power heat gun and an experienced installer.

Appendixes

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Technical Data Sheets Content

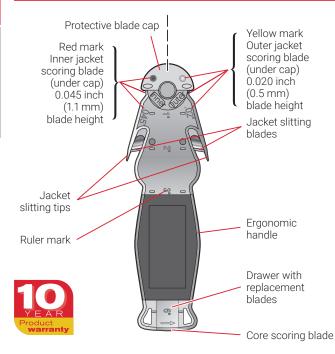
# Stripping-Tool-SR-Cable



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Stripping tool for nVent RAYCHEM self-regulating cables

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM Stripping-Tool-SR-Cable is designed for use with nVent RAYCHEM BTV-CR, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, XTVR-CT, HWAT, XL-Trace, IceStop and RaySol self-regulating heat-tracing cables. The tool is designed for faster, safer and more reliable cable terminations.

The tool has two sets of blades designed for precise scoring of the outer and inner jackets of the cables mentioned above. The scoring blades are protected by a spring-loaded cap that rotates automatically. For safety, the cap rotates back to its original position automatically after the cutting operation is performed.

The tool also includes a unique core scoring feature that prevents damage to the conductors. The tool has a robust metallic body, ergonomic contour and replaceable blades.

#### PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Technical details	
Body	Symmetric and Ergonomic Aluminum A380 Metallic Body with TPE soft sleeve.
Jacket scoring blades	A pair of jacket scoring stainless steel blades with depth ranges of 0.04–0.06 inch (1–1.5 mm) and 0.01–0.03 inch (0.25–0.75 mm).
Blade cover	Spring loaded Zinc alloy cap that covers both the blades when the tool is not in use.
Core scoring feature	Core scoring blade which will prevent damage to the conductors. The blade height should be 0.01–0.04 inch (0.25–1 mm).
Replaceable blades	All blades can be replaced with a screwdriver. Replaceable blades are provided with the tool.
Coating	Metallic body coated with electrostatic epoxy powder 0.002–0.005 inch (0.05–0.1 mm) thick.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

	Catalog Number	Part Number
Stripping tool	Stripping-Tool-SR-Cable	P000001126
Replacement jacket scoring blade	Techni Edge® #10 Hobby blade TE01-103	Should be ordered directly from Techni Edge.
Replacement jacket slitting blade	Techni Edge ¾ inch (9.5 mm) 13 point blade TE01-333	Should be ordered directly from Techni Edge.

#### **APPROVALS**

(Russia, Kazakhstan, Belarus)

For other countries contact your local nVent representative.



# Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles



# Accessories

# **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

Catalog number	Part number	Description
GT-66	C77220-000	66 ft (20 m) roll of glass tape for attaching heating cable to pipe. Not for stainless steel pipes or for installation temperatures below 40°F (5°C).
GS-54	C77221-000	54 ft (16.5 m) roll of glass tape for attaching heating cable to pipe. For stainless steel pipes or for any installation below 40°F (5°C).
AT-180	158139-000	180 ft (55 m) roll of aluminum tape for attaching heating cables and thermostat sensors to pipes and tanks. Minimum installation temperature: 32°F (0°C). Dimensions: 2.5 in wide, 5 mils thick.
Pipe straps	PS-01         C77211-000           PS-03         C77212-000           PS-10         C77213-000           PS-20         C77216-000           Used to secure conner	For conduit $\leq 1$ in For connection kits on pipes with dimensions $\leq 2$ in For connection kits on pipes with dimensions 2 in - 10 in For connection kits on pipes with dimensions 10 in - 19.5 in ction kits and brackets to pipes. Order by pipe diameter, as shown above.

#### LABELS

Catalog number	Part number	Description	
ETL	C77203-000	"Electric Traced" label for identifying traced pipes and tanks.	
A WARNING Electric Heat Tracing Market States and the state and and the first states and the s			



#### **GLAND ENTRY KIT**

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				ntents
Catalog number	Part number	Description	Qty	Description
C75-100-A	000539-000	A NEMA 4X-rated gland kit used to transition	1	Red grommet
		heating cables into a junction box when making connections off of a pipe or tank.	1	Gland with threaded inserts
		It may be used for power, splice, or tee	1	Gland with screws
		connections. For use with nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV, QTVR, XTV, HTV, VPL, and LBTV2-CT <sup>(1)</sup> heating cables. The kit does not include the junction box, flexible tubing, or	1	Gland gasket
			1	Locknut
			1	Green / yellow tube
a a		tape that are required to make a complete	1	CS-100 core sealer
	connection.	1	Terminal block	
		(1) For LBTV2-CT only, order HCS-100-A heat-shrink core sealer (P/N 257649) and PMK-GK-10 grommet (P/N 222724)		

#### SINGLE-ENTRY TRANSITION KIT

			Kit Co	ontents
Catalog number	Part number	Description	Qty	Description
JS-100-A	166639-000	Junction box stand for use with	1	Stand assembly
		nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV, QTVR, XTV,	1	Lubricant
		HTV and VPL heating cables. A separate customer-supplied NEMA 4X junction box is required.	1	Adapter for small pipes
			1	Cable tie
			1	Green / yellow tube
			1	CS-100 cold-applied core
			1	sealer
			1	JS-100 transition
	/			1-inch locknut

#### COLD-APPLIED CORE SEALER

Catalog number	Part number	Description
CS-100-A	232949-000	Replacement cold-applied core sealer for nVent RAYCHEM brand BTV, QTVR, XTV, HTV and VPL heating cables

#### CONDUIT DRAIN

Catalog number	Part number	Description
JB-DRAIN-PLUG-3/4IN	278621-000	nVent recommends the use of this ¾-in conduit drain with each JBS-100 and JBM-100, and other enclosures with associated conduits, to prevent condensate from collecting in the box.

Catalog number	Part number	Description
JBS-SPA	E90515-000	Adapter for mounting E-100, JBS-100, and JS-100 to small pipe (≤ 1 inch nominal diameter).
JBM-SPA	D55673-000	Adapter for mounting JBM-100 and T-100 to small pipe (≤ 1 inch nominal diameter).
SB-100-T	279613-000	Adapter for mounting E-100, E-100-L, and JBS-100 connection kits on a tank surface.
UMB	263757-000	Universal mounting bracket for mounting thermostats and other equipment on a pipe.
JB-SB-25	471139-000	Stainless-steel mounting bracket for RAYSTAT-EX-03-A thermostat.

#### HELICAL FLEXIBLE PLASTIC TUBING

Catalog number	Part number	Description	
HCTE-1000	3679754004	Helical flexible plastic tubing for C75-100-A and HAK-C-100 connection kits.	

Self-Reg Heating

#### Junction box standoff

For insulation thickness  $\geq$ 120 mm &  $\leq$ 180 mm\*



N N				
Catalog number	JBM-100-STANDOFF			
Part Number	t Number P000003624			
Weight	0.599 lb / 272 g			
* Consider extra pipe strap length 6-9	" (150-225 mm) for attachment			
Junction box standoff				
For insulation thickness ≥ 120 mm & :	≤ 180 mm*			
Catalog number	JBS-100-STANDOFF			
Part Number	P000003408			
Weight	0.297 lb / 135 g			
* Consider extra pipe strap length 6-9	" (150-225 mm) for attachment			

Design Guides Content

Appendixes Technical Data Content Sheets Content



## **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

## Connection kits and accessories

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

nVent offers a full range of power connections, splices, and end terminations for use with nVent RAYCHEM SC, SC/H and SC/F heating cables. These connection kits must be used to ensure proper functioning of the product and compliance with warranty, code, and approvals requirements.

SC connection kits include specially sized grommets, solder and splices and therefore must be ordered according to the correct SC cable in use. All above-insulation connection kits use a NEMA 4X-rated re-enterable enclosures. All below-insulation connection kits use a high temperature potting compound and are rated NEMA 4.

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**1SC, 2SC & 3SC Connection Kits** 

<sup>(2)</sup> For T-Rating, see design documentation

<sup>(3)</sup> For 1SC60-CT, 1SC70-CT and 1SC80-CT only

Ex e II T<sup>(2)(3)</sup>

#### **Approvals**

#### **Hazardous Locations**

#### 2SC & 3SC Connection Kits

FM> (SP APPROVED

Class I, Div. 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G Class III For T-Rating, see design documentation 3Ex e II T\* (see schedule) Ex tD A21 IP66

CIECEx BAS 06.0049X<sup>(1)</sup> IEx 09.0008X<sup>(1)</sup> Ex eb IIC T\* Gb <sup>(1)</sup> For Above-Insulation Kits only



#### **POWER CONNECTION KITS**

Product name	Description	Catalog number	Heating cable compatibility (SC,SC/H and SC/F) <sup>(1)</sup>
Above-Insulation	Polymeric enclosure and stand with captive sealing grommet. The box has one 1" NPT entry hole. Includes 5-ft cold-lead wires.	SC-JBP-S-A	2SC30, 3SC30 2SC40, 3SC40 2SC50, 3SC50
	Box dimensions: 8.6" x 4.7" x 3.6" (220 mm x 120 mm x 90 mm) Stand height: 4.7" (120 mm)	SC-JBP-L-A	2SC60, 3SC60 2SC70, 3SC70 2SC80, 3SC80
Small Below-Insulation	Copper-free aluminum conduit body with epoxy finish. The conduit body has two 1/2" entries and a large top opening with cover for	1SC-12PT	1SC30 1SC40 1SC50
	easy potting. Includes 5-ft cold-lead wires and a 3-ft flexible stainless steel armor. Condulet dimensions: ½" body – 5.5" x 1.5" x 1.5" (140 mm x 38 mm x 38 mm)	2SC-12PT	2SC30 2SC40 2SC50
		3SC-12PT	3SC30 3SC40 3SC50
Large Below-Insulation	epoxy finish. The conduit body has two 1" NPT entries and large top opening with cover		1SC60 1SC70 1SC80
	for easy potting. Includes 5 ft cold-lead wires and a 3-ft flexible stainless steel armor. Condulet dimensions: 1" body – 7" x 2" x 2"	2SC-8PT 2SC-6PT 2SC-4PT	2SC60 2SC70 2SC80
	(178 mm x 51 mm x 51 mm)	3SC-8PT 3SC-6PT 3SC-4PT	3SC60 3SC70 3SC80

<sup>(1)</sup> SC/F cables are not available in 1 conductor construction.

#### SPLICE CONNECTION KITS

Product name	Description	Catalog number	Heating cable compatibility (SC,SC/H and SC/F) <sup>(1)</sup>
Above-Insulation	Polymeric enclosure and stand with captive sealing grommet. Box dimensions: 8.6" x 4.7" x 3.6" (220 mm x 120 mm x 90 mm)	SC-JBS-S-A SC-JBS-L-A	2SC30, 3SC30 2SC40, 3SC40 2SC50, 3SC50
	Stand height: 4.7" (120 mm)		2SC60, 3SC60 2SC70, 3SC70 2SC80, 3SC80
Small Below-Insulation	Copper-free aluminum conduit body with epoxy finish. The conduit body has two 1/2" NPT entries and a large top opening with cover for easy potting.	1SC-SSC	1SC30, 1SC60 1SC40, 1SC70 1SC50, 1SC80
	Condulet dimensions: 1/2" body – 5.5" x 1.5" x 1.5" (140 mm x 38 mm x 38 mm)	2SC-SSC	2SC30, 2SC40 2SC50
		3SC-SSC	3SC30, 3SC40 3SC50
Large Below-Insulation	Copper-free aluminum conduit body with epoxy finish. The conduit body has two 1" NPT entries and a large top opening with cover for easy potting.	2SC-LSC	2SC60 2SC70 2SC80
	Condulet dimensions: 1" body – 7" x 2" x 2" (178 mm x 51 mm x 51 mm)	3SC-LSC	3SC60 3SC70 3SC80

Appendixes Technical Data Design Guides Content Sheets Content Content

#### END TERMINATION KITS

Product name	Description	Catalog number	Heating cable compatibility (SC,SC/H and SC/F) <sup>(1)</sup>
Above-Insulation	Polymeric enclosure and stand with captive sealing grommet. Box dimensions: 8.6" x 4.7" x 3.6" (220 mm x 120 mm x 90 mm)	SC-JBE-S-A	2SC30, 3SC30 2SC40, 3SC40 2SC50, 3SC50
	Stand height: 4.7" (120 mm)	SC-JBE-L-A	2SC60, 3SC60 2SC70, 3SC70 2SC80, 3SC80
Small Below-Insulation (for 2SC)	Stainless steel ½" plug with grommet and potting compound. Plug dimensions: 0.5" (12.7 mm) diameter, 2.4" (61 m) long	2SC-STC	2SC30 2SC40 2SC50
Small Below-Insulation (for 3SC)	Copper-free aluminum conduit body with epoxy finish. The conduit body has two 1/2" NPT entries and a large top opening with cover for easy potting. Includes threaded NPT close-up plug. Condulet dimensions: 1/2" body – 5.5" x 1.5" x 1.5" (140 mm x 38 mm x 38 mm)	3SC-STC	3SC30 3SC40 3SC50
Large Below-Insulation	Copper-free aluminum conduit body with epoxy finish. The conduit body has two 1" NPT entries and large top opening with cover for easy potting. Includes threaded	2SC-LTC	2SC60 2SC70 2SC80
	NPT close-up plug. Condulet dimensions: 1" body – 7" x 2" x 2" (178 mm x 51 mm x 51 mm)	3SC-LTC	3SC60 3SC70 3SC80

 $^{(1)}$  SC/F cables are not available in 1 conductor construction.

#### **IDENTIFICATION TAG**

Product name	Description	Catalog number	Heating cable compatibility (SC,SC/H and SC/F)
Circuit Tag	SC cable circuit identification tag. A metal tag for attachment to the power connection of each circuit. Tag information includes cable catalog number, watts, volts, amps, circuit length, maximum sheath temperature, hazardous location information and circuit number.	SC- NPLATE- CIRCUIT- ID-TAG	All

#### LABELS

Product name	Description	Catalog number	Heating cable compatibility (SC,SC/H and SC/F)
ETL Tag	"Electric Traced" label for identifying traced pipes and tanks.	ETL- ENGLISH	All

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Tank Heating

Tank Insulation

#### LABELS

Product name	Description	Catalog number	Heating cable compatibility (SC,SC/H and SC/F)
GT-66	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 66" (12.5 mm x 20 m) roll of glass tape for attaching heating cable to pipe. Not for stainless steel pipes or for installation temperatures above 40°F (4°C).	GT-66	All
GS-54	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 54" (62.5 mm x 16.5 m) roll of glass tape for attaching heating cable to pipe. For stainless steel pipes or for any installation temperatures below 40°F (4°C).	e GS-54	All
T-180	2½" x 180" (62.5 mm x 55 m) of aluminum tape for attaching cable to pipe. Minimum installation temperature is 32°F (0°C)	AT-180	All
Pipe Adapter	Pipe adapter for SC-JB Kits to increase the stand height by 1.5".	SC-JB-PIPE ADAPTER	All

RAYCHEM



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

nvent

## Components and accessories

#### SYSTEM COMPONENTS

MI

Junction boxes – power and splice connection kits	Junction	boxes -	power	and	splice	connection	kits
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Product	Order Reference	Description
Fibreglass CID2	MIJB-864-A	Junction box with pre-drilled earth plate for use with MI heating units.
enclosure		Typical uses - Power, splice and end box for 3 phase systems
		Hazardous locations: CID2 Groups B, C and D. Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac. Maximum 35 A per terminal, rated 18 AWG to 6 AWG, NEMA 4X.
		Entries: Up to $8 \times \frac{1}{2}$ " and $3 \times \frac{3}{4}$ ". Power cable gland and hubs not included. Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps must be ordered separately for installation.
ų¢		Enclosure dimensions: 8" x 6" x 4" (200 x 150 x 100 mm)
Fibreglass CID2 enclosure	MIJB-1086-A	Junction box with pre-drilled earth plate for use with MI heating units. Accommodates up to 3 power cables.
		Typical uses - Power, splice and end box for 3 phase systems Hazardous locations - CID2 Groups B, C and D. Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac. Maximum 35 A per terminal, rated 18 AWG to 6 AWG, NEMA 4X.
		Entries: Up to 11 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " and 8 x $\frac{3}{4}$ ". Power cable gland and hubs not included. Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps must be ordered separately for installation. Order a separate MIJB-LPWR-KIT for #2 or #4 AWG power cable to downsize to #6 AWG (35 A).
		Enclosure dimensions: 10" x 8" x 6" (250 x 200 x 150 mm)
Fibreglass CID2 enclosure	MIJB-1086-B	Junction box with pre-drilled earth plate for use with MI heating units. Accommodates up to 7 outgoing heating cables and one incoming power cable. It can also be used as a marshalling box – one incoming power cable and 5 outgoing power cables. Typical uses - Power or marshalling, splice and end box for 3 phase systems. Hazardous locations: CID2 Groups B, C and D. Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac. Maximum 35 A per terminal, rated 18 AWG to 6 AWG, NEMA 4X. Entries: Up to 11 x ½" and 8 x ¾". Power cable gland and hubs not included. Two mounting brackets (MBRP-B) and two pipe straps must be ordered
		separately for installation. Order a separate MIJB-LPWR-KIT for #2 or #4 AWG power cable to downsize to #6 AWG (35 A). Enclosure dimensions: 10" x 8" x 6" (250 x 200 x 150 mm)
Enclosure mounting bracket	MBRP-B	Enclosure mounting bracket for MIJB series fiberglass enclosures. Mounting bracket enables enclosure installation and connection prior to application of insulation and cladding. Stainless steel pipe support bracket for MIJB-864-A, MIJB-1086-A and MIJB-1086-B fiberglass enclosures. Two brackets are required to support each enclosure. Each bracket requires one pipe strap.

Product	Order Reference	Description
Terminal kit for MIJB-1086 model	MIJB-LPWR-KIT	Terminal kit to facilitate downsizing of large power cables. Large power wire kit to downsize #2 or #4 power cable to #6 AWG (max 35 amps for enclosure terminal blocks). Use with MIJB-1086-A and MIJB-1086-B enclosures as required.
Cast CID1 enclosure	XMI-JB	Aluminum enclosure for CID1 areas. Typical uses: MI heating units power or splice connection box, RTD connection box Hazardous locations - CID1 Groups B, C and D, Maximum operating voltage 600 Vac, Includes 4 pole terminal block (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG / UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG), NEMA 4X. Entries: 5 x ¾" and includes 3 x ¾" plugs, two reducer bushings (¾" x ½") and two mounting feet with space to tap hole for bonding wire. Power cable gland should be purchased separately. Additional terminal strips or reducer bushings may also be purchased separately for additional RTD connection. (4POLETSTRIP and PTRDBH3412) Enclosure dimensions: 4 ½" x 3 ½" (114 x 89 mm).
Terminal strip	4POLETSTRIP	Terminal strip for enclosure, 4 pole terminal strip (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG /UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG) for use with XMI-JB enclosure. May be used for additional RTD connections.
Reducer bushing	PTRDBH3412	Reducer bushing for enclosure, Zinc plated steel reducer bushing for use with XMI-JB enclosure. Reduces ¾" NPT tapered hole to ½" NPT. Body length <sup>23</sup> ⁄ <sub>92</sub> " (18 mm), Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D. Class I, Zone 1, Groups IIC, IIB, IIA. Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G.
CID1 enclosure with mounting feet	RMI-JB3	Copper-free aluminum alloy box with three entries for use with MI heating cables. Typical use: power or splice connection box Includes terminal block (500 Vac, 50 A, 2 x 6 AWG) and three ¾" x ½" reducers and two ¾" NPT plugs. FM and CSA approved for: Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups B, C, D; Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G; and Class III. Enclosure dimensions: 6.1" x 5.2" x 3.9" (156 mm x 133 mm x 98 mm).
CID1 enclosure with bracket	PT-JB	A smaller ferro-alloy junction box with three entries for use with MI heating cables. Typical use: power or splice connection box Three ¾" NPT entries. Provided with one plug and two ¾" x ½" reducers. Includes 4 pole terminal block (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG / UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG) and stainless steel support bracket (U-clamp). UL and CSA approved for: Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G. Enclosure dimensions: 5.5" x 4.75" x 3" (140 mm x 121 mm x 76 mm).

Product	Order Reference	Description	
Cast CID2 enclosure	D1297TERM4	A large cast aluminum junction box (NEMA 3R) for installation in nonhazardous and CID2 areas. Typical use: power or splice connection box Three ½" NPT entries on bottom, provided with plugs. Includes 4 pole terminal block (CSA-600 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG / UL-300 Vac, 65 A, 18–6 AWG). External mounting feet. CSA approved for Class I, Div 2, Groups A, B, C, and D. Enclosure dimensions: 6" x 6" x 4" (152 mm x 152 mm x 101 mm).	
Support bracket for D1297TERM4	D1297BRACK	Optional stainless steel mounting bracket for junction box type D1297TERM4. To be strapped on metal cladding of pipe insulation using metal banding or pipe straps (based on outer dimension of insulation).	
Nonhazardous enclosure and digital electronic controller	JBS-100-ECP-A	Electronic temperature controllers that provide accurate control of a heating circuit using a RTD sensor. Adjustable set points between 32°F to 425°F (0°C to 218°C), power input of 120 Vac to 277 Vac, and current switching up to 30 A. c-CSA-us (certified to U.S. and Canadian Standards) for use in nonhazardous locations. Requires MI grounding kit. The JBS-100-ECP-A is pipe mounted and serves as a power connection kit for both self-regulating and mineral insulated heating cables. The JBS-100-ECW-A is wall mounted and may be used with all types of heating cables. It can also be used as a power connection kit with MI cables.	
	JBS-100-ECW-A		c
MI cable grounding kit	MI-GROUND-KIT	Required grounding kit for use with JBS-100-ECP-A and JBS-100-ECW-A. Allows for a direct connection to a MI heating cable, eliminating the need for a separate junction box.	

#### ACCESSORIES

#### Attachment materials

Product	Order Reference	Description						
Pipe straps for MI heating cable	PB (see Table 1)	<ul> <li>Stainless-steel straps for holding MI heating cables onto pipe. Pliers are the only tool required to pull the pipe strap tight. Allow one pipe strap per foot of pipe (3.3 pipe straps per meter of pipe).</li> <li>Table 1 Available Pipe Straps</li> </ul>						
[								
		Order Reference	Pipe Diameter	Package Quantity				
		PB 125	To 1¼"	50 pc				
		PB 300	1½" to 3"	35 pc				
		PB 600	3½" to 6"	25 pc				
		PB 1000	6" to 10"	1 pc				
		PB 1200	To 12"	1 pc				
		PB 2400	To 24"	1 pc				
		PB 3600	To 36"	1 pc				
Tie wire	051CUPRON	16 AWG tie wire for fastening Alloy 825 MI heating cables on pipes. Do not use with copper-sheathed MI heating cables; use PB pipe straps. Particularly good for irregular shaped objects like valves and pumps. Order quantity as required (in ft) as per Table 2.						
RMI-TW	559600-000			pes. Especially suitable for flanges. Supplied in 50 m reels.				

#### Table 2 Allowance for Banding / Tie Wire on Pipes

			1					1		1	1	1	1			
Pipe Size (Inches)	1	1.5	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	30	36	48
Required length (ft) per ft of pipe	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.8	3.5	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.5	7.9	9.8	11.8	15.7
Required length (m) per m of pipe	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.6	2.1	2.8	3.5	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.5	7.9	9.8	11.8	15.7

Stainless-steel prepunched strapping band	107826-000	HARD-SPACER-SS-25MM-25M stainless steel prepunched strapping to hold MI heating cable in place. Supplied in 82 ft (25.0 m) rolls. Use on large pipes to simplify installation of multiple heating cables. For quantities, see Table 2 (installation every 1 ft = 0.328 m).
HWA-METAL- MESH-SS-50MM-10M	1244-005772	Stainless steel mesh to hold heating cables on valves, pumps or other odd shaped surfaces. This mesh provides optimum contact and heat transfer between heating cables and heated equipment and can be used for exposure temperatures up to 400°C (752°F). 10 m per roll. 50 mm width. Weight: 0.36 kg.

Product	Order Reference	Description	Self-Regulating Heating Cables
Banding	BAND100FT	Stainless steel banding used to strap MI cables to pipes Ideal for large OD pipes 100 ft roll x ½" wide x 0.020" thick (30 m x 12.5 mm wide x 0.5 mm thick) Use with BANDCLIP100 banding clips ordered separately	bles Cables
Clips	BANDCLIP100	Stainless steel clips used with stainless steel banding 100 clips per package Use with BAND100FT ordered separately	ng Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
Tensioner	Т34Р	Ratchet-type tensioning tool tightens stainless-steel banding used to support MI Cables.	
Crimper	S12P	Crimping tool used to crimp clip onto stainless-steel banding.	Longline Heating
			RTB Tu Bund

#### ADDITIONAL ACCESSORIES AND COMPONENTS

#### Attachment materials

Product	Order Reference	Description	Ŧ
Electric traced label	ETL - English ETL - French	Attach the label to the outside of the thermal insulation weather barrier to indicate presence of electrical heat tracing. Use one label for every 10 feet (3 m) of pipe, alternating on either side of the pipe. Also install at equipment requiring periodic maintenance (control valves, pumps, instruments, etc.).	Heating
Temperature controls		For a complete selection of control and monitoring products, including line- sensing thermostats, see Control and Monitoring.	and De-Icing
			Monitoring
			Panels
			_

Tank

Snow Melting

ppendix



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Automated heat-tracing design software for pipes and vessels

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

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Download TraceCalc Pro from nVent.com/RAYCHEM

With nVent RAYCHEM TraceCalc<sup>®</sup> Pro software, nVent provides you with an unprecedented design tool that lets you select heat-tracing products from a world-class brand giving you an optimal heat-tracing solution.

TraceCalc Pro design software brings you the latest advances in automated heat-tracing design capabilities. It sets new standards in the features you need for simple or sophisticated designs. With its intuitive user-friendly interface, you can create a heat-tracing design quickly and accurately.

TraceCalc Pro includes a wide variety of heating cable technologies and provides:

- Design calculations, such as pipe and vessel heat loss, number of circuits, electrical loads and maximum temperatures
- Automated heating cable and connection kit selection
- · Recommendations for control and monitoring systems
- Easy-to-use standard reports

The software is designed for all levels of users. The novice user can quickly obtain a design through default settings and auto-select features. Advanced users can customize default settings for full design capability, while the expert user will enjoy the ability to set project defaults, and export saved projects to remote users.

TraceCalc Pro provides a common platform for users in different countries to share data in the language of their preference: English, French and German with worldwide codes and design practices supported.

ssign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

SPECIFICATIONS		Self-Regulating Heating Cables
System requirements	To install and run the software, you will need:	ing les
	Microsoft Windows 7 to 11, windows server 2012 to 2022	ס
	Web browser such as Microsoft Edge, Google Chrome or Mozilla Firefox	Power-Limiting Cables
	Adobe Acrobat Reader	-Limi ables
	Internet access	ting
	At least 50 MB of free hard disk space	
	Recommended: 500 MHZ, 2 GB RAM	∕liner Heat
	A mouse or other pointing device	al In: ing (
	SVGA display with 800 x 600 resolution minimum	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
Registration	TraceCalc Pro will allow for complete pipe tracing designs for a period of 30-days from installation. After this period, or for vessel design capability, you must register the software. For more information on how to register, visit our web site at nVent.com.	
eatures	Intuitive, easy-to-navigate, user-friendly interface	Longline Heating
	<ul> <li>Allows for design of both pipe and vessel tracing systems</li> </ul>	ne
	<ul> <li>Supports designs for pipes and/or vessels using self-regulating, power-limiting, and series cables</li> </ul>	
	Also supports 3-phase series cable designs	RTB T Bun
	Create complex piping circuits with drag-and-drop piping segments	RTB Tubing Bundles
	<ul> <li>Accommodates multiple pipe sections each with different design parameters on a single circuit</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Up to three different valve and support types on a single line</li> </ul>	Ŧ
	<ul> <li>Nonstandard, oversized insulation design capability</li> </ul>	Tank Heating
	<ul> <li>Supports worldwide codes and design practices</li> </ul>	ng
	Unlimited number of lines per project	
	Enhanced reporting capability	a Sr
	<ul> <li>Designs comply with area classification requirements</li> </ul>	Snow Melting and De-Icing
	<ul> <li>User-specified T-rating and autoignition temperatures</li> </ul>	Meltir e-Icin
	<ul> <li>Supports all control and monitoring capabilities: uncontrolled, ambient-sensing, PASC (proportional ambient sensing control), and line sensing</li> </ul>	Du Du
	<ul> <li>Agency-approved maximum sheath temperature calculation, including control- limited designs</li> </ul>	Control and Monitoring
	User-selectable stabilized design capability	l and pring
	<ul> <li>Automatically and continuously displays calculated design results</li> </ul>	
	Users can register online to be notified of new releases and special updates	
	Export functions simplify the exchange of data to other applications	Heat Pa
	English, French and German user interface and help text	Heat-Trace Panels

# ELEXANT 4010i



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Technical Data Sheets Content

sign Guides Content

### Single-point heat-tracing controller

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



Elexant 4010i-SSR-FW

#### Control

The nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i is a compact, fullfeatured, touch screen based, single-point heat-tracing controller. It provides control and monitoring of Electric Heat Tracing (EHT) circuits for both freeze protection and process temperature maintenance. This controller can monitor and alarm on high and low temperature, high and low current, ground-fault levels, voltage, and supports a host of additional features to offer the utmost in control and monitoring of EHT.

The Elexant 4010i controller is available in two output types: an electromechanical relay (EMR) for use in nonhazardous locations, and a solid-state relay (SSR) for use in nonhazardous and Class I Div. 2 / Zone 2 hazardous locations. The controller is protected by a Fiber reinforced plastic or Stainless steel enclosure, both with front window (-FW or -SW). Multiple communication ports allow flexible connectivity for remote monitoring, configuration, and ease of integration with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software or a Distributed Control System (DCS).

The Elexant 4010i measures temperatures of up to three directly- connected temperature sensors. The controller also supports 4-20mA inputs, allowing the use of external temperature sensor converters with thermocouples or other sensor types. The Elexant 4010i also features line sensing, ambient sensing, Proportional Ambient Sensing Control (PASC), and power limiting modes.

#### Monitoring

A complete set of parameters are measured, including ground fault, temperature, current and voltage to ensure system integrity. The controller can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a heat-tracing problem eliminating costly manual maintenance checks.

A programmable dry contact alarm relay is provided for local or remote alarm annunciation.

#### **Ground-Fault Protection**

National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heat-tracing circuits. The Elexant 4010i controllers incorporate ground-fault sensing with alarm, and trip functionality. Internal self-tests are automated, eliminating the need for manual testing. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with Elexant 4010i controllers do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, simplifying installation and reducing costs.

#### Installation

The Elexant 4010i comes ready to install, eliminating the need for custom panel design or field assembly. The NEMA 4X/ IP6x-rated FRP or stainless steel enclosures are approved for use in both indoor and outdoor locations. Wiring is as simple as connecting the incoming and outgoing power wiring (up to 277 Vac) and temperature sensors as needed for the application.

The Elexant 4010i provides an intuitive user interface that makes it easy to use and program. No additional programming devices are needed. Alarm conditions and programming settings are easy to read and interpret on the color touch screen. Settings are stored in non-volatile memory in the event of a power failure.

#### Communication

Elexant 4010i units come equipped with RS485 and Ethernet ports and can be readily connected to a distributed control system (DCS). The units support both the Modbus RTU and Modbus/TCP protocols. The controller may be networked to a host PC running Windows-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation.

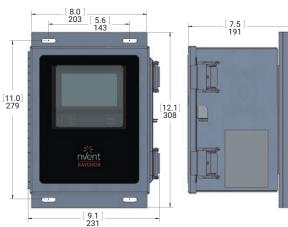
#### GENERAL

Area of Use	Nonhazardous locations (EMR versions) Nonhazardous and Class I, Division 2/Zone 2 hazardous locations (SSR versions)
Approvals	Hazardous locations Nonhazardous locations
	Class I, Division 2, Group A,B,C,D T4 Type 4X Class I, Zone 2, AEx nA nC [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc E4405419 Proc. Cont. Eq. Up64 (FW) IP66 (SW) E49881 Proc. Cont. Eq. Cass I, Zone 2, AEx nA nC [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc IP64 (FW) IP66 (SW) E498881 Proc. Cont. Eq.
	I.S Temperature Sensor Inputs (Optional)         Um = 305 VAC           Associated Apparatus         Uo = 5.4 V         Ca = 65 uF           Entity Parameters         Io = 0.083 A         La = 2 mH           IECEX UL 18.0098X         DEMKO 18 ATEX 2091 X         UL21UKEX2316X           UL21UKEX2316X         II3 (1)G Ex ec nC [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc         IP64 (FW) IP66 (SW)
Electromagnetic Compatibility	IEC 61326-1:2012 / EN 61326-1:2013
Supply voltage	100 Vac to 277 Vac, +/-10%, 50-60 Hz
Internal power consumption	< 24 W
ENVIRONMENTAL	
Protection	Type 4X, IP64 (FRP enclosure) Type 4X, IP66 (stainless steel enclosure)
Materials	Fiber-Reinforced Plastic (FRP) or stainless steel (SS304)
Ambient operating temperature	-40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F)
Ambient storage temperature	−55°C to 85°C (−67°F to 185°F)
Relative humidity	0% to 90%, noncondensing
Environment	PD2, CAT III
Max altitude	2,000 m (6,562 ft)
CONTROL	
Relay Type	Double-pole, mechanical (EMR versions) Double-pole, solid-state (SSR versions)
Voltage, maximum	277 Vac nominal, 50/60 Hz
Current, maximum	32 A @ 40°C, de-rated to 24 A @ 50°C and further de-rated to 16 A @ 60°C(EMR) 32 A @ 40°C, de-rated to 24 A @ 50°C and further de-rated to 16 A @ 60°C(SSR)
Control algorithms	EMR: On/Off, PASC, always on, always off SSR: On/Off, proportional, PASC, always on, always off
Control Range	-200°C to 700°C (-328°F to 1292°F)

#### **TYPICAL ENCLOSURE DIMENSIONS ([INCHES] MM)**



### Elexant 4010i-SSR-SW



Elexant 4010i-SSR-FW



1 to 750 hours



FRP enclosure with EMR (EMR-FW)	Surface mounting with four h Hole diameter: 0.3 in (8 mm)	oles on 6.0 in x 10.9 in (152 mm x 278 mm) centers
FRP enclosure with SSR (SSR-FW)	Surface mounting with four h Hole diameter: 0.3 in (8 mm)	oles on 5.6 in x 11.0 in (143 mm x 279 mm) centers
SS enclosure with EMR (EMR-SW)	Surface mounting with four h Hole diameter: 0.3 in (8 mm)	oles on 6.0 in x 11.0 in (152 mm x 279 mm) centers
SS enclosure with SSR (SSR-SW)	Surface mounting with four h Hole diameter: 0.3 in (8 mm)	oles on 5.6 in x 11.0 in (143 mm x 279 mm) centers
MONITORING		
Temperature	Low alarm range High alarm range	−200°C to 700°C (−328°F to 1292°F) or OFF −200°C to 700°C (−328°F to 1292°F) or OFF
Ground fault	Alarm range Trip range	10 mA to 500 mA or OFF 10 mA to 500 mA or OFF
Current	Low alarm range High alarm range Power limit range	0.1 A to 100 A or OFF 0.1 A to 100 A or OFF 8 W to 30 kW
Voltage	Low alarm range High alarm range	80 Vac to 300 Vac or OFF 80 Vac to 300 Vac or OFF
Resistance	Low resistance range High resistance range	1% to 100% of deviation from nominal 1% to 250% of deviation from nominal

Diagnostic test interval

#### MOUNTING

Autocycle

Self-Reg Heating gulating Cables

Quantity	Each can be individually set to one of the types below.
	Lach can be individually set to one of the types below.
Types	
100 Ω platinum RTD	3-wire, α=0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C –200°C to 700°C (–328°F to 1292°F), ± 1°C Can be extended with a 3-conductor shielded cable of 20 Ω maximum per conductor
100 Ω nickel iron RTD	2-wire, α=0.00599 ohms/ohm/°C −73°C to 350°C (−99°F to 662°F), ± 1°C Can be extended with a 2-conductor shielded cable of 20 Ω maximum per conductor
100 Ω nickel RTD	2-wire, α=0.00618 ohms/ohm/°C –70°C to 250°C (–94°F to 482°F), ± 1°C Can be extended with a 2-conductor shielded cable of 20 Ω maximum per conductor
Thermocouple	Requires external 4-20 mA converter 4-20 mA current loop, ±0.05 mA, 24 Vdc loop power
Intrinsic Safety Barriers included on RTD I	nputs when using IS models.
RTD Intrinsic Safety Associated Annarati	us Entity Parameters

#### **RTD Intrinsic Safety Associated Apparatus Entity Parameters**

3

**TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUTS** 

Quantity

Uo (Maximum Output Voltage): 5.4 V	La (Maximum External Inductance): 2 mH	Bun
lo (Maximum Output Current): 0.083 A	Ca (Maximum External Capacitance): 65 uF	Bundles
Po (Maximum Output Power): 0.449 W		

**Note:** RTD Intrinsic Safety is required when RTD wiring passes through Zone 0 classified area. These intrinsic safety barriers prevent excess energy from possible faults on the safe side from reaching the hazardous area.

DIGITAL INPUTS		
Quantity	Two multi-purpose inputs for connection to external dry (voltage free) contact or DC voltage	
	May be configured for Hand-Off-Auto (HOA) operation	
Rating	100 $\Omega$ max loop resistance or 5-24 Vdc @ 1 mA maximum	
OUTPUTS		
Alarm Relay	Form-C dry contact: 100 VAC to 277 VAC, 3A , 50/60 Hz	
Auxiliary Output	24 Vdc, max load of 250 mA @ 40°C, de-rated to 165 mA @ 60°C	
CONFIGURATION		
Method	Touch screen display	
Units	°F or °C	
Idle display	Sensor temperature, control temperature, heater current, voltage, power, alarm status	
LEDs	Status, heater on, alarm conditions, receive / transmit data	
Memory	Nonvolatile, restored after power loss, checksum data checking	
Stored usage parameters	Minimum and maximum process temperature, maximum ground-fault current, minimum and maximum voltage, maximum heater current, power accumulator, contactor cycle count, total time in use, heater on time	İ
Alarm conditions	Low / high temperature, low / high current, low / high voltage, low / high resistance, ground-fault alarm / trip, RTD failure, loss of programmed values, EMR or SSR failure, equipment protection trip, attached device alarm, contactor lifetime exceeded	
Alarm Modes	Normal (solid on), flash (on & off), toggle (re-ring new alarms)	
Control Algorithms	EMR: On/Off, PASC, always on, always off SSR: On/Off, proportional, PASC, always on, always off	
Equipment Protection	Ground fault trip, low / high temperature limit, Soft-Start features, (heat trace output limiting, SSR overcurrent protection, circuit breaker nuisance trip prevention)	
Load Shedding	Up to 8 zones, with temperature failsafe and communication timeout (requires nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor)	
Profiles	Built-in default setting profiles for common heat trace applications Up to two additional user configurations can be saved and reloaded. Saved configurations can be saved to, and loaded from, a USB thumb drive	

Network	Automatic network configuration with DHCP, or static IP configuration	
Firmware Updates	User updateable using a USB thumb drive	
Multi-language Interface	English, French, German, Spanish, Russian	
Other	Password protection, text tags / identifiers for controller and temperature sensors	
CONNECTION TERMINALS		
Power supply input	Screw terminals, 24 – 5 AWG (0.2 – 16.8 mm²)	
Heating cable output	Screw terminals, 24 – 5 AWG (0.2 – 16.8 mm²)	
Torque range for screw terminals	1.2 – 1.5 Nm	
Ground (Earth)	Three box lugs, 14 – 2 AWG (2.0 – 33.6 mm²)	
Sensor / Other terminals	Cage clamp terminals, 28 – 12 AWG (0.08 – 3.3 mm²)	
COMMUNICATIONS		
RS-485		
Туре	2-wire RS-485	
Cable	One shielded twisted pair	
Length	1,200 m (4,000 ft.) maximum	
Quantity	Up to 247 devices per port	
Data Rate	9600, 19.2k, 38.4k, 57.6k baud	
Parity	None, even, odd	
Stop bits	0, 1, 2	
Tx delay	0 – 5 seconds	
Protocol	Modbus RTU	
Ethernet		
Туре	10/100 Base-T	
Length	100 m (328 ft) max	
Data rates	10 or 100 MB/s	
Protocol	Modbus/TCP, DHCP	

Shielded 8-pin RJ-45

Connection terminals

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Catalog number	Part number	Weight (kg/lbs)
<b>nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller</b> in an 8 in x 10 in <b>FRP</b> enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A EMR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole electromechanical relay.	10380-001	4010i-EMR-FW	4.6/10.2
(Approved for nonhazardous locations only)			
<b>nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller</b> in an 8 in x 10 in <b>stainless steel</b> enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A EMR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole electromechanical relay. (Approved for nonhazardous locations only)	10380-003	4010i-EMR-SW	6.6/14.6
nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller in an 8 in x 10 in	10290.005		4.6/10.2
<b>FRP</b> enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A EMR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole electromechanical relay. Includes <b>intrinsically safe</b> barriers on RTD inputs.	10380-005	4010i-EMR-IS-FW	4.6/10.2
(Approved for nonhazardous locations only. RTDs may be placed in Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2, Div. 1/Zone 1 locations. RTD Intrinsic Safety is required when RTD wiring passes through Zone 0 classified area.)			
<b>nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller</b> in an 8 in x 10 in <b>stainless steel</b> enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A EMR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole electromechanical relay. Includes <b>intrinsically safe</b> barriers on RTD inputs.	10380-007	4010i-EMR-IS-SW	6.6/14.6
(Approved for nonhazardous locations only. RTDs may be placed in Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2, Div. 1/Zone 1 locations. RTD Intrinsic Safety is required when RTD wiring passes through Zone 0 classified area.)			
<b>nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller</b> in an 8 in x 10 in <b>FRP</b> enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A 277 V SSR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole solid-state relay.	10380-002	4010i-SSR-FW	6.6/14.6
(Approved for Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2 locations)			
<b>nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller</b> in an 8 in x 10 in <b>stainless steel</b> enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A 277 V SSR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole solid-state relay. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2 locations)	10380-004	4010i-SSR-SW	8.6/19.0
nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller in an 8 in x 10 in FRP	10380-006	4010i-SSR-IS-FW	6.6/14.6
enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A 277 V SSR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole solid-state relay. Includes <b>intrinsically safe</b> barriers on RTD inputs.	10380-000	40101-558-15-770	0.0/14.0
(Approved for Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2, RTDs may be placed in Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2, Div. 1/Zone 1 locations. RTD Intrinsic Safety is required when RTD wiring passes through Zone 0 classified area.)			
<b>nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller</b> in an 8 in x 10 in <b>stainless steel</b> enclosure with window. 2-pole 32 A 277 V SSR. Controls a single circuit with a 2-pole solid-state relay. Includes <b>intrinsically safe</b> barriers on RTD inputs.	10380-008	4010i-SSR-IS-SW	8.6/19.0
(Approved for Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2, RTDs may be placed in Class I, Div. 2/Zone 2, Div. 1/Zone 1 locations. RTD Intrinsic Safety is required when RTD wiring passes through Zone 0 classified area.)			
RTD Sensors			
100-ohm platinum RTD with 10 foot stainless steel corrugated sheath	RTD10CS	RTD10CS	0.5/1.0
RTD, ambient, cable style	RTD-200	254741	0.05/0.1
C1D1 RTD, –100°F to 900°F, pipe mounted	RTD7AL	RTD7AL	0.9/2.0
RTD, –100°F to 900°F, pipe mounted	RTD4AL	RTD4AL	0.6/1.2
nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Software	Available for down	nload at www.nVent	com

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

RAYCHEM-DS-H60447-Elexant4010i-EN-2303

sign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

# ELEXANT 4020i



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Single-point heat-tracing control module

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



Elexant 4020i-Mod-3P-IS

Control

The nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4020i is a compact, full-featured, touch screen based, single-point heat-tracing controller. It provides control and monitoring of Electric Heat-Tracing (EHT) circuits for both freeze protection and process temperature maintenance. This controller can monitor and alarm on high and low temperature, high and low current, ground-fault levels, voltage, and supports a host of additional features to offer the utmost in control and monitoring of EHT.

The Elexant 4020i controller provides three output types: a line powered relay for driving contactors in nonhazardous locations; a DC output for driving solid-state relays (SSRs) in nonhazardous and Class I Div. 2 / Zone 2 hazardous locations; and a 0-10 V analog output for driving variable output power modules. Multiple communication ports allow flexible connectivity for remote monitoring, configuration, and ease of integration with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software or a Distributed Control System (DCS).

The Elexant 4020i measures temperatures for up to three directly-connected temperature sensors. The controller also supports 4-20 mA inputs, allowing the use of external temperature sensor converters with thermocouples or other sensor types. The Elexant 4020i also features line sensing, ambient sensing, Proportional Ambient Sensing Control (PASC), and power limiting modes.

#### Monitoring

A complete set of parameters are measured, including ground fault, temperature, current, and voltage to ensure system integrity. The system can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a heat-tracing problem eliminating costly manual maintenance checks.

A programmable dry contact alarm relay is provided for local or remote alarm annunciation. No safety limiter offered for NA currently.

#### **Ground-Fault Protection**

National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heat-tracing circuits. The Elexant 4020i control modules incorporate ground-fault sensing with alarm and trip functionality. Internal self-tests are automated, eliminating the need for manual testing. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with Elexant 4020i controllers do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, simplifying installation and reducing costs.

#### Installation

The Elexant 4020i comes ready to install into an enclosure appropriate for the intended environment. The modules are available in standard multi-circuit panels suitable for indoor or outdoor locations, and custom configurations are available to provide the most flexible solution. Installing is as simple as connecting the incoming and outgoing power wiring and temperature sensors as needed for the application.

The Elexant 4020i provides is an intuitive user interface that makes it easy to use and program. No additional programming devices are needed. Alarm conditions and programming settings are easy to read and interpret on the color touch screen. Settings are stored in non-volatile memory in the event of a power failure.

#### Communication

Elexant 4020i units come equipped with RS485 and Ethernet ports and can be readily connected to a distributed control system (DCS). The units support both the Modbus RTU and ModBus/TCP protocols. The controller may be networked to a host PC running Windows-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation.

#### **GENERAL**

Area of Use	Nonhazardous locations (when using EMR contactors) Nonhazardous and Class I, Division 2/Zone 2 hazardous locations (SSR or purged panel versions)	
Approvals	Hazardous locations	
	Class I, Division 2, Group A,B,C,D T4 Type 4X Class I, Zone 2, AEx nA nC [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc Ex ec nC [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc Exe na Class I, Zone 2, AEx nA nC [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc Exe cn C [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc IECEX UL 18 .0098X DEMKO 18 ATEX 2091 X UL21UKEX2316X II 3 (1)G Ex ec nC [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc	
	I.S Temperature Sensor Inputs (Optional)Um = 305VACAssociated ApparatusUo = 5.4VCa = 65uFEntity ParametersIo = 0.083ALa = 2mH	
Electromagnetic Compatibility	IEC 61326-1:2012 / EN 61326-1:2013	
Supply voltage	100 Vac to 277 Vac, +/-10%, 50-60 Hz	
Internal power consumption	< 24W per 4020i module	
ENVIRONMENTAL		
Ambient operating temperature	-40°C to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F)	
Ambient storage temperature	-55°C to 85°C (-67°F to 185°F)	
Relative humidity	0% to 90%, noncondensing	
Environment	PD2, CAT III	
Max altitude	2,000 m (6,562 ft)	

Elexant 4020i control modules are packaged in DIN rail mount housings for installation onto symmetric 35 mm DIN rails into enclosures suitable for the intended environment.

CONTROL & LOAD		 nitoring
Load Voltage, maximum	690 Vac, 50/60 Hz	ρι
Load Current, maximum	63 A continuous (limited by the rating of the output device)	
Control algorithms	EMR: On/Off, PASC, always on, always off	Ψ
	SSR: On/Off, proportional, PASC, always on, always off	Panels
Control Range	-200°C to 700°C (-328°F to 1292°F)	

#### **TYPICAL ENCLOSURE DIMENSIONS**

#### Elexant 4020i-Mod shown



Front View



Side View





Bottom View

Rear View

<u>Appendixes</u>

#### **MOUNTING ([INCHES] MM)**

#### Without IS Barrier

A

Panel mounting on 35 mm DIN rails

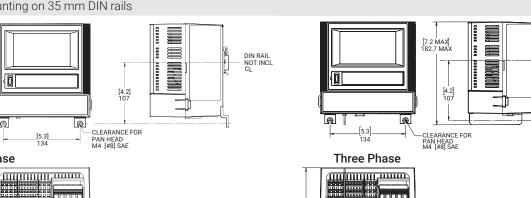
[5.3] 134

[6.9 MAX] 175.3 MAX

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[5.4 MAX] 137.8 MAX

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With IS Barrier

## Single Phase



Design Guides Content

MONITORING		
Temperature	Low alarm range High alarm range	−200°C to 700°C (−328°F to 1292°F) or OFF −200°C to 700°C (−328°F to 1292°F) or OFF
Ground fault	Alarm range Trip range	10 mA to 500 mA or OFF 10 mA to 500 mA or OFF
Current	Low alarm range High alarm range Power limit range	0.1 A to 100 A or OFF 0.1 A to 100 A or OFF 8 W to 30 kW
Voltage	Low alarm range High alarm range	80 Vac to 300 Vac or OFF 80 Vac to 300 Vac or OFF
Resistance	Low resistance range High resistance range	1% to 100% of deviation from nominal 1% to 250% of deviation from nominal
Autocycle	Diagnostic test interval	1 to 750 hours

#### **TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUTS**

Standard	
Quantity	3 Each can be individually set to one of the types below.
Types	
100Ω platinum RTD	3-wire, α=0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C –200°C to 700°C (–328°F to 1292°F), ± 1°C Can be extended with a 3-conductor shielded cable of 20Ω maximum per conductor
100Ω nickel iron RTD	2-wire, α=0.00599 ohms/ohm/°C –73°C to 350°C (–99°F to 662°F), ± 1°C Can be extended with a 2-conductor shielded cable of 20Ω maximum per conductor
100Ω nickel RTD	2-wire, $\alpha$ =0.00618 ohms/ohm/°C -70°C to 250°C (-94°F to 482°F), ± 1°C Can be extended with a 2-conductor shielded cable of 20Ω maximum per conductor
Thermocouple	Requires external 4-20 mA converter 4-20 mA current loop, ±0.05 mA, 24 Vdc loop power

[7.1 MAX] 180.9 MAX

[5.4 MAX] 137.8 MAX

DIN RAIL NOT INCL.

Intrinsic Safety Barriers included on RTD Inputs when using IS models.

#### **RTD Intrinsic Safety Associated Apparatus Entity Parameters**

Uo (Maximum Output Voltage): 5.4V	La (Maximum External Inductance): 2mH
lo (Maximum Output Current): 0.083A	Ca (Maximum External Capacitance): 65uF
Po (Maximum Output Power): 0.449W	

#### **DIGITAL INPUTS**

KTD Intrinsic Salety Associated Apparatus Ent	
Uo (Maximum Output Voltage): 5.4V	e): 2mH г
lo (Maximum Output Current): 0.083A	nce): 65uF ន្ទ្រីទុ
Po (Maximum Output Power): 0.449W	e): 2mH Power-Limiting
DIGITAL INPUTS	
Quantity Two mu	n to external dry (voltage free) contact or OA) operation
DC volta	ing C
	OA) operation
Rating 100 Ω m	្វី 1 mA maximum ្វី ខ្មី
OUTPUTS	
Control Relay Form-A	100 Vac to 277 Vac, 3 A, 50/60 Hz
DC (SSR) Control Output 12 Vdc @	ng
Analog (Linear Phase Control) 0-10 Vdd	
Alarm Relay Form-C	100 Vac to 277 Vac, 3 A, 50/60 Hz
Auxiliary Output 24 Vdc,	-rated to 165 mA @ 60°C
CONFIGURATION	-rated to 165 mA @ 60°C
Method Touch s	
Units °F or °C	
Idle display Sensor t	e, heater current, voltage, power, alarm status
LEDs Status, ł	ive / transmit data
Memory Nonvola	necksum data checking
	rature, maximum ground-fault current, num heater current, power accumulator, neater on time nt low / high voltage low / high resistance
contacto	neater on time
ground-	s of programmed values, EMR or SSR failure,
	e (re-ring new alarms)
Control Algorithms EMR: Or	ff
-	on, always off
Equipment Protection Ground	limit, Soft-Start features: (heat-trace output uit breaker nuisance trip prevention) and communication timeout
Load Shedding Up to 8 3 (requires	and communication timeout
Up to tw	ion heat trace applications can be saved and reloaded. Saved led from, a USB thumb drive
Network Automa	HCP, or static IP configuration
Firmware Updates User upd	e line
Multi-language Interface English,	
Other Passwo	ers for controller and temperature sensors

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

#### **CONNECTION TERMINALS**

#### COMMUNICATIONS

#### **RS-485**

KS-480	
Туре	2-wire RS-485
Cable	One shielded twisted pair
Length	1,200 m (4,000 ft) maximum
Quantity	Up to 247 devices per port
Data Rate	9600, 19.2k, 38.4k, 57.6k baud
Parity	None, even, odd
Stop bits	0, 1, 2
Tx delay	0 – 5 seconds
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Ethernet	
Туре	10/100 BaseT
Length	100 m (328 ft) maximum
Data rates	10 or 100 MB/s
Protocol	Modbus/TCP, DHCP
Connection terminals	Shielded 8-pin RJ-45

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Description	Catalog number	Part number	Weight (kg/lbs.)
Elexant 4020i control module. Single Phase loads. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2 / Zone 2 locations)	10380-020	4020i-Mod	1.2/2.6
<b>Elexant 4020i controller module</b> with <b>intrinsically safe</b> barriers on RTD inputs. Single Phase loads. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2 / Zone 2 locations, RTDs may be placed in Zone 1/Div. 1 locations)	10380-021	4020i-Mod-IS	1.3/2.9
<b>Elexant 4020i controller module</b> with <b>intrinsically safe</b> barriers on RTD inputs. Three Phase loads. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2 / Zone 2 locations, RTDs may be placed in Zone 1/Div. 1 locations)	10380-024	4020i-Mod-3P-IS	1.3/2.9
RTD Sensors			
100-ohm platinum RTD with 10 foot stainless steel corrugated sheath	RTD10CS	RTD10CS	0.5/1.1
RTD, ambient, cable style	RTD-200	254741	0.05/0.1
C1D1 RTD, – 100°F to 900°F, pipe mounted	RTD7AL	RTD7AL	0.9/2.0
RTD, – 100°F to 900°F, pipe mounted	RTD4AL	RTD4AL	0.6/1.2
nVent RAYCHEM – Supervisor Software	Available for dov	vnload at www.nV	ent.com

RAYCHEM

# lineral Insulated Heating Cables

# ppendixe

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

The nVent RAYCHEM 920 is a compact, full-featured,

microprocessor-based, dual-point heat-tracing control system. The 920 provides control and monitoring of two independent electrical heat-tracing circuits for both freeze protection and temperature maintenance, and can be set to monitor and alarm for high and low temperature, high and low current, ground-fault level, and voltage on each of its control points. The nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller is

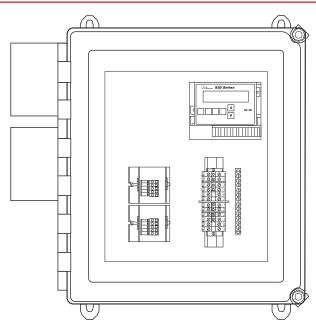
available with two output types: an electromechanical relay (EMR) for use in nonhazardous locations and a solid-state relay (SSR) for use in nonhazardous and Class I Div. 2/ Zone 2 hazardous locations. Communications modules are available for remote control and configuration, complete with

nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software capability.

### Dual-point heat-tracing control system

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

920 Series



920\*E4FWL\*SIS302\*SS3102 shown

#### Control

The nVent RAYCHEM 920 measures temperatures with 3-wire 100-ohm platinum RTDs connected directly to the unit. Up to two RTDs are supported for each of the two control points. The controller may be used in line-sensing, ambient-sensing, proportional ambient-sensing, and power-limiting modes.

#### Monitoring

A variety of parameters are measured, including ground fault, temperature, and current to ensure system integrity. The system can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a heat-tracing problem.

A dry contact relay is provided for alarm annunciation back to a distributed control system (DCS).

#### Ground-fault protection

National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heat-tracing circuits. The nVent RAYCHEM 920 controllers incorporate the ground-fault sensing, alarm, and trip functionality internally. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with nVent RAYCHEM 920 controllers do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, simplifying installation and reducing costs.

#### Installation

The standard nVent RAYCHEM 920 unit comes ready to install right from the box, eliminating the need for custom panel design or field assembly. Custom configurations are also available from the factory to allow the user to tailor the solution to the application.

The TYPE 4X-rated FRP or optional stainless steel enclosures are approved for use in indoor and outdoor locations. Wiring is as simple as connecting the incoming and outgoing power wiring (up to 600 Vac) and an RTD.

The nVent RAYCHEM 920 operator console includes LED displays and function keys that make it easy to use and program. No additional handheld programming devices are needed. Alarm conditions and programming settings are easy to interpret on the full-text front panel. Settings are stored in nonvolatile memory in the event of power failure.

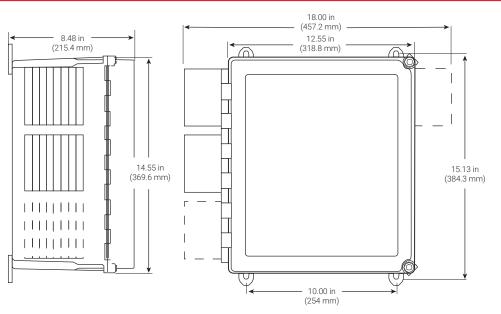
#### Communications

nVent RAYCHEM 920 units may be networked to a host PC running Windows®-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation. nVent RAYCHEM 920 units support the Modbus® protocol and may be ordered with an RS-485 communications interface.

#### GENERAL

GENERAL		
Area of use	Nonhazardous locations (EMR versions) Nonhazardous and Division 2 hazardous locations (SSR versions)	
Approvals	Nonhazardous locations (SSR and EMR versions)	Hazardous locations (SSR versions only) Example: A state of the state
Supply voltage	100 Vac to 277 Vac, +5% / −10%, 50/60 Hz Common supply for controller and heat-tracing circuit Up to 600 Vac for heat-tracing circuit when controller is powered from a separate circuit or when transformer option is included	
ENCLOSURE		
Protection	TYPE 4X	
Materials	FRP or optional stainless steel	
Ambient operating temperature range	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)	
Ambient storage temperature range	-40°F to 185°F (-40°C to 85°C)	
Relative humidity	0% to 90%, noncondensing	
CONTROL		
Relay types	3-pole, mechanical (EMR versions) 1-, 2-, or 3-pole solid-state, normally open (SSR versions)	
Voltage, maximum	277 Vac nominal, 50/60 Hz (standard), 600 Vac nominal (optional)	
Current, maximum	30 A @ 104°F (40°C) (standard) For ratings at higher ambient temperatures, contact the factory. 60 A @ 104°F (40°C) (optional)	
Control algorithms	EMR: Line sensing on/off, proportional ambient SSR: Line sensing on/off, proportional, proportional ambient, power limiting, soft start	
Control range	-76°F to 1058°F (-60°C to 570°C)	

Technical Data Sheets Content



#### 920\*E4FWL\*SIS302\*SS3102 (1 pole model) shown 920\*E4FWL\*SIS302\*SS3202 (2 pole model)

MONITORING (EACH CONTROL POIL	IT)		
Temperature	Low alarm range High alarm range	–76°F to 1058°F (–60°C to 570°C) or OFF –76°F to 1058°F (–60°C to 570°C) or OFF	
Ground fault	Alarm range Trip range	20 mA to 250 mA or OFF 20 mA to 250 mA or OFF	
Current	Low alarm range High alarm range Power limit	0.3 A to 100 A or OFF 0.3 A to 100 A or OFF 3 W to 33 kW	
Voltage	Low alarm range High alarm range	10 V to 330 V or OFF 10 V to 330 V or OFF	
Resistance	Low resistance range High resistance range	1% to 100% of deviation from nominal 1% to 250% of deviation from nominal	
Autocycle	Diagnostic test interval adjustable from 1 to 240 minutes or 1 to 240 hours		
TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUTS (EA	ACH CONTROL POINT)		
Quantity	Two inputs standard		
Туреѕ	100 Ω platinum RTD, 3-wire, α	100 Ω platinum RTD, 3-wire, α = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C	
	Can be extended with a 3-conductor shielded cable of 20 $\Omega$ maximum per conductor 100 $\Omega$ Ni-Fe RTD, 2-wire		
ALARM OUTPUTS			
Dry contact relay	Pilot duty only, 48 Vac/dc, 500 mA maximum, 10 VA maximum resistive switching		

Note: Output is configurable as "open on alarm" or "close on alarm"

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Method

Digital display

Units

LEDs

Memory

Alarm conditions

#### **PROGRAMMING AND SETTING**

(using optional operator console)

Stored parameters (measured)

Ground-fault alarm, trip RTD failure, loss of programmed values, or EMR or SSR failure
Multi-language support Password protection
Screw terminals, 22–8 AWG (30 A versions), 14–6 AWG (60 A versions)
Screw terminals, 22–8 AWG (30 A versions), 14–6 AWG (60 A versions)
14–4 AWG ground bar
28–12 AWG spring clamp terminals
Surface mounting with four fixing holes on 15.1 in x 10 in (384 mm x 254 mm) centers; Hole diameter: 0.31 in (8 mm)
Surface mounting with four fixing holes on 17.1 in x 12 in (435 mm x 305 mm) centers; Hole diameter: 0.31 in (8 mm)
Surface mounting with four fixing holes on 31.3 in x 21.9 in (795 mm x 556 mm) centers; Hole diameter: 0.40 in (10 mm)
Surface mounting with four fixing holes on 41.2 in x 30.2 in (1047 mm x 767 mm) centers; Hole diameter: 0.40 in (10 mm)
Modbus RTU or ASCI I / HTCBus
Multidrop, daisy chain
Single shielded twisted pair, 26 AWG or larger
1.7 miles (2.7 km) maximum @ 9600 baud
Up to 32 devices without repeater
Programmable

Programmable keypad or communications

(using optional operator console)

Actual temperature, control temperature, heater current, voltage, resistance,

Power on, heater(s) on, alarm conditions, receive/transmit data (standard) Current mode, heater(s) on, alarm conditions, receive/transmit data

Minimum and maximum process temperature, maximum ground-fault current, maximum heater current, power accumulator, contactor cycle count, time in use

Low/high temperature, low/high current, low/high voltage, low/high resistance

ground fault, programming parameter values, alarm values

Nonvolatile, restored after power loss, checksum data checking

°F or °C

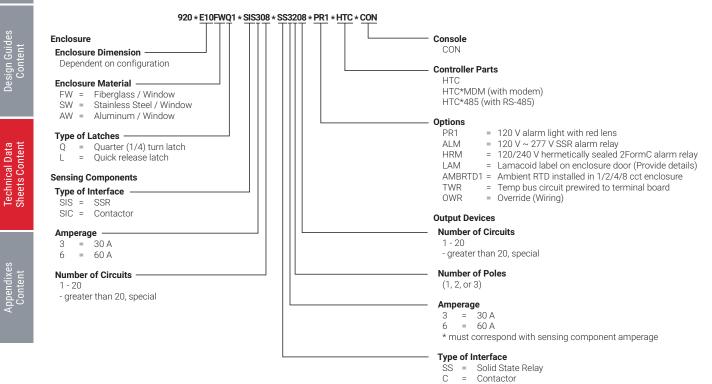
Self-Regulating Heating Cables

#### nVent RAYCHEM 920 Series Dual-point Heat-Tracing Control System

Description	Catalog number	Part number	Weight/lbs	Po
<b>nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller–2 Pt</b> in a 14" x 12" x 8" <b>FRP</b> enclosure with window and quick-release latches, control module, and operator console. 1P 30 A 277 V SSR/pt. Controls two	920*E4FWL*SIS302*SS3102*HTC*CON	10160-010	27	Power-Limiting Cables
circuits, each with a 1-pole solid-state relay. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2 locations)				Mineral Heatin
<b>nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller–2 Pt</b> in a 14" x 12" x 8" <b>FRP</b> enclosure with window and quick-release latches, control module, and operator console. Includes an isolated 2-wire	920*E4FWL*SIS302*SS3102*HTC485*CON	10160-011	27	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
RS-485 communication option. 1P 30 A 277 V SSR/pt. Controls two circuits, each with a 1-pole solid-state relay. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2 locations)				Longline Heating
nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller-2 Pt in a 14" x 12" x 8" FRP enclosure with window and quick-release latches, control module, and operator console. 2P 30 A 277 V SSR/pt. Controls two circuits, each with a 2-pole solid- state relay. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2 locations)	920*E4FWL*SIS302*SS3202*HTC*CON	10160-012	32	RTB Tubing Bundles
<b>nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller–2 Pt</b> in a 14" x 12" x 8" <b>FRP</b> enclosure with window and quick-release latches, control module, and operator console. Includes an isolated 2-wire	920*E4FWL*SIS302*SS3202*HTC485*CON	10160-013	32	Tank Heating
RS-485 communication option. 2P 30 A 277 V SSR/pt. Controls two circuits, each with a 2-pole solid-state relay. (Approved for Class I, Div. 2, locations)				Snow Melting and De-Icing
nVent RAYCHEM-Supervisor Software	Available for download at nVent.com/RAYCH	EM		
CONTROL MODULES-Requires one for every to	wo control points			
nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller–Control module only (No communications options installed)	920HTC	10260-001	1	Control and Monitoring
<b>nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller</b> -Control module with an isolated 2-wire RS-485 communication option installed	920HTC*485	10260-004	1	Heat-Trace Panels
OPERATOR CONSOLE—Requires at least one pe	er panel			Trace
nVent RAYCHEM 920 controller-Operator console	920CON	10260-005	1	
RTD Sensors				5
100-ohm platinum RTD with 10 foot stainless-steel corrugated sheath	RTD10CS	RTD10CS	1.0	Tank Insulation
RTD, ambient, cable style	RTD-200	254741	0.1	
C1D1 RTD, -100°F to 900°F, pipe mounted	RTD7AL	RTD7AL	2.0	
RTD, –100°F to 900°F, pipe mounted	RTD4AL	RTD4AL	1.2	Ste: Trac

#### nVent RAYCHEM 920 Series Dual-point Heat-Tracing Control System

920 \* Enclosure \* Sensing Components \* Output Devices \* Options \* Controller Parts \* Console



С	=	Contactor				
* m	ust	correspond	with	sensing	component	interface

SIS = SS/SSH SIC = C

Design Guides Content

Appendixes Content

RAYCHEM

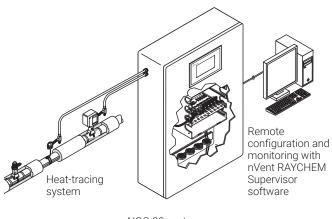
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## CONNECT AND PROTECT

## Advanced heat-tracing control system

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

**NGC-30** 



NGC-30 system

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 is a multi-circuit electronic control, monitoring and power distribution system for heat-tracing used in process-temperature maintenance and freeze-protection applications. The NGC-30 system can control up to 260 circuits and monitor up to 1040 temperature inputs with multiple networked panels. The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 Controller can accommodate temperature inputs from a remote temperature sensor multiplexor (RMM3). Each panel can control anywhere from 5 to 120 individual heat-tracing circuits and is available with power distribution as an option. The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 is available with two output types: an electromechanical relay (EMR) or a solid-state relay (SSR). Both types allow circuit switching up to 60 A at 600 Vac with single or three-phase power. Up to four Resistance Temperature Detector (RTD) inputs for each heat-tracing circuit allow for a variety of combinations of temperature control, monitoring, and alarming. Systems can be configured for nonhazardous and hazardous locations. The ability to monitor and configure the controller is available both locally and remotely with the User Interface Unit (UIT3) and the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software.

#### CONTROL

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 measures temperatures with 3-wire, 100-ohm platinum RTDs. The temperature information can be transferred to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 control panel through an RTD directly connected to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 panel, or through an optional Remote Monitoring Module (RMM3). Each RMM3 accepts up to eight RTDs. The RMM3s are typically located near the desired measurement location (RTDs). Multiple RMM3s are networked over a single twisted pair communication cable to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30, significantly reducing the cost of RTD field wiring. With EMRs and SSRs, the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 can be configured for On/Off, ambient sensing, and proportional ambient sensing modes. Additionally, with SSRs, the panel can be configured for proportional, power limiting, and soft start modes.

#### MONITORING

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 can measure up to 12 control parameters including ground-fault, temperature, and current variables to ensure system integrity. Configurable alarm settings provide options for local or remote alarms. The system can be set to periodically check for heating cable faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a pending heat-tracing problem. This helps avoid costly downtime. Dry contact relays are provided for alarm annunciation back to a Distributed Control System (DCS).

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heat-tracing circuits. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 controllers do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, simplifying installation and reducing costs.

#### LOCAL MONITORING AND CONTROL

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 system is configured with a User Interface Terminal (UIT3) that has an LCD color display with touch screen technology. This UIT3 provides an easy user interface for programming without using keyboards. The UIT3-EX is rated for ordinary and hazardous, indoor or outdoor locations and can be mounted on the panel door. An option is also available to have the User Interface Terminal not mounted on the panel door but located remotely from the panel. The remote stand-alone User Interface Terminal, NGC-UIT3-EX-R, with a NEMA 4 enclosure is available for mounting remotely in a nonhazardous, indoor or outdoor location.

#### COMMUNICATIONS

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 units can be networked to a host PC running Windows®-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor client-server software for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation. The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 can also be networked into Modbus capable systems such as Distributed Control Systems (DCS) or Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC). nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 units support the Modbus® protocol and are available with an RS-232/RS-485 or 10/100Base-T Ethernet communication interface.

#### GENERAL

GENERAL			
Area of use	nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-EMR for nonhazardous locations nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-EMR with Z purge for hazardous locations nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-SSR for hazardous locations		
Approvals	Nonhazardous Locations     Hazardous Locations (EMR purged version)     Hazardous Locations (SSR version)       Image: Strategy of the strategy of th		
Supply voltage	100 – 240 Vac, +5% / –10%, 50/60 Hz common supply for controller and heat-tracing circuit Up to 600 Vac for heat-tracing circuit when controller is powered from a separate circuit		
ENCLOSURE			
Protection/materials	NEMA 12 (indoors painted steel) NEMA 4/3R (outdoors, painted steel) NEMA 4X/3RX (outdoors, stainless steel)		
Operating temperature NGC-UIT3-EX installed	Without distribution: $-40^{\circ}$ F to $140^{\circ}$ F ( $-40^{\circ}$ C to $60^{\circ}$ C) Below $-40^{\circ}$ F ( $-40^{\circ}$ C), space heater and thermostat must be used With distribution: $14^{\circ}$ F to $140^{\circ}$ F ( $-10^{\circ}$ C to $60^{\circ}$ C) Below $14^{\circ}$ F ( $-10^{\circ}$ C), space heater and thermostat must be used Maximum ambient temperature for the panel: $+40^{\circ}$ C		
Storage temperature NGC-UIT3-EX installed	−13°F to 167°F (−25°C to 75°C) −40°F to 149°F (−40°C to 65°C)		
Relative humidity	0% to 90%, noncondensing		
CONTROL			
Heat-tracing circuits	One NGC-UIT3 can configure and monitor up to 260 heat-tracing circuits		
Relay types	3-pole, electromechanical (EMR versions) 1-, 2-, or 3-pole solid-state relays (SSR versions)		
Voltage, maximum	240 Vac nominal, 50/60 Hz (standard), up to 600 VAC nominal (optional)		
Current, maximum per circuit* *Depending on panelboard amperage rating, the maximum current may not be used on all circuits.	EMR: 30 A @ 104°F (40°C) or 60 A @ 104°F (40°C) SSR: 30 A @ 104°F (40°C) or 60 A @ 104°F (40°C)		
Control algorithms	EMR: On/Off, Ambient on/off, PASC (proportional ambient sensing control) SSR: On/Off, Ambient on/off, PASC (proportional ambient sensing control), Proportional (includes soft start for all SSR control modes)		
Control range	-99°F to 900°F (-73°C to 482°C)		
Dead band	1°F to 50°F (1°C to 50°C) (On/Off control only)		

Design Guides Content

Tomporaturo	low alarm range	-00°E to 000°E (-72°0 to 402°0) or 0EE	
Temperature	Low alarm range High alarm range	−99°F to 900°F (−73°C to 482°C) or OFF −99°F to 900°F (−73°C to 482°C) or OFF	
Ground fault	Alarm range Trip range	10 mA to 200 mA 10 mA to 200 mA or OFF	
Current	Low alarm range High alarm range	0 A to 100 A (where 0 equals OFF) 0 A to 100 A (where 0 equals OFF)	
Voltage	100 – 277 Vac supply voltage Note: Voltage monitoring cor	-	
Autocycle	Each circuit can be programr	ned from 1 to 1000 hours or OFF	
TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUTS			
Monitoring	nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 sys	tem can monitor up to 1040 (260 x 4) temperatures	
Quantity per circuit	Up to four temperature input	s can be assigned to one circuit	
Temperature sources	Hard-wired, optional RMM3 N	lodule	
Temperature inputs per control point	Standard:		
	<ul> <li>One input standard per cor Optional:</li> </ul>	trol point	
	Up to three additional RTDs	per control point connected via RMM3	
Temperature inputs per NGC-UIT3	Hard-wired:		
	• Up to 260 hard-wired temp	erature inputs, one per circuit	
	RMM3 (optional):		
	<ul> <li>Up to 128 RTD inputs via RMM3 Modules. Up to 8 RTDs per RMM3 Modul and up to 16</li> </ul>		
	RMM3 Modules per nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 controller		
Types	100 Ω platinum RTD, 3-wire, α = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C Can be extended with a 3-conductor shielded cable of 20 Ω maximum per conductor (Note: power wire and RTD wire should not be housed in the same conduit).		
ALARM OUTPUTS			
Relay Outputs	3 SPDT Form C. Rating: 3 A 100 – 277 Vac Each relay may be assigned to alarm outputs		
PROGRAMMING AND SETTING			
Method	Via NGC-UIT3-EX (User Interface Terminal)		
Units	°F or °C		
Digital display			
NGC-UIT3-EX	8.4 inch LCD color touch scre	en (17.5 cm x 13.3 cm)	
Memory	Nonvolatile, restored after po	· ·	
Stored parameters (measured)	Minimum and maximum tem	peratures, contactor cycle count, heater time in use	
Alarm conditions	Low/high temperature, low/high current, ground-fault alarm and trip, RTD failure, communications failure, relay failure, relay count, total time heater energized, contactor failure		
USER INTERFACE TERMINALS (UIT	\$)		
NGC-UIT3-EX	Area Classification: Nonhaza Usage: NEMA 4 (indoors or o	rdous (Unclassified) or Hazardous Locations utdoors)	
LANGUAGE SUPPORT			
English, Spanish, French, German, Russ	ian, Chinese, Italian, Czech, Polis	sh, Lithuanian	
CONNECTION TERMINALS			
Heating cable output	Screw terminals, 20–6 AWG	(30 A versions), 14–2 AWG (60 A versions)	
- •	14-4 AWG ground bar		
Ground	14–4 AWG ground bar		
Ground RTD / alarm / communications	14–4 AWG ground bar 28–12 AWG spring clamp ter	minals	

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

Tank Insulation

Steam Tracing

Technical Data Sheets

# DISTRIBUTION (FOR NVENT RAYCHEM NGC-30-EMR ONLY)

Load power

Circuit breaker amperage rating

120 / 208 / 240 / 277 / 347 / 480 / 600 Vac

120 Vac 208, 240, 277, 347, 480, 600 Vac 20 A, 30 A, 40 A, 50 A 20 A, 30 A, 40 A, 50 A, 60 A

# **TYPICAL NVENT RAYCHEM NGC-30 LAYOUT**

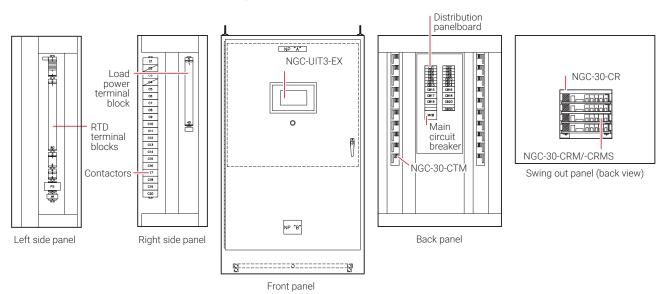
Multipoint temperature control with ground-fault/current/temperature monitoring and optional distribution.

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 is a multipoint electronic control, monitoring, and power distribution system for heat-tracing used in process temperature maintenance and freeze protection applications. The system contains nVent RAYCHEM controllers, multiple individual Electromechanical Relays (EMRs), or Solid-State Relays (SSRs) and an optional assembled circuit breaker panelboard with a main breaker.

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 provides the following alarming features per control point.

- High/low temperature
- Ground fault
- High/low current fault
- RTD failure

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 provides ground-fault monitoring and trip protection for every heat-tracing circuit and fulfills the requirements of national electrical codes.



# **EMR PANELS**

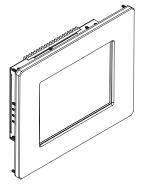
Number of Control Points	Panelboard Size	EMR Panel Size with or without Panelboard (Nominal)	
5	12 space	42"H x 36"W x 12"D	(wall mount)
5	18 space	48"H x 36"W x 12"D	(wall mount)
10	18, 20, 24 space	48"H x 36"W x 16"D	(wall mount)
10	30 space	72"H x 36"W x 16"D	(includes 12" floor stands)
15, 20, 25	30 space	72"H x 36"W x 25"D	(includes 12" floor stands)
15, 20, 25	42 space	84"H x 36"W x 25"D	(includes 12" floor stands)
25, 30	42 space	84"H x 36"W x 25"D	(includes 6" floor stands)
35, 40	42 space	90"H x 36"W x 25"D	(includes 6" floor stands)

# SSR PANELS

Number of Control Points	SSR Panel Size without Panelboard (Nominal)	
5	36"H x 30"W x 12"D	(wall mount)
10	48"H x 36"W x 16"D	(wall mount)
15, 20	72"H x 36"W x 24"D	(includes 6" floor stands)
25, 30	84"H x 36"W x 24"D	(includes 6" floor stands)
35, 40	90"H x 36"W x 24"D	(includes 6" floor stands)

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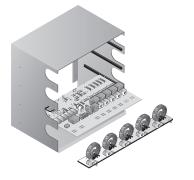
# User Interface Terminal (NGC-UIT3-EX)



The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 User Interface Terminals (NGC-UIT3-EX) are panelmounted displays for use with the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 panel. Each NGC-UIT3-EX has a 7 inch x 5¼ inch (17.5 cm x 13.3 cm) LCD color display with touch-screen technology, and provides an easy user interface for programming without using keyboards. It has RS-485, RS-232, or 10/100Base-T Ethernet communications ports that allow communication with the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software and external Distributed Control Systems. A USB interface is included for easy configuration and firmware upgrades.

The NGC-UIT3-EX is designed for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations (Class I, Division 2; Groups A,B,C,D) The NGC-UIT3-EX can be installed locally on the panel door.

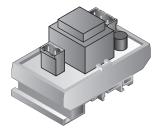
# Card Rack Modules (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CRM/-CRMS), Current Transformer Module (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CTM) and Card Rack (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CR)



The Card Rack (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CR) is mounted in a panel and it houses up to four Card Rack modules (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CRM/S). The Card Rack Modules (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CRM/S) with the associated Current Transformer Module (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CTM) provide ground fault and line current information. The Card Rack modules also provide RTD input, alarming and switching of the Electrical Mechanical (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CRM) and Solid State Relays (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CRMS) for five heat tracing circuits.

A typical panel consists of 8 Card Rack Modules wired together via a twisted pair (RS-485) cable for a total of 40 heating cable circuits. Additional panels can be connected to a single User Interface Terminal to create a heat-tracing system of up to 260 circuits.

# Voltage Monitoring Module (nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CVM) (optional)



The Voltage Monitoring Module monitors the actual voltage being used by the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CRM/-CRMS. The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30-CVM module uses one channel on one CRM/-CRMS board in a panel.

# ADDITIONAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS (ORDERED SEPARATELY)

# Remote User Interface Terminal (NGC-UIT3-ORD-R)



The Remote User Interface Terminal (NGC-UIT3-ORD-R) is a stand-alone display for use with the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 panel. The NGC-UIT3-ORD-R is mounted remotely (in a nonhazardous location). Like the NGC-UIT3-EX, it has a 7 inch x 5¼ inch (17.5 cm x 13.3 cm) LCD color display with touch-screen technology, and provides an easy user interface for programming without using keyboards. It is rated NEMA 4 (IP 65), and must be mounted in a nonhazardous indoor or outdoor location.

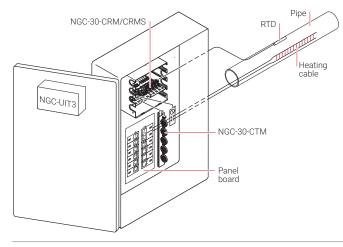
It has RS-485, RS-232, or 10/100Base-T Ethernet communications ports that allow communication with the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software and external Distributed Control Systems. A USB interface is included for easy configuration and firmware upgrades.

# Remote Monitoring Module (RMM3)



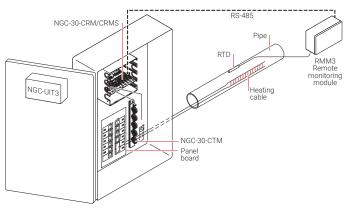
A Remote Monitoring Module (RMM3) is used to collect temperatures for control and monitoring of the heat-tracing system by the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 control panel. The RMM3 accepts up to eight RTDs that measure pipe, vessel, or ambient temperatures. Multiple RMM3s communicate with a single NGC-UIT3 to provide centralized monitoring of temperatures. A single twisted-pair RS-485 cable connects up to 16 RMM3s for a total monitoring capability of 128 temperatures. The RMM3s are placed near desired measurement locations in nonhazardous or hazardous locations.

# Individual Controls with Ground-fault Trip/Current/Temperature Monitoring



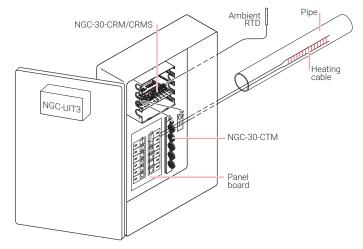
- Monitors ground-fault current and alarms/trip control contactor upon fault
- Monitors heater current and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- Monitors pipe temperature (via RTD inputs wired back to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30) and alarms upon low or high current condition

# Individual Controls with RMM3 for Ground-fault Trip/Current/Temperature Monitoring with Networked RTDs



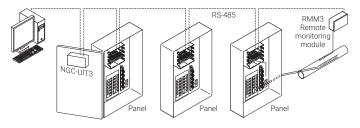
- Monitors ground-fault current and alarms/trip control contactor upon fault
- Monitors heater current and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- Monitors pipe temperature (via RTD inputs wired back to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30) and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- Using optional RMM3 (remote monitoring modules) mounted in the field, up to 128 RTD inputs can be added to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 system.
- The RMMs allow the RTD cables to be terminated locally and only a single RS-485 twisted wire pair brought back to the panel. This results in a significant reduction in field wiring.

# Individual Ambient or PASC Control with Ground-fault Trip/Current/Temperature Monitoring



- Monitors ground-fault current and alarms/trip control contactor upon fault
- Monitors heater current and alarms upon low or high current conditions

# Multi-panel Configuration with RMM3 Module



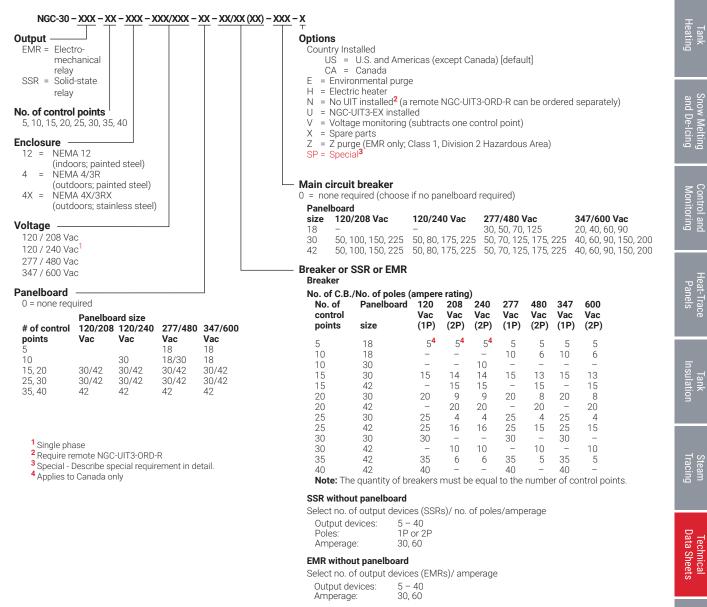
- Multiple panels can be ganged together for control using a single User Interface Terminal.
- Communications is accomplished using RS-485 wiring.
- Up to 260 heat trace circuits can be supported using this architecture.
- nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Software interfaces with the User Interface Terminal via RS-485 or 10/100BaseT Ethernet.

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Description	Catalog Number	Part Number
User Interface Terminal		
User Interface Terminal Nonhazardous (Unclassified) and Hazardous Locations; indoors or outdoors, panel mounting	NGC-UIT3-EX	10332-034
User Interface Terminal with NEMA 4 Enclosure Nonhazardous (Unclassified) Locations; indoors or outdoor, remote stand-alone mounting	NGC-UIT3-ORD-R	10332-016
nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 Modules		
Card Rack Module (for EMRs)	NGC-30-CRM	10720-001
Card Rack Module (for SSRs)	NGC-30-CRMS	10720-004
Current Transformer Module	NGC-30-CTM	10720-002
Voltage Monitoring Module	NGC-30-CVM	10720-005
nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 Auxiliary		
Remote Monitoring Module	RMM3	1244-022749
Remote Monitoring Module with NEMA 4X Enclosure	RMM3-4X	523420-001
Remote Monitoring Module 24 Vdc with NEMA 4X enclosure	RMM3-24VDC-4X	523420-002

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

#### NGC-30 - Output - No. of Control Points - Enclosure - Voltage - Panelboard - Breaker or SSR or EMR - MCB - Options



Self-Reg Heating

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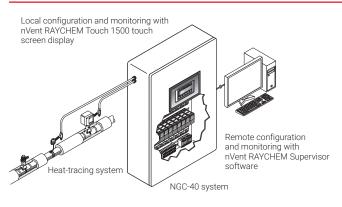
Technical Data Sheets Content



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Advanced heat-tracing control system

# PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 is a multipoint electronic control, monitoring and power distribution system with a unique single-point controller architecture for heat-tracing used in process temperature maintenance and freeze protection applications. By taking advantage of innovative modular packaging techniques, the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system provides configuration and component flexibility so that it may be optimized for a customer's specific needs.

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 uses a single controller module per heat-tracing circuit for maximum reliability. The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 control system can be powered between 100 to 240 Vac, while mechanical contactors (EMRs) or solid-state relays (SSRs) allow circuit switching up to 60 A at 600 Vac with single- or three-phase power. The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 control modules include ground-fault detection and protection and eliminate the need for external GF circuit breakers, thus reducing the overall cost of the Heat Management System. The control modules also guarantee precise single-phase and threephase line current measurements.

Up to eight (8) Resistance Temperature Detectors (RTDs) can be used for each heat-tracing circuit allowing a variety of temperature control, monitoring, and alarming configurations. The NGC-40 System accommodates RTD inputs from a variety of sources. In addition to hardwiring an RTD directly into a Heat Trace Control module, RTDs can be wired to Input/ Output modules (IO Module) within the panel or Remote Monitoring Modules (RMM2) in the field and assigned to heat tracing circuits through software. This means that a nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system can be optimized for the specific needs of an application or customer.

Each IO module accepts up to four additional RTD inputs. Each RMM2 module installed in the field can accept up to 8 RTDs. 16 RMM2 Modules can be daisy chained together via RS-485 for a total of 128 (8x16) RTDs. Since multiple RMM2's can be networked over a single cable to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40, the cost of RTD field wiring will be significantly reduced.

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system supports multiple communications ports, allowing serial interfaces (RS-485 and RS-232) and network connections (Ethernet) to be used with external devices. All communications with the NGC-40 panel are accomplished through the NGC-40-BRIDGE module which acts as the central router for the system, connecting the panel's control modules, IO modules, nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX touch screen and Remote Monitoring Modules (RMM2), as well as upstream devices such as nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor and Distributed Control System (DCS). Communications to devices external to the NGC-40 panel are done using the Modbus® protocol over Ethernet, RS-485 or RS-232.

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system provides both alarm outputs and digital inputs. The alarm output can be used to control an external annunciator. The digital input is programmable and may be used for various functions such as forcing outputs on and off or generating alarms, making the system more flexible to match each customer's specific needs.

Systems can be configured for nonhazardous and hazardous locations. The ability to monitor and configure the controller is available both locally and remotely with nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX touch screen and the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software.

# nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500 local control and monitoring

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system is configured with a user interface, nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX, that is a stateof-the-art 15-inch (381 mm) color display with touch screen technology. The nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX touch screen allows convenient user access on site to all heat-tracing circuits and provides an easy user interface for programming without using keyboards. The nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX can be installed either locally on the panel door (hazardous or nonhazardous location) or in a remote location and communicates to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 heat-tracing controllers via Ethernet or serial interface. In case of outdoor location, a window cover and a heater/cooler may be required.

The nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX can be used for configuration and monitoring of all heat-tracing circuits. The software is multilingual, offers 4 levels of integrated security and records alarms and events for maintenance purposes.

# nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software central control and monitoring

The nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software package provides a remote, graphic interface for the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40. The software allows the user to configure and monitor various NGC systems from a central location. It also provides an audible alarm tone, acknowledge and clear alarms; and contains advanced features such as data logging, trending, implement changes in batches, and other useful functions. Users can access all information from anywhere in the world, making nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor a powerful management tool for the entire Heat Management System.

# Control

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 measures temperatures with 3-wire, 100-ohm platinum RTDs, 2 or 3-wire, 100-ohm nickel iron RTDs, or 2-wire, 100-ohm nickel RTDs. The temperature information may come from a single, direct RTD hard-wired to the NGC-40 control panel, from a local NGC-40 IO module, or from a remote source such as an RMM2 module.

With EMRs the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 can be configured for the following control modes:

- On/Off EMR
- · PASC EMR
- Always On
- · Always Off

PASC= Proportional Ambient Sensing Control

With SSRs, the panel can be configured for the following control modes:

- Proportional
- On/Off SSR
- PASC SSR
- · Always On
- Always Off

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 also supports load-shedding. This mode overrides temperature control and forces the output of the control module off. The load-shedding command can be issued by Distributed Control System (DCS) or nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor.

# Monitoring

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system measures a variety of parameters including ground-fault, temperature and load current(s) to ensure system integrity. In the case of three-phase heaters, the current of each phase can be separately measured and monitored. The system can be set to periodically check the heating cable for faults, alerting maintenance personnel of a pending heat-tracing problem.

All alarms can be individually enabled or disabled depending on customer preference. They can be also separately defined as latching or non-latching by the customer to meet their needs. The latching alarms need to be reset before they disappear from the alarm list.

A dry contact relay is available for alarm annunciation back to a Distributed Control System (DCS). Alternatively, the nVent RAYCHEM NGC- 40 system can report alarm and monitoring data directly to the DCS via Modbus.

# **Ground-fault protection**

National electrical codes require ground-fault equipment protection on all heat tracing circuits. Heat-tracing circuits equipped with nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 control modules do not require additional ground-fault detection equipment, thus simplifying installation and reducing costs.

# Installation and communications

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system can be networked to a host PC running Windows®-based nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor client-server software and/or to a User Interface touch screen display (Touch 1500-EX) for central programming, status review, and alarm annunciation.

Information access for external devices is through the NGC-40-BRIDGE communications module, which supports the Modbus protocol and is available with RS-232/RS-485 and 10/100Base-T Ethernet communication interfaces.

# Packaging

nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 is designed for easy installation and requires minimal wiring on site. All NGC-40 units are packaged in DIN rail mount housings, suitable for installation onto symmetric 35 mm DIN rails.

# Complete system

The nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 is supplied as a complete system, ready for field connections to power wiring and temperature sensor input. Optional Power Distribution provides further enhancement reducing field wiring and installation labor.

# GENERAL

Area of use	NGC-40 EMR with Z pur NGC-40 SSR for hazard Class I, Division 2, Grou Class I, Zone 2, Group II –13°F to 140°F (–25°C	NGC-40 EMR for nonhazardous locations NGC-40 EMR with Z purge for hazardous locations NGC-40 SSR for hazardous locations Class I, Division 2, Groups A-D Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC –13°F to 140°F (–25°C to 60°C) Temperature Rating: T4		
Approvals	Nonhazardous Locations	Hazardous Locations (EMR purged version)	Hazardous Locations (SSR version) Entered Intered Augusta STD 12.20 Conformation Augusta STD 12.20 Conformation Augusta STD 12.20 Conformation Conformation Augusta STD 12.20 Conformation	
Heater cable power	120–600 Vac, 50/60 Hz	120–600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 60 A		
Supply voltage	100–240 Vac, +5% / –1	100–240 Vac, +5% / –10%, 50/60 Hz		
Internal Power Consumption	< 2.4 W per NGC-40-HTC/HTC3 module			

# **ENCLOSURE**

Protection/materials	Enclosure	Type area classification	Usage
	Type 12	Nonhazardous (Unclassified)	Locations indoors
	Type 4X/3R	Nonhazardous (Unclassified) Locations	Outdoors, stainless/painted steel
	Type 4X/3R	Hazardous Locations	Outdoors, stainless/painted steel
	with Z purge option	Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D	with mechanical relays
		Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC	
	Type 4X/3R	Hazardous Locations	Outdoors, stainless/painted steel
		Class I, Division 2, with solid-state relays     Groups A, B, C, D	
		• Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC	

|--|

Operating temperature	
Without distribution	–40°F to 140°F (–40°C to 60°C) Space heater and thermostat must be used if below –13°F (–25°C)
With distribution	14°F to 140°F (−10°C to 60°C) Space heater and thermostat must be used if below 14°F (−10°C)
With Installed Touch 1500-EX	32°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C) Window cover, space heater and thermostat must be used if below 32°F (0°C)
Storage temperature	
Without distribution	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
With distribution	–13°F to 167°F (–25°C to 75°C)
With Installed Touch 1500-EX	-4°F to 140°F (-20°C to 60°C)
CONTROL HARDWARE	
Relay types	<ul> <li>Electromechanical, (EMR versions): Poles: 3-pole Amperage: 30 A, 60 A</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Solid-state relays (SSR versions): Poles: 1-, 2-, or 3-pole Amperage: 30 A, 60 A</li> </ul>

# **PROGRAMMING AND SETTING**

Units       *F or *C         Memory       Nonvolatile, restored after power loss         Reset switch       Recessed hardware reset pushbutton on front of module, (HTC, HTC3, I/O and bidge modules)         Stored parameters (measured)       Minimum and maximum temperatures, contactor cycle count, heater time in use         Temperature set point range       -112*F to 1292*F (-80°C to 700°C)         Deadband       1*F to 90*F (*C to 50°C) in On/Off control         Alarm conditions       - Low/high temperature limit cutout         - Low/high current       - Over current trip         - Ground-fault alarm and trip       - Gonund-fault alarm and trip         - Controler reset       - Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR)         - Communications failure       - Communications failure         - Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR)       - Current transformer failure         - Load shed source failure       - Load shed source failure         - Load shed source failure       - Load shed source failure         - User configuration data lost       - Temperature         Monitoring modes       - Temperature         - Temperature       - Ground Fault         - Control modes       - Temperature         - Ekrenal input source failure       - Current         - Bactory configuration data lost       - Featory configuration data lost	Method	The ability to program the controller is available both locally and remotely with nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500 touch screen and the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software via Modbus communications.		
Reset switch       Recessed hardware reset pushbutton on front of module. (HTC, HTC3, I/O and bridge modules)         Stored parameters (measured)       Minimum and maximum temperatures, contactor cycle count, heater time in use         Temperature set point range       -112°F to 192°F (-80°C to 700°C)         Deadband       1°F to 90°F (1°C to 50°C) in 0n/Off control         Alarm conditions       - Low/high temperature         - High temperature limit cutout       - Low/high current         - Over current trip       - Ground-fault alarm and trip         - Contactor cycle count       - Switch limiting         - Switch limiting       - Controller reset         - RTD failure       - Communications failure         - Controller reset       - Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR)         - Current transformer failure       - Low/figuration data lost         - External input source failure       - Low/ond Fault         - Control modes       - Tenperature         - Current       - Ground Fault         - Control modes       - Tenperature         - Current       - Ground Fault         Control modes       - Tenperature         - Current       - Ground Fault         Control modes       - Tenperature         - Ground Fault       - Ground Fault         Control modes	Units	°F or °C		
Stored parameters (measured)       Minimum and maximum temperatures, contactor cycle count, heater time in use         Temperature set point range       -112°F to 129°F (1°C to 50°C) in On/Off control         Deadband       1°F to 90°F (1°C to 50°C) in On/Off control         Alarm conditions       - Low/high temperature limit cutout         - High temperature limit cutout       - Low/high current         - Over current trip       - Ground-fault alarm and trip         - Contactor cycle count       - Switch limiting         - Total time heater energized       - Controller reset         - RTD failure       - Cormunications failure         - Load shed source failure       - Load shed source failure         - Load shed source failure       - Load shed source failure         - Load shed source failure       - Corrent         - Corrent       - Ground Fault         - Switch limiting       - Sectory configuration data lost         - Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR)       - Current transformer failure         - Load shed source failure       - Load shed source failure         - Load shed source failure       - Corrent         - Ground Fault       - Ground Fault         - Ground Fault       - Ground Fault         - Courrent transformer       - Ground Fault         - Corrent       - Ground Faul	Memory	Nonvolatile, resto	red after power loss	
Temperature set point range       -112*F to 1292*F (-80°C to 700°C)         Deadband       1*F to 90°F (1*C to 50°C) in On/Off control         Alarm conditions       - Low/high temperature - High temperature limit cutout - Low/high current - Over current trip - Ground-fault alarm and trip - Contactor cycle count - Switch limiting - Total time heater energized - Controller reset - RTD failure - Communications failure - Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR) - Current transformer failure - External input source failure - Load shed source failure - Load shed source failure - Corrent temperature - Current transformer failure         Monitoring modes       Temperature - Current - Ground Fault         Monitoring modes       Temperature - Current - Ground Fault         Monitoring modes       Temperature - Current - Ground Fault         Monitoring modes       Temperature - Current - Sreatory configuration data lost - Factory configuration data lost - Factory configuration data lost - Factory configuration data lost - Current - Ground Fault         Control modes       User selectable for each circuit: - EMR - Mays Off - Always Off - Always Off - Always Off	Reset switch		are reset pushbutton on front of module. (HTC, HTC3, I/O and	
Deadband       1*F to 90*F (1*C to 50*C) in On/Off control         Alarm conditions <ul> <li>Low/high temperature</li> <li>High temperature limit cutout</li> <li>Low/high current</li> <li>Over current trip</li> <li>Over current trip</li> <li>Contactor cycle count</li> <li>Switch limiting</li> <li>Total time heater energized</li> <li>Controller reset</li> <li>RTD failure</li> <li>Communications failure</li> <li>Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR)</li> <li>Current transformer failure</li> <li>Load shed source failure</li> <li>User configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Sorte lime</li> <li>Sorte lime</li> <li>Sorte controle count</li> <li>Sorte controle count</li> <li>Sorte configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Sorte configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Mays Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Sorte Always Off</li> <li>Controle sorte controle always Off</li> <li>Controle always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> <li>Controle always Off</li> <li>Controle al</li></ul>	Stored parameters (measured)	Minimum and ma	aximum temperatures, contactor cycle count, heater time in use	
Alarm conditions <ul> <li>Low/high temperature</li> <li>High temperature limit cutout</li> <li>Low/high current</li> <li>Over current trip</li> <li>Ground-fault alarm and trip</li> <li>Contactor cycle count</li> <li>Switch limiting</li> <li>Total time heater energized</li> <li>Controller reset</li> <li>REDAY failure</li> <li>Controller reset</li> <li>Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR)</li> <li>Current transformer failure</li> <li>Load shed source failure</li> <li>Load shed source failure</li> <li>Load shed source failure</li> <li>Courrent transformer failure</li> <li>Corrent configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> </ul> Monitoring modes <ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> </ul> Control modes <ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> </ul> Control modes <ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> </ul> Control modes <ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> </ul>	Temperature set point range	–112°F to 1292°F	(-80°C to 700°C)	
<ul> <li>High temperature limit cutout</li> <li>Low/high current</li> <li>Over current trip</li> <li>Ground-fault alarm and trip</li> <li>Contactor cycle count</li> <li>Switch limiting</li> <li>Total time heater energized</li> <li>Controller reset</li> <li>RTD failure</li> <li>Communications failure</li> <li>Current transformer failure</li> <li>Load shed source failure</li> <li>Load shed source failure</li> <li>Sectory configuration data lost</li> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Control modes</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Control modes</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> <li>Control modes</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Always On</li> <li>Always Off</li> </ul>	Deadband	1°F to 90°F (1°C to	o 50°C) in On/Off control	
<ul> <li>Factory configuration data lost</li> <li>Monitoring modes</li> <li>Temperature         <ul> <li>Current</li> <li>Ground Fault</li> </ul> </li> <li>Control modes</li> <li>User selectable for each circuit:</li> <li>EMR SSR         <ul> <li>On/Off EMR Proportional</li> <li>PASC EMR On/Off SSR</li> <li>Always On Always On Always Off</li> <li>Always Off</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Alarm conditions	<ul> <li>Low/high temperature</li> <li>High temperature limit cutout</li> <li>Low/high current</li> <li>Over current trip</li> <li>Ground-fault alarm and trip</li> <li>Contactor cycle count</li> <li>Switch limiting</li> <li>Total time heater energized</li> <li>Controller reset</li> <li>RTD failure</li> <li>Communications failure</li> <li>Relay failure (covers both SSR/EMR)</li> <li>Current transformer failure</li> <li>External input source failure</li> </ul>		
Monitoring modes          • Temperature         • Current         • Ground Fault         • Ground Fault         • On/Off EMR         • On/Off EMR         On/Off EMR         Proportional         PASC EMR         On/Off SSR         Always On         Always Off         Alwa	-			
Control modes       User selectable for each circuit:         EMR       SSR         On/Off EMR       Proportional         PASC EMR       On/Off SSR         Always On       PASC SSR         Always Off       Always On         Always Off       Always Off	Monitoring modes	<ul><li>Temperature</li><li>Current</li></ul>		
On/Off EMR Proportional PASC EMR On/Off SSR Always On PASC SSR Always Off Always On Always Off	Control modes		or each circuit:	
		On/Off EMR PASC EMR Always On Always Off	Proportional On/Off SSR PASC SSR Always On Always Off	

(optional) • Each RMM2 module installed in the field can accept up to 8 RTD's. 16 RMM2 modules can be daisy chained together via RS-485 for the total of 128 (8x16) RTDs Temperatures sensor types • 100  $\Omega$  platinum RTD, 3-wire,  $\alpha$  = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C Can be extended with a 3-conductor shielded cable of 20  $\Omega$  maximum per conductor • 100  $\Omega$  nickel iron RTD, 2 or 3-wire,  $\alpha$  = 0.00518 ohms/ohm/°C Can be extended with a 2-conductor shielded cable of 20  $\Omega$  maximum per conductor • 100  $\Omega$  nickel RTD, 2-wire,  $\alpha$  = 0.00518 ohms/ohm/°C Can be extended with a 2-conductor shielded cable of 20  $\Omega$  maximum per conductor (Note: Power wire and RTD wire should not be housed in the same conduit.) Digital input Each HTC, HTC3, and I/O module provides one multi-purpose digital input for connection to external dry (voltage-free) contact or DC voltage. Digital Input is programmable. It can be configured to be active open or active closed. Alarm output Each HTC, HTC3 and I/O module has a dry contact alarm output relay. Relay contact rated 250 Vac / 3 A 50/60 Hz (CE) and 277 Vac / 3 A 50/60 Hz (cCSAus). Alarm relay is programmable. NO and NC contacts available. Relay output One Form C relay rated at 12 A @ 250 Vac. Relay is used as a common system alarm. Relay may be assigned for alarm output. **CONNECTION TERMINALS** Screw terminals, 20-6 AWG (30 A and 60 A versions) Heating cable output Internal ground 14-4 AWG ground bar Wiring terminals (RTD) Spring clamp, 28-12 AWG Wiring terminals Spring clamp, 28-10 AWG (Relay/alarm/communications) (2) RJ-45s, one each IN and OUT Module networking and module power Provides CAN bus signals and +24 Vdc power **MONITORING RANGES** Low alarm range -112°F to +1292°F (-80°C to +700°C) or OFF Temperature High alarm range -112°F to +1292°F (-80°C to +700°C) or OFF Ground fault Alarm range 10 mA to 250 mA Trip range 10 mA to 250 mA or OFF Current Low alarm range 0.3 A to 60.0 A High alarm range 0.3 A to 60.0 A Autocycle Each circuit can be programmed from 1 to 750 hours or OFF MOUNTING Panel mounting on 35 mm DIN rails FE connection from module housing to DIN rail

• One RTD per control point directly connected to each NGC-40-HTC/HTC3 for up

• Up to 7 additional RTDs can be assigned to one HTC/HTC3 via the optional

• Each NGC-40-IO module installed in the panel can accept up to 4 RTDs

to 80 directly connected RTD inputs via NGC-40-HTC/HTC3

NGC-40-IO, or another HTC/HTC3, or RMM2 modules

Additional temperature sensor inputs

Ambient or pipe sensors

ssign Guides Content

# INTERNAL NETWORKING PORT

Туре	2-wire isolated CAN-based peer-peer network. Isolated to 300 Vac
Connection	(2) 8-pin RJ-45 connectors (both may be used for Input or Output connections)
Protocol	Proprietary NGC-40
Topology	Daisychain
Length	10 m max.
Quantity	A maximum of 80 CAN nodes per network segment
Address	Unique, Factory assigned

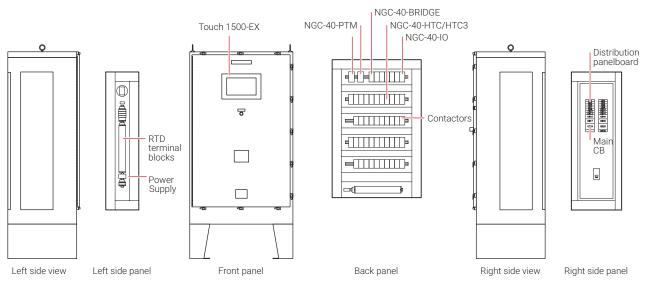
# **DISTRIBUTION** (for nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40-EMR only)

Load power	120 / 208 / 240 / 277 / 347 / 480 / 60	120 / 208 / 240 / 277 / 347 / 480 / 600 Vac		
Field wire size	14–8 AWG (15–30 Amp C.B.), 8–4 AV	14-8 AWG (15-30 Amp C.B.), 8-4 AWG (40-50 Amp C.B.)		
Circuit breaker amperage rating	120 Vac 208, 240, 277, 347, 480, 600 Vac	20 A, 30 A, 40 A, 50 A 20 A, 30 A, 40 A, 50 A, 60 A		
Main contactor	3-pole			

# NVENT RAYCHEM TOUCH 1500 - USER INTERFACE TOUCH SCREEN

<b>Touch 1500-EX</b> 15-inch color touch screen display kit – touchscreen and Relay Output Module, panel mounting	Area Classification: Usage:	Nonhazardous (Unclassified) and Hazardous locations Type 4X (IP 65), Indoors or outdoors (with optional space heaters and window shield)
<b>Touch 1500R</b> 15-inch color touch screen display kit – touch screen and Relay Output Module, remote, stand-alone mounting	Area Classification: Usage:	Nonhazardous (Unclassified) locations Type 4 (IP 65), Indoors

A typical nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 consists of at least one Power and Termination module (NGC-40-PTM), one Bridge module (NGC-40-BRIDGE), one or more Heat Trace Controllers (NGC-40-HTC or HTC3) and one or more IO modules (NGC-40-IO). RMM2 modules and/or Touch 1500-EX touch screen unit may also be optionally used.



# **EMR Panels**

Number of control points	Panelboard size	NGC-40 panel size	Pov
5	None	36" H x 36" W x 16" D	Power-Limiting Cables
5	12 space	48" H x 36" W x 16" D	imitii les
5	18 space	48" H x 36" W x 16" D	ng
10	None	48" H x 36" W x 16" D	т₹
10	18 space	48" H x 36" W x 16" D	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
10	20 space	48" H x 36" W x 16" D	Insu ig Ca
10	24 space	48" H x 36" W x 16" D	latec
10	30 space	60" H x 36" W x 16" D	
10	42 space	72" H x 36" W X 24" D	
20	None	72" H x 36" W x 24" D	Longline Heating
20	30 space	78" H x 36" W x 24" D	ng
20	42 space	78" H x 36" W x 24" D	
30	None	84" H x 36" W x 24" D	-
30	42 space	84" H x 36" W x 24" D	RTB 1 Bun
40	None	88" H x 36" W x 24" D	RTB Tubing Bundles
40	42 space	88" H x 36" W x 24" D	D D

# SSR Panels

Number of control points	NGC-40 panel size	
5	36" H x 30" W x 16" D	
10	48" H x 36" W x 16" D	
20	72" H x 36" W x 24" D	
30	84" H x 36" W x 24" D	
40	88" H x 36" W x 24" D	

# **REPLACEMENT COMPONENTS**

Description	Catalog number	Part number
NGC-40 Module		
Heat Tracing Control and Monitoring Module (Single-phase Heater)	NGC-40-HTC	10730-003
Heat Tracing Control and Monitoring Module (Three-phase Heater)	NGC-40-HTC3	10730-004
Input and Output Module	NGC-40-10	10730-001
Communications Bridge Module	NGC-40-BRIDGE	10730-002
Power Termination Module	NGC-40-PTM	10730-005

Touch 1500 Touch Screen		
<b>Touch 1500-EX:</b> 15-inch color touch screen display kit – touch screen and Relay Output Module, panel mounting, IP 65 (Type 4X), hazardous locations, indoors or outdoors (with optional space heaters and window shield)	Touch 1500-EX	10332-036
<b>Touch 1500R-2:</b> 15-inch color touch screen display kit – remote touch screen and Relay Output Module, stand-alone mounting, IP 65 (Type 4), nonhazardous (Unclassified) locations, indoors	Touch 1500R-2	10332-033
Relay Output: Relay Output Module with Modbus for Touch 1500	Relay Output – Touch	10332-024
Remote Monitoring Module, no enclosure	RMM2	051778
Remote Monitoring Module, with Type 4X enclosure	RMM2-4X	523420

Two versions of this module are available: The NGC-40 Control

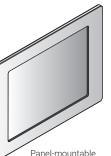
module for single-phase heaters, NGC-40-HTC; the NGC-40

REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	module for single-phase heaters, NGC-40-HTC; the NGC-40 Control module for three-phase heaters, NGC-40-HTC3. Both versions use temperature data to control one single heat-tracing circuit by switching of Electromechanical relays (EMR) or Solid-State Relays (SSR). The NGC-40-HTC/HTC3 also provides ground-fault (leakage) current and line current sensing, monitoring and alarming.	
HTC3	One RTD can be directly connected to each HTC/HTC3 module for up to 80 directly connected RTD inputs. Up to 7 additional RTDs can be assigned to one HTC/HTC3 circuit via the optional NGC-40-IO or RMM2 modules.	
	A maximum of 81 NGC-40 modules (combination of Bridge, HTC, HTC3 and I/O modules) may be assembled in a single panel.	
	The NGC-40-HTC/HTC3 has one alarm relay output that can be connected to an external annunciator and one digital input that is programmable and may be used for various functions such as forcing the contactor or SSR on or off.	
Input/Output Module (NGC-40-IO)	Each Input Output Module, NGC-40-IO, installed in the panel provides up to four (4) additional RTD inputs. These additional RTD inputs can be assigned to any NGC-40-HTC/HTC3 module. The NGC-40-IO module also provides one alarm relay that can be connected to an external annunciator and one digital input that is programmable and may be assigned to any NGC-40-HTC/HTC3 module for various functions such as forcing the contactor or SSR on or off.	
Communications Bridge Module (NGC-40-BRIDGE)	The NGC-40-BRIDGE module provides the interface between a panel's internal CAN-based network and upstream devices. Multiple communication ports are supported, allowing serial and Ethernet connections to be used with external devices: Each Bridge Module has two RS-485 ports, one RS-232 port and one 10/100Base-T Ethernet network with programmable communication parameters.	
	A maximum of 80 NGC-40 modules, a combination of HTC, HTC3 or I/O modules, can be connected to one NGC-40-BRIDGE module.	
Power Termination Module (NGC-40-PTM)	The NGC-40-PTM accepts a primary and redundant +24 Vdc power supply input add a space power to the NGC-40 module.	
	Each NGC-40-PTM can provide power to a maximum of 10 NGC-40 modules.	

# Control Modules (NGC-40-HTC, NGC-40-HTC3)

# ADDITIONAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS (ordered separately)

#### nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX -User Interface Touch Screen



Panel-mountable Touch 1500-EX

Remote Monitoring Module (RMM2)



The nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX user interface touch screens are easy-to-navigate displays, with intuitive screens for use with the NGC-40 control panel. The intent of the Touch 1500-EX is to be installed in the field where the physical heat-tracing hardware is located to assist with system commissioning, setup, troubleshooting and on-site monitoring and control. Each nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX has a 15-inch LCD color display with touch-screen technology, and provides an easy user interface for programming without using keyboards. It has RS-485, RS-232, and 10/100Base-T Ethernet communications ports that allow communication with the Bridge Module (NGC-40-BRIDGE). A USB interface is included for easy configuration and software upgrades.

The nVent RAYCHEM Touch 1500-EX User Interface Touch Screens are available in two options:

# 1) Touch 1500-EX – Panel Mountable User Interface Touch Screen

Designed for use in hazardous location installations, indoors or outdoors (with optional space heaters and window shield), this Touch 1500-EX is rated for Type 4X environments and installed on the external nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 panel door.

# 2) Touch 1500R-2 – Remote Stand Alone User Interface Touch Screen

Designed for use in indoor, nonhazardous location installations, this remote Touch 1500R is a stand-alone display with Type 4 enclosure for use with the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 panel.

A Remote Monitoring Module (RMM2) is used to collect temperatures for control and monitoring of the heat-tracing system by the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 control panel. The RMM2 accepts up to 8 RTDs that measure pipe, vessel, or ambient temperatures. A single twisted-pair RS-485 cable connects up to 16 RMM2's for a total monitoring capability of 128 temperatures. The RMM2's are placed near desired measurement locations in nonhazardous or hazardous locations.

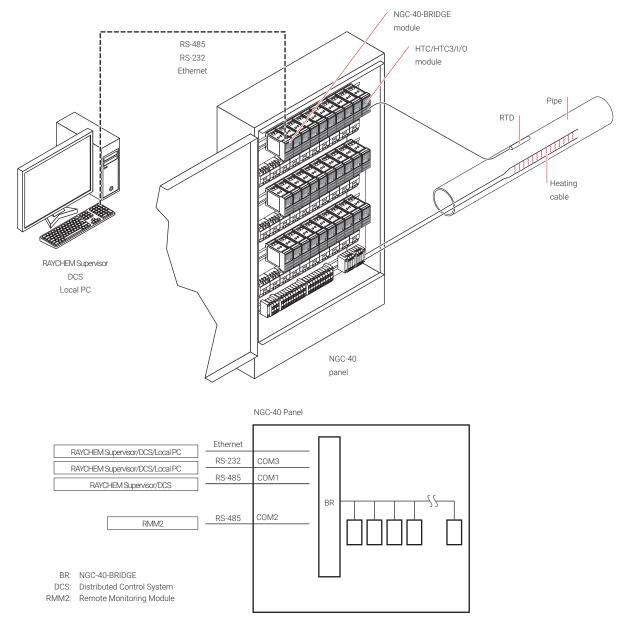
Technical Data Sheets Content

# Power-Limiting Cables

# NGC-40 CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

# One NGC-40 Panel Using nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Software

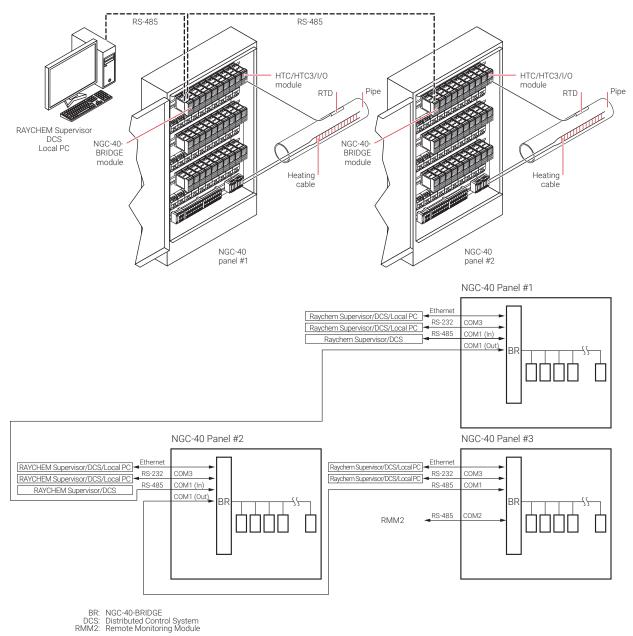
- Monitors ground-fault current and alarms/trip control contactor upon fault
- Monitors heating cable current and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- Monitors pipe temperature (via RTD inputs wired back to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40) and alarms upon low or high temperature condition



# **NGC-40 CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**

# Multiple NGC-40 Panels Using nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Software

- Monitors ground-fault current and alarms/trip control contactor upon fault
- Monitors heating cable current and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- Monitors pipe temperature (via RTD inputs wired back to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40) and alarms upon low or high temperature conditions



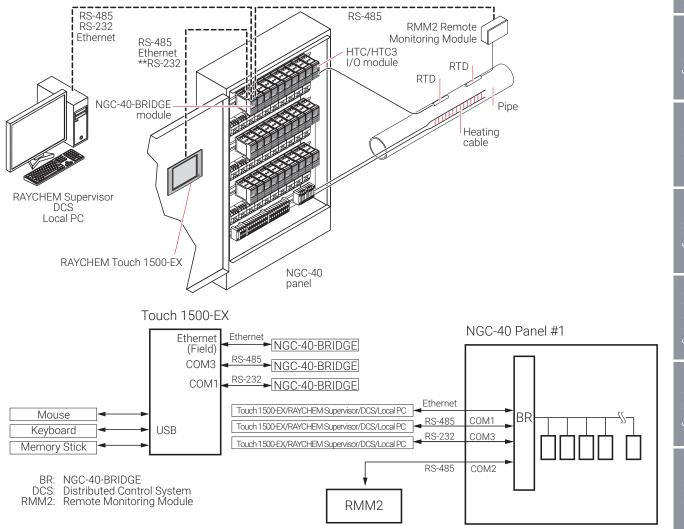
esign Guides Content

# Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

# **NGC-40 CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**

# One NGC-40 Panel Using One Touch 1500-EX Touch Screen and Optional RMM2 Module

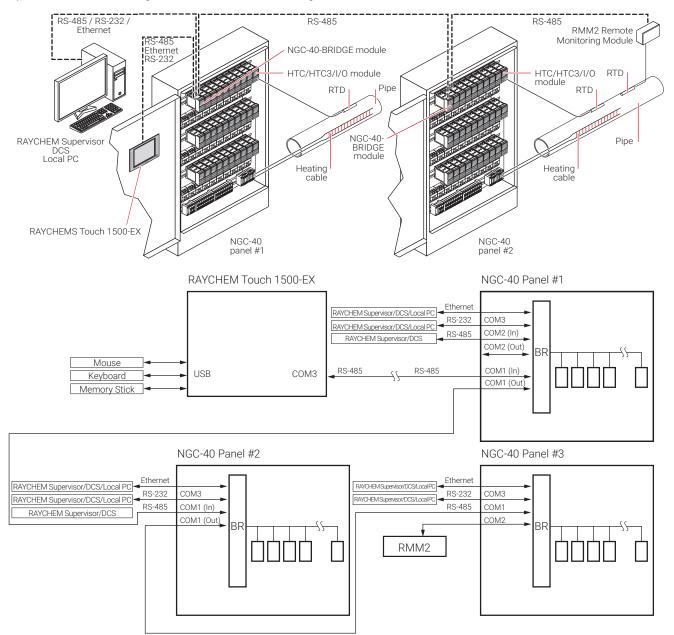
- · Monitors ground-fault current and alarms/trip control contactor upon fault
- · Monitors heating cable current and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- · Monitors pipe temperature (via RTD inputs wired back to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40) and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- · Using optional RMM2 (remote monitoring modules) mounted in the field, up to 128 additional RTD inputs can be added to the NGC-40 system
- The RMMs allow the RTD cables to be terminated locally and only a single RS-485 twisted wire pair brought back to the panel. This results in a significant reduction in field wiring.



# **NGC-40 CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**

# Multiple NGC-40 Panels Using Common Touch 1500-EX Touch Screen and Optional RMM2 Module

- · Monitors ground-fault current and alarms/trip control contactor upon fault
- · Monitors heating cable current and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- Monitors pipe temperature (via RTD inputs wired back to the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40) and alarms upon low or high current conditions
- Using optional RMM2 (remote monitoring modules) mounted in the field, up to 128 additional RTD inputs can be added to the NGC-40 system
- The RMMs allow the RTD cables to be terminated locally and only a single RS-485 twisted wire pair brought back to the panel. This results in a significant reduction in field wiring.



BR:NGC-40-BRIDGE DCS:Distributed Control System RMM2:Remote Monitoring Module

sign Guides Content NGC-40 - Output - No. of Control Points - No. of I/O Modules - Enclosure - Voltage - Panelboard Size - Breaker or SSR or EMR - MCB - Options

NGC-40 – <u>XXX</u> – <u>XX(XXHTC, XXHTC3)</u> – <u>XX(10)</u> – <u>XX</u> – XXX/XXX –	$\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}$
Output	Options         Country Installed         US       = U.S. / South America [default]         CA       = Canada         E       = Environmental purge         H1       = Electric heater option for min. ambient from -20°C to 0°C (-4°F to 32°F)         H2       = Electric heater option for min. ambient below -20°C (-4°F)         R       = Redundant power supply         XRM       X number of Remote Monitoring Modules         TU0       No Touch 1500         TU       = 1 Touch 1500-EX         X       = Panel spare parts         Z       = Z purge         SP       = Special requirement <sup>2</sup>
No. of optional I/O modules	Main circuit breaker 0 = none required (choose if no panelboard required)
XX (IO)	Panelboard
Enclosure 12 = Type 12 (indoors; painted steel) 4 = Type 4/3R (outdoors; painted steel) 4X = Type 4X/3RX (outdoors; stainless steel)	size         120/208 Vac         120/240 Vac         277/480 Vac         347/600 Vac           12         50, 100         50, 80, 100         -         -         -           18         -         -         30, 50, 70, 125         20, 40, 60, 90           20         -         50, 80, 100         -         -           24         50, 100         -         -         20, 40, 60, 90           30         50, 100, 150, 225         50, 80, 175, 225         50, 70, 125, 175, 225         40, 60, 90, 150, 200           42         50, 100, 150, 225         50, 80, 175, 225         50, 70, 125, 175, 225         40, 60, 90, 150, 200
Voltage 120 / 208 Vac	Breaker or SSR or EMR Breaker
120 / 240 Vac1 277 / 480 Vac	No. of Circuit Breakers / No. of Poles (ampere rating)
347 / 600 Vac	Max Number of Circuit Breakers (Number of Poles)           No. of         120         208         240         277         480         480         347         600         600
Panelboard	control Panel Vac
0 = none required	points size (1P) (2P) (3P) (2P) (1P) (2P) (3P) (1P) (2P) (3P)
Panelboard size	1-5 12 5 5 - 5 18 5³ 5³ 5³ 5³ 5 5 5 5 5 5
# of control 120/208 120/240 277/480 347/600 points Vac Vac Vac Vac Vac	6-10 18 10 8 5 10 8 5 20 10 9

	Panelboa	rd size		
# of control points	120/208 Vac	120/240 Vac	277/480 Vac	347/60 Vac
1-5	12	12	18	18
6-10	24	20/30	18/30	18/24
11-20	30/42	30/42	30/42	30/42
21-30	42	42	42	42
31-40	42	42	42	42

Example: NGC40-EMR without Panelboard for USA with one Touch 1500-EX NGC40-EMR-22(17HTC, 5HTC3), 5(I0)-12-277/480-0-17(30A), 5(60A)-0-US,TU

#### Example: NGC40-EMR with Panelboard and Z Purge for Canada

NGC40-EMR-22(17HTC, 5HTC3), 3(10)-12-277/480-42-15/1P(30A), 2/2P(40A), 5/3P(60A)-125-CA, Z

#### Example: NGC40-SSR without Panelboard for South America

NGC40-SSR-22(17HTC, 5HTC3), 2(I0)-12-277/480-0-15/1P(30A), 2/2P(60A), 5/3P(60A)-0-US

#### Single phase

<sup>2</sup> Special - Describe special requirement in detail <sup>3</sup> Applies to Canada only

RAYCHEM-DS-H58251-NGC40-EN-2303

#### Vac ) (3P) 10 10 10 30 10 9 11-20 21-30 42 31-40 42

Note: The quantity of breakers must be equal to the number of control points. Note: The total number of C.B.; EMR or SSR selected must be equal to selected control module

capacity. (Consult factory for 2P SSR above 20 or 3P SSR above 13)

#### SSR without panelboard

Number of output devices (SSRs) / Number of poles (amperage)

#### Output devices: Poles: 1 – 40 1P or 2P or 3P

Amperage: 30 A, 60 A EMR without panelboard Number of output devices (EMRs) (amperage)

1 – 40 30 A, 60 A Output devices: Amperage:

<u>Appendixes</u>

# FLEX Series



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

Technical Data Sheets Content

esign Guides Content

# pendixes Content

# NGC-30/NGC-40 System Panels and Skids



The nVent RAYCHEM FLEX Series of NGC-30 and NGC-40 heat tracing control and monitoring systems are designed to optimize panel configurations and meet customer project needs by reducing production lead times and simplifying design options. The FLEX Series takes advantage of standard components including Hazardous area C1Z2 circuit breakers, Type 4X enclosures, hazardous rated transformers and steel frames for use in hazardous and non-hazardous areas. The FLEX series panels and skids make the design and procurement process simple and easy.

# FEATURES

- Standardized designs and components reduce lead times
- Uses internal encapsulated breakers for hazardous applications, eliminating the requirement for separate explosion proof panelboards or Z-Purge Systems
- Panel can be pre-wired to a transformer and skid mounted, drastically reducing construction time in the field
- Panels of up to 20 circuits can also be wall mounted, minimizing installed footprint

# **FLEX Series Design Options and Specifications**

# ELECTRIC HEAT TRACING CONTROL SYSTEM

The FLEX series EHT panels and skids incorporate either the NGC-30 or NGC-40 control and monitoring systems to provide the highest reliability, performance and safety in heat tracing control applications. Both electronic multi-point systems provide energy efficient control modes such as PASC (Proportional Ambient Sensing Control), advanced monitoring and diagnostic capabilities, state-of-the-art touch screen interfaces to facilitate easy programming, and value added accessories to provide significant cost savings to a project. Both the User Interface Terminal (NGC-30) and the Touch1500 (NGC-40) provide the ability to monitor and configure the systems either locally or remotely.

# APPROVALS

UL508A, ISA 12.12.01, CSA C22.2 #286, CSA C22.2 #213, CSA C22.2 #30, UL1203

# **ENCLOSURE**

• Type 4X, 304 stainless steel

# WIRING AND TERMINATIONS

- Field Power Termination 300/600 VAC Screw Type #20 AWG #6 AWG
- Transformer Termination Screw Type #6 AWG 250 kcmil
- Multi-level terminal blocks

# **POWER DISTRIBUTION**

- Internal DIN-rail encapsulated circuit breakers (for hazardous applications) or non-encapsulated (for non-hazardous applications)
- · Rigid galvanized conduit
- Up to 40 AMP, 1, 2 and 3 Pole breakers depending on total number of circuits and Solid-State Relays (SSRs)

# TRANSFORMERS

- · Encapsulated or Ventilated Transformer
- Type 3R
- 30 150 kVA
- 600 480/277, 600 208/120, 480 480/277, 480 208 / 120 VAC, 60 Hz
- 115°F rise, 220°F Insulation Class (CSA CERTIFIED LR34493, UL LISTED-E348963)

# **OPTIONS/UPGRADES**

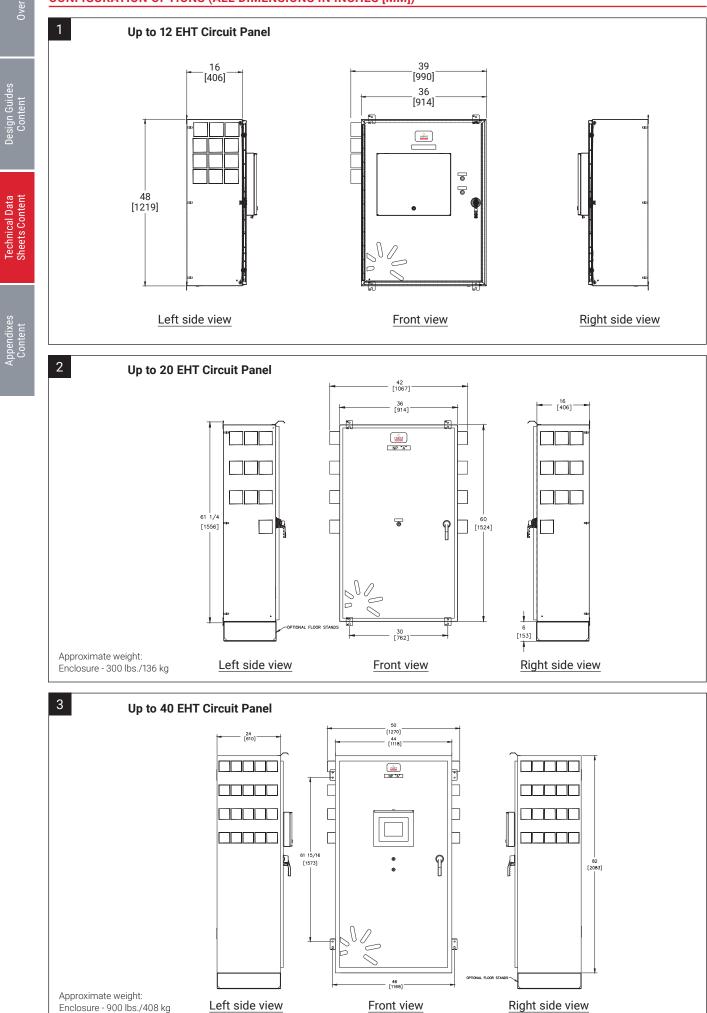
- Hazardous Rated Encapsulated Main Circuit Breaker (only available in larger enclosure): 60, 80, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200 and 225 AMP
- Up to 8 I/O Modules (only available with NGC-40)
- Up to 3 RMMs
- · Additional circuit breakers installed for non-EHT circuits
- 6 or 12 inch [153 or 305 mm] Floor Stands
- User Interface: Touch 1500 (only available with NGC-40), UIT (only available with NGC-30)
- Configurations available as standalone panels or skid mounted with or without transformer (skid can have mirrored controller/transformer placement)
- Ambient RTD Installed on the panel
- Roof

E RI

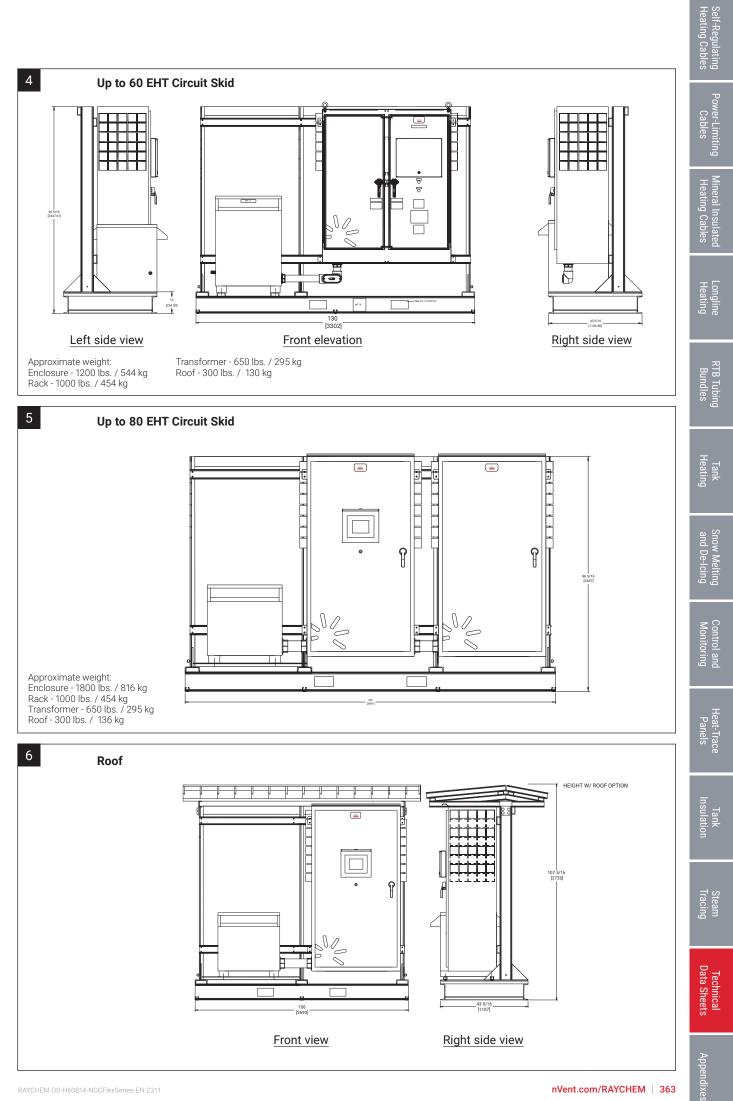
# **CONFIGURATION OPTIONS (ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES [MM])**

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Appendixes Content



RAYCHEM-DS-H60814-NGCFlexSeries-EN-2311

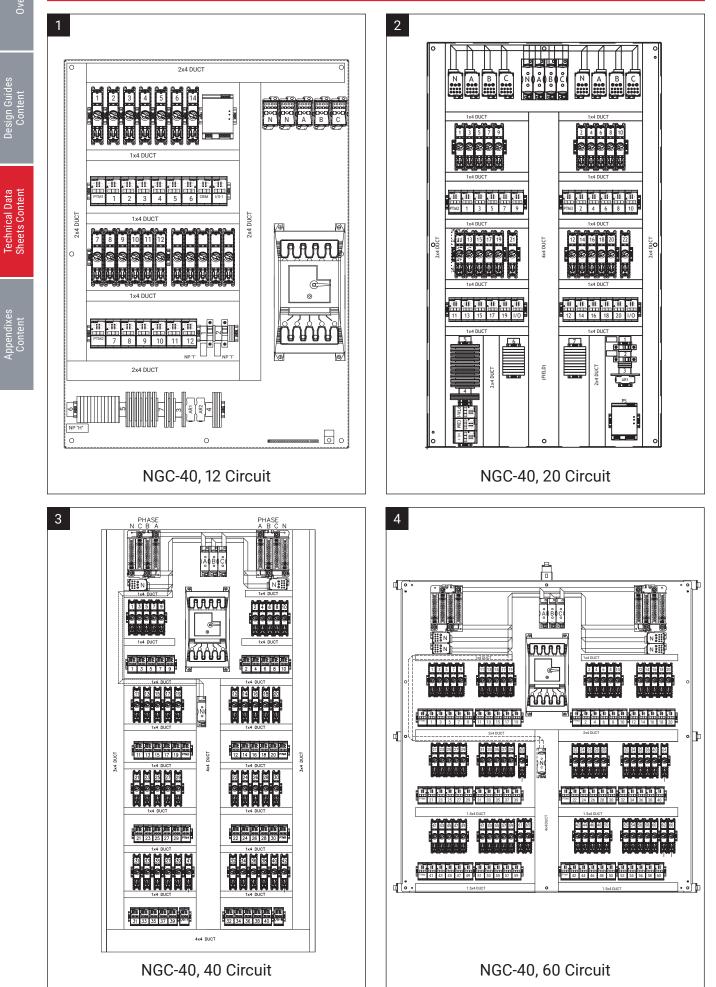


# **INTERNAL LAYOUTS**

**Overview** 

esign Guides Content

Appendixes Content



For further details specific to each of the configurations above, contact your nVent sales representative for sample drawings.

# ORDERING INFORMATION

The FLEX series utilizes standardized designs to maximize production capacity and shorten lead times at a more competitive industry price. Fabrication drawing packages are available with more detailed specifications from your local nVent sales representative.

#### nVent.com/RAYCHEM | 365

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Technical Data Sheets Content

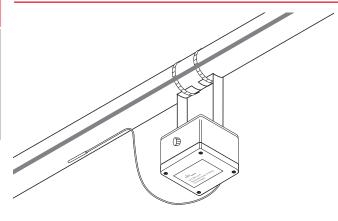
# ETS-05-XX-A



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Surface sensing electronic thermostat

# PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM ETS-05-XX-A electronic surface sensing thermostat provides accurate temperature control for heating cables.

The ETS-05-XX-A is available in two versions. The ETS-05-L2-A is for temperatures up to 199°C (390°F), while the ETS-05-H2-A can be used for temperatures up to 499°C (930°F). The maximum nominal load is 24 A for both thermostats. Temperature setting is accurate via digital rotary switches inside the enclosure.

The ETS-05-XX-A has a LED indicator which indicates the status of the thermostat (powered on/off), the status of the heat-tracing cable (powered on/off) and the status of the sensor. In case of sensor failure the thermostat can switch to an on or off state, depending upon the users requirement.

# **PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS**

	ETS-05-L1-A-KIT ETS-05-L2-A-KIT	ETS-05-H1-A ETS-05-H2-A
Application	Surface sensing-Pipe Mount	Surface sensing-Wall Mount
Area of use	Hazardous area: Zone 1 or Zone 2 (Gas) or Zone 21 (Dust) CL I, DIV 2	
	Ordinary Locations	

# APPROVALS/CERTIFICATION

	In Combination with Pipe Stand:	When Used without Pipe Stand:
FM Is	CL I, ZN1 AEx e ia mb IIC T5T3 Gb	CL I, ZN 1 AEx e ia mb IIC T5 Gb
APPROVED	ZN 21 AEx tb IIIC T100°CT150°C	ZN 21 AEx tb IIIC T100°C
	Ex e ia mb IIC T5T3 Gb	Ex e ia mb IIC T5 Gb
Hazardous Locations	Ex tb IIIC T100°CT150°C Db	Ex tb IIIC T100°C Db
	CLI, DIV 2, Groups B, C, D	CL I, DIV 2, Groups B, C, D
	CL II, DIV 2, Groups E, F, G	CL II, DIV 2, Groups E, F, G
	Class III	Class III
	TYPE 4X, IP66	TYPE 4X, IP66

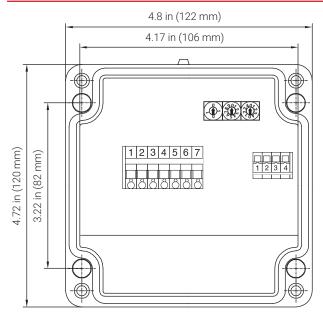
# **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

	ETS-05-L1-A-KIT ETS-05-L2-A-KIT	ETS-05-H1-A ETS-05-H2-A
Temperature setpoint range	0°C to 199°C (32°F to 390°F)	0°C to 499°C (32°F to 930°F)
Temperature measurement range	-55°C to 260°C (-67°F to 500°F)	-55°C to 585°C (-67°F to 1085°F)
Sensor type	100 Ohm RTD, included in ETS-05-Lx-A-KIT (part of the pipe stand)	100 Ohm RTD (not included with thermostat)
Maximum sensor lead resistance	20 Ohm	20 Ohm
Ingress protection	IP66	IP66
Switching accuracy	±1 K at 5°C (41°F)	±1 K at 5°C (41°F), 2°C at 499°C (930°F)
Switching differential (Hysteresis)	≈ 3°C (5°F)	≈ 3°C (5°F)
Output relay	Single Pole change over type (SPST)	Single Pole change over type (SPST)
Switching capacity	24 A resistive load	24 A resistive load
Ambient temperature range	-40°C to + 60°C (-40°F to +140°F)	-40°C to + 60°C (-40°F to +140°F)
Supply voltage	L1-A: 99-132 VAC -10% L2-A: 195-277 VAC -2.5%	H1-A: 99-132 VAC -10% H2-A: 195-277 VAC -2.5%
Internal power consumption	3 VA	3 VA
Terminal size	max. 6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10 AWG)	max. 6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10 AWG)
Cable entries	2 x 3/4" 1 x Pipe stand	2 x 3/4" 1 x 3/4" Gland for power cable in
Mounting Method	JB-RTD-STAND (included in kit)	Wall-Mount

# LED STATUS INDICATIONS

Green: ETS-05 powered on, heat-tracing cable off	Green: ETS-05 powered on, heat-tracing cable off
Yellow: ETS-05 powered on, heat-tracing cable on	Yellow: ETS-05 powered on, heat-tracing cable on
Red flashing: Sensor failure - controller in fail safe mode	Red flashing: Sensor failure - controller in fail safe mode

# DIMENSIONS (IN MM)



# **POWER TERMINALS**

1234Line OutNeutral OutNeutral SupplyLine Supply	5 Earth	6 Earth	7 Earth	
--	------------	------------	------------	--

Terminals 2 and 3 are joined electrically

Terminals 5, 6 and 7 are joined electrically

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

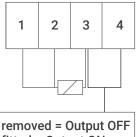
Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

Tank Insulatior

Steam Tracing

Technical



Link 3-4 removed = Output OFF Link 3-4 fitted = Output ON

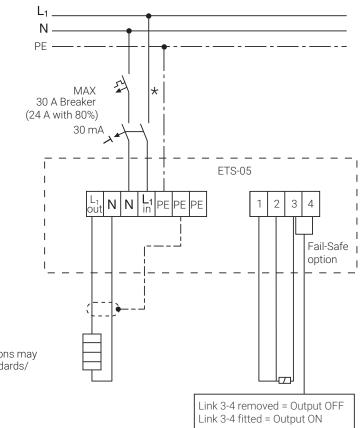
Terminals 1 to 3 allow for the connection of a three wire PT100 sensor.

Terminals 3 to 4 allow the user to select the default heating status on sensor error.

Without a link fitted the heating will turn OFF if a sensor error is detected.

With a link fitted the heating will turn ON if a sensor error is detected (default).

# **TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM FOR DIRECT SWITCHING**



\* Circuit breaker configurations may vary according to local standards/ requirements

#### **MOUNTING METHOD**

ETS-05-L1-A-KIT ETS-05-L2-A-KIT	ETS-05-H1-A ETS-05-H2-A
JB-RTD-STAND: P000001997	SB-101: 990944-000

# **ORDERING DETAILS**

ETS-05 Thermostats (Thermostat Only)		ETS-05-H1-A: 1244-015664 ETS-05-H2-A: 1244-015665
ETS-05 Thermostat Kits	ETS-05-L1-A KIT: 1244-017701	
(Includes Pipe Stand)	ETS-05-L2-A KIT: 1244-017702	

# Mineral Insulate

# Appendi

JBS-100-ECW-A

PRODUCT OVERVIEW



**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

# heating cables. buttons. to 30 Amps. Heating cables using junction box Heating cables using RayClic connection kit Direct connection equires MI cable grounding kit ordered separately) MI heating cable using direct connection

Wall-mounted digital electronic controller for nonhazardous locations

The nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-ECW-A is an electronic temperature controller that provides accurate control for all

Housed in a TYPE 4X enclosure and designed to be wall mounted, the unit includes a window and a digital display that shows the monitored actual/set point temperatures and alarm conditions (RTD failure, high or low temperature) if detected. Alarm conditions can be remotely indicated via a form C dry contact. Status LEDs indicate whether the digital display is showing the set point or actual temperature.

Programming the set point temperature, deadband, and high and low alarm thresholds on the JBS-100-ECW-A is accomplished using the built-in digital display and push buttons.

The JBS-100-ECW-A is programmable to maintain temperatures of 425°F (218°C), can be used with voltages from 100 to 277 Vac, and is capable of switching current up to 30 Amps.

Temperature data is provided by a customer supplied 100-ohm platinum RTD, which can provide feedback for either temperature maintenance or ambient sensing for freeze protection.

The kit contains all the necessary materials for a complete installation. For a direct connection to a nVent RAYCHEM MI cable, eliminating the need for a field power connection device, a grounding kit is required (ordered separately).

RAYCHEM-DS-H57475-JBS100ECWA-EN-230

# GENERAL

Approvals

Supply voltage

**ENCLOSURE** 

Relative humidity

Protection

Material

Entries

# **Nonhazardous locations**

100-277 Vac ±10% 50-60 Hz

Fiberglass reinforced polyester plastic

Common supply for controller and heat tracing circuit

2 x  $\frac{3}{4}$  in (19 mm) conduit entries for power and heater 1 x  $\frac{1}{2}$  in (13 mm) conduit entry for RTD sensor



TYPE 4X

Design Guides Content

indixes

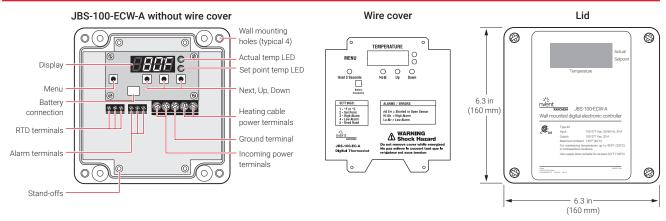
Ambient installation and usage temperature	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
CONTROL	
Relay type	Double-pole, mechanical
Control range	32°F to 425°F (0°C to 218°C)
Deadband	Adjustable 2°F to 10°F (2°C to 10°C)
Accuracy	±3°F (1.7°C) of set point

0% to 90%, noncondensing

# **INPUT POWER**

Voltage	277 Vac nominal, 50/60 Hz maximum
Current	30 A maximum
Circuit breaker rating	40 A maximum

# ENCLOSURE



# MONITORING AND ALARM OUTPUT

Temperature	Low alarm range: 20°F–420°F (–6°C–216°C) from set point, or OFF High alarm range: 38°F–482°F (  3°C–250°C) from set point, or OFF
RTD failure	Shorted or open RTD sensor
Alarm relay	Form C: 2 A at 277 Vac, 2 A at 48 Vdc Normally energized; changes state upon an alarm
Voltage	Alarm relay changes state upon loss of voltage to the controller

# **TEMPERATURE SENSOR (NOT INCLUDED)**

**PROGRAMMING AND SETTING** 

Input type

Method

Digital display

Stored parameters

Alarm conditions

Power supply input

Heating cable output

**CONNECTION TERMINALS** 

Units

LEDs

Memory

Ground

RTD

Alarm

100  $\Omega$  platinum RTD, 3 wire  $\alpha$  = 0.00385  $\Omega/\Omega/^{\circ}C$ 

Indicate actual and set point from display Nonvolatile, restored after power loss

parameters are stored in nonvolatile memory.

Screw rising cage clamp, 18-6 AWG

Screw rising cage clamp, 18-6 AWG

Screw rising cage clamp, 18-6 AWG

Screw rising cage clamp, 22-14 AWG

Screw rising cage clamp, 22-14 AWG

Low/high temperature and RTD failure (open or shorted)

°F or °C

Programmable at controller - Set/Up/Down push buttons on front panel

Parameters can be programmed without power supply (external battery) and

Four numeric display digits for parameter and error/alarm indication

Tank Heatin

# **ORDERING DETAILS**

JBS-100-ECW-A			
Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight/lbs
Wall mounted digital electronic controller	JBS-100-ECW-A	P000000181	4.0
Spare Parts and Accessories			
MI cable grounding kit (required if installing MI heating cable)	MI-GROUND-KIT	P000000279	0.2
Replacement controller unit	JBS-100-EC	P000000217	1.0

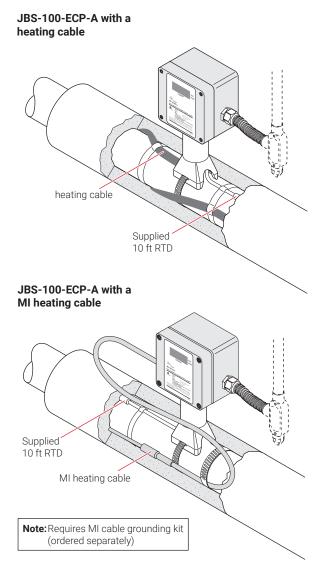
Appendixes



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Combination power connection box and digital electronic controller for nonhazardous locations

# PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-ECP-A is a power connection/ electronic controller combination for nVent RAYCHEM polymeric and MI cables. Utilizing the features of the JBS-100-A single-entry power connection with junction box, along with an indicating electronic controller, this assembly allows for local control of a heating circuit.

The assembly includes a window and a digital display that shows the monitored actual/set point temperatures and alarm conditions (RTD failure, high or low temperature) if detected. Alarm conditions can be remotely indicated via a form C dry contact. Status LEDs indicate whether the digital display is showing the set point or actual temperature.

Programming the set point temperature, deadband, and high and low alarm thresholds on the JBS-100-ECP-A is accomplished using the built-in digital display and push buttons.

The JBS-100-ECP-A is programmable to maintain temperatures of 425°F (218°C), can be used with voltages from 100 to 277 Vac, and is capable of switching current up to 30 Amps.

A 100-ohm platinum RTD provides feedback for either pipe maintenance or ambient sensing for freeze protection

The power connection/electronic controller combination significantly reduces installation cost. Eliminating wiring and devices to connect separate power connections and thermostats/controllers not only reduces material cost, but also leads to significant labor savings when combined with the cold-applied core sealer and spring clamp terminals characteristic of the JBS-100 line of power connection kits.

The kit contains all the necessary materials for a complete installation except one pipe strap, which must be ordered separately. For connection to a nVent RAYCHEM MI cable, a grounding kit is required (ordered separately).

# GENERAL

Heating cable compatibility

Approvals

Supply voltage

nVent RAYCHEM BTV-CR, XL-Trace, BTV-CT, QTVR-CT, XTV-CT, KTV and VPL-CT Design A & D MI cables (requires MI cable grounding kit – ordered separately)

Nonhazardous locations



100–277 Vac ±10% 50–60 Hz Common supply for controller and heat-tracing circuit

Technical Data Sheets Content

# ENCLOSURE

Protection	TYPE 4X	oles
Material	Fiberglass reinforced polyester plastic	
Entries	1 x ¾ in (19 mm) conduit entries for power 1 x ½ in (13 mm) conduit entry (with plug) for MI cable entry or alarm wiring	Cables
Relative humidity	0% to 90%, noncondensing	
Ambient installation and usage temperature	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)	неа
Maximum pipe temperature	Intermittent 482°F (250°C), continuous 425°F (218°C)	Heating
CONTROL		Cable

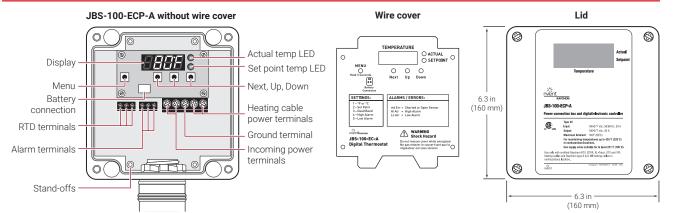
# CONTROL

Relay type	Double-pole, mechanical	
Control range	32°F to 425°F (0°C to 218°C)	E
Deadband	Adjustable 2°F to 10°F (2°C to 10°C)	duin
Accuracy	±3°F (1.7°C) of set point	<u> </u>

# **INPUT POWER**

Voltage	277 Vac nominal, 50/60 Hz maximum	Bundles
Current	30 A maximum	dles
Circuit breaker rating	40 A maximum	

# ENCLOSURE



# MONITORING AND ALARM OUTPUT

Temperature	Low alarm range: 20°F–420°F (–6°C–216°C) from set point, or OFF High alarm range: 38°F–482°F (3°C–250°C) from set point, or OFF
RTD failure	Shorted or open RTD sensor
Alarm relay	Form C: 2 A at 277 Vac, 2 A at 48 Vdc Normally energized; changes state upon an alarm
Voltage	Alarm relay changes state upon loss of voltage to the controller
RTD TEMPERATURE SENSOR	
Sensor sheath	316 stainless-steel housing, 4 in (100 mm) length, 0.25 in (6 mm) outer diameter
Material	Platinum 100 ohms at 0°C α = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C
Leads	24 AWG stranded, Teflon PFA insulated

# **RTD TEMPERATURE SENSOR**

Lead length	10 ft (3 m)
Exposure temperature	Minimum: –40°F (–40°C) Maximum: Intermittent 482°F (250°C), continuous 425°F (218°C)
Accuracy	±1°F (0.5°C) at 32°F (0°C)

# **PROGRAMMING AND SETTING**

Method	Programmable at controller – Set/Up/Down push buttons on front panel
Units	°F or °C
Digital display	Four numeric display digits for parameter and error/alarm indication
LEDs	Indicate actual and set point from display
Memory	Nonvolatile, restored after power loss
Stored parameters	Parameters can be programmed without power supply (external battery) and parameters are stored in nonvolatile memory.
Alarm conditions	Low/high temperature and RTD failure (open or shorted)

# **CONNECTION TERMINALS**

Power supply input	Screw rising cage clamp, 18–6 AWG	
Heating cable output	Screw rising cage clamp, 18–6 AWG	
Ground	Screw rising cage clamp, 18–6 AWG	
RTD	Screw rising cage clamp, 22–14 AWG	
Alarm	Screw rising cage clamp, 22–14 AWG	

# **ORDERING DETAILS**

JBS-100-ECP-A					
Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight/lbs		
Power connection kit with junction box and digital electronic controller	JBS-100-ECP-A	P000000180	5.0		
Spare Parts and Accessories					
MI cable grounding kit (required if installing MI heating cable)	MI-GROUND-KIT	P000000279	0.2		
Replacement controller unit	JBS-100-EC	P000000217	1.0		
Replacement RTD and stand assembly	JBS-RTD-Replace	P000000341	0.8		

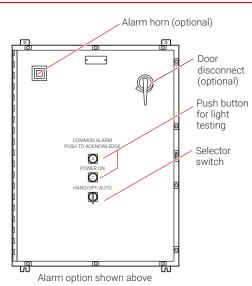
RAYCHEM

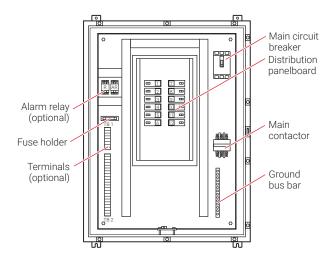
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#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

**HTPG** 





The nVent RAYCHEM HTPG is a dedicated power distribution, control, ground-fault protection, monitoring, and alarm panel for freeze protection and broad temperature maintenance heat-tracing applications. This wall-mounted enclosure contains an assembled circuit-breaker panelboard.

**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

Panels are equipped with circuit breakers with or without alarm contacts.

The group control package allows the system to operate automatically in conjunction with an external controller/ thermostat.

#### LOAD POWER

120 / 208 / 240 / 277 Vac

#### AMBIENT OPERATING TEMPERATURE

32°F (0°C) to 122°F (50°C) (without space heater option)

#### FIELD WIRE SIZE

14-8 AWG (15-30 A), 8-4 AWG (40-50 A)

To comply with NEC Article 427-55(a), circuit breakers are equipped with the means for lockout in the "Off" position.

Square D types QOB-EPD, EDB-EPD, Eaton types QBGFEP, GHBGFEP

Ground-fault breaker

#### CIRCUIT BREAKER AMPERAGE RATING

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Technical Data Sheets Content CIRCUIT BREAKER AMPERAGE RATING

20 A, 30 A, 40 A, 50 A

#### MAIN CONTACTOR

600 Vac 3 pole

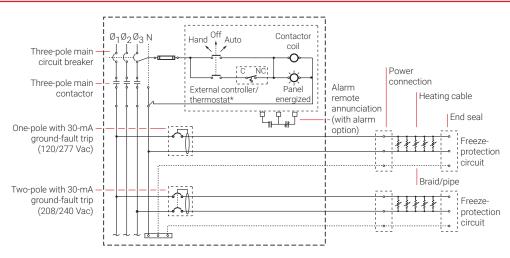
#### APPROVALS



#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION**

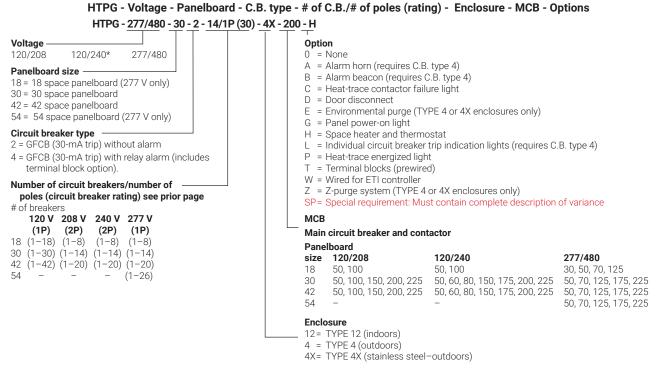
To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with the requirements of nVent, agency certifications, and national electrical codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Many nVent RAYCHEM control and monitoring systems meet the ground-fault protection requirement.

#### HTPG TYPICAL FREEZE-PROTECTION APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



#### HTPG CATALOG NUMBER

HTPG comes in a variety of configurations. The following chart outlines the elements that constitute a configuration and the corresponding catalog number.



\* Single phase

Tracing

Appendixes

Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

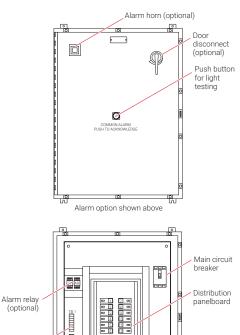


## CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Heat-tracing power distribution panel for individual control

#### **GROUND-FAULT PROTECTION, MONITORING, AND OPTIONAL ALARM PANEL**

Ground bus bar



#### **Product overview**

The nVent RAYCHEM HTPI is a dedicated power distribution, monitoring, and alarm panel for heat-tracing applications. It is intended for applications requiring tight band temperature maintenance with individual line-sensing control. The wallmounted enclosure contains an assembled circuit-breaker panelboard.

Panels can be equipped with standard circuit breakers without alarms, ground-fault breakers, or ground-fault breakers with alarms.

#### LOAD POWER

Terminals

(optional)

120 / 208 / 240 / 277 Vac

#### AMBIENT OPERATING TEMPERATURE

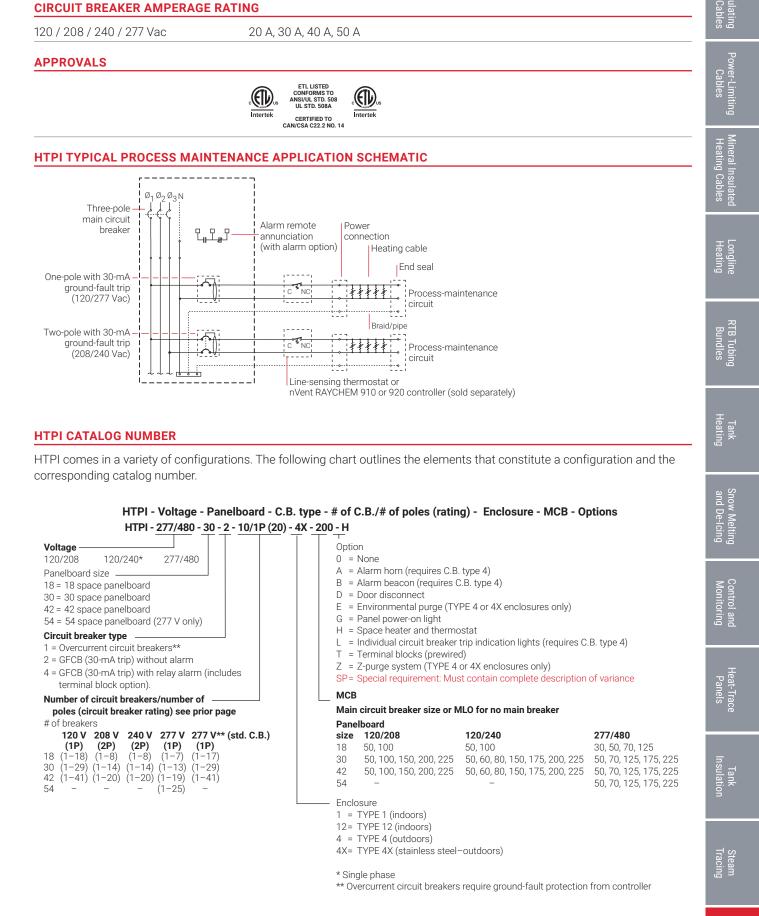
32°F (0°C) to 122°F (50°C) (without space heater option)

#### FIELD WIRE SIZE

14-8 AWG (15-30 Amp C.B.), 8-4 AWG (40-50 Amp C.B.)

#### **CIRCUIT BREAKER TYPES\***

Ground-fault breaker	Square D types QOB-EPD, EHB-EPD, Eaton types QBGFEP, GHBGFEP
Standard circuit breaker	<ul> <li>Square D type QOB</li> <li>* To comply with NEC Article 427-55(a), circuit breakers are equipped with the means for lockout in the "Off" position.</li> </ul>

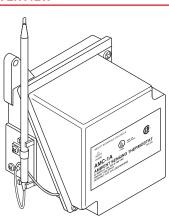


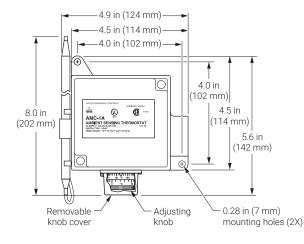


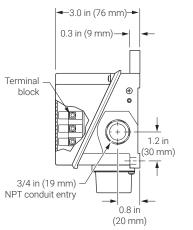
## CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Ambient-sensing thermostat for nonhazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW







The nVent RAYCHEM AMC-1A ambient-sensing thermostat is designed to control heat-tracing systems used for freeze protection in nonhazardous locations. The thermostat responds to ambient temperature changes and has an adjustable set point. The AMC-1A can be used to control a single heat-tracing circuit or as a pilot control of a contactor switching multiple heat-tracing circuits.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Enclosure	TYPE 4X, polyurethane-coated cast-aluminum housing, stainless-steel hardware
Entries	One 3/4-in (19 mm) NPT conduit hub
Set point range	15°F to 140°F (-9°C to 60°C)
Sensor exposure limits	-40°F to 160°F (-40°C to 71°C)
Housing exposure limits	s –40°F to 160°F (–40°C to 71°C)
Switch	SPDT
Electrical rating	22 A at 125 / 250 / 480 Vac
Accuracy	±6°F (±3.3°C)
Deadband	2°F to 12°F (1.1°C to 6.7°C) above actuation temperature
Set point repeatability	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Sensor type	Fixed fluid-filled (silicone) bulb and capillary
Sensor material	300 series stainless steel
Connection terminals	Screw terminals, 10–14 AWG (2–5 mm²)

#### **APPROVALS**



Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

Appendixes Content

Longline Heating

Appendixes

# **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

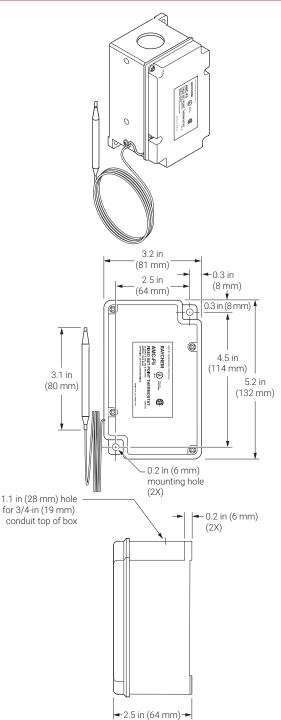
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RAYCHEM

# Fixed set point freeze protection thermostat for nonhazardous locations

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**

AMC-F5



The nVent RAYCHEM AMC-F5 thermostat is designed to control heat-tracing systems used for freeze protection in nonhazardous locations. The thermostat has a fixed set point of 40°F (5°C) and can be used for ambient-sensing or line-sensing. It can be used to control a single heat-tracing circuit or as a pilot control of a contactor switching multiple heat-tracing circuits.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Enclosure	TYPE 4X, UV-resistant thermoplastics
Entries	One 3/4-in (19 mm) through hole
Set point	40°F (5°C) nonadjustable
Sensor exposure limits	-30°F to 140°F (-34°C to 60°C)
Housing exposure limits	-30°F to 140°F (-34°C to 60°C)
Switch	SPST
Electrical rating	22 A at 125 / 250 / 480 Vac
Accuracy	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Deadband	2°F to 12°F (1.1°C to 6.7°C) above actuation temperature
Set point repeatability	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Sensor type	Fluid-filled (silicone) bulb and 2.5 ft (0.8 m) capillary
Sensor material	Tin-plated copper
Connection	Two 14 AWG (2 mm²) pigtails One ground screw

#### APPROVALS

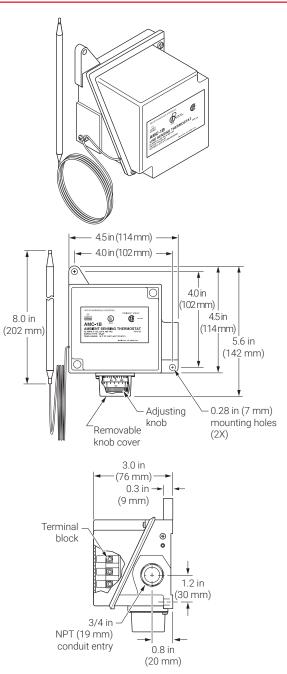




# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Line-sensing thermostat for nonhazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM AMC-1B line-sensing thermostat is designed to control heat-tracing systems in nonhazardous locations. The AMC-1B senses pipe or tank wall temperatures and can be used to control a single heat-tracing circuit or as a pilot control of a contactor switching multiple heat-tracing circuits. It can also be used to indicate low-temperature or high-temperature alarm conditions.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Enclosure	TYPE 4X, polyurethane-coated cast-aluminum housing, stainless steel hardware
Entries	One 3/4-in NPT conduit hub
Set point range	25°F to 325°F (-4°C to 163°C)
Sensor exposure limits	-40°F to 420°F (-40°C to 215°C)
Housing exposure limits	-40°F to 160°F (-40°C to 71°C)
Switch	SPDT
Electrical rating	22 A at 125 / 250 / 480 Vac
Accuracy	±6°F (±3.3°C)
Deadband	2°F to 12°F (1.1°C to 6.7°C) above actuation temperature
Set point repeatability	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Sensor type	Fluid-filled (silicone) bulb and 9 ft (2.7 m) capillary
Sensor material	300 series stainless steel
Connection terminals	Screw terminals, 10–14 AWG (2–5 mm²)

#### APPROVALS



Design Guides Content

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

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# CONNECT AND PROTECT

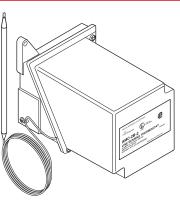
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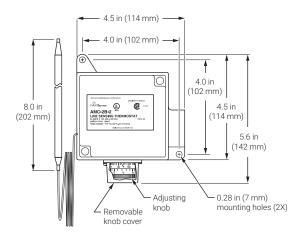
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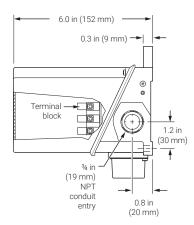
# Double-pole line-sensing thermostat for nonhazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

**AMC-2B-2** 







The nVent RAYCHEM AMC-2B-2 line-sensing thermostat is designed to control heat-tracing systems in nonhazardous locations. The thermostat functions as a double-pole single-throw (DPST) switch, opening and closing the electrical connection to both heating-cable bus wires.

The AMC-2B-2 senses pipe or tank wall temperatures and is used to control one heat-tracing circuit directly.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Enclosure	TYPE 4X, polyurethane-coated cast- aluminum housing, stainless-steel hardware
Entries	One ¾ in (19 mm) NPT conduit hub
Set point range	25°F to 325°F (-4°C to 163°C)
Sensor exposure limits	-40°F to 420°F (-40°C to 215°C)
Housing exposure limits	-40°F to 160°F (-40°C to 71°C)
Switch	DPST
Electrical rating	22 A at 208–240 Vac
Relay coil	208–240 Vac, 4 VA
Accuracy	±6°F (±3.3°C)
Deadband	2°F to 12°F (1.1°C to 6.7°C) above actuation temperature
Setpoint repeatability	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Sensor type	Fluid-filled (silicone) bulb and 9 ft (2.7 m) capillary
Sensor material	300 series stainless steel
Connection terminals	Screw terminals, 10–14 AWG (2–5 mm <sup>2</sup> )

#### APPROVALS



Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

Appendixes Content

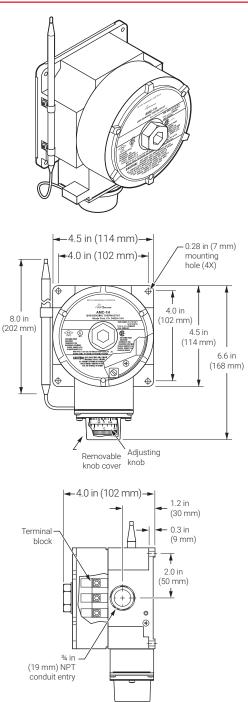
# AMC-1H



## CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Ambient-sensing thermostat for hazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM AMC-1H ambient-sensing thermostat is designed to control heat-tracing systems used for freeze protection in hazardous locations. The thermostat responds to ambient temperature changes and has an adjustable set point. The AMC-1H can be used to control a single heattracing circuit or as a pilot control of a contactor switching multiple heat-tracing circuits.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Enclosure	TYPE 4, 7, 9 lacquer-coated cast- aluminum housing, stainless steel hardware
Entries	One ¾ in (19 mm) NPT conduit hub
Set point range	15°F to 140°F (-9°C to 60°C)
Sensor exposure limits	-40°F to 160°F (-40°C to 71°C)
Housing exposure limits	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
Switch	SPDT
Electrical rating	22 A at 125 / 250 / 480 Vac
Accuracy	±6°F (±3.3°C)
Deadband	2°F to 12°F (1.1°C to 6.7°C) above actuation temperature
Setpoint repeatability	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Sensor type	Fixed fluid-filled (silicone) bulb and capillary
Sensor material	300 series stainless steel
Connection terminals	Screw terminals, 10–14 AWG (2–5 mm <sup>2</sup> )

#### APPROVALS

#### **Hazardous Locations**



Class I, Div. 1 and 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E, F, G Class III

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

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# CONNECT AND PROTECT

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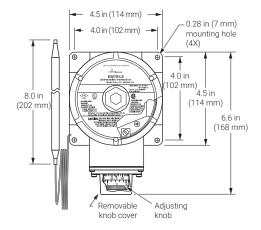
RAYCHEM

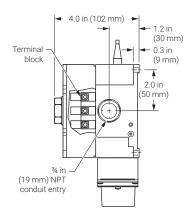
# Line-sensing thermostat for hazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

E507S-LS







The nVent RAYCHEM E507S-LS thermostat is designed for controlling heat-tracing systems in hazardous locations. The E507S-LS senses pipe or tank wall temperatures and can be used to control a single heat-tracing circuit or as a pilot control of a contactor switching multiple heat-tracing circuits. It can also be used to indicate low-temperature or high-temperature alarm conditions.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Enclosure	TYPE 4, 7, 9, lacquer-coated cast-aluminum housing, stainless steel hardware
Entries	One ¾ in (19 mm) NPT conduit hub
Set point range	25°F to 325°F (-4°C to 163°C)
Sensor exposure limits	-40°F to 420°F (-40°C to 215°C)
Housing exposure limits	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
Switch	SPDT
Electrical rating	22 A at 125 / 250 / 480 Vac
Accuracy	±6°F (±3.3°C)
Deadband	2°F to 12°F (1.1°C to 6.7°C) above actuation temperature
Setpoint repeatability	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Sensor type	Fluid-filled (silicone) bulb and 9 ft (2.7 m) capillary
Sensor material	300 series stainless steel
Connection terminals	Screw terminals, 10–14 AWG (2–5 mm²)

#### APPROVALS

#### Hazardous locations



Class I, Div. 1 and 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E, F, G Class III Steam Tracing

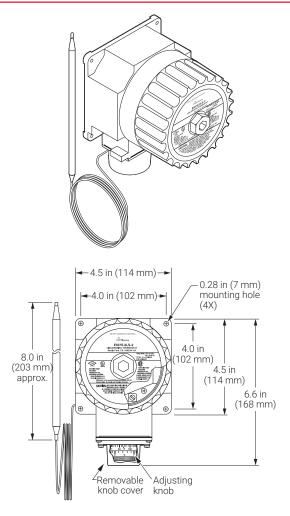
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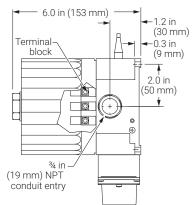


## CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Double-pole line-sensing thermostat for hazardous locations

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW





The nVent RAYCHEM E507S-2LS-2 thermostat is designed to control heat-tracing systems in hazardous locations. The thermostat functions as a double-pole single-throw (DPST) switch, opening and closing the electrical connection to both heating cable bus wires.

The E507S-2LS-2 senses pipe or tank wall temperatures and is used to control one heat-tracing circuit directly.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Enclosure	TYPE 4, 7, 9, lacquer-coated cast-aluminum housing, stainless steel hardware
Entries	One ¾ in NPT conduit hub
Set point range	25°F to 325°F (-4°C to 163°C)
Sensor exposure limits	-40°F to 420°F (-40°C to 215°C)
Housing exposure limits	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
Switch	DPST
Electrical rating	22 A at 208 / 240 Vac
Relay coil	208–240 Vac, 4 VA
Accuracy	±6°F (±3.3°C)
Deadband	2°F to 12°F (1.1°C to 6.7°C) above actuation temperature
Set point repeatability	±3°F (±1.7°C)
Sensor type	Fluid-filled (silicone) bulb and 9 ft (2.7 m) capillary
Sensor material	300 series stainless steel
Connection terminals	Screw terminals, 10–14 AWG (2–5 mm²)

#### APPROVALS

#### Hazardous locations



Class I, Div. 1 and 2, Groups B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 and 2, Groups E, F, G Class III

Design Guides Content

RTB Tubi Bundle

# Elexant 9200i

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**CONNECT AND PROTECT** 

# RAYCHEM

# Wireless communications interface PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 9200i is a Wireless Communications Interface that provides an alternative solution to hardwired Remote Monitoring and Configuration of Electric Heat Tracing (EHT) systems. It integrates with nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software and EHT controllers, helping reduce total cost of ownership of a project.

The Elexant 9200i product line consists of the following:

- Standalone enclosures
- A wireless communications option within a given Control Panel
- External antenna packages

A minimum of two radio transceivers are required to establish a network. Standalone enclosures can be configured in many ways, enabling the customer to choose from a range of options: enclosure material, radio frequency, and antenna type.

#### Installation

The Elexant 9200i comes ready to install, eliminating the need for custom modifications. Components are approved for both indoor and outdoor locations. Wiring is as simple as connecting the incoming power and communications wiring. If so chosen, the external antenna and associated coaxial cable, need be mounted and routed as per the requirements of the system.

Interfacing with and programming transceivers is accomplished through the specific transceiver Manufacturer's radio programming software and applicable interface cable.

#### Communication

Each Elexant 9200i comes equipped with an interface that allows connection to the nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor software and nVent EHT Controllers.

#### **Supporting Information**

Further information pertaining to transceiver hardware and software can be found within associated manufacturer's documentation.

#### Features

- Available in three frequencies for global coverage:
  - 868 MHz, 900 MHz, 2.4 GHz
- Multiple network topologies & modes
  - Point to Point / Star, Line / Mesh
  - I/O Data, Serial, PLC / Modbus RTU
- Multiple Radio setup types
  - Parent, Child, Repeater / Child
  - 128 bit Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)
- Self-Healing
  - Radios auto-negotiate alternate pathways in the event of a lost path
- Long distance coverage

#### nVent.com/RAYCHEM 387

Snow Melting and De-Icing

#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Technical details

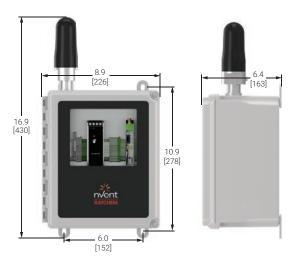
Technical Data Sheets Content

Appendixes Content

Technical details	
Electromagnetic Compatibility	Conformance with EMC Directive's 2004/108/EC and 2004/30/EU
Supply Voltage	100 – 240 VAC, 50-60 Hz
Internal power consumption	< 9 W (900 MHz), 2 W (868 MHz & 2.4 GHz)
Transmission power	< 1 W
Environmental	
Protection	NEMA 4X, IP64 (FG enclosure), IP 66 (Stainless Steel Enclosure)
Materials	Fiberglass (FG) or Stainless Steel (SS304)
Ambient operating temperature	−40°C to 47°C (−40°F to 116°F) cULus variants −40°C to 52°C (−40°F to 125°F) IECEx/ATEX/UKEx variants
Ambient storage temperature	-40°C to 85°C (-67°F to 185°F)
Relative humidity	20% to 85% noncondensing
Environment	PD2, CAT III
Max. altitude	2,000 m (6,562 ft)

#### Typical enclosure dimensions (inches [mm])

Elexant 9200i-X-PC-XXX-FW

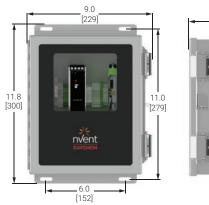


#### Elexant 9200i-X-PC-XXX-FW-EXT





Elexant 9200i-X-PC-XXX-SW-EXT





Elexant 9200i-X-PC-XXX-SW



#### М .+i

Mounting			ulating Cables
Fiberglass enclosure	Surface mount with four hole centers - hole diameter: 0.3 i	es on 6.0 in. x 10.9 in. (152 mm x 278 mm) n (8 mm)	
Stainless Steel enclosure	Surface mount with four hole centers - hole diameter: 0.3 i	es on 6.0 in. x 11 in. (152 mm x 279 mm) n (8 mm)	Power-Limiting Cables
Configuration			iting
Refer to Manufacturers documen	tation for supporting information:		
Method	Phoenix Contact: RAD-XXXX-IFS PSI-CONF	User Manual(s) Programming Software	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
Connection	Phoenix Contact: RAD-CABLE-USB	Radio Programming interface cable	s d
Radio Parameters	Appropriate parameters are	provided through Engineering Services	Longline Heating
Connection terminals			gline
Power supply input		(0.14 – 6 mm²), torque 0.6 – 0.8 Nm /G (0.5 – 6 mm²), cage clamp G (0.5 – 6 mm²), cage clamp	RTE
RS-485 communications		VG (0.25 – 4 mm²), cage clamp 6 (0.25 – 4 mm²), cage clamp	RTB Tubing Bundles
Communications			
Radio			
Туре	Phoenix Contact: 868 MHz, 900 MHz, and 2.4	GHz types available	Tank Heating
Quantity	Phoenix Contact: Up to 250 transceivers per n Up to 99 transceivers per ne	etwork (900 MHZ & 2.4 GHz) twork (868 MHZ)	Snow Melting and De-Icing
RS-485			Melti )e-Icir
Туре	RS-485, 2-wire		Du Du
Cable	Shielded, Twisted pair		
Length	4,000 ft. (1,200 m) maximun	1	Mon
Quantity	Up to 32 devices per serial p	ort (Typical)	Control and Monitoring

#### **APPROVALS**

For use in hazardous area Class I, Division 2 / Zone 2 (Gas) - applicable to Enclosures

#### Temperature classification

Τ4

(Ex

#### **Product certification**

RAYCHEM-DS-H60817-Elexant9200i-EN-2303



More details about product certification, approvals and conditions of safe use are available in the installation manual at www.nVent.com/RAYCHEM.

#### nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 9200i Wireless Enclosures

(See Notes 1 and 2)

Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight (kg/lbs)
Elexant 9200i 868 MHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window, antenna, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20)	10392-100	9200i-E-PC-868-FW	3.9 / 8.6
Elexant 9200i 868 MHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window, external antenna connection, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20) - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-101	9200i-E-PC-868-FW-EXT	3.2 / 7.1
Elexant 9200i 868 MHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window, antenna, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20)	10392-102	9200i-E-PC-868-SW	6.7 / 14.7
Elexant 9200i 868 MHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window, external antenna connection, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20) - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-103	9200i-E-PC-868-SW-EXT	6.0 / 13.2
Elexant 9200i 900 MHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window and antenna	10392-104	9200i-A-PC-900-FW	3.9 / 8.6
Elexant 9200i 900 MHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window and external antenna connection - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-105	9200i-A-PC-900-FW-EXT	3.2 / 7.1
Elexant 9200i 900 MHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window and antenna	10392-106	9200i-A-PC-900-SW	6.7 / 14.7
Elexant 9200i 900 MHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window and external antenna connection - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-107	9200i-A-PC-900-SW-EXT	6.0 / 13.2
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window and antenna	10392-108	9200i-A-PC-024-FW	3.9 / 8.6
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window and external antenna connection - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-109	9200i-A-PC-024-FW-EXT	3.2 / 7.1
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window and antenna	10392-110	9200i-A-PC-024-SW	6.7 / 14.7
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window and external antenna connection - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-111	9200i-A-PC-024-SW-EXT	6.0 / 13.2
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window, antenna, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20)	10392-112	9200i-E-PC-024-FW	3.9 / 8.6
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in FG enclosure with window, external antenna connection, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20) - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-113	9200i-E-PC-024-FW-EXT	3.2 / 7.1
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window, antenna, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20)	10392-114	9200i-E-PC-024-SW	6.7 / 14.7
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Phoenix Contact module in SS enclosure with window, external antenna connection, and pre-drilled holes for power (M25) and communications (M20) - antenna & coax sold separately	10392-115	9200i-E-PC-024-SW-EXT	6.0 / 13.2

\* Not all variants are available in all regions

#### nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 9200i Wireless Antenna Packages

All Antenna Packages listed are accessories to the Enclosures shown above, and are shown to assist the customer in product selection. However, they are not included in the approvals of the Enclosures. Each component of the antenna packages must have its own suitable certification for each use case. Refer to the section on 'SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF SAFE USE' in the Installation Manual for further information. (See Notes 1 and 2)

Description	Catalog Number	Part Number	Weight (kg/lbs)
Elexant 9200i 868 MHz Antenna Package Accessory - OMNI 2 dBi antenna with 3 meter coaxial cable, antenna bracket, and gland	10392-151	9200i-E-PC-ANT-868-OM1-3	1.4 / 3.1
Elexant 9200i 868 - 900 MHz Antenna Package Accessory - OMNI 2 dBi antenna with 3 meter coaxial cable, antenna bracket, and gland	10392-152	9200i-A-PC-ANT-900-OM2-3	1.4 / 3.1
Elexant 9200i 2.4 GHz Antenna Package Accessory - 2 dBi antenna with 3 meter coaxial cable, antenna bracket, and gland	10392-153	9200i-C-PC-ANT-024-0M3-3	1.4 / 3.1
Elexant 9200i 868 - 900 MHz Antenna Package Accessory - OMNI 5 dBi YAGI antenna with 3 meter coaxial cable, antenna bracket, and gland	10392-154	9200i-C-PC-ANT-900-YA1-3	2.1/4.6
Customized Antenna Package Accessory	9200i-ANT-C	9200i-ANT-C	N/A

#### Notes:

- 1. Many countries restrict the use of specific Radio Frequencies. In general, the following frequencies can be used accordingly:
  - a. 868 MHz EMEAI
  - b. 900 MHz North America
  - c. 2.4 GHz Global

2. Further information pertaining to specific regional information can be found within the manufacturer's documentation.

Appendixes



## CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Heat-tracing controller configuration and monitoring software

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor heat-tracing controller configuration and monitoring software provides a graphical user interface for nVent RAYCHEM heat-tracing communication and controller products. Heat-trace system information can be accessed and managed from almost anywhere in the world, making Supervisor a powerful management tool for the entire Heat Management System (HMS).

#### Network and connectivity

By using the latest network technologies, costs can be reduced. Devices are no longer limited to simple hard-wired serial communications, but take advantage of existing network infrastructures including Ethernet LANs (Local Area Networks) and Internet-based WANs (Wide Area Networks).

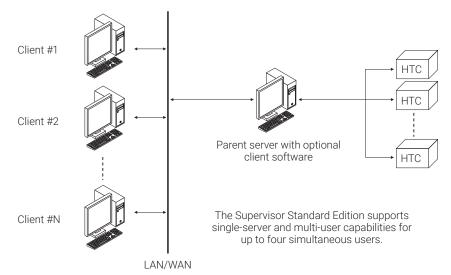
#### Scalability

nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor is available in two Editions - 'Standard' and 'Enterprise'.

#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Supervisor STANDARD edition

The standard edition is a single-server multi-user version. It provides connectivity to several hundred control units in the field and can support up to four simultaneous users.

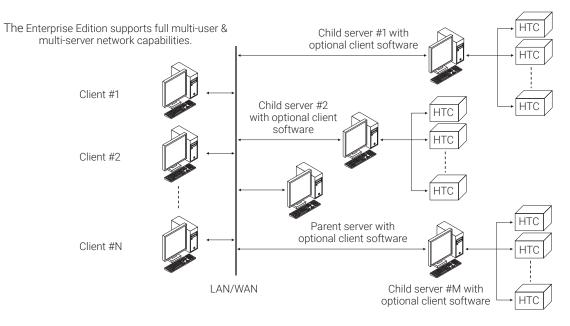


# Power-Limiting Cables

Appendixes

#### Supervisor ENTERPRISE edition

The 'Enterprise' edition offers unlimited multi-user, multi-server network capabilities, expanding on the capabilities of the 'Standard' edition. Enterprise level functionality requires the purchase of SQL server software and Microsoft Licensing.



#### Functionality

Device configuration	Individual devices can be configured in either offline or online mode. After confirmation, data will be uploaded into heat-tracing control devices.
Online monitoring	Monitoring online signals like temperature, ground-fault current, current, voltage of individual controllers or sets of controllers in user-defined groups.
Trending & historical data storage	User defined trending of heat-tracing data which can be stored into the database on a user-defined time interval and storage mechanism.
Alarm and events	Displayed in a separate pop-up banner where they can be individually acknowledged by the user. All alarms and events are stored in the database for post-event analyses.
Plant reference model	Organize Heat-tracing circuits via a model which represents the layout of the plant, simplifying the process of locating heat trace circuits for the entire system.
Enhanced documentation link to device configuration & monitoring utilities	Link heat-tracing circuits to design and construction documentation and makes it easily accessible to the user (examples: P&IDs, heat-tracing isometrics).
Data import & export	Export system devices and plant documentation, and save the data in an XML-format file which can also be imported.
Reports	Numerous pre-defined reports like device configurations, alarms and events (historical and current), user roles, etc.
Batch, recipes and event scheduler	Multiple pre-defined heat-trace setting changes can be executed at the same time by using the batch and recipe tool. Batches can be launched manually or automatic at a scheduled date and time or at regular intervals.
System wide data synchronisation	Synchronise continuously with the controllers in the field. Local changes in the controller will reflect in Supervisor and vice versa.
E-mail on alarm notification	Send email notifications to selected users when alarms occur.
Internal user messaging	Instantaneous communication between Supervisor clients connected to the same Supervisor network.
Multi level security and individual user defined preferences	Security is based on plant groups, users, and roles, which offers differentiation between each end-user responsibility, rights and preferences.
Languages	English, French, German, Russian, Chinese

#### **Controller compatibility**

Supervisor is compatible with any of the following nVent RAYCHEM communication and controller products that have the appropriate communications interface installed:

- Elexant 4000 series
- NGC-20
- Elexant 5010i
- NGC-30
- NGC-40 series
- HTC-900 series
- MoniTrace RMC
- NGC-UIT's
- Legacy devices (T2000 systems, GCC-9000/780, 720, 790, HTC-9000/9100/CAS HTC's)

#### System requirements

Parent server computer	<ul> <li>A Quad core© - 2.0 GHz CPU For large systems, where multiple Child Servers are to be used, consider the use of higher speed CPU's with more processing cores and / or processing threads within the Parent Server computer for greater performance. Consult nVent Applications Engineering for guidance</li> <li>4 gigabytes of free disk space (HDD or SSD)</li> <li>8 gigabytes of RAM</li> <li>Field Device connectivity, such as Ethernet or Serial RS-485 (type and quantity depend on device communication architecture)</li> <li>A mouse or other compatible pointing device</li> <li>A display with minimum 800x600 resolution</li> <li>Standard configurations using Microsoft SQL Express: Windows 7, Windows 8 or Windows 10, either 32 or 64 bit.</li> <li>Multi-User/Multi-Server Capable configurations using MS SQL Server: Microsoft Windows® Server 2012 through 2019, and Windows 7, 8, or 10 either 32 or 64 bit</li> <li>Microsoft .NET® Framework version 4.0</li> <li>Network connectivity</li> </ul>
Child server computer(s) (optional)	<ul> <li>A Quad core© - 2.0 GHz CPU</li> <li>4 gigabyte of free disk space (HDD or SSD)</li> <li>8 gigabytes of RAM</li> <li>Field Device connectivity, such as Ethernet or Serial RS-485 (type and quantity depend on device communication architecture)</li> <li>A mouse or other compatible pointing device</li> <li>A display with a minimum 800x600 resolution</li> <li>Microsoft Windows 7, 8 or 10</li> <li>Microsoft .NET<sup>®</sup> Framework version 4.0</li> <li>Network connectivity</li> </ul>
Client computer(s)	<ul> <li>A Quad core© - 2.0 GHz CPU</li> <li>2 gigabytes of free space (HDD or SSD)</li> <li>4 gigabytes of RAM</li> <li>A mouse or other compatible pointing device</li> <li>A display with a minimum 800x600 resolution</li> <li>Windows 7, Windows 8 or Windows 10 either 32 or 64 bit</li> <li>Microsoft .NET® Framework version 4.0</li> <li>Network connectivity</li> </ul>
nVent RAYCHEM Supervisor Database (Edition dependent)	<ul> <li>Supervisor Standard edition runs on SQL Express</li> <li>Supervisor Enterprise edition requires SQL Server</li> </ul>

Design Guides Content

#### Registration

Supervisor will run in TRIAL mode for up to 14 days.

For more information about how to register within this period, see the Supervisor Installation and Operating Instructions or visit nVent.com.

#### Communication

Modbus RTU protocol via:

- TCP/IP
- RS-232
- RS-485

esign Guides Content

# Pipeline Supervisor



## CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Intelligent and predictive pipeline temperature monitoring software

#### OVERVIEW

Pipeline temperature monitoring on an operating pipeline is very helpful, but often severely underutilized due to operator inattention or lack of data interpretation skills. This is why customized algorithms and machine learning, when combined with fibre optic Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS), can bridge the gap between "data" and actionable "information".

nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) is a culmination of nVent's many years of experience troubleshooting, optimizing and maintaining our clientele's temperature-critical pipeline applications. We combined the power of distributed temperature data from DTS with specially customized algorithms that create a wealth of useful analytics, on a real-time basis. These analytics are configured to your specific pipeline geometry and use time trending to create warnings/alarms of predicted conditions, while also providing the time and location where problems are occurring (or may be about to occur), along your pipeline asset.

- Enhanced Risk Avoidance: Operators need to visualize all the risks to keep the pipeline in a safe operating zone. Catastrophic pipeline ruptures lead to significant financial, environmental, and reputational damage to any company. The implementation of pipeline predictive analytics provides your organization with an additional level of protection to help lower the risk profile of critical pipeline assets.
- **Critical Situational Response:** When you lose power or need to ensure uniform re-melt, critical monitoring and analytics minimize the risk state. Real-time data combined with targeted algorithms can help in significantly reducing hazards that are associated with unwanted operational situations or outcomes.
- **Operational Optimization:** Advanced alarm notifications of concerning trends or events are provided when an abnormality is detected, minimizing full-time operator engagement. A real time Risk Gauge in the dashboard provides a high level status indicator of your pipeline.
- Flow Assurance: Ensuring that the fluid in your pipeline is flowing (or ready to flow) by monitoring for a Uniform Thermal Profile is key. Remove the guesswork to verifying this critical prerequisite to starting your pumps.

#### **NETWORK AND CONNECTIVITY**

nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor is designed on a platform that works with both on-premise and cloud solutions, which backs-up all measurement and alarm data on a hard-drive.

The most recent 2 weeks of data will be available for viewing in the software dashboard. The browser-based user interface allows for access through multiple devices including smart phones, tablets and remote PC's.



#### FEATURES BY TIERED GROUPING

	nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor	Select	Premium
1	Multiple Pipeline Asset Monitoring Functionality	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
2	Sensing Fiber Attenuation Profile	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
3	Complete Pipeline Temperature Profile w/ Color Gradients	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
4	Critical Alarm Management	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
5	Automated Data Backup	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
6	Historical Time Trending Analysis (Temperature)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
7	Enhanced Configurable GUI	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
8	DTS System Health	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
9	Configurable Alarm Latching	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
10	Role Based Permissions / Access	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
11	Multiple Delivery Platforms (Tablet & Mobile Phone Access)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
12	Pipeline Profile vs. Plan View Toggling		$\checkmark$
13	Insulation Health Monitoring		$\checkmark$
14	Anchor Health Monitoring		$\checkmark$
15	Site Asset Landmark Mapping		$\checkmark$
16	Real-Time Pipeline Health Gauge (Based on Key Metrics)		$\checkmark$
17	"Time to Freeze" Prediction		$\checkmark$
18	RTD vs. DTS 2-Way Validation		$\checkmark$
19	Shift Summary Report		$\checkmark$

The above offering is illustrative and may be modified by nVent from time to time with prior notification to Client.

New functionalities, features and/or modules developed by nVent may be assigned by nVent, in its sole discretion, to the Select Offer, the Premium Offer, or to a new Offer category, which nVent reserves the right to create.

 $\sqrt{-}$  Features will be launched in the near future.

#### DATA ACCESS, PROTECTION AND PRIVACY

nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) adheres to strict data sharing protocols. By assigning users to role based access, multiple users can sign-on simultaneously, as opposed to a single user/password combination. RPS resides on a Control Network, which is separated from a corporate network / Internet, which allows the software to be installed on-premise. Access outside of the Control Network is required to be provided to the RPS software to enable the delivery of alarms to mobile devices. In order to enable remote maintenance (including updates), access outside of the control network will be required for at least the duration of the maintenance period.

In addition, nVent follows current industry security standards and implements policies, procedures, practices and measures necessary to protect against unauthorized or accidental access of data residing on nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) or nVent's systems. nVent applies processes and technologies to help prevent nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor (RPS) from containing any viruses or any other contaminants that access (without authorization) or shut down computer systems, networks, software or other data or property ("Malware").

#### SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS AND HARDWARE

The nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor system and hardware requirements vary slightly from project to project, and are dependent on the customer's unique system requirements. All on-premise solutions are delivered as a combination of a local server and the RPS software. The server is rack mounted and installed with an industrial PC, monitor and keyboard for standalone access to the software.

The solution allows for multi-users in different locations as well as remote access, provided the solution is setup on a Control Network (or corporate network if desired).

#### **COMPATIBILITY / REGISTRATION**

information about the capabilities of this software, please visit https://RAYCHEM.nvent.com/RPS.

#### COMMUNICATION

Modbus RTU protocol via:

- TCP/IP
  - RS-232
  - RS-485

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

Catalog Number	Tier Level	Description	Key Benefits
T1240031	nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor Select	Increased awareness with pipeline temperature trending and alarm severity indicators	Temperature profile, alarm management, phone/tablet/ remote PC access
T1240032	nVent RAYCHEM Pipeline Supervisor Premium	Deeper performance & operational insights with pipeline health monitoring	Shift summary reports, time-to-freeze predictions, pipeline health gauge, insulation and anchor health monitoring

RAYCHEM

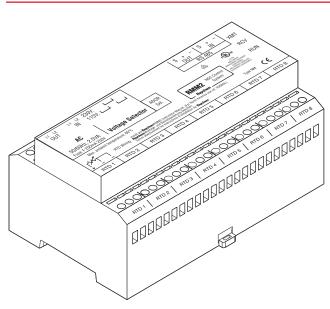
ppendixe

CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Heat-tracing remote monitoring module

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

RMM3



**RMM3** without enclosure

The nVent RAYCHEM remote monitoring module (RMM3) provides temperature monitoring capability for the Elexant and NGC heat-tracing control and monitoring systems. The RMM3 accepts up to eight RTDs that measure pipe, vessel, or ambient temperatures in a heat-tracing system. Multiple RMM3 units communicate with a single nVent RAYCHEM User Interface providing centralized monitoring of temperatures. A single, twisted pair RS-485 cable connects up to 247 RMM3 units.

#### **Control and monitoring**

The RMM3 modules are used to aggregate RTD wires in one remote location and send the information back to the control system through a single twisted pair cable. This helps reduce installation costs since only one conduit run returns to the controller, rather than eight. The RMM3 units are placed near desired measurement locations in nonhazardous or hazardous locations. Multiple temperature sensor inputs are networked over a single cable, significantly reducing installation cost.

#### Alarms

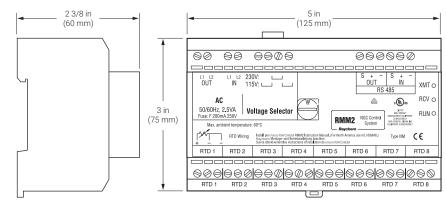
Each temperature sensor connected to a RMM3 unit may have individual low- and high-temperature alarms. Alarm limits are set and alarm conditions are reported at the control panel. Additional alarms are triggered for failed temperature sensors and communication errors. Alarms may be reported remotely through an alarm relay in the control system or through an RS-485 connection to a host computer supporting the Modbus® protocol.

#### Configurations

The RMM3 clips to a DIN 35 rail and can be mounted in a choice of enclosures, as required for the area classification and environment. For aggressive environments and Division 2 hazardous locations, nVent offers a glass-reinforced polyester TYPE 4X enclosure.

#### DIMENSIONS

#### Figure 1



#### GENERAL

	RMM2
Area of use (with appropriate enclosure)	Nonhazardous or hazardous locations
Approvals	Hazardous location Class I Division 2 Group A, B, C, D T5
Ambient operating temperature range	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
Ambient storage temperature range	-40°F to 140°F (-40°C to 60°C)
Relative humidity	5% to 95%, noncondensing
RMM3 Supply voltage (nominal)	115/230 Vac, jumper selectable. (The default voltage is 230 Vac. A jumper is supplied to convert to 115 Vac.)
RMM3-24Vdc supply voltage (nominal)	24 Vdc (10-30 Vdc)
Internal power consumption	< 3 W

#### **RMM3 WITH DIVISION 2 ENCLOSURE**

	RMM3-4X
Protection	TYPE 4X
Approvals	Hazardous location Class I Division 2 Group A, B, C, D T5
Material	Glass-reinforced polyester, silicone gasket, stainless steel hardware
Entries	Six ¾-in (19 mm) NPT conduit entrance holes, four plugged
Mounting	Surface mounting dimensions are shown in Figure 2

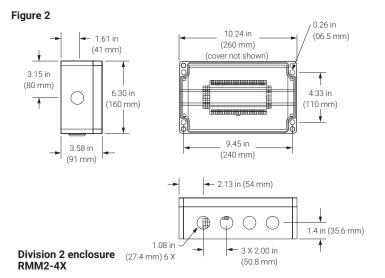
#### **TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUTS**

Туре	100 Ω platinum RTD, 3-wire, α =0.00385 Ω/Ω/°C
Quantity per RMM3	Up to 8 RTDs can be extended with a 3-conductor shielded cable of 20 $\Omega$ maximum per conductor

#### COMMUNICATION TO NGC CONTROLLER

Туре	RS-485
Cable	One shielded twisted pair
Length	4000 ft (1200 m) maximum
Address	Switch-selectable on RMM3, address range 1-247

#### **ENCLOSURE DIMENSIONS**



#### **CONNECTION TERMINALS**

Power supply	24-12 AWG
RTD, communications	24-12 AWG

#### **ORDERING DETAILS**

	Catalog number	Part number	Weight
Remote monitoring module (RMM2)			
RMM3, eight RTD inputs, no enclosure	RMM3	1244-022749	1.5 lb (0.7 kg)
RMM3-24VDC, eight RTD inputs, no enclosure	RMM3-24VDC	1244-022782	1.5 lb (0.7 kg)
RMM3 with TYPE 4X enclosure	RMM3-4X	523420-001	4 lb (1.8 kg)
RMM3-24VDC with TYPE 4X enclosure	RMM3-24VDC-4X	523420-002	4 lb (1.8 kg)
Cables			
RTD extension cable, 1000-ft reel	MONI-RTD-WIRE	962661-000	20 lb (9.1 kg)
RS-485 cable, 1000-ft reel	MONI-RS485-WIRE	549097-000	17 lb (7.7 kg)

Longline Heating

RAYCHEM-DS-H89521-RMM3-EN-2306

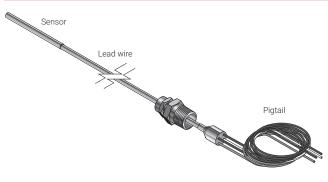
# RTD-MTO



### CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Resistance temperature detector (RTD) for temperature measurement up to 1100°F (593°C)

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



These three-wire platinum nVent RAYCHEM RTD's (resistance temperature detectors) are designed to withstand highly corrosive applications and are typically used with control and monitoring systems when accurate temperature control is required. The Alloy 825 sheathed lead wire is rugged, yet flexible, allowing the sensor to get around obstructions or into areas where a rigid conduit is not practical.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Nominal dimensions3 in (Accuracy±1°FRange-76°Resistance100 cLead Wire-	stainless steel (76 mm) length, ¼ in (6.4 mm) diameter (0.5°C) at 32°F (0°C) F to 1100°F ( $-60$ °C to 593°C) ohms at 0°C $\alpha$ = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C (825 stainless steel - $\frac{3}{16}$ in (4.8 mm) in diameter
Accuracy±1°FRange-76°Resistance100 cLead Wire	(0.5°C) at 32°F (0°C) F to 1100°F (-60°C to 593°C) ohms at 0°C α = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C 825 stainless steel - ¾6 in (4.8 mm) in diameter
Range-76°Resistance100 cLead Wire100 c	F to 1100°F (-60°C to 593°C) ohms at 0°C α = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C 825 stainless steel - ¾6 in (4.8 mm) in diameter
Resistance 100 c	ohms at 0°C a = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C 825 stainless steel - <sup>3</sup> ⁄16 in (4.8 mm) in diameter
Lead Wire	825 stainless steel - ¾6 in (4.8 mm) in diameter
Outer sheath Alloy	
	10 10 2 ft (2 1 M)
RTD2 Note	10 – 10.2 ft (3.1 M) 20 – 20.2 ft (6.1 M) :: RTDs are available in lengths of 1, 3, 7, 15, 25, 30, 50, 75, and 100 ft. act nVent for additional information.
Maximum exposure temperature 1100	)°F (593°C)
Conduit connector ½" N	PT, 303 MX stainless steel
Pigtail	
Length* 24 in	(61 cm)
Pigtail wire size (each of 4) 16 AV	WG, stranded tinned copper
reduc RTD nVen	The length of RTD extension wires is determined by the wire gauge used. To ce the likelihood that electrical noise will affect temperature measurement, keep extension wires as short as possible. Use shielded instrument cable such as at RAYCHEM MONI-RTD-WIRE (22 AWG, PVC insulation, $-30^{\circ}$ F to $140^{\circ}$ F, $-20^{\circ}$ C to c) or Belden 83553 (22 AWG, FEP insulation, $-95^{\circ}$ F to $395^{\circ}$ F, $-70^{\circ}$ C to $200^{\circ}$ C).
Electrical Connection For c	connection only to Class 2 circuits

\* Tolerance on length is  $\pm 3\%$ .

Design Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

Appendixes Content

#### Pipe straps

#### **APPROVALS**

#### **Hazardous locations**



Class I, Div. 1 & 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 1 & 2, Groups E, F, G

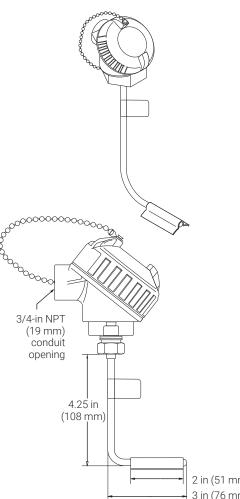
The RTD10 and RTD20 are approved for Division 1 and 2 only when used with the appropriately rated enclosure suitable for the specific hazardous location.

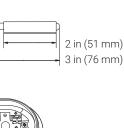


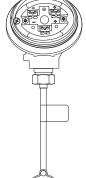
## **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

## RTD temperature sensor for temperature measurement up to 900°F (482°C)

#### **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**







The nVent RAYCHEM RTD4AL is a three-wire platinum RTD (resistance-temperature detector) typically used with monitoring and control systems that require accurate temperature control. The RTD4AL kit can be used with a wide variety of nVent RAYCHEM monitoring and control systems.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Sensor housing & cap	Aluminum A380; TYPE 4X
Sensor sheath	316 stainless steel
Range	–100°F to 900°F (–73°C to 482°C) maximum
Accuracy	±1°F (0.5°C) at 32°F (0°C)
Resistance	100 ohms at 0°C α =0.00385 ohms/ ohm/°C
Connection	3/4-in (19 mm) NPT conduit hub <b>Note:</b> The length of RTD extension wires is determined by the wire gauge used. To reduce the likelihood that electrical noise will affect temperature measurement, keep RTD extension wires as short as possible. Use shielded instrument cable such as nVent RAYCHEM MONI-RTD- WIRE (22 AWG, PVC insulation, -30°F to 140°F, -20°C to 60°C) or Belden 83553 (22 AWG, FEP insulation, -95°F to 395°F, -70°C to 200°C).

#### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

Pipe strap, conduit, 16-22 AWG shielded instrument cable

#### **KIT CONTENTS**

One RTD temperature sensor

#### **APPROVALS**

The RTD4AL is CSA certified to U.S. and Canadian standards.



Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Div. 2, Groups F, G

esign Guides Content

RAYCHEM

# Pipe strap, conduit, 16-22 AWG shielded instrument cable

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

#### **KIT CONTENTS**

One RTD temperature sensor

#### **APPROVALS**

The RTD7AL is CSA certified to U.S. and Canadian standards.

Class I, Div. 1, Groups C, D Class II, Div. 1, Groups E, F, G

# **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

The nVent RAYCHEM RTD7AL temperature sensor is a threewire platinum RTD (resistance-temperature detector) typically

used with monitoring and control systems when accurate temperature control is required. The sensor is explosionproof and approved for Division 1 hazardous locations. The RTD7AL can be used with a wide variety of nVent RAYCHEM

316 stainless steel

±1°F (0.5°C) at 32°F (0°C)

34 in (19 mm) NPT conduit hub

maximum

-100°F to 900°F (-73°C to 482°C)

100 ohms at 0°C α = 0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C

Note: The length of RTD extension wires is determined by the wire gauge used. To reduce the likelihood that electrical noise

will affect temperature measurement, keep

insulation, -95°F to 395°F, -70°C to 200°C). -40°F to 212°F (-40°C to 100°C) for all gas

RTD extension wires as short as possible.

Use shielded instrument cable such as nVent RAYCHEM MONI-RTD-WIRE (22 AWG, PVC insulation, -30°F to 140°F, -20°C to 60°C) or Belden 83553 (22 AWG, FEP

groups except Group A. -4°F to 212°F (-20°C to 100°C) for gas Group A

monitoring and control systems.

Sensor housing Aluminum; Type 4x

**SPECIFICATIONS** 

Sensor sheath

Range

Accuracy

Resistance

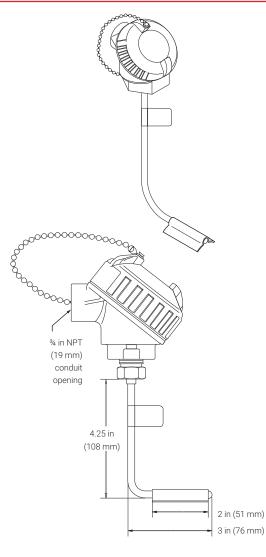
Connection

Operating Ambient

## RTD temperature sensor for temperature measurement up to 900°F (482°C) in division 1 locations

**PRODUCT OVERVIEW** 

**RTD7AL** 







esign Guides Content

Technical Data Sheets Content

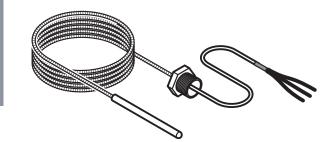
# **RTD3CS and RTD10CS**



## CONNECT AND PROTECT

# RTD temperature sensors for temperature measurement up to 400°F (204°C)

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW



The nVent RAYCHEM RTD3CS and RTD10CS are three-wire platinum RTD (resistance temperature detectors) typically used with monitoring and control systems such as the nVent RAYCHEM 910 controller when accurate temperature control is required.

The RTD3CS and RTD10CS can be installed directly to the controller using the supplied 1/2" conduit fitting or to an RTD junction box where RTD extension wire is used.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Sensor	
Housing	316 stainless steel
Dimensions	3-in (76 mm) length 3/16-in (8 mm) diameter
Sensing area	1-1/2 in (38 mm)
Accuracy	±1°F (0.5°C) at 32°F (0°C)
Range	-76°F to 400°F (-60°C to 204°C)
Resistance	100 ohms at 0°C α =0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C
Extension wires	
Wire size (each of three)	20 AWG, stranded tinned copper <b>Note:</b> The length of RTD extension wires is determined by the wire gauge used. To reduce the likelihood that electrical noise will affect temperature measurement, keep RTD extension wires as short as possible. Use shielded instrument cable such as nVent RAYCHEM MONI-RTD-WIRE (22 AWG, PVC insulation, -30°F to 140°F, -20°C to 60°C) or Belden 83553 (22 AWG, FEP insulation, -95°F to 395°F, -70°C to 200°C).
Wire insulation rating	300 V
Length	RTD3CS: 3-ft (0.3 m) flexible armor, 18-in (457 mm) lead wire RTD10CS: 10-ft (3 m) flexible armor, 18-in (457 mm) lead wire
Outer shield	Stainless steel flexible armor (not suitable for underground applications)
Maximum exposure temperature	400°F (204°C)
Conduit bushing	1/2-in (12.7 mm) NPT

#### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

AT-180 aluminum tape

#### **APPROVALS**

Approvals associated with control device. Not to be used in Division 1 areas.

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

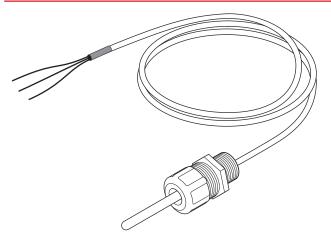
ent

RAYCHEM

# RTD temperature sensor for ambient sensing

#### PRODUCT OVERVIEW

**RTD-200** 



The nVent RAYCHEM RTD-200 is a three-wire platinum RTD (resistance temperature detector) typically used with electronic control systems that require accurate ambient temperature sensing. The RTD-200 comes with a 1/2" NPT fitting that installs to the appropriate conduit box. This allows mounting of the RTD in a typical ambient location. This also allows for splicing of RTD extension wire back to the controller.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Sensor	
Housing	316 stainless steel
Dimensions	3-in (7.6 mm) length, 1/4-in (6 mm) diameter
Accuracy	± 0.3°F (± 0.2°C)
Range	-100°F to 300°F (-73°C to 149°C)
Resistance	100 ohms ± 0.25 ohm at 0°C $\alpha$ =0.00385 ohms/ohm/°C
Extension wire	
Wire size (each of three)	22 AWG <b>Note:</b> The length of RTD extension wires is determined by the wire gauge used. To reduce the likelihood that electrical noise will affect temperature measurement, keep RTD extension wires as short as possible. Use shielded instrument cable such as nVent RAYCHEM MONI-RTD-WIRE (22 AWG, PVC insulation, -30°F to 140°F, -20°C to 60°C) or Belden 83553 (22 AWG, FEP insulation, -95°F to 395°F, -70°C to 200°C).
Wire dielectric strength	600 V
Length	6 ft (1.8 m)
Outer jacket	Fluoropolymer
Maximum exposure temperature	300°F (149°C)
Sensor fitting	1/2-in (12.7 mm) NPT with sealing washer and nut

#### APPROVALS

Approvals associated with control device. Not to be used in Division 1 areas.

# Appendixes

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Tank Heating

410 NVent.com/RAYCHEM



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Heat-tracing design request form

r			Longline Heating
Contact information	Name		ing
	Company		R
	Fax no./e-mail	Date	RTB Tubing Bundles
	Telephone	Fax	s ng
Project parameters	Project name		H J
parameters	Done for		Tank Heating
	Done by		
Design parameters	Temperatures	Maintain temperature (°F)	Snow Melting and De-Icing
parameters		Ambient temperature (°F) Minimum Maximum	lelting -Icing
		Process temperature (°F)	- C
		Maximum exposure temperature (°F)	Control and Monitoring
		Minimum start-up temperature (°F)	ng
		System (fluid) limit temperature (°F) Check if temperature sensitive	Р Р
	Voltage	Other           120 Vac         208 Vac         240 Vac         277 Vac	Heat-Trace Panels
	Location	Indoors Outdoors	=
	Area classification	Class Division/ Group Nonhazardous Zone	Tank Insulation
	Temperature rating	T1 T2 T2C T2D T3 T4 T5 T6 Nonhazardous	
		Auto-Ignition Temperature (AIT)	Steam Tracing
	Pipe material	Metal Plastic Other, Stainless Steel Other,	
	Monitoring options	Temperature Ground-fault Line current Continuity current	Technical Data Sheets

# Heat-tracing design request form

# **PIPING INFORMATION**

	Deferre	Diamatan	Insulation	In colution	Pipe	Pipe suppo	Pipe supports		Valves	
Line ID	Reference no.	Diameter (in)	thickness (in)	Insulation Type	length (ft)	Туре	Number	Туре	Number	Number
1										
2										
3										
4										

Note: nVent RAYCHEM heating cables are factory terminated to the required length. They can not be altered in the field.



# Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Appendixes

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Self-regulating/power-limiting design worksheet

Thermal Design, Heating Cable, Component, and Accessory Selection

# **DESIGN CRITERIA**

Location	Area classification	Area T-rating	Pipe maintain temp. (T <sub>m</sub> )	Minimum ambient temp. (T <sub>a</sub> )	Delta temp. (ΔT = T <sub>m</sub> − T <sub>a</sub> )	Start-up temp.	Process operation and limit temp.	System limit temp.	
•									
indoors									
•									
outdoors									
Example	Hazardous	T2							
Outdoors	CID2	(300°C)	80°F	-20°F	100°F	0°F	200°F	500°F	

# THERMAL DESIGN

Line ID	Pipe size (inches)	ΔT = T <sub>m</sub> – T <sub>a</sub>	Insulation thickness (inches)	Base heat loss Q <sub>B</sub> (f=1)	Insulation type/f	Corrected heat loss Q <sub>T</sub> = Q <sub>B</sub> x f
Example example 1	4	100	2	6.6	Cal sil 1.5	9.8

# HEATING CABLE SELECTION

Line ID	Q <sub>T</sub> heat loss (watts/ft)	T <sub>m</sub> maintain temperature	T <sub>exp</sub> maximum exposure temp.	Chemical exposure	Voltage	Pipe material	Heating cable selected
<b>Example</b> example 1	9.8	80	200	organics	240	CS	10QTVR2-CT

# CALCULATION OF HEATING CABLE LENGTH

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
Line ID	Feet of pipe	Spiral ratio	Feet for pipe (col 2 x col 3)	Feet for valves (# of valves x ft/valve)	Feet for supports (# of supports x ft/support)	Extra cable for connection kits (3ft per kit)	Total heating cable length (Columns 4+5+6+7)
Example							
example 1	200	1	200	2 x 4.3 = 8.6	10 x 1.5 = 15	6 x 3 = 18	241.6

# CALCULATION OF CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZING

Line ID	Heater type	Total heating cable length	Start-up temperature	Circuit breaker sizing
<b>Example</b> example 1	10QTVR2-CT	241.6	0°F	30 A 320 / 40 A 390

# **CONNECTION KITS AND ACCESSORIES**

Line ID	Heating cable selected	Area classification	Number of circuits	Power connection kit/ quantity	Splice/quantity	Tee/quantity	End seal kit/ quantity
Example							
1001	10QTVR2-CT	CID2	1	JBS-100-A/1	S-150/0	T-100/2	E-100-L/3
			Column Totals:				

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

straps

# **CALCULATION OF ACCESSORY PIPE STRAPS**

Line ID Pipe straps	Units	Straps per kit	Total	Line ID Pipe straps	Units	Straps per kit	Total	Line ID Pipe straps	Units	Straps per kit	Total
<b>Example</b> Power connections	1	1	1	Power connections				Power connections			
Splice kits	0	0	0	Splice kits				Splice kits			
Tees	2	2	4	Tees				Tees			
End seals	3	1	3	End seals				End seals			
		Total	8			Total				Total	

straps

Line ID Pipe straps	Units	Straps per kit	Total	Line ID Pipe straps	Units	Straps per kit	Total	Line ID Pipe straps	Units	Straps per kit	Total
Power connections				Power connections				Power connections			
Splice kits				Splice kits				Splice kits			
Tees				Tees				Tees			
End seals				End seals				End seals			
	^	Total straps				Total straps				Total straps	

straps

# ATTACHMENT TAPE REQUIREMENTS

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
Line ID	Feet of pipe	Adhesive tape chosen	Pipe diameter (inches)	Rolls per 100 feet	Total rolls of tape (col 2/100) x col 5
Example					
1001	200	GT-66	4	6	12

Total

1. Line ID	2. Feet of pipe	3. Electric-traced labels required (col 2/10)	4. Control chosen
Example			
1001	200	20	
		Total	

**Note:** For design of Factory Mutual CID1 systems, the Approval for Class I, Division 1 Hazardous Locations in USA form (H56897) and the Required Installation Record for Class I, Division 1 Hazardous Locations in USA form (H57426) must be completed.



# Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Tank design worksheet

# **DESIGN CRITERIA**

Location	Tank maintain temp. (Tm)	Minimum ambient temperature (Ta)	Delta temp. (ΔT = Tm – Ta)	Start-up temperature	Process operating temperature	System limit temperature	Max. intermittent exposure temp.
indoors							
outdoors							
<b>Example</b> Outdoors	80°F	-20°F	100°F	0°F	200°F	500°F	200°F
Insulation type and thickness		Tank wall material	Tank wall thickness	Fluid in tank	Area classification	Area T-rating	Chemical exposure
		metal			nonhazardous		none
		plastic			hazardous CID2		mild inorganics
					hazardous CID1		organics/corrosives
	i <b>mple</b> sil 1.5"	Metal	0.25"	Heavy oil	Hazardous CID2	T2 (300°C)	Organics/corrosives

# CALCULATION OF TANK HEAT LOSS

nVent provides a wide selection of heat-tracing solutions for tanks and vessels. For detailed information about tank heating products, refer to the Tank Heating design guide (H56887).  $Q_T = Q_V + Q_S + Q_A$ 

Where:

- $Q_T$  = Total heat loss of the tank
- $Q_V$  = Heat loss through the insulated body of the tank
- Q<sub>S</sub> = Heat loss through the tank support mechanism (slab, legs, saddle, or other base support)
- ${\rm Q}_{\rm A}$  = Heat loss through accessories such as manholes, handholds, ladders, or handrails

Calculation of  ${\rm Q}_{\rm V}$ , heat loss through insulated tank body:

Geometry of tank	Formula for surface area
Cylindrical	$\pi$ x D x h plus ends
Truncated cone	$\pi$ x (D + d) x S/2 plus ends

Calculation of surface area			$(A_{body}) = \pi DH$	
Add ends if required		πD2/4 or (πD2/4) x 2		
Total insulated surface area	(ft2)	A <sub>V</sub> (A <sub>V</sub> = A <sub>boc</sub>	<sub>dy</sub> + A <sub>ends</sub> ) (ft2)	
<b>Note:</b> If different areas of the tank surface have different types of insulation or different thicknesses of insulation, a different (qv) heat loss rate and (f) insulation adjustment factor should be calculated for each area and the total heat losses should be added. $Q_v$ is the total heat loss through the insulated portions of the tank wall.				
$Q_V = A_V \times q_V \times f =$				
Calculate $Q_S$ , the heat loss the	nrough the base sup	port of the tank	:	
Type of support (Concrete sl legs, concrete saddles or uni		ion,		
Calculation of support heat I	OSS			
Q <sub>s</sub> = Heat Loss of the base s base supports (as provi		ty of	(watts)	
The next step is to calculate	QA, the heat loss th	rough the acces	sories	

(manholes, handholds, ladders, handrails) of the tank. See Tank Heating design guide (H56887), and calculate QA, the heat loss through the accessories:

Type of accessory	
Calculation of accessory heat loss	(watts)
QA = (Heat loss variable is provided in H56887).	(watts)

### Calculation of total heat loss

$Q_T = Q_V + Q_S + Q_A$	(watts) Outdoor application
$Q_{T} = 0.9 \text{ x} (Q_{V} + Q_{S} + Q_{A})$	(watts) Indoor application

nVent recommends a 20% safety factor for tank heat loss design.

### Final design heat loss

QF = QT x 1.20 (watts)

### **PRODUCT SELECTION**

Tank heating applications can be quite varied. For this reason, nVent offers a range of technologies to optimize your tank and vessel heat-tracing system. Numerous nVent products can be used to maintain temperatures of tanks. See Tank Heating design guide (H56887) for information on product selection. Pay particular attention to the maximum exposure temperature and the system limit temperature. The maximum exposure temperature is the highest temperature to which the heating cable will be exposed. Heating cables can be damaged by temperatures in excess of those the cables are designed to handle. The system limit temperature is the highest temperature to which the heating cables may expose the system. The tank or tank contents could be damaged by excessively high temperatures.

Once suitable products are selected based on temperatures, the decision is often based on economics. It is important to consider both product cost and the labor required to install the products.

Pad heater		Qp (Watts/unit)
Pads required = $Q_F/Q_p$		
Heating cable		P <sub>heating cable</sub> (watts/ft) at T <sub>m</sub> (maintain temperature)
Note: See Section 6 to de	termine if P <sub>adj</sub> should be use	ed in place of P <sub>heating cable</sub>
$P_{adj} = f_{adj} \times P_{heating cable}$	4	

Feet of heating cable required =	Q <sub>F</sub> / P <sub>adj</sub> (or P <sub>heating cable</sub>
	if $f_{adi} = 1.0$ )

See the Tank Heating design guide (H56887) for information on installing the heating cable on the tank. If aluminum tape is used for self-regulating heating cable installation, or if the heating cable is to be installed on a plastic tank, be sure to use the above formula to account for the change in power output of the self-regulating heating cable. Values for fadj can be found in the Tank Heating design guide (H56887), Table 2. Also see the Tank Heating design guide (H56887), Table 3 for the circuit length adjustment factors for self-regulating heating cables.



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

### Tubing bundle design request form Contact Name Date Information Bundle needed on site by: Company Street Address City State/Province Postal Code Country Phone Email Design Indoor °C Min ambient temp: Maintain temp: Max exposure temp: Conditions °F Outdoor Max allowable temp: Max ambient temp: Min allowable temp: Note: If process fluid is flowing and heat must be added or removed to change temperature of process, consult your local representative. Assumes a wind of 40 kph (25 mph). **Process** Tubing length: Meters Feet Continuous lengths Exact quantity Continuous lengths and Tubing (±0.5%) (±0.5%) exact quantity (± 0.5%) Number of process tubes\*: 1 2 Process Tube #1 Process Tube #2 **Outside diameter Outside diameter** 1/8" 1/4" 3/8" 3/4" 1/8" 1/4" 3/8" 3/4" 1/2" 1/2" 6 mm 10 mm 12 mm 6 mm 8 mm 10 mm 12 mm 8 mm Wall thickness Wall thickness 0.030 0.032 0.035 0.049 0.062 0.030 0.032 0.035 0.049 0.062 1.5 mm 1 mm 1 mm 1.5 mm Process tubing material of construction Welded 316 SS Seamless 316 SS PFA Teflon Seamless Monel 400 Copper \* For more than two process tubes, or custom configurations, please contact your nVent representative. Heat Method of heat tracing Electric Voltage Area class Division Zone Tracing Steam °C °F Pressure Bar Temp Steam trace tubing **Outside diameter** Wall thickness 1⁄8" 3⁄4" 0.030 0.032 1⁄4" 3⁄8" 1/2" 0.035 0.049 0.062 6 mm 8 mm 10 mm 12 mm 1.5 mm 1 mm None (PIO) Accessories Silicone sealant Heat-shrinkable boots Power kits Splice kits Jacket patch kits End kits Bundle bending tool Heat-shrinkable entry seal Notes:

**Dverview** 



RAYCHEM

# Ground-fault equipment device selection

# **OVERVIEW**

nVent RAYCHEM heating cables are reliable and easy to install and maintain. However, if the heating cable is improperly installed or physically damaged to the point that water contacts the bus wires, sustained arcing or fire could result. If arcing does occur, the fault current may be too low to trip conventional circuit breakers. To protect against the risk of fire, use ground-fault protection on each heating cable circuit.

nVent, approvals agencies, and national electrical codes require ground-fault protection of equipment for all heating cable installations. A grounded metallic covering is also required and is supplied as a braid or outer sheath.

# **DESIGN OPTIONS**

A Ground-Fault Equipment Protection Device (GFEPD) typically has a trip level of 30 mA. These 30-mA devices, which are intended to protect equipment from damage due to overheating or fire, are not to be confused with 5-mA ground-fault circuit interrupters (GFCIs), which provide personnel protection from electrical shock but may cause nuisance tripping of the heat-tracing circuit. All nVent RAYCHEM single-phase, self-regulating heating cables and tank heating cables, and nVent RAYCHEM MI heating cables, require 30-mA GFEPDs. For all 3-phase heating cables, a 70-mA ground-fault device is recommended to minimize nuisance tripping due to long heating cable circuit lengths.

# **Ground-Fault Protection Methods**

Methods of providing ground-fault protection include:

- 30-mA ground-fault circuit breakers.
- Controllers with ground-fault protection built in, such as the nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i, Elexant 4020i, 920, NGC-30 and NGC-40.
- Neilsen-Kuljian or CR Magnetics sensors with a shunt-trip breaker, for use when current or voltage exceeds the ratings of traditional 30-mA ground-fault trip circuit breakers.
- Neilsen-Kuljian or CR Magnetics sensors to monitor and provide an alarm for a ground fault but not shut off the circuit, meeting the exception to the NEC requirement in Article 427-22.

### **Ground-Fault Circuit Breakers**

Manufacturers of 30-mA circuit breakers include Square D, Cutler Hammer (Westinghouse), General Electric, and Siemens. The breaker that is right for your application depends on the load current expected, the equipment voltage rating, and the panelboard in which the breaker is to be installed.

Table 1 lists some of the breakers available.

Appendixe

# TABLE 1 GROUND-FAULT CIRCUIT BREAKER SELECTION TABLE

Bolt-On Style						
Manufacturer	Square D			Cutler Hammer (Westinghouse)		
Voltage	120	208/240 <sup>1</sup>	277	120	208/240 <sup>1</sup>	277
15 Amps	QOB115EPD	QOB215EPD	EDB14015EPB	QBGFEP1015	QBGFEP2015	-
20 Amps	QOB120EPD	QOB220EPD	EDB14020EPB	QBGFEP1020	QBGFEP2020	GHBGFEP1020
30 Amps	QOB130EPD	QOB230EPD	EDB14030EPB	QBGFEP1030	QBGFEP2030	GHBGFEP1030
40 Amps	(2)	QOB240EPD	EDB14040EPB	QBGFEP1040	QBGFEP2040	GHBGFEP1040
50 Amps	(2)	QOB250EPD	EDB14050EPB	NA	QBGFEP2050	GHBGFEP1050
Panelboard	NQOD	NQOD	NA	POW-R-LINE 1	POW-R-LINE 1	NA

1. Two-pole ground-fault breakers require 120 volts to power the internal electronics. 240-volt delta systems without a 120-volt neutral reference will require an additional transformer to provide the reference.

2. Use 208/240 V EPD for these amperages.

NA-not available.

# **External Ground-Fault Sensors**

An external Neilsen-Kuljian or CR Magnetics ground-fault sensor may be used for ground-fault monitoring and alarm, high current or high voltage applications, and /or applications that require various ground-fault trip levels. A Neilsen-Kuljian or CR Magnetics ground-fault sensor may be used for:

- Ground-fault monitoring and alarm, per the exception to NEC Article 427-22.
- Applications where current or voltage exceeds the ratings of available ground-fault circuit breakers.
- Applications that require a variety of ground-fault trip levels, such as 70 mA for VL heating cables.

Both of these ground-fault sensors have a ground-fault trip level adjustable from 1 to 100 mA and can be connected to an alarm light or to the shunt-trip of a breaker. These sensors also have an associated red light to indicate a fault and may have an additional light to indicate the presence of 120 V power. Both sensors can be supplied with a built-in TEST function, which simulates the fault and confirms that the unit is operational.

Appendixe

nvent RAYCHEM

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Classification of hazardous locations

The following discussion provides a basic understanding of approval issues and how they relate to heat tracing.

For complete information on the use of electrical equipment in hazardous locations, refer to the most recent issue of the National Electrical Code or the Canadian Electrical Code.

nVent heating systems are approved and certified for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations by many agencies, including FM Approvals, CSA Group, UL, PTB, Baseefa, DNV, ABS and INMETRO.

FM QL LISTED Baseefa

# HOW ARE HAZARDOUS AREAS DEFINED?

According to the National Electrical Code, Article 500 and Section 18 of the Canadian Electrical Code, "Locations shall be classified depending on the properties of the flammable vapors, liquids, or gases, or combustible dusts or fibers that may be present and the likelihood that a flammable or combustible concentration or quantity is present."

Areas where fire or explosion hazards may exist due to flammable gases or vapors, flammable liquids, combustible dusts, or ignitable fibers or flyings are defined by the National Electrical Code (NEC) and the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) as hazardous locations.

The class and division of an area are based on the type of hazard (Class) and the expected frequency of the hazard (Division).

# Class

The class of a location defines the type of explosive danger that exists or may exist in the location. Table 1 explains how the classes are defined.

# **TABLE 1 HAZARDOUS LOCATION CLASSES**

Class	Explosive danger	
Class I	Flammable gases or vapors	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Class II	Combustible dusts	
Class III	Combustible fibers or flyings	

# Division

The division of a location defines the frequency that the hazard exists or may exist in a location.

# **TABLE 2 HAZARDOUS LOCATION DIVISIONS**

### Division 1 Areas where one or more of these conditions exist:

- 1. Ignitable concentrations of flammable gases or vapors can exist under normal operating conditions.
- 2. Ignitable concentrations of such gases or vapors may exist frequently because of repair, maintenance operations, or leakage.
- 3. Breakdown or faulty operation of equipment or processes might release ignitable concentrations of flammable gases or vapors and might also cause simultaneous failure of the electrical equipment in such a way as to directly cause the electrical equipment to become a source of ignition.

### Division 2 Areas where one or more of these conditions exist:

- 1. Volatile flammable liquids or flammable gases are handled, processed, or used, but in which the liquids, vapors, or gases will normally be confined within closed containers or closed systems from which they can escape only in case of accidental rupture or breakdown of such containers or systems, or in case of abnormal operation of equipment.
- 2. Ignitable concentrations of gases or vapors are normally prevented by positive mechanical ventilation, and which might become hazardous through failure or abnormal operations of the ventilating equipment.
- 3. Areas are adjacent to a Class I, Division 1 location, and to which ignitible concentrations of gases or vapors might be communicated unless such communication is prevented by adequate positive-pressure ventilation from a source of clean air, and effective safeguards are provided against ventilation failure.

### NEC Group

The NEC Group of a hazard is based on specific characteristics of the explosive hazard present. Different sealing techniques are required depending on the molecular size of the hazardous materials and other criteria.

Flammable gases and vapors are placed into NEC Groups based on a determination of explosion pressures and maximum safe clearance between parts of a clamped joint under several conditions. See NEC Articles 500–505 for details. The various groups (A, B, C, and D for flammable gases and vapors, E, F, and G for combustible dusts) are described in Article 500 of the NEC.

The autoignition temperature and the NEC Group of a large number of explosive gases, vapors, and combustible dusts can be found in Article 500 of the NEC; also see Appendix: Hazardous Gases and Vapors.

The temperature identification number (often called T-rating) is based on the maximum operating temperature of the equipment.

### From NEC Article 500

\*Marking. Approved equipment shall be marked to show the class, group, and operating temperature or temperature range referenced to a 40°C ambient, or at the higher temperature if the equipment is rated and marked for an ambient temperature greater than 40°C. The temperature range, if provided, shall be indicated in identification numbers, as shown in Table 500.8(B).

Temperature identification numbers marked on equipment nameplates (often called T-rating) shall be in accordance with Table 500.8(B).

# TABLE 3 TABLE 500.8 (B). IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

Maximum temperature				
٠C	°F	Identification number (T-rating)		
450	842	T1		
300	572	T2		
280	536	T2A		
260	500	T2B		
230	446	T2C		
215	419	T2D		
200	392	ТЗ		
180	356	ТЗА		
165	329	ТЗВ		
160	320	T3C		
135	275	Τ4		
120	248	T4A		
100	212	Т5		
85	185	Т6		

For equipment to be used in a hazardous (classified) area, the equipment should be approved for both the class and division of the hazardous area and approved for the NEC Group of the hazard(s) present in the area. Also, the identification number of the equipment must be less than both the autoignition temperature of the hazard(s) present in the area and less than the maximum allowed in the area. (See NEC Article 500 reference Division 1 locations. Also, see NEC article 500.8(B), Exceptions 1–5, for exceptions to this rule.)

### Examples

Acetaldehyde can be found in Table 2-1 of the NPFA 497. The data for acetaldehyde and numerous other fluids can also be found in Appendix: Hazardous Gases and Vapors. The NEC Group is Group C and the AIT (autoignition temperature) is 175°C. BTV-CR/CT, QTVR-CT, XTV-CT and HTV-CT all have approvals for Class I, Division 2, NEC Group C. BTV-CR/CT (85°C) and QTVR-CT (135°C) have identification numbers (T-ratings) below 175°C (and below 80% of 175°C for CID1). Therefore, when used with the proper components, BTV-CR/CT or QTV-CT can be used in a Class I, Division 2 area where acetaldehyde may be present. The identification numbers for various XTV-CT and HTV-CT products range from T3A to T2C, which is from 180°C to 230°C. Since these are all above the AIT of acetaldehyde (175°C), they should not be used in a hazardous area where acetaldehyde may be present in explosive quantities.

Benzene can be found in Table 2-1 of the NPFA 497 or Appendix: Hazardous Gases and Vapors. The NEC Group is Group D and the AIT is 498°C. Since BTV-CR/CT, QTVR-CT, XTV-CT and HTV-CT all have approvals for Class I, Division 2, NEC Group D and have temperature identification numbers well below 498°C, they can be used in a Division 2 area where benzene might be present. These standard products do not have approvals for Class I, Division 1 areas.

# Zones

The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) uses the "zone" system for classifying locations where fire or explosion hazards may exist due to flammable gases, vapors, or liquids. The NEC adopted this approach in 1996 and expanded it in 1999 as an alternate to the Class and Division method previously discussed. It should be noted that the zone classification covers only flammable gases and vapors (Class I); it does not cover combustible dusts, fibers, or flyings (Classes II and III). Details on the use of the zone classification system as an alternative to the division classification system can be found in Article 505 of the NEC.

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Division System	Division 1	Division 2	Nonhazardous
Zone System	Zone 1	Zone 2	Nonhazardous
Zone 0 🖊		Nifferences between Divisions and Zanas	

Differences between Divisions and Zones

Zone 2 is equivalent to Division 2. Division 1 is split between Zone 1 and Zone 0. Note that heating cables can never be placed in Zone 0 areas.

The use of the zone system requires that:

- a. Supervision of Work. Classification of areas and selection of equipment and wiring methods shall be under the supervision of a qualified Registered Professional Engineer.
- b. Dual Classification. In instances of areas within the same facility classified separately, Class I, Zone 2, locations shall be permitted to abut, but not overlap, Class I, Division 2 locations. Class I, Zone 0 or Zone 1 locations shall not abut Class I, Division 1 or Division 2 locations.
- c. Reclassification Permitted. A Class I, Division 1 or Division 2 location shall be permitted to be reclassified as a Class I, Zone 0, Zone 1, or Zone 2 location provided all of the space that is classified because of a single flammable gas or vapor source is reclassified under the requirements of this article.

(Extracted from NEC Section 505.7 (C))

Therefore, the zone system approach will be most useful in new construction and significant upgrades.

Appendixe:



# **CONNECT AND PROTECT**

# Hazardous gases and vapors

The following pages contain excerpts from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) publications NFPA 497: Recommended Practice for the Classification of Flammable Liquids, Gases, or Vapors and of Hazardous (Classified) Locations for Electrical Installations in Chemical Process Areas and NFPA 499: Recommended Practice for the Classification of Combustible Dusts and of Hazardous (Classified) Locations for Electrical Installations in Chemical Process Areas. The list includes the ignition temperatures and group classifications for Class I gases. Class II dusts and Class III fibers and flyings are not listed.

Note that considerable skill and judgment must be applied when deciding to what degree an area contains hazardous concentrations of vapors, combustible dusts, or easily ignitable fibers and flyings. Many factors-such as temperature, barometric pressure, quantity of release, humidity, ventilation, and distance from the vapor source-must be considered. When information on every factor concerned is properly evaluated, a consistent classification of the selection and location of electrical equipment can be developed.

For the most current list of properties of flammable liquids, gases, and vapors, see the latest edition of NFPA 497: Recommended Practice for the Classification of Flammable Liquids, Gases, or Vapors and of Hazardous (Classified) Locations for Electrical Installations in Chemical Process Areas.

### TABLE 1 GROUP CLASSIFICATION AND AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE (AIT) OF SELECTED FLAMMABLE **GASES AND VAPORS**

Material	Group	°F	°C
Acetaldehyde	C*	347	175
Acetic acid	D*	867	464
Acetic anhydride	D	600	316
Acetone	D*	869	465
Acetone cyanohydrin	D	1270	688
Acetonitrile	D	975	524
Acetylene	A*	581	305
Acrolein (inhibited)	B*	455	235
Acrylic acid	D	820	438
Acrylonitrile	D*	898	481
Allyl alcohol	C*	713	378
Allyl chloride	D	905	485
Ammonia	D*	928	498
n-Amyl acetate	D	680	360
Aniline	D	1139	615
Benzene	D*	928	498
Benzyl chloride	D	1085	585
1,3-Butadiene	B*	788	420
Butane	D*	550	288
1-Butanol	D*	650	343
2-Butanol	D*	761	405
n-Butyl acetate	D*	790	421

Material	Group	°F	°C
iso-Butyl acetate	D*	790	421
n-Butyl acrylate (inhibited)	D	559	293
Butylamine	D	594	312
Butylene	D	725	385
n-Butyraldehyde	C*	425	218
n-Butyric acid	D	830	443
Carbon monoxide	C*	1128	609
Chlorobenzene	D	1099	593
Cresol	D	1038-1110	559-599
Crotonaldehyde	C*	450	232
Cumene	D	795	424
Cyclohexane	D	473	245
Cyclohexene	D	471	244
Cyclohexanol	D	572	300
Cyclohexanone	D	473	245
Cyclopropane	D*	938	503
	D	817	436
p-Cymene n-Decanol	D	550	288
Decene	D	455	235
Diacetone alcohol	D	1118	603
o-Dichlorobenzene	D		647
		1198	
1.1-Dichloroethane	D	820	438 460
1.2-Dichloroethylene	DC	860 937	503
Dicyclopentadiene	D	937 743-842	395-450
Diethyl benzene		442	
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	C C	442	228
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether Diethylamine	C*	405 594	241 312
-	C*		
Diethyl ether N-N-Dimethyl aniline		320	160
	C D*	700 736	371 391
Di-isobutylene			
Di-isobutyl ketone Di-isopropylamine	D C	745	396
		600	316
Dimethylamine	С	752	400
Dimethyl formamide	D	833	455
Dimethyl sulfate 1.4-Dioxane	D	370	188
	С	356	180
Dipentene	D	458	237
Di-N-propylamine	С	570	299
Dodecene	D C*	491	255
Epichlorohydrin		772	411
Ethane	D*	882	472
Ethanol	D*	685	363
Ethyl acetate	D*	800	427
Ethyl acrylate (inhibited)	D*	702	372
Ethylamine	D*	725	385
Ethyl benzene	D	810	432
Ethyl chloride	D	966	519

				Self-Regulating Heating Cables
Material	Group	°F	°C	Cabl
Ethylene	C*	842	450	ng
Ethylene chlorohydrin	D	797	425	פ
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	С	460	238	ower Ca
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	С	645	340	Power-Limiting Cables
Ethylenediamine	D*	725	385	ting
Ethylene dichloride	D*	775	413	- 3
Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether	С	455	235	Mineral Insulated Heating Cables
Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate	С	715	379	ng Ca
Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether	D	545	285	ables
Ethylenimine	C*	608	320	Q
Ethylene oxide	B*	804	429	
Ethyl formate	D	851	455	Longline Heating
2-Ethylhexaldehyde	С	375	191	ng
2-Ethyl hexanol	D	448	231	
2-Ethyl hexyl acrylate	D	485	252	
Ethyl mercaptan	C*	572	300	Bun
Formaldehyde (gas)	В	795	429	RTB Tubing Bundles
Formic acid (90%)	D	813	434	
Fuel oils	D	410-765	210-407	
Furfural	С	600	316	не
Furfuryl alcohol	С	915	490	Tank Heating
Gasoline	D*	536-880	280-471	
Heptane	D*	399	204	
Heptene	D	500	260	and
Hexane	D*	437	225	De-l-
2-Hexanone	D	795	424	Snow Melting and De-Icing
Hexene	D	473	245	
Hydrazine	С	74-518	23-270	< C
Hydrogen	B*	968	520	Control and Monitoring
Hydrogen cyanide	C*	1000	538	l and oring
Hydrogen sulfide	C*	500	260	
Isoamyl acetate	D	680	260	
Isobutyl acrylate	D	800	427	Heat- Par
Isobutyraldehyde	С	385	196	Heat-Trace Panels
Isophorone	D	860	260	
Isoprene	D*	428	220	
Isopropyl acetate	D	860	460	
Isoamyl alcohol	D	662	350	Tank Insulation
Isopropylamine	D	756	402	÷.
Isopropyl ether	D*	830	443	
Iso-octyl aldehyde	С	387	197	
Kerosene	D	410	210	Steam Tracing
Liquefied petroleum gas	D	761-842	405-450	
Mesityl oxide	D*	652	344	
Methane	D*	999	630	
Methanol	D*	725	385	fechr ata SI
Methyl acetate	D	850	454	Technical Data Sheets
Methyl acrylate	D	875	468	

Material	Group	°F	°C
Methylamine	D	806	430
Methyl n-amyl ketone	D	740	393
Methylcyclohexane	D	482	250
Methylcyclohexanol	D	565	296
Methyl ether	C*	662	350
Methyl ethyl ketone	D*	759	404
Methyl formal	C*	460	238
Methyl formate	D	840	449
Methyl isobutyl ketone	D*	840	449
Methyl isocyanate	D	994	534
Methyl methacrylate	D	792	422
2-Methyl-1-propanol	D*	780	416
2-Methyl-2-propanol	D*	892	478
alpha-Methyl styrene	D	1066	574
Monoethanolamine	D	770	410
Monoisopropanolamine	D	705	374
Monomethyl aniline	C	900	482
Monomethyl hydrazine	C	382	194
Morpholine	C*	590	310
Naphtha (coal tar)	D	531	277
Nitrobenzene	D	900	482
Nitroethane	C	778	414
Nitromethane	C	785	418
1-Nitropropane	C	789	421
2-Nitropropane	C*	802	428
Nonane	D	401	205
Octane	D*	403	206
Octene	D	446	230
Pentane	D*	470	243
1-Pentanol	D*	572	300
2-Pentanone	D	846	452
1-Pentene	D	527	275
Propane	D*	842	450
1-Propanol	D*	775	413
2-Propanol	D*	750	399
Propionaldehyde	С	405	207
Propionic acid	D	870	466
Propionic anhydride	D	545	285
n-Propyl acetate	D	842	450
Propylene	D*	851	455
Propylene dichloride	D*	1035	557
Propylene oxide	B*	840	449
n-Propyl ether	C	419	215
Propyl nitrate	B*	347	175
Pyridine	D*	900	482
Styrene	D*	914	490
Tetrahydrofuran	C*	610	321
Tetrahydronaphthalene	D	725	385

Material	Group	۴F	°C
Toluene	D*	896	480
Turpentine	D	488	253
Unsymmetrical dimethyl hydrazine (UDMH)	C*	480	249
Valeraldehyde	С	432	222
Vinyl acetate	D*	756	402
Vinyl chloride	D*	882	472
Vinylidene chloride	D	1058	570
Vinyl toluene	ti	921	494
Xylenes	D*	867-984	464-529

\* Material has been classified by test

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Appendixes

# Industrial Electrical Heat Tracing Systems



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Engineering specification for industrial electrical heat-tracing systems

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Design Guides Content **1 SCOPE** 

This specification covers the requirements of materials and support services for heat-tracing systems supplied by the vendor. Neither the supply of the materials related to the connection of the power supply nor the installation of the entire system is part of this specification.

# 2 CODES, APPROVALS AND STANDARDS

The electric heat-tracing system shall conform to this specification. It shall be designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with the requirements stated in the applicable CSA, FM, IEC/IEEE 60079-30-1, IEEE and UL standards and US National and Canadian Electrical Codes.

# **3 ELECTRIC HEAT TRACE SYSTEM MATERIALS**

# 3.1 Self-Regulating Heating Cable Systems

All heat-tracing applications with continuous operating (maintain) temperatures up to 400°F (205°C) or intermittent exposure temperatures up to 500°F (260°C) shall use self-regulating cables as per each cable's applicable ratings.

- A. Self-regulating heating cable shall vary its power output relative to the temperature of the surface of the pipe or the vessel. The cable shall be designed such that it can be crossed over itself and cut to length in the field.
- B. An extended warranty against manufacturing defects for a period of 10 years shall be available.
- C. All cables shall be capable of passing a 2.2 kV dielectric test for one minute after undergoing a 1.0 kg-0.7 m impact (IEC/IEEE 60079-30-1:2015, clause 5.1.5.1).

# 3.1.1 Freeze-Protection and low operating temperature with no Steam Exposure

- A. The heating cable shall consist of two 16 AWG or larger nickel-plated copper bus wires, embedded in a self-regulating semiconductive polymeric core that controls power output so that the cable can be used directly on plastic or metallic pipes. Cables shall have a temperature identification number (T-rating) of T6 (185°F or 85°C) without use of thermostats.
- B. A ground-fault protection device set at 30 mA, with a nominal 100-ms response time, shall be used to protect each circuit.
- C. Self-regulating heating cable shall be designed for a useful life of 20 years or more when operated within its parameters. The design life of the cable is defined as power retention of minimum 75% of rated power, after simulated 20 years of usage at maximum continuous operating temperature.
- D. The heating cable shall have a tinned copper braid wire with a cross-sectional area being equal to or greater than conductor cross- sectional area. The braid shall be protected from chemical attack and mechanical abuse by a modified polyolefin or fluoropolymer outer jacket.
- E. In order to provide rapid heat-up, to conserve energy, and to prevent overheating of fluids and plastic pipe, the heating cable shall have the following minimum self-regulating indices:

Heating cable	S.R. index (W/°F)	S.R. Index (W/°C)	
3 W/ft	0.038	0.068	
5 W/ft	0.060	0.108	
8 W/ft	0.074	0.133	
10 W/ft	0.100	0.180	

# **Table 1: Minimum Self-Regulating Indices**

The self-regulating index is the rate of change of power output in watts per degree Fahrenheit or watts per degree Celsius, as measured between the temperatures of 50°F (10°C) and 100°F (38°C) and confirmed by the type test and published data sheets.

- F. In order to ensure that the self-regulating heating cable does not increase power output when accidentally exposed to high temperatures, resulting in thermal runaway and self-ignition, the cable shall produce less than 0.5 watts per foot (1.64 watts per meter) when energized and heated to 350°F (177°C) for 30 minutes. After this test, if the cable is reenergized, it must not have an increasing power output leading to thermal runaway.
- G. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM BTV-CT or BTV-CR self-regulating heater, with continuous operating (maintain) capability up to 150°F (65°C) and intermittent exposure capability up to 185°F (85°C).

# 3.1.2 Freeze protection and medium operating temperature with No Steam Exposure

- A. The heating cable shall consist of two 16 AWG or larger nickel-plated copper bus wires, embedded in a self-regulating semiconductive polymeric core that controls power output so that the cable has a temperature identification number (T-rating) of T4 (275°F or 135°C) without use of thermostats.
- B. A ground-fault protection device set at 30 mA, with a nominal 100-ms response time, shall be used to protect each circuit.
- C. Self-regulating heating cable shall be designed for a useful life of 20 years or more when operated within its parameters. The design life of the cable is defined as power retention of minimum 75% of rated power, after simulated 20 years of usage at maximum continuous operating temperature.
- D. The heating cable shall have a tinned copper braid wire with a cross-sectional area being equal to or greater than conductor cross- sectional area. The braid shall be protected from chemical attack and mechanical abuse by a fluoropolymer outer jacket.
- E. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM QTVR-CT self-regulating heater, for continuous and intermittent exposure capability up to 225°F (110°C).

### 3.1.3 Freeze protection and high operating temperature with Steam Exposure

- A. The heating cable shall consist of two 14 AWG nickel-plated copper bus wires, separated by a fluoropolymer spacer and helically wrapped with a self-regulating semi-conductive core that controls power output so that the cable has an unconditional temperature identification number (T-rating) of T3A (356°F/180°C) up to 8 W/ft and T3 (392°F or 200°C) for 10, 12, 15 W/ft (240 V), 10 W/ft (120 V) versions and T2D (419°F or 215°C) for 15, 20 W/ft (120 V), 20 W/ft (240 V) version without use of thermostats.
- B. A ground-fault protection device set at 30 mA, with a nominal 100-ms response time, shall be used to protect each circuit.
- C. Self-regulating heating cable shall be designed for a useful life of 30 years when operated within its parameters. The design life of the cable is defined as power retention of minimum 75% of rated power, after simulated 30 years of usage at maximum continuous operating temperature.
- D. Self-regulating heating cable shall have minimum 95% power retention after 10 years at maximum operating temperature.
- E. The heating cable shall have a tinned copper braid wire with a cross-sectional area being equal to or greater than conductor cross- sectional area. The braid shall be protected from chemical attack and mechanical abuse by a fluoropolymer outer jacket.
- F. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM XTVR-CT self-regulating heater, for continuous operating maintain capability up to 302°F (150°C) and intermittent exposure capability up to 482°F (250°C or 250 psi steam).

### 3.1.4 Freeze Protection and Very High operating temperature with Steam Exposure

- A. The heating cable shall consist of two 14 AWG nickel-plated copper bus wires, separated by a solid self-regulating semiconductive core including pressure extruded electrical insulation that controls power output so that the cable has an unconditional temperature identification number (T-rating) of T3 (392°F or 200°C up to 15W/ft, T2D (419°F or 215°C) for 20W/ft and T2B (464°F or 240°C) for 28 W/ft without use of thermostats.
- B. The cable wattage range should include 3, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15 and 20 W/ft rated at 120V and 3, 5, 8, 10,12, 15, 20 and 28 W/ft rated at 240V to closely match the heat loss in various operating conditions.
- C. Self-regulating heating cable shall be designed for a useful life of 30 years when operated within its parameters. The design life of the cable is defined as power retention of minimum 75% of rated power, after simulated 30 years of usage at maximum continuous operating temperature.
- D. Self-regulating heating cable shall have minimum 95% power retention after 10 years at maximum operating temperature.
- E. A ground-fault protection device set at 30 mA, with a nominal 100-ms response time, shall be used to protect each circuit.
- F. The heating cable shall have a nickel copper braid wire with a cross-sectional area being equal to or greater than conductor cross- sectional area. The braid shall be protected from chemical attack and mechanical abuse by a fluoropolymer outer jacket.
- G. The cable shall have a minimum installation temperature of  $-76^{\circ}F(-60^{\circ}C)$  with minimum bend radius of 1 inch at that temperature.
- H. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM HTV-CT self-regulating heater, for continuous operating (maintain) capability up to 400°F (205°C) and intermittent exposure capability up to 500°F (260°C).

# Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

# 3.1.5 Systems for Division 1 Hazardous Locations

The following requirements shall apply in addition to the criteria specified in paragraph 3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3 or 3.1.4.

- A. The self-regulating heating cable shall be specifically FM Approved or CSA Certified for use in Division 1 locations.
- B. A ground-fault protection device set at 30 mA, with a nominal 100 ms response time, shall be used to protect each circuit.
- C. The temperature identification number (T-rating) of the cable used shall comply with FM and CSA requirements as applicable.
- D. Connection methods used with the cable shall be compatible and approved as a part of the system manufactured and supplied by the heating cable vendor for use in the Division 1 location.
- E. For plastic pipe and vessel applications, the heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM HBTV-CT or BTV-CT (Canada) self- regulating heaters, with continuous operating capability up to 150°F (65°C) and intermittent exposure capability up to 185°F (85°C).
- F. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM HQTV-CT or QTVR-CT (Canada) self-regulating heaters, for continuous and intermittent exposure capability up to 225°F (110°C).
- G. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM XTVR-CT self-regulating heaters, for continuous operating (maintain) capability up to 302°F (150°C) and intermittent exposure capability up to 482°F (250°C or 250 psi steam).
- H. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM HTV-CT self-regulating heaters, for continuous operating (maintain) capability up to 400°F (205°C) and intermittent exposure capability up to 500°F (260°C).

# 3.1.6 Terminations for Nonhazardous and Hazardous Locations

- A. All connection kits used to terminate heating cables, including power connectors, splices, tees, and connectors shall be approved for the respective area classification and approved as a system with the particular type of heating cable in use. Under no circumstances shall terminations be used which are manufactured by a vendor other than the cable manufacturer as this voids the approvals and warranty.
- B. In order to keep connections dry and corrosion resistant, connection kits shall be constructed of nonmetallic, electrostatic, charge-resistant, glass-filled, engineered polymer enclosure rated TYPE 4X. The connection kit stand shall allow for up to four inches (100 mm) of thermal insulation.
- C. Terminals shall be spring clamp wire connection type to provide reliable connection, maintenance-free operation, and ease of reentry.
- D. Connection kits shall be rated to a minimum installation temperature of -67°F (-55°C), maximum ambient temperatures of 132°F(56°C), and maximum pipe temperature of 500°F (260°C). The connection kits with integral LED lights should have the ambient temperature range of -40°F (-40°C) to 104°F(40°C).
- E. The connection kit system shall be nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-L-A, E-100-L-A, or JBM-100-L-A complete with integral LED power indicating light. The JBM-100-L-A connection kit shall serve as complete power, splice, or tee connection for up to three BTV, QTVR, XTVR or HTV industrial parallel heating cables.

# 3.2 Power-Limiting Heating Cable Systems

Heat-tracing applications with continuous operating (maintain) temperatures up to 455°F (235°C) or power-off exposure temperatures up to 500°F (260°C) shall use power-limiting cables. Continuous operating (maintain) temperatures are based on wattage and voltage used; consult with vendor for specific cable temperature limits. Applications below 500°F (260°C) continuous exposure, power-off, shall consider power-limiting cables if more than one run of self-regulating heating cable is required.

The decision between self-regulating heating cable and power-limiting heating cable shall be made considering the need for a T-rating that is not dependent on the specific application (this is provided by self-regulating heating cables) and the number of runs of heat tracing required for the application. In some applications power-limiting heaters may require using fewer runs due to higher power output at higher temperatures.

- A. Power-limiting heating cable shall use a metallic heating element that varies its power output relative to the temperature of the surface of the pipe or the vessel. The cable shall be a parallel-zoned heating cable with a positive temperature coefficient heating element spirally wound around a flexible glass fiber core. The cable shall be designed such that it can be crossed over itself one time and cut to length in the field.
- B. A ground-fault protection device set at 30 mA, with a nominal 100-ms response time, shall be used to protect each circuit.
- C. Maximum heating cable sheath temperature, per either the FM or CSA method of calculation, shall be submitted with the bid or design for all Division 1 and Division 2 applications.
- D. The power-limiting heating cable shall have 12 AWG copper bus wires.
- E. A warranty against manufacturing defects for a period of 10 years shall be available.
- F. All cables shall be capable of passing a 2.2 kV dielectric test for one minute after undergoing a 1.0 kg-0.7 m impact (IEC/IEEE 60079-30-1:2015, clause 5.1.5.1).
- G. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM VPL-CT power-limiting heater, with continuous operating (maintain) capability of up to 455°F (235°C), depending on power output required, and intermittent exposure capability up to 500°F (260°C).

# 3.2.1 Terminations for Nonhazardous and Hazardous Locations

- A. All connection kits used to terminate heating cables—including power connectors, splices, tees, and connectors—shall be approved for the respective area classification and approved as a system with the particular type of heating cable in use. Under no circumstances shall terminations be used which are manufactured by a vendor other than the cable manufacturer as this voids the approvals and warranty.
- B. In order to keep connections dry and corrosion resistant, connection kits shall be constructed of nonmetallic, electrostatic, charge-resistant, glass-filled, engineered polymer enclosure rated TYPE 4X. The connection kit stand shall allow for up to four inches (100 mm) of thermal insulation.
- C. Terminals shall be the spring clamp wire connection type to provide reliable connection, maintenance-free operation, and ease of reentry.
- D. Heating cable terminations shall use cold-applied materials and shall not require the use of a heat gun, torch, or hot work permit for installation.
- E. Connection kits shall be rated to a minimum installation temperature of  $-67^{\circ}F$  ( $-55^{\circ}C$ ), maximum ambient temperatures of 132°F(56°C), and maximum pipe temperature of 500°F (260°C). The connection kits with integral LED lights should have the ambient temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}F$  ( $-40^{\circ}C$ ) to  $104^{\circ}F$ ( $40^{\circ}C$ ).
- F. The connection kit system shall be nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-L-A, E-100-L-A, or JBM-100-L-A complete with integral LED power indicating light. The JBM-100-L-A connection kit shall serve as complete power, splice, or tee connection for up to three VPL industrial parallel heating cables.

# 3.3 Mineral Insulated Heating Cable Systems

All heat-tracing applications with continuous operating (maintain) temperatures above 300°F (150°C) to 455°F (230°C), depending on power output required, or intermittent exposure temperatures above 500°F (260°C) shall use factory-terminated, mineral insulated (MI) cables.

MI heating cable shall be magnesium oxide insulated, with copper or alloy conductors and seamless Alloy 825 sheath. The heating section of the cable shall be joined to a cold lead also made of Alloy 825.

Each cable shall be factory-terminated to the required length, consisting of the lengths required for the pipe or equipment, plus an allowance for areas of additional heat loss such as valves, flanges, fittings, supports, and the like, plus a reasonable excess to allow for field variations. The cold lead section shall be seven feet long unless otherwise specified.

Maximum heating cable sheath temperature, per approved engineering design software, shall be submitted with the bid or design for all Division 1 (Zone 1) and Division 2 (Zone 2) applications.

Each cable shall be shipped with the catalog number marked on the outside of the package, and a permanent metallic cable tag containing the heating cable length, wattage, voltage, and current draw. If the cable has been designed for a hazardous location, the tag shall also indicate the area classification and heat-tracing circuit number.

A warranty against manufacturing defects for a period of 10 years shall be available.

The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM (Alloy 825), mineral insulated heating cable with a maximum application temperature for the heating units of 1022°F (550°C) and a maximum exposure temperature for the heating cable of 1200°F (650°C).

### 3.4 Electrical Tank Heating Pads

The tank wall, to which the panel is to be fixed, shall be prepared according to the panel manufacturer's instructions.

Panels shall be flexible so that they are easily fastened to the surface of the tank to be heated.

Panels shall be suitable for maintaining the tank wall temperature at the specified temperature continuously without degrading or changing output characteristics of the panel.

Resistance heating elements shall be between flexible insulating layers, with a continuous operating rating of 200°F (93°C) and a short-term withstand rating of 366°F (186°C), to insulate electrically and provide mechanical protection for the heating elements. Elements shall be constant resistance.

Panels shall have an integrated thermostat to be used for over-temperature protection, but an additional primary control thermostat must be used.

All heater circuits are required to be protected with a 30 mA ground-fault protection device (GFPD).

For metallic tanks, supplied watt density (at 240 volts) shall be 1.9 watts/sq inch with a T-rating of T2C. H. For plastic tanks, supplied watt density (at 240 volts) shall be 0.6 watts/sq inch with a T-rating of T4A.

A stainless steel ground plain on the external surface of the panel shall be supplied to provide a ground path as required by the National Electrical Code section 427-22.

Vendor shall supply a stainless steel junction box. Cold leads shall be Teflon-coated 14 AWG copper leads contained within liquid- tight, flexible conduit for added protection.

Technical Data Sheets Content

RTB Tubing Bundles

Mounting instructions and all required materials for fastening panels to the tank wall are to be furnished. Means other than thermal insulation are to be provided to hold panels in position. In addition to the specified tank heater the following materials are required: nVent RAYCHEM RHS Installation Kit (P/N 844869-001), nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i controller or equivalent, BCK-35 clamp kit (P/N C77215-000) or equivalent, Thomas and Betts 5232 conduit fitting, and 5302 sealing ring or agency approved equivalent.

Nonhazardous and hazardous location approvals for Class I, Division 2 Groups B, C, D, Class II Division 1 and 2 Groups E, F, G and Class III shall exist on all heating elements.

Installation and operation instructions shall be provided in hard copy and available on a 24-hour accessible Internet site. Installation instructions shall be nVent RAYCHEM Tank Heater (H55207) instructions.

A Megger test at 2500 Vdc shall be performed during installation and once a year.

The panels shall be nVent RAYCHEM RHS tank heaters.

### 3.5 Longline Systems

- A. Self-Regulating, two-wire geometry, freeze protection for circuit lengths 500–2000 feet. For freeze protection applications, without high temperature exposure, up to 2000 feet, a two-wire self-regulating heater is often the best choice.
  - 1. The heating cable shall consist of two 10 AWG nickel-plated copper bus wires embedded in a self-regulating polymeric core that controls power output so that the cable can be used directly on plastic or metallic pipes. The cables shall have a temperature identification number (T-rating) of T6 (185°F or 85°C) without the use of thermostats.
  - 2. The heating cable shall have a tinned copper braid wire with a cross-sectional area being equal to or greater than conductor cross-sectional area. The braid shall be protected from chemical attack and mechanical abuse by a fluoropolymer outer jacket.
  - 3. The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM LBTV2-CT for circuit lengths of 500–1125 feet, with continuous operating temperature up to 150°F (65°C) and intermittent exposure capability up to 185°F (85°C).
- B. Constant-Wattage Series Resistance, Freeze Protection and Process Temperature Maintenance up to 482°F (250°C) with Steam Exposure for circuit lengths 500–12,000 feet. For process temperature maintenance and freeze protection with steam exposure, a constant wattage series resistance heater is often the best choice, particularly when more than one run of self-regulating heater is needed.
  - 1. The heating cable shall be a series resistance constant wattage heater. It shall consist of one, two or three copper conductors or copper alloy conductors insulated with high temperature heavy-walled fluoropolymer.
  - 2. The heating cable shall have a tinned or nickel-plated copper braid to provide a ground path. The braid shall be protected from chemical attack and mechanical abuse by a fluoropolymer outer jacket.
  - 3. The heating cable shall be constant wattage nVent RAYCHEM SC, with continuous exposure capability up to 400°F (204°C), nVent RAYCHEM SC/H with continuous exposure capability up to 482 °F (250°C), or SC/F with continuous exposure capabilities up to 195°F (90°C).
- C. Constant-Wattage, Mineral Insulated (MI), Series Resistance, Freeze Protection and Process Temperature Maintenance from 482°F (250°C) to 1022°F (550°C) with Steam Exposure with circuit lengths 5,000-10,000 feet. A constant wattage Alloy 825 series resistance heater is often the best choice for high temperature, longline, and corrosion resistant applications.
  - 1. MI cable shall be magnesium oxide insulated, with copper or alloy conductors and seamless Alloy 825 sheath. The heating section of the cable shall be joined to a cold lead also made of Alloy 825.
  - 2. Each cable shall be factory-terminated to the required length, consisting of the lengths required for the pipe or equipment, plus an allowance for areas of additional heat loss, such as valves, flanges, fittings, supports, and the like, plus a reasonable excess to allow for field variations. The cold lead section shall be seven feet long unless otherwise specified.
  - 3. Maximum heating cable sheath temperature, per approved engineering design software, shall be submitted with the bid or design for all Division 1 (Zone 1) and Division 2 (Zone 2) applications.
  - 4. Each cable shall be shipped with the catalog number marked on the outside of the package, and a permanent metallic cable tag containing the heating cable length, wattage, voltage, and current draw. If the cable has been designed for a hazardous location, the tag shall also indicate the area classification and heat-tracing circuit number.
  - 5. A warranty against manufacturing defects for a period of 10 years shall be available.
  - The heating cable shall be nVent RAYCHEM XMI (Alloy 825) MI mineral insulated heating cable with a maximum application temperature for the heating units of 1022°F (550°C) and a maximum exposure temperature for the heating cable of 1200°F (650°C).

Snow Melting and De-Icing

- D. Skin-Effect Heat-Tracing Systems, Circuit Lengths up to 15 Miles, Freeze Protection and Process Temperature Maintenance, and exposure up to 482°F (250°C). For very long lines, skin- effect tracing is required in order to minimize power connection locations.
  - 1. The heating system shall consist of an electrically insulated, temperature-resistant conductor with high-temperature, heavy- walled insulation installed inside a heat tube and connected to the tube at the far end.
  - 2. The heat tube shall be ferromagnetic and thermally coupled to the carrier pipe that is being traced.
  - 3. The design must be completed by the system manufacturer.
  - 4. The system manufacturer should perform the installation.
  - 5. The heat-tracing system shall be nVent RAYCHEM STS (Skin-Effect Heat-Tracing System).

# 3.6 Heat-Trace Power Distribution Panels

# 3.6.1 Group Heat-Tracing Circuit Control

- A. For freeze protection or group control process-temperature maintenance systems, power distribution panels shall consist of an enclosure, including a panelboard with ground-fault protection devices (30 mA trip level).
- B. The panels shall provide ground-fault alarm capabilities.
- C. If more than one circuit is required, a main contactor shall be used.
- D. The panels shall be capable of operating with ambient-sensing or proportional ambient-sensing controllers.
- E. The panels shall be capable of alarming of individual heat-tracing circuits.
- F. The panels shall be approved for use in nonhazardous or hazardous locations as required by the installation environment.
- G. The panels shall be capable of providing audible and visible alarms.
- H. The panel shall be the nVent RAYCHEM HTPG heat-tracing power distribution panel.

# 3.6.2 Individual Heat-Tracing Circuit Control

- A. For individual control process temperature maintenance systems, power distribution panels shall consist of an enclosure, including a panelboard with ground-fault protection devices (30 mA trip level).
- B. The panels shall provide ground-fault alarm capabilities.
- C. Circuits shall be switched by individual contactors capable of being operated by line-sensing controllers.
- D. The panels shall be capable of monitoring and alarming of individual heat-tracing circuits.
- E. The panels shall be approved for use in nonhazardous and hazardous locations as required by the installation environment.
- F. The panels shall be capable of providing audible and visible alarms.
- G. The panel shall be the nVent RAYCHEM HTPI heat-tracing power distribution panel.

# 3.7 Control and Monitoring Systems

All control and monitoring systems shall be capable of communicating for central programming, monitoring, and alarm annunciation. All systems shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- A. Alarm limits and setpoint temperatures shall be programmable from the central monitoring and control panel in °F and °C. The system shall include multi-language support and password protection to prevent unauthorized access to the system.
- B. The heat tracing load shall be switched by solid-state or mechanical relays with a minimum rating of 30 Amps at 104°F (40°C), and have the option of single, dual, or 3-pole switching without de-rating due to ambient temperatures up to 104°F (40°C).
- C. The system shall be capable of assigning one or more RTDs to a circuit to monitor temperature.
- D. The system shall provide high temperature cut-out capability when using multiple RTDs.
- E. The system shall monitor temperature, and load current to the systems.
- F. The system shall monitor ground-fault current and offer the option of alarm only or alarm and trip if the ground fault exceeds the selectable level. Separate ground fault alarm and trip settings shall be supported.

Technical Data Sheets Content

# 3.7.1 Multipoint Control and Monitoring Systems for Single Circuit and Multi-Circuit Applications General

- A. The system shall have UL, CSA, ETL (or equivalent) approval for Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D and Class I, Zone 2, Group IIB+H2 when using a solid-state switching devices or using electromechanical relays with either a Z-purge system, or encapsulated circuit breakers rated for hazardous areas..
- B. Enclosure types shall be TYPE 12 (painted steel, indoor installation), TYPE 4/3R (painted steel, outdoor installation), or TYPE 4X/3RX (stainless steel, fiberglass, outdoor installation) as required by project specification.
- C. Field mounted switch racks (skid assemblies) shall be available in various configurations. They shall integrate a distribution transformer dedicated to the heating system, a power distribution panel board suitable for the area classification and a heat trace control panel. Power distribution and control components may also be integrated into a common panel. The entire switch rack shall be factory assembled, tested, and approved by UL, CSA, ETL (or equivalent).
- D. The system shall use 3-wire 100-ohm platinum Resistance Temperature Detectors (RTDs), or temperatures derived from 4-20 mA sources for temperature sensing.
- E. The system shall allow multiple RTD temperature inputs per heat tracing circuit for monitoring, control and fault indication. Each sensor shall be configurable for control, monitoring or high temperature cut-out or combinations thereof.
- F. The system shall provide the following control mode options: On/Off Control with a user selectable dead band, Proportional Ambient Sensing Control (PASC), Always On and Always Off. For controllers utilizing Solid State output Relays (SSRs), Proportional Control with configurable power and/or current limiting shall also be available.
- G. The controllers shall be available to support single or 3-phase heating loads of up to 60 Amps and 600 VAC with groundfault detection.
- H. Each control module shall provide an individual fail-safe dry-contact alarm relay that may be connected to an external annunciator.
- I. For controllers utilizing SSRs, a soft-start feature shall be available to ramp the output from 0-100% over time to reduce heater inrush currents.
- J. The controller shall be capable of testing the heating circuit at a user-defined interval. The test shall terminate immediately upon detection of any unsafe condition (GF, High Temperature) and generate the appropriate alarms.
- K. The system shall be compatible with all types of heating cables and capable of performing the following functions:
  - 1. Controlling and monitoring pipe temperatures.
  - 2. Providing real-time temperature and alarm log readouts.
  - 3. Providing alarms in the event of low or high pipe temperature, low or high heater current, high ground-fault current, ground-fault trip, relay failure, and sensor failure.
  - 4. Providing remote alarm annunciation.
  - 5. Interfacing with personal computers and DCS systems.
- L. The system shall support a touch screen user interface (UI) mounted on the panel to display circuit status, monitoring data and fault information as well as provide heat-tracing circuit configuration capability. A version of the UI shall be approved for use in Class I Division 2/Zone 2 environments as required. A remote mountable version of the UI shall be available if available if locating the user interface remotely from the panel is desired.
- M. The UI shall have programmable form-C alarm relay.
- N. The system shall be capable of updating UI operating software in the field.
- 0. The system shall support Modbus RTU and Modbus/TCP communications protocols and be supplied complete with RS-485 and Ethernet communications interface capabilities. Fiber-optic interfaces, pre-packaged communications converters, repeaters, and wireless interfaces shall be available as options.
- P. Devices with multiple communications ports shall support simultaneous connections to external devices and automatically synchronize status and configuration information across all ports.
- Q. The heat trace vendor shall offer supervisory software for central programming, monitoring, and alarm annunciation. The supervisory software shall support a multi-user architecture allowing multiple simultaneous users and/or workstations, and be capable of integrating all system data into a central database or distributed repository. All information shall be available from any workstation and the software shall provide full user permissions and grouped access features.

# Single/Dual Circuit Controllers

- A. The single and dual-point controllers shall allow at least two hardwired RTD inputs per circuit.
- B. The controller shall monitor heater voltage and support high and low voltage alarming.
- C. The controller shall monitor control temperature and support high temperature cut-off.
- D. The system shall be the nVent RAYCHEM Elexant 4010i, 4020i or nVent RAYCHEM 920 heat-tracing control systems.

# Multi-Circuit Panels

- A. The multi-point panels shall have the option to include integral power distribution.
- B. The multi-point panels shall be capable of using RTDs that are wired directly to the internal control or expansion modules. The system shall allow up to four RTD inputs to be assigned to any circuit within the control panel. Expansion of the number of RTDs shall not result in a loss of the number of available heating circuits in the panel.
- C. The multi-point panels shall support external field mounted RTD multiplexing modules and allow the temperatures to be assigned to any circuit within the control panel. RTD multiplexing modules shall be capable of being installed at a distance of up to 1200 m (4000 ft) from the control panel without additional equipment.
- D. The multi-point control modules shall provide programmable dry contact alarm relays.
- E. The controller shall have the option to monitor system voltage and support high and low voltage alarming.
- F. The system shall be the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 heat-tracing control system.

# 3.7.2 Single Point Control and Monitoring Systems for Single Circuit and Multi-Circuit Applications General

- A. The system shall have ETL (or equivalent) approval for Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D and Class I, Zone 2, Group IIB+H2 when using a solid-state switching device or using electromechanical relays with either a Z-purge system, or encapsulated circuit breakers rated for hazardous areas.
- B. Enclosure types shall be TYPE 12 (painted steel, indoor installation), TYPE 4/3R (painted steel, outdoor installation), or TYPE 4X/3RX (stainless steel, fiberglass, outdoor installation) as required by project specification.
- C. Field mounted switch racks (skid assemblies) shall be available in various configurations. They shall integrate a distribution transformer dedicated to the heating system, a power distribution panel board suitable for the area classification and a heat trace control panel. Power distribution and control components may also be integrated into a common panel. The entire switch rack shall be factory assembled, tested, and approved by UL, CSA, ETL (or equivalent).
- D. The control solution shall provide single, dedicated, independent control modules for each heat tracing circuit to deliver the highest level of heat management system reliability.
- E. The system shall use 3-wire 100-ohm platinum Resistance Temperature Detectors (RTDs) for temperature sensing.
- F. The system shall allow multiple RTD temperature inputs per heat tracing circuit for monitoring, control and fault indication. Each sensor shall be configurable for control, monitoring or high temperature cut-out or combinations thereof.
- G. The system shall provide the following control mode options: On/Off Control with a user selectable dead band, Proportional Ambient Sensing Control (PASC), Always On and Always Off. For controllers utilizing Solid State output Relays (SSRs), Proportional (PID) Control with adaptive power limiting shall also be available.
- H. Each control module shall provide one digital input that may be configured for various functions such as forcing the controller output on or off.
- I. The controllers shall support single and 3-phase heating loads of up to 60 Amps and 600 VAC with ground-fault detection.
- J. For controllers utilizing SSRs, Circuit Breaker Limiting and Switch Limiting features for protection of circuit breakers and SSR relay outputs shall be available.
- K. Each control module shall provide an individual fail-safe dry-contact alarm relay that may be connected to an external annunciator.
- L. For controllers utilizing SSRs, an adaptive soft-start feature shall be available to ramp the output from 0-100% over time to reduce heater inrush currents.
- M. The controller shall be capable of testing the heating circuit at a user-defined interval. The test shall terminate immediately upon detection of any unsafe condition (GF, High Temperature) and generate the appropriate alarms.
- N. The system shall be compatible with all types of heating cables and capable of performing the following functions:
  - 1. Controlling and monitoring pipe temperatures.
  - 2. Providing real-time temperature and alarm log readouts.
  - 3. Providing alarms in the event of low or high pipe temperature, low or high heater current, high ground-fault current, ground-fault trip, relay failure, and sensor failure.
  - 4. Providing remote alarm annunciation.
  - 5. Interfacing with personal computers and DCS systems.

The system shall support an optional touch screen user interface (UI) mounted on the panel to display circuit status, monitoring data and fault information as well as provide heat-tracing circuit configuration capability. A version of the UI shall be approved for use in Class I Division 2/Zone 2 environments as required. A remote mountable version of the UI shall be available if locating the user interface remotely from the panel is desired.

The UI shall not be used for heat trace control. All heat trace control shall be performed independently by the control modules.

The system shall be capable of updating UI operating software and controller firmware in the field.

Appendixe

The system shall support Modbus RTU and Modbus/TCP communications protocols and be supplied complete with RS-485 and Ethernet communications interface capability. Fiber-optic interfaces, pre-packaged communications converters, repeaters, and wireless interfaces shall be available as options.

Devices with multiple communications ports shall support simultaneous connections to external devices and automatically synchronize status and configuration information across all ports.

The heat trace vendor shall offer supervisory software for central programming, monitoring, and alarm annunciation. The supervisory software shall support a multi-user architecture allowing multiple simultaneous users and/or workstations, and be capable of integrating all system data into a central database or distributed repository. All information shall be available from any workstation and the software shall provide full user permissions and grouped access features.

The system shall provide load shedding capabilities that may be initiated by external devices. Multiple load shedding zones shall be supported, allowing select groups of controllers to be put into load shedding mode.

The load shedding command shall be periodically broadcast on the network. The controller shall manage the load shedding mode and automatically revert to normal operation should the load shedding commands fail to be broadcast.

The Controllers shall provide a fail-safe load shedding mode to ensure that pipe temperatures do not drop below acceptable levels even during load shedding events.

# 3.8 Thermostats and Contactors

Freeze protection systems shall operate using self-regulating control or with the nVent RAYCHEM AMC-1A or nVent RAYCHEM AMC-F5 thermostat and the nVent RAYCHEM E104-100A or nVent RAYCHEM E304-40A contactor in nonhazardous locations, and nVent RAYCHEM AMC-1H thermostat with nVent RAYCHEM E307-40A contactor in hazardous locations, as supplied by nVent.

Process temperature maintenance systems shall operate using self-regulating control or with nVent RAYCHEM AMC-1B thermostat and nVent RAYCHEM E104-100A or nVent RAYCHEM E304-40Acontactor, or nVent RAYCHEM JBS-100-ECP in nonhazardous locations and nVent RAYCHEM E507S-LS or nVent RAYCHEM ETS-05 thermostats and nVent RAYCHEM E307-40A contactor in hazardous locations.

# **4 ENGINEERING**

- A. The Heat Tracing Vendor shall be given the latest revisions of the documents listed below to facilitate Estimates, Proposals, and Detailed Engineering.
  - 1. Project Management Inputs
    - a. Project Schedule(s)
    - b. Work Breakdown Structure definition (WBS)
  - 2. Technical Inputs
    - a. Project specifications related to Heat Tracing
      - i. Standard(s) for Electrical Heat Tracing
      - ii. Standard(s) for Electrical Equipment
      - iii. Standard(s) for Electrical Installations
      - iv. Standard(s) for Pipe and Equipment Insulation
      - v. Standard(s) for Removable Pad/Blanket Insulation
      - vi. Standard(s) for Instrumentation Winterization
  - 3. Project technical drawings and documents
    - a. P&IDs
    - b. EHT Control Panel / Controller Communications block diagrams / details
    - c. Line list(s) (.xlsx or .xls preferred)
    - d. Plot plan(s)
    - e. Area classification drawings and AIT designations
    - f. Piping MTO from 3D model (.xlsx or .xls preferred)
    - g. Piping isometrics (.idf or .pcf preferred)
    - h. Instrument & analyzer list (.xlsx or .xls preferred)
    - i. Instrument specification sheets/details
    - j. Instrument and analyzer location plans

- k. Equipment list (.xlsx or .xls preferred)
- I. Equipment arrangement drawings / data sheets
- m. Substation / Primary Power feed locations for EHT
- n. Power Distribution plans for cable tray and/or conduit
- o. Electrical installation details
- p. Identify any critical pipes and/or instruments for EHT
- q. Viewer files from 3D Model
- B. The Heat Tracing Vendor shall provide a detailed design utilizing TRACERLYNX heat tracing design software or equal. At minimum, the design must provide the following:
  - 1. Circuit identification number
  - 2. Maintain temperature
  - 3. Line size and insulation
  - 4. Heat loss
  - 5. Amount and type of heating cable required
  - 6. Overall BOM for heat tracing material
  - 7. Heating cable service voltage
  - 8. Heating cable power output at the maintain temperature
  - 9. Minimum and maximum maintain temperature vs. minimum and maximum ambient temperatures
  - 10. Circuit breaker sizing
  - 11. EHT Control Panel / Controller Communications parameters
- C. The Heat Tracing vendor shall provide the following deliverables at the buyer's request.
  - 1. Heat Tracing Isometric Drawings
  - 2. Heat Tracing Database
  - 3. Heat Tracing Schedules
  - 4. Panel Board Schedules
  - 5. Control Panel Layouts and Details
  - 6. Power/Control Cable or Conduit Schedules
  - 7. Wiring Schematics (control panels)
  - 8. Power & RTD Location Database
  - 9. Key Plan for EHT Layout
  - 10. EHT Zoning P&IDs
  - 11. Engineering Work Packages (EWPs) for EHT, Insulation, Instrument Winterization and associated Tubing and Tube Bundle, Power Distribution, and Analyzer Tubing and Tube Bundle, as applicable.
  - 12. Communications block diagrams, or equivalent

# 5 TESTING

Factory inspections and tests for self-regulating, power limiting, series constant wattage and constant wattage (MI) heater cables shall include but are not limited to the following:

- A. Testing shall be done per the latest IEEE /IEC 60079-30-2 standard test section and applicable manufacturer's standards. Insulation resistance shall be measured from heating device conductors to metallic braid, metallic sheath, or other equivalent electrically conductive material with a 500 Vdc test voltage. However, it is strongly recommended that higher test voltages be used—mineral insulated trace heaters should be tested at, but not exceed, 1000 Vdc, and polymeric insulated trace heaters should be tested at 2500 Vdc.
- B. In the field, all heater cables shall be tested for insulation resistance. The following separate field megohmmeter readings shall be taken on each cable:
  - 1. When received at jobsite before installation
  - 2. After installation, but before insulation is applied
  - 3. After insulation has been installed
- C. The readings obtained shall satisfy the minimum acceptable readings per IEEE/IEC 60079-30-2 standard, otherwise the heater cable is not acceptable and shall be replaced.
- D. It is strongly recommended that the manufacturer's minimum recommended IR values be observed as tabulated below:

Technical Data Sheets Content

Source	Manufacturer			IEC/IEEE 60079-30-2
Cable Type	Self-Regulating/ Power- Limiting	Constant Wattage (Polymer)	Constant Wattage (MI)	All
IR Values (Megohms)	Recommended Minimu	Recommended Minimum IR Value		Absolute Minimum Acceptable
On Receipt	1000	100	100	20
After Installation	1000	100	20	20
After Insulation	1000	100	20	20 (5 MI only)
Start Up/Commissioning	1000	100	10	20 (5 MI only)

Note: Insulation resistance readings should be recorded promptly at each of the different stages after the cable has been received, installed, insulated and commissioned.

E. Field megohmmeter tests shall be recorded for each heater cable, and certified reports shall be submitted to the user.

F. Adverse weather conditions such as high humidity can influence measuring equipment/ test leads/ connections and appropriate steps should be taken to avoid false insulation resistance readings.

Appendixes



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Enclosure types

# **DEFINITIONS PERTAINING TO NONHAZARDOUS LOCATIONS**

Type 1 Enclosures	Type 1 enclosures are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.
Type 2 Enclosures	Type 2 enclosures are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling water.
Type 3 Enclosures	Type 3 enclosures are intended for outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against rain, sleet, windblown dust, and damage from external ice formation.
Type 3R Enclosures	Type 3R enclosures are intended for outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against rain, sleet, damage from external ice formation, and must have a drain hole.
Type 3S Enclosures	Type 3S enclosures are intended for outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against rain, sleet, windblown dust, and to provide for operation of external mechanisms when ice laden.
Type 4 Enclosures	Type 4 enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against windblown dust and rain, splashing water, hose-directed water, and damage from external ice formation.
Type 4X Enclosures	Type 4X enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against corrosion, windblown dust and rain, splashing water, hose-directed water, and damage from external ice formation.
Type 5 Enclosures	Type 5 enclosures are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against airborne dust, falling dirt, and dripping noncorrosive liquids.
Type 6 Enclosures	Type 6 enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against hose-directed water, the entry of water during temporary submersion at a limited depth, and damage from external ice formation.
Type 6P Enclosures	Type 6P enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against hose-directed water, the entry of water during prolonged submersion at a limited depth, and damage from external ice formation.
Type 12 Enclosures	Type 12 enclosures are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against circulating dust, falling dirt, and dripping noncorrosive liquids.
Type 12K Enclosures	Type 12K enclosures with knockouts are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against circulating dust, falling dirt, and dripping noncorrosive liquids.
Type 13 Enclosures	Type 13 enclosures are intended for indoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, spraying of water, oil, and noncorrosive coolant.
DEFINITIONS PERTAIN	NING TO HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATIONS
Type 7 Enclosures	Type 7 enclosures are intended for indoor use in locations classified as Class I, Groups A, B, C, or D, as defined in the National Electrical Code.
Type 8 Enclosures	Type 8 enclosures are intended for indoor or outdoor use in locations classified as Class I, Groups A, B, C, or D, as defined in the National Electrical Code.
Type 9 Enclosures	Type 9 enclosures are intended for indoor use in locations classified as Class II, Groups E, F, and G,

Type 9 Enclosures Type 9 enclosures are intended for indoor use in locations classified as Class II, Groups E, F, and C as defined in the National Electrical Code\*.

Type 10 EnclosuresType 10 enclosures are constructed to meet the applicable requirements of the Mine Safety and<br/>Health Administration.

\* Refer to NEMA Standards Publication No. 250 Enclosures for Electrical equipment (1000 Volts Maximum) or other third party certification standards for specific requirements for product construction, testing and performance such as Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard UL 50 "Standards for Enclosures for Electrical Equipment," and UL886 "Outlet Boxes and Fittings for use in Hazardous (Classified) Locations."

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# ENCLOSURE TYPES VS. IEC CLASSIFICATION DESIGNATION COMPARISON

Enclosure Type Rating	IEC Enclosure (IP) Classification
1	IP 10
2	IP 11
3	IP 54
3R	IP 14
3S	IP 54
4 and 4X	IP 55
5	IP 52
6 and 6P	IP 67
12 and 12K	IP 52
13	IP 54
(one way conversion)	

(one way conversion)

Note: This table is for the reference only. (Direct conversion is not allowed) Both enclosure type rating test and IEC enclosure (IP) rating test have to be tested to achieve both rating.

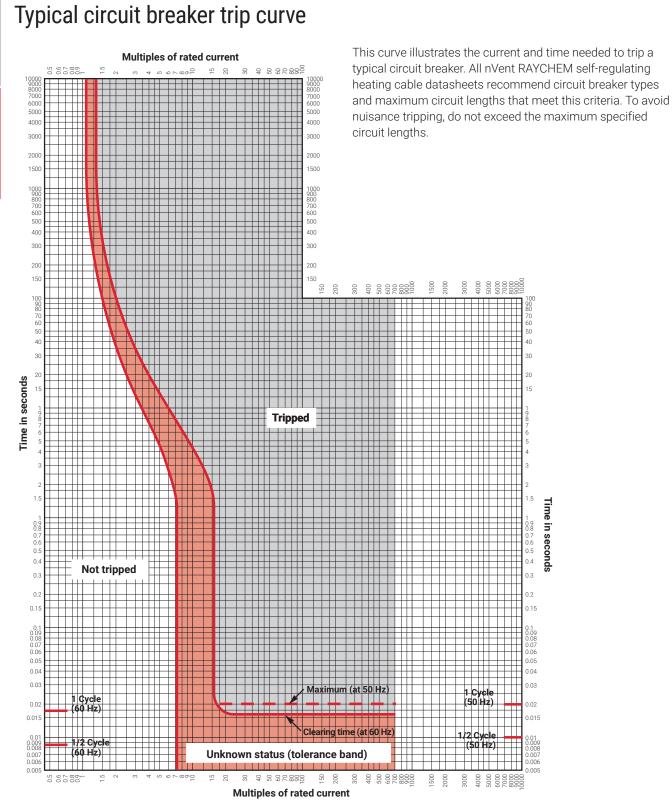
Longline Heating

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables



# CONNECT AND PROTECT



Thermal-magnetic time/current characteristics curve (TYPE standard)



# Longline Heating

Appendixes

# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Unit conversion tables

## **TABLE 1 EQUIVALENCE OF MISCELLANEOUS UNITS**

Lengths					
1 ft	= 0.3048 m	= 12 in	= 0.3333 yd		
1 m	= 3.28084 ft	= 39.37008 in			
1 mi	= 5,280 ft	= 1,760 yd	= 1,609.34 m	= 1.60934 km	= 320 rd
Areas					
1 ft <sup>2</sup>	= 0.09290 m <sup>2</sup>	= 144 in <sup>2</sup>	= 0.11111 yd <sup>2</sup>		
1 m <sup>2</sup>	= 1550 in <sup>2</sup>	= 10.7639 ft <sup>2</sup>	= 1.19599 yd <sup>2</sup>		
1 acre	= 43,560 ft <sup>2</sup>	= 4,840 yd <sup>2</sup>	= 0.40469 ha (hectare)	= 4046.87 m <sup>2</sup>	= 0.001563 mi <sup>2</sup>
1 mi²	= 640 acres	= 3,097,600 yd <sup>2</sup>	= 2,589,988 m <sup>2</sup>	= 2.5899 km <sup>2</sup>	= 258.99 ha
1 km <sup>2</sup>	= 0.38610 mi <sup>2</sup>	= 247.104 acre	= 100 ha		
Masses and weig	Jhts				
1 lb	= 0.45359 kg = 0.000464 long ton	= 16 oz	= 14.5833 oz (troy)	= 0.0005	ton = 7000 grains
1 kg	= 2.2046 lb av = 0.001 m ton	= 2.6792 lb tr (troy)	= 35.274 oz av	= 15,432.4 grains	= 0.00110 ton
1 ton	= 2,000 lb	= 907.185 kg	= 32,000 oz	= 0.90722 m ton	
Volume and capa	ncity				
1 ft <sup>3</sup>	= 1728 in <sup>3</sup> = 6.229 Imp gal (Br)	= 0.03704 yd <sup>3</sup> = 0.80356 bu	= 0.028317 m <sup>3</sup>	= 29.9221 qt (liq)	= 7.4806 gal (liq)
1 yd³	= 46,656 in = 21.6962 bu (bushel)	= 27 ft <sup>3</sup>	= 0.76456 m <sup>3</sup>	= 807.896 qt (liq)	= 201.974 gal (liq)
1 gal (liq)	= 231 in <sup>3</sup>	= 0.13368 ft <sup>3</sup>	= 4 qt	= 0.83268 Imp gal	= 0.00378543 m <sup>3</sup>
1 m <sup>3</sup>	= 61,023 in <sup>3</sup> = 1.308 yd <sup>3</sup>	= 35,314 ft <sup>3</sup>	= 1056.7 qt (liq)	= 264.18 gal	= 28.38 bu

# **TABLE 2 CONVERSION FACTORS FOR THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY**

(Multiply units of left column by appropriate factor\* in table to obtain results in units designated at top of vertical column)

	Btu/h·ft·°F	Btu-in/h·ft·°F	W/m·°C	W/cm·°C	cal/s·cm·°C	kcal/h·m·°C
Btu/h·ft·°F	1.0000	12.000	1.72958	0.017296	4.13378 x E-03	1.48816
Btu·in/h·ft <sup>2.</sup> °F	0.0833	1.000	0.14413	1.441314 x E-03	3.44481 x E-04	0.124013
W/m°∙C	0.57818	6.9381	1.000	0.001	2.39006 x E-03	0.860422
W/cm·°C	57.8175	693.810	100.000	1.000	0.23901	86.0422
cal/s·cm·°C	241.9090	2902.91	418.40	4.18400	1.000	360.000
kcal/h·m·°C	0.671971	8.06365	1.16222	0.011622	2.77778 x E-03	1.000

# TABLE 3 CONVERSION FACTORS OF COEFFICIENTS OF HEAT TRANSFER

(Multiply units of left column by appropriate factor\* in table to obtain results in units designated at top of vertical column)

	Btu/h-ft <sup>2,</sup> °F	W/m².°C	W/cm <sup>2</sup> .°C	kcal/h·m·°C	cal/s·cm²·°C
Btu/h·ft <sup>2.</sup> °F	1.0000	5.67446	5.67446 x E-04	4.88243	1.35623 x E-04
W/m <sup>2.</sup> °C	0.17623	1.000	1.0 x E-04	0.86042	2.3900 x E-03
W/cm <sup>2.</sup> °C	1762.28	1.0 x E+04	1.000	8604.20	0.2390
kcal/h·m².°C	0.20482	1.16222	1.16222 x E-04	1.000	2.77778
cal/s·cm <sup>2.</sup> °C	7373.38	4.1840 x E-04	4.1840	3.6000	1.000

#### **TABLE 4 CONVERSION FACTORS FOR ENERGY**

(Multiply units of left column by appropriate factor\* in table to obtain results in units designated at top of vertical column)

	Btu	J	kWh	kcal	ft·lbf
Btu	1.0000	1054.350	2.92875 x E-04	0.251996	778.21
J	9.478 x E-04	1.0000	2.77778 x E-07	2.39006 x E-04	7.3756 x E-01
kWh	3414.43	3.6 x E+06	1.0000	860.420	2.6552 x E+06
kcal	3.9656	4184.0	1.16222 x E-03	1.0000	3086.54
hp∙h	2547.16	2.6864 x E-06	0.7457	641.6	1.9808 x E-06
ft·lbf	1.28592 x E-03	1.355818	3.76616 x E-07	3.2405 x E-04	1.0000

#### TABLE 5 CONVERSION FACTORS FOR ENERGY IN RELATION TO TIME AND AREA

(Multiply units of left column by appropriate factor\* in table to obtain results in units designated at top of vertical column)

	Btu/h·ft <sup>2</sup>	Btu/h·m²	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	W/m²	kcal/h·m²	Btu/s·ft²
Btu/h·ft <sup>2</sup>	1.0000	10.7639	0.29288	3.15248	2.71428	2.77778 x E-04
Btu/h·m²	0.092903	1.0000	0.027209	0.29288	0.251996	2.58064 x E-05
W/ft <sup>2</sup>	3.41443	36.7526	1.0000	10.76391	9.26142	9.48453 x E-04
W/m <sup>2</sup>	0.31721	3.41442	0.092903	1.0000	0.86042	8.81138 x E-05
kcal/h·m²	0.36867	3.96832	0.10797	1.16222	1.0000	1.02408 x E-04
Btu/s·ft²	3600.0	38750.0	1054.35	11348.9	9764.85	1.0000

## **TABLE 6 MISCELLANEOUS CONVERSION EQUIVALENTS**

	(lb/ft³)	(g/cm³)	(kg/m³)	(lb/gal)
lb/ft <sup>3</sup>	1.000	= 0.0160185	= 16.01846	= 0.133680
g/cm <sup>3</sup>	62.428	= 1.000	= 1000.0	= 8.34538
kg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.062428	= 0.001	= 1.000	= 0.008345
lb/gal	7.4805	= 0.11982	= 119.82	= 1.000

#### Enthalpy and energy per unit mass

	(Btu/lb)	(kcal/kg)	(J/g)	(w·h/kg)
Btu/lb	1.000	= 0.555556	= 2.32444	= 0.645679
kcal/kg	1.799	= 1.000	= 4.184	= 1.16222
J/g	0.430210	= 0.239006	= 1.000	= 0.277778
w·h/kg	1.54876	= 0.860422	= 3.600	= 1.000

#### Specific heat and entropy

	(Btu/lb∙°R)	(kcal/kg·°K)	(kJ/kg·°K)	(w∙h/kg·°K)
kcal/kg·°K	1.000	= 1.000	= 4.184	= 1.16222
kJ/kg·°K	0.239006	= 0.239006	= 1.000	= 0.277778
w·h/kg·°K	0.860422	= 0.860422	= 3.600	= 1.000

### **TABLE 7 TEMPERATURE CONVERSION**

		°C = (°E = 22							
°F = (°C x 9/ °F	9/5) + 32 °C	°C = (°F - 32 °F	2) 5/9 °C	°F	°C	°F	°C	°F	°C
-40	-40	200	93 96	440 445	227	680 685	360	920	493 496
-35		205			229		363	925	
-30	-34	210	99	450	232	690	366	930	499
-25	-32	215	102	455	235	695	368	935	502
-20	-29	220	104	460	238	700	371	940	504
-15	-26	225	107	465	241	705	374	945	507
-10 E	-23	230	110	470	243	710	377	950	510
-5	-21	235	113	475	246	715	379	955	513
0	-18	240	116	480	249	720	382	960	516
5	-15	245	118	485	252	725	385	965	518
10	-12	250	121	490	254	730	388	970	521
15	-9	255	124	495	257	735	391	975	524
20	-7	260	127	500	260	740	393	980	527
25	-4	265	129	505	263	745	396	985	529
30	-1	270	132	510	266	750	399	990	532
35	2	275	135	515	268	755	402	995	535
40	4	280	138	520	271	760	404	1000	538
45	7	285	141	525	274	765	407	1005	541
50	10	290	143	530	277	770	410	1010	543
55	13	295	146	535	279	775	413	1015	546
60	16	300	149	540	282	780	416	1020	549
65	18	305	152	545	285	785	418	1025	552
70	21	310	154	550	288	790	421	1030	554
75	24	315	157	555	291	795	424	1035	557
80	27	320	160	560	293	800	427	1040	560
85	29	325	163	565	296	805	429	1045	563
90	32	330	166	570	299	810	432	1050	566
95	35	335	168	575	302	815	435	1055	568
100	38	340	171	580	304	820	438	1060	571
105	41	345	174	585	307	825	441	1065	574
110	43	350	177	590	310	830	443	1070	577
115	46	355	179	595	313	835	446	1075	579
120	49	360	182	600	316	840	449	1080	582
125	52	365	185	605	318	845	452	1085	585
130	54	370	188	610	321	850	454	1090	588
135	57	375	191	615	324	855	457	1095	591
140	60	380	193	620	327	860	460	1100	593
145	63	385	196	625	329	865	463	1105	596
150	66	390	199	630	332	870	466	1110	599
155	68	395	202	635	335	875	468	1115	602
160	71	400	202	640	338	880	471	1120	604
165	74	405	207	645	341	885	474	1125	607
170	77	410	210	650	343	890	477	1120	610
175	79	415	213	655	346	890	479	1135	613
173	82	420	215	660	340	900	479	1140	616
180	85	420	210	665	352	900	485	1140	618
185	85	425	218	665 670	352	905	485	1145	618
190	91		221						
195	91	435	224	675	357	915	491	1155	624

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

Tank Insulation

Steam Tracing

Technical Data Sheets



# CONNECT AND PROTECT

# Glossary of terms

ampacity	The current (in amperes) that a wire can carry without exceeding its temperature rating.
approved	Acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction (for enforcement of the National Electrical Code, for example).
ANSI	American National Standards Institute.
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials.
ATEX Directive 94/9/EC	A European product directive for hazardous locations designed to open up free trade across Europe, and mandatory for all electrical and mechanical equipment which may be used in potentially explosive atmospheres.
autoignition temperature (AIT)	The AIT is the minimum temperature at which a material can spontaneously ignite without an external source of ignition. This is different from the flash point of a liquid, which is the lowest temperature at which the liquid gives off sufficient vapor to form an ignitable mixture with air near the surface of the liquid or within the vessel used. The flash point of gasoline is $-50^{\circ}$ F and the AIT is 536°F.
autotherming	An operating characteristic of self-regulating heating cables that results in a substantial change of its electrical resistance over a small temperature increment—the autotherming temperature is the temperature at which this change occurs.
Auto-Trace	A historic trademark of the families of self-regulating heating cables manufactured by Thermal Management (formerly the Chemelex Division of nVent RAYCHEM).
braid	The wires woven around the heating cable that provide an electrical ground path.
branch-circuit	The electrical current path from an individual branch-circuit breaker (or fuse) to all connected heating cable circuits.
cable sets	A preterminated MI heating cable complete with a heated section and nonheated cold lead section.
CE	Marking to show compliance with all essential safety requirements of European Union directives.
CEC	Canadian Electrical Code.
circuit breaker	A device that opens and closes a circuit by nonautomatic means; it also opens the circuit automatically on a predetermined overcurrent (without damage to itself) when properly applied within its rating.
cladding	An outer jacket, usually metallic, encasing the thermal insulation.
classified locations	A location that is classified into a class, division, and group, or into a class, zone, and group, because a fire or explosion hazard may exist due to flammable gases or vapors, flammable liquids, combustible dust, or ignitable fibers or flyings.
cold lead	An electrically-insulated conductor that connects a heating cable–circuit conductor to the branch-circuit conductors; it does not produce any appreciable heat. Constant wattage heating cables require the use of cold leads.
combustible dusts	Any finely divided solid material of 20 microns or less in diameter (i.e., material passing through a U.S. No. 40 Standard Sieve) that presents a fire or explosion hazard when dispersed and ignites in air or other gaseous oxidizer.
combustible liquid	A liquid having a flash point at or above 100°F (37.8°C).
conduction	One of the three methods of heat transfer (the others: radiation and convection). The transfer of heat by molecular motion without the bulk movement of material. Conduction is the only way that heat can be transferred within a solid.

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conductor	A long thin piece of metal used to carry current. An insulated conductor is a wire.
constant-wattage heating cable	Heating cables that have effectively the same power output over a large temperature range. Zone heating cables that use Nichrome® heating wires and most series-resistance heating cables are examples of constant-wattage heating cables.
contactor	A heavy-duty relay that controls electric power circuits.
continuity	The presence of a complete path for current flow.
continuous load	A load in which the maximum current is expected to continue for three hours or more.
controller	A device that regulates the state of a system by comparing a signal from a sensor with a predetermined value and adjusts its output to the predetermined value. Controllers used in electric heat-tracing systems normally include some form of monitoring and alarming. Thermostats typically include little or no monitoring. Temperature sensors used with controllers are usually electronic (thermocouple, RTD, thermistor). Temperature sensors used with thermostats can be mechanical (bulb and capillary, bimetallic) or electronic.
convection	One of the three methods of heat transfer (the others: conduction and radiation). The transfer of heat by the bulk motion of a fluid (liquid or gas). Convection is also the transfer of heat between a solid and a fluid.
corrosive environment	An area where chemically-aggressive gases or liquids are present either in the pipe or in the surrounding atmosphere.
CSA International	CSA International is a leading provider of product testing and certification services worldwide. They test products for compliance to national and international standards and issue certification marks for qualified products across North America and around the world.
deadband	The range through which a measured signal can vary without initiating a response by the controlling device.
deadleg	A segment of pipe that is designed to be in a permanent no-flow condition. This pipe section is often created for use as a control point for a larger system.
dielectric	A material with a large resistance to the flow of electricity; an insulator.
DTS	Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS) is a method of monitoring temperature along the continuous length of a pipeline. It provides a temperature profile for the full length of the pipeline for better visibility of hot/cold spots than can be provided by widely spaced RTD's.
electric heat-tracing system	A system of electric heating cables, connection kits, and a power distribution system that may include cables, panelboards, and transformers whose purpose is to maintain a piping system at or above a given temperature. The system may also include a control system with sensors, alarms, and controllers. Electric heat-tracing systems are sometimes referred to as electric pipe heating of trace-heating systems.
electrical insulation (cable)	The part of the cable that consists of dielectric (see above) material.
electromechanical relay (EMR)	An electromechanical device that completes or interrupts a circuit by physically moving electrical contacts into or out of contact with each other. (See Contactor)
equipment	A general term including material, fittings, devices, appliances, fixtures, apparatus, and the like used as part of, or in connection with, an electrical installation.
explosion-proof	A method of protection for electrical equipment used in Class I hazardous locations. Explosion-proof apparatus is apparatus enclosed in a housing that is capable of withstanding an explosion of a specified gas or vapor that may occur within it, and of preventing the ignition of a specified gas or vapor surrounding the enclosure by sparks, flashes, or explosion of the gas or vapor within, and that operates at such an external temperature that a surrounding flammable atmosphere will not be ignited thereby.
factory fabricated	A heating cable assembled by the manufacturer, including hot and cold end terminations and cold lead. Mineral insulated (MI) cable is generally factory fabricated. Self-regulating heating cables are generally not factory fabricated.
Fiber Optic Cables	Fiber Optic cables are traditionally used in telecommunications. However, they are being deployed as sensors for continuous temperature monitoring, leak detection and intrusion detection on pipelines in industrial applications. These fiber optic cables are specially armored for durability.
field assembled	Heating cable supplied in bulk; terminating kits to be assembled (terminated) by field personnel.
flash point	The minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off vapor in sufficient concentration to form an ignitable mixture with air near the surface of the liquid, as specified by tests.

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FM Approvals	FM Approvals offers worldwide quality management systems and certification and testing services of industrial and commercial products to national and international standards.
FM Approved	A product or system which has been evaluated by FM Approvals, and found to comply with a given standard or set of standards or has been evaluated for its use by utilizing accepted engineering practices and performance approaches.
fuse	An overcurrent protective device with a circuit-opening fusible part that is heated and severed by the passage of overcurrent through it. A fuse is a one-use device, unlike a circuit breaker, which can be reset and used many times.
ganging	The practice of combining multiple heating cables onto one branch circuit breaker.
grounded	Connected to earth or to some conducting body that serves in place of the earth.
ground fault	The passage of current from a circuit to earth-ground.
ground-fault circuit breaker	A device that protects equipment; it turns off a circuit within an established period of time when a current to ground exceeds some predetermined value (usually from 5 to 100 mA) which is less than that required to operate the overcurrent protective device of the supply circuit.
ground-fault circuit interrupter	A device intended for the protection of personnel; it turns off a circuit within an established period of time when a current to ground exceeds some predetermined value (usually 5 mA) which is less than that required to operate the overcurrent protective device of the supply circuit.
ground-fault protection of equipment	A system that protects equipment from damaging line-to-ground-fault currents by disconnecting all ungrounded conductors of the faulted circuit. This protection is provide at current levels less than those required to protect conductors from damage from a supply circuit overcurrent device.
hazardous locations	Same as a classified location. A location that is classified into a class, division, and group or into a class, zone, and group, because a fire or explosion hazard may exist due to flammable gases or vapors, flammable liquids, combustible dust, or ignitable fibers or flyings. For a more detailed description, refer to the National Electrical Code, Articles 500 through 503 in particular, as well as other related articles.
hazardous locations divisions	Divisions 1 and 2 as defined in the National Electrical Code describe the likelihood that a flammable or combustible mixture will be present in ignitable quantity.
hazardous locations groups	Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, and G in the National Electrical Code Article 500 classification system, and Groups IIA, IIB and IIC in the National Electrical Code Article 505 method of classification. For purposes of testing, approval, and area classification, various air mixtures (not oxygen-enriched) are grouped together because they have similar explosion characteristics.
heat loss	The rate of energy lost from a pipe, vessel, or equipment to the surrounding environment due to the difference in temperature between the pipe and the surrounding environment. The heat loss needs to be calculated because the heat tracing selected must be of sufficient power to replace the heat lost if the desired temperature is to be maintained.
heat sink	A part that conducts and dissipates heat away from the pipe or equipment. Heat sinks can be pipe supports, valve operators, etc.
heat transfer aids	Thermally-conductive materials, such as metallic foils or heat transfer cements, used to increase the heat transfer rates from the heating cables to the process piping or equipment.
heating cable circuit	A discrete length of heating cable that is directly wired to a single power connection kit at one end and terminated with an end seal kit. Intermediate branch heating cables (connected to the primary run of heating cable with a tee connection kit) are considered part of the heating cable circuit. Note that multiple-entry power connection kits will accommodate multiple heating cable circuits.
high-limit temperature	The maximum allowable heat-tracing system temperature of the heat-traced equipment. A marking that indicates the maximum temperature that a piece of equipment will reach based upon a 40°C (104°F) ambient temperature. The temperature marking is compared to the ignition temperature of explosive gases, vapors, dusts, or flyings that may be encountered in hazardous areas.
IECEx	IEC System for Certification to Standards Relating to Equipment for Use in Explosive Atmospheres.
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers is the world's largest professional association for the advancement of innovation and technological excellence.
IEx - Institute of Certification	IEx is a Brazilian company with international renowned experts in electrical equipment fo explosive atmospheres. IEx is accredited by INMETRO, National Institute of Metrology, Standardization and Industrial Quality, for hazardous locations products.

isometric	An engineering drawing: a three dimensional view of the object or system.
jacket	A thermoplastic or thermosetting plastic covering, sometimes fabric-reinforced, applied over the insulation, core, metallic sheath, or armor of a cable.
Joule effect	The heating effect produced by the flow of current through resistance.
lagging	See cladding.
listed	In accordance with the National Electrical Code and other NFPA standards this means equipment or materials included in a list published by an organization acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction and concerned with product evaluation, that maintains periodic inspection of production of listed equipment or material, and whose listing state either that the equipment or material meets appropriate designated standards or has been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.
maintain temperature	Specified temperature of the fluid or process material that the heat tracing is designed to hold at equilibrium under specified design conditions, normally at minimum ambient temperature.
maximum ambient temperature	Highest expected environmental temperature surrounding the heat-traced object.
maximum contact temperature	The maximum withstand temperature of the heat traced plastic pipe. The temperature depends on its pressure rating and material.
maximum equilibrium temperature	The highest equilibrium pipe temperature that occurs when the heating cable is continuously energized at the maximum ambient temperature (defined as runaway pipe temperature by IEEE 515).
maximum intermittent exposure temperature	The highest temperature to which the heating cable may be exposed intermittently.
(power on or off)	Defined as high-temperature excursions of not more than 48 hours in duration, with total cumulative exposure of less than 1000 hours. Intermittent high-temperature exposure may occur during process upset conditions or steam-cleaning operations.
maximum maintain temperature	The highest temperature at which the heating cable may be operated continuously (power on).
maximum operating temperature	The maximum temperature of the process fluid during normal continuous operation. This temperature may be the same as the maintain temperature, but it is sometimes substantially higher. This is assumed to be the highest temperature to which the heating cable will be continuously exposed.
minimum ambient temperature	The lowest expected ambient temperature at the design location. The effect of wind is covered in the design. The wind chill factor should not be used.
minimum operating temperature	The lowest process-operating temperature of the fluid during flow conditions. This temperature is frequently the same as the design maintain temperature.
NEC	National Electrical Code.
negative temperature coefficient	A device or material whose resistance decreases with an increase in temperature and increases with a decrease in temperature. A thermistor generally has a negative temperature coefficient.
NEMA	National Electric Manufacturers Association.
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association is an international nonprofit organization established in 1896. The company's mission is to reduce the worldwide burden of fire and other hazards on the quality of life by providing and advocating consensus codes and standards, research, training and education.
noncorrosive environment	An area where chemically-aggressive gases, vapors, or fluids are not present.
orthographic	An engineering drawing; the plan, section, and elevation views of the object.
outdoor location	The installation is subjected to environmental extremes, including exposure to a high win velocity (assumed to be 20 mph [32 km/h] for an insulated, heat-traced pipe).
overcurrent	Any current in excess of the rated current of equipment or the ampacity of a conductor. I may result from overload, short circuit, or ground fault. A current in excess of rating may be accommodated by certain conductors for a given set of conditions. Hence, the rules for overcurrent protection are specific to particular situations.
overcurrent protective device	An in-line component of an electric circuit used to cause and maintain the interruption of current flow to the protected device when the protected device is subjected to an overcurrent condition (e.g., circuit breaker, fuse).
overload	Operation of equipment in excess of normal, full-load rating, or of a conductor in excess of rated ampacity when, if it persists for a sufficient length of time, it would cause damage or dangerous overheating. A fault, such as a short circuit or ground fault, is not an overload.

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

Power-Limiting Mineral Insulated Cables Heating Cables

Longline Heating

RTB Tubing Bundles

Tank Heating

Snow Melting and De-Icing

Control and Monitoring

Heat-Trace Panels

Tank Insulation

Steam Tracing

Technical Data Sheets

P & ID	Piping and instrumentation diagram.
panelboard	A single panel or group of panel units assembled in a single panel that includes buses, and automatic overcurrent devices. A panelboard may or may not have switches for the control of light, heat, or power circuits. Designed to be placed in a cabinet or cutout box placed in or against a wall or partition and accessible only from the front.
parallel heating cable	A heating cable with heating elements that are electrically connected in parallel, either continuously or in zones, such that watt density per linear length is approximately equal along the length of the heating cable (allowing for the drop in voltage down the length of the heating cable).
pipe schedule	An index that specifies the nominal wall thickness as a function of pipe size.
pipe size	The nominal diameter of the pipe. For tubing, the size and outside diameter are the same
pipe support	A device for supporting a section of pipe.
pitch	The degree of slope or the distance between two points of a spiraled heating cable.
PLI	(Power Line carrier Interface) A set of components that provide temperature-monitoring capability for heat-tracing control & monitoring systems by communicating the temperature data to the control system using the heat tracing and power distribution wiring thus eliminating the need for RTD wiring.
plot plan	A representation of the layout of a particular facility or area. It typically shows the position of roads, buildings and other constructions inside an industrial plant with their coordinate lines.
positive temperature coefficient (PTC)	A characteristic of a device or material whose resistance increases with an increase in temperature and decreases with a decrease in temperature. Self-regulating heating cables have positive temperature coefficients and are often referred to as PTC heating cables.
power-limiting heating cable	A type of heating cable that shows PTC behavior based on the properties of a metallic heating element. The PTC behavior exhibited is much less (a smaller change in resistance in response to a change in temperature) than that shown by self-regulating heating cables.
process control (also process-temperature control)	These terms are generally used to denote any heat-tracing application other than freeze protection of water lines.
process operating temperature	The maximum temperature of the process fluid during normal continuous operation. This temperature may be the same as the maintain temperature, but it is sometimes substantially higher. This is assumed to be the highest temperature to which the heating cable will be continuously exposed.
radiation	One of the three methods of heat transfer (the others: conduction and convection). The transfer of heat by the propagation of energy waves. When dealing with insulated pipes and vessels the effect of radiation is usually insignificant.
rated output	The expected minimum power output of a heating cable for a given set of conditions. These conditions may include applied voltage, pipe or surface temperature, and total length.
rated voltage	The voltage to which operating and performance characteristics of heating cables are referenced.
redundant or redundancy	The introduction of auxiliary elements and components to a system to perform the same function as other elements in the system for the purpose of improving reliability. Redundant electric heat-tracing systems consist of duplicate independent heating cables and controllers, each with its own sensor supplied from separate power systems, all independent of each other but all applied to the same mechanical piping, valves, tanks, etc.
routine test	A test carried out by the manufacturer of the heating cable during production.
RMM2	Remote Monitoring Module which aggregates RTD temperature data in the field and sends it over one wire pair to the control & monitoring panel. This allows reduction of RTD wiring runs in the field while ensuring all temperature data is provided to the heat tracing control & monitoring system.
self-regulating	The inherent capability of polymer-core heating cables to inversely vary their power output in response to an increase or decrease in the actual temperature in the immediate vicinity of the heating cable.
sensor, sensing element	The first system element that responds quantitatively and performs the initial measurement. In electrical heat-tracing systems, sensors respond to the temperature of the system and may be directly connected to controllers. Sensors can be mechanical (bulb and bellows, bimetallic) or electrical (thermocouple, RTD, thermistor).
series heating cable	A heating cable using a high resistance wire in order to create heat via electrical resistance. These cables provide a constant heat output and cannot be overlapped.

SES	Smart End Seal transmitter that enables monitoring signals to transmit through heating cable bus wires and power cables. No additional field wire is necessary. Part of the Power Line Carrier Interface (PLI) option on certain nVent RAYCHEM control & monitoring systems.
sheath	The outermost continuous covering for the cable.
sheath temperature	The temperature of the outermost heating cable jacket covering that may be exposed to the surrounding atmosphere.
short circuit	A fault consisting of a lower-resistance connection across a voltage source, which normally results in an excessive current. It should cause the overcurrent device (circuit breaker or fuse) to open.
silicon-controlled rectifier (SCR)	A four-layer semiconductive device that is used as an electrical switch in ac and dc circuits. An activation signal is required to turn the SCR on or off.
Skin Effect	The phenomena which results from AC Current traveling through a wire located inside a ferromagnetic metal tube in which the return current flowing in the metal tube limits the current flow to the inside surface of the metal tube. No current or voltage potential exists on the outside of the tube.
solid-state relay (SSR)	A solid-state switching device that completes or interrupts a circuit electrically. An SSR has no moving parts.
SPC	Smart Power Connector is part of the Power Line Carrier Interface (PLI) option which allows MI and VPL technology heating cables to be used with the PLI option on certain control & monitoring systems. The SPC takes the place of the power connection kit.
start-up current	The initial current drawn by a heating cable when it is energized at the start-up temperature.
start-up temperature	The lowest temperature expected at a time when the heat-tracing cable will be switched on. This can be an important design consideration for self-regulating cables because the start-up current depends on the start-up temperature.
STS	nVent RAYCHEM Skin-effect heat Tracing System (STS) is a pipe heating technology designed for long pipeline applications. It is capable of providing high heating power to over 25 Km of pipeline between power points.
system limit temperature	The highest temperature that the heat-tracing system is allowed to impose on the rest of the system. For example, a plastic pipe system will have a relatively low system limit temperature to protect the plastic pipe. A temperature-sensitive fluid will have a system limit temperature to protect the fluid from high temperatures from the heating cable.
thermal insulation	Material that is designed to have a low thermal conductivity. Thermal insulation is placed on the outside of pipes and vessels to reduce the rate of heat loss.
thermistor	A temperature-sensing element composed of sintered semiconductor material which exhibits a large change in resistance in response to a small change in temperature. Thermistors usually have negative temperature coefficients.
thermocouple	A temperature-measuring device consisting of two wires of dissimilar metals. The voltage difference across the wires can be related to the difference in the temperature of the two junctions.
thermostat	A device that senses temperature and activates a relay to control the flow of current to a downstream device.
Touch 1500	A state-of-the-art user interface using a 15-inch (381 mm) color display with touch screen for the nVent RAYCHEM NGC-40 system.
TraceCalc Pro	Thermal Management' heat-tracing system design software. Performs thermal calculations, selects products, and generates the required Bill of Materials based upon the input design parameters.
turnkey installation	Complete, cost-effective installation using front-line, direct-hire labor. Includes complete documentation of the system.
type test	A test or series of tests carried out on equipment; representative of a type, to determine compliance of the design, construction, and manufacturing methods within specified requirements.
UIT2	User Interface Terminal. This is the touch screen display used for local control and monitoring of nVent RAYCHEM NGC-30 controllers.
UL	Underwriters' Laboratories is an independent product safety certification organization that tests products and writes standards for the safety of commercial and industrial products.
V.A.S.T.	Value-added steam tracing
volatile flammable liquid	A flammable liquid having a flash point below 38°C (100°F), or a flammable liquid whose temperature is above its flash point, or a combustible liquid having a vapor pressure exceeding 40 psia at 38°C (100°F) whose temperature is above its flash point.

Self-Regulating Heating Cables

watt-density	Thermal output of heating cable in watts per unit area.
weather barrier	A material or materials, which, when installed on the outer surface of thermal insulation, protects the insulation from the weather, such as rain, snow, sleet, wind, solar radiation, or atmospheric contamination and physical damage.
zone heating cable	A parallel resistance heating cable which uses a resistive element between the bus wires to act as a heater. The resistive element makes contact with alternate bus wires at a distance called the zone length.

Steam Tracing

## **North America**

North America Tel +1.800.545.6258 Fax +1.800.527.5703 thermal.info@nVent.com

## Latin America

Tel +1.713.868.4800 Fax +1.713.868.2333 thermal.info@nVent.com

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